Dear Colleague:

This is a reminder that during the summer months health care facilities may experience higher rates of temperature excursions in their vaccine storage units than usual. Here are steps you can take to safeguard your vaccine supply.

I. If your vaccine storage unit is experiencing frequent temperature excursions, your storage unit temperature MAY need to be adjusted.

Temperature adjustments should:

• Be made by the primary or alternate vaccine coordinator, based on information from the digital data logger (DDL) and temperature monitoring log.
• Not be done during a busy workday, or when the unit door is being opened and closed frequently.

Remember that temperatures within any storage unit will vary slightly, even with normal use. Therefore, before making any adjustments:

• Confirm that the unit is securely plugged into a power source.
• Check the temperature inside the storage unit.
• Wait 30 minutes, without opening the door, to allow the temperature to stabilize.
• Check the temperature again to determine if the thermostat should be adjusted.
• If you believe there could be an issue with your DDL, use your backup device to confirm the temperature.

If you confirm that an adjustment is needed:

• Refer to the owner’s manual for detailed instructions.
• Make a small adjustment toward a warmer or colder setting by turning the thermostat knob slowly to avoid going outside the correct temperature range.
• Once the adjustment is made, allow the temperature inside the unit to stabilize for 30 minutes without opening the door.
• Re-check the temperature.
• Repeat these steps as needed until the temperature has stabilized at around 5° C (40° F) for a refrigerator or between -50° C and -15° C (-58° F and +5° F) for a freezer and between -60°C to -80°C (-76°F to -112°F) for an ultracold freezer.
• Consider placing additional water bottles in the unit to help improve temperature stability.

II. Should you experience a loss of power to your vaccine storage unit, take the following steps:

1. Keep all storage unit doors closed during the power outage to help conserve the cold mass of the vaccines. DO NOT OPEN THE UNITS TO CHECK/ADJUST THE TEMPERATURE until power is restored.

2. If possible, continue to monitor temperatures of the storage unit, but DO NOT OPEN THE UNITS to do this. If this is not possible, then record the temperature as soon as possible after power is restored. In addition, document the duration of the power outage. This will provide information about the maximum temperature the vaccine was exposed to and the duration of such exposure.

3. Do not discard any vaccine.

4. If the temperature went out of range during the power outage, when power has been restored, clearly mark these vaccines and do not use them until you are able to consult with the vaccine manufacturers or the Bureau of
Immunization (BOI). Continue to store the vaccines at recommended temperatures in the event that they are still viable.

5. Call the vaccine manufacturers at their toll-free numbers for guidance about vaccine use
   • GSK 877-356-8368
   • Merck 877-829-6372
   • Sanofi Pasteur 800-822-2463
   • Pfizer 800-505-4426
   • Novartis 855-358-8966
   • MedImmune 877-633-4411
   • Moderna 866-663-3762
   • Janssen 800-565-4008

For Vaccines for Children (VFC) vaccine and COVID-19 vaccine, email nycimmunize@health.nyc.gov with the determination made by the vaccine manufacturers about the viability of the affected vaccine. These resources can be used for your routine adult and pediatric vaccines but you do not need notify the BOI.

6. If VFC vaccine was exposed to out of range temperatures, complete a VFC Temperature Excursion Incident Report (TEIR). Spoiled vaccine should be reported using the Vaccine Inventory Management (VIM) system in the Citywide Immunization Registry (CIR), Online Registry. Once reported, your site will receive a return label to use for your vaccine return.

   If any COVID-19 vaccine was exposed to out of range temperatures, complete a COVID Temperature Excursion Incident Report. If the manufacturer determines that the vaccine is spoiled, spoiled vaccine should be reported using the Vaccine Inventory Management (VIM) system in the Citywide Immunization Registry (CIR), Online Registry. Unlike VFC vaccine, a return label will not be provided. Once reported, your site can discard vaccine as medical waste. Send the TEIR via email to nycimmunize@health.nyc.gov along with supporting documentation from the vaccine manufacturer(s).

7. If alternate facility storage with a reliable power source is available (e.g., hospital with generator power), transferring vaccine to that facility can be considered. If transporting vaccine, measure the temperature of the refrigerator(s) and freezer(s) when the vaccines are removed. If possible, transport the vaccine following proper cold chain procedures for storage and handling or try to record the temperature the vaccine is exposed to during transport. Instructions on how to pack vaccines for transport during emergencies is attached and can be found at https://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/recs/storage/downloads/emergency-transport.pdf

   Information about managing vaccine storage during power outages is also available from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) at: https://www.cdc.gov/disasters/poweroutage/vaccinestorage.html

   In addition, CDC provides guidance on routine vaccine storage and handling at:
   https://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/hcp/admin/storage/toolkit/storage-handling-toolkit.pdf

8. If vaccination of a patient is deferred because of vaccine loss, use your Electronic Medical Record (EMR) system, the CIR or other tracking system to recall your patients once replacement vaccine is available. For assistance with determining whether your vaccines can be used, or for professional or technical questions, please email nycimmunize@health.nyc.gov.

Thank you for your efforts to vaccinate and protect New Yorkers.

Sincerely,

Jane R. Zucker, MD, MSc
Assistant Commissioner
Bureau of Immunization