Publications/Alerts

Hazardous Consumer Products Found to Contain Lead, Mercury or Arsenic

Some consumer products contain dangerous chemicals or heavy metals, such as lead, mercury or arsenic. These types of products can cause serious health problems, including damage to the brain, nervous system and reproductive system.

Publications

- Why we need a national repository of consumer product lead surveillance data (2023)
- Health Remedies as a Source of Lead, Mercury, and Arsenic Exposure, New York City, 2010–2019 (2022)
- Notes from the Field: Lead Poisoning in a Family of Five Resulting from Use of Traditional Glazed Ceramic Ware — New York City, 2017–2022 (2022)
- Cardiovascular Disease & Cancer Risk Among South Asians: Impact of Sociocultural Influences on Lifestyle and Behavior (2019)
- Declines in adult blood lead levels in New York City compared with the United States, 2004–2014 (2018)
- Epidemiologic Characteristics of Children with Blood Lead Levels ≥45 μg/dL (2016)
- Examining pica in NYC pregnant women with elevated blood lead levels (2013)
- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Lead Poisoning Scientific Publications

Health Alerts

- Advisory #37: Elevated Levels of Lead in Traditional Ceramic Ware (2021)
- Advisory #14: Elevated Levels of Lead, Mercury and Arsenic in Certain Ayurvedic Medications from India (2019)
- Advisory #6: Elevated Levels of Lead and Mercury in “Emperor’s Tea Pill” (2016)
- Advisory #18: Elevated Levels of Arsenic, Lead, and Mercury in Certain Ayurvedic Medications from India (2015)