



Seaview Avenue Mason Avenue to Father Capodanno Boulevard

Project Overview

- Calm traffic along the entire corridor by upgrading existing bicycle lanes to protected
- Add new traffic signal and crosswalk



Background



Site Visit

Project Origin

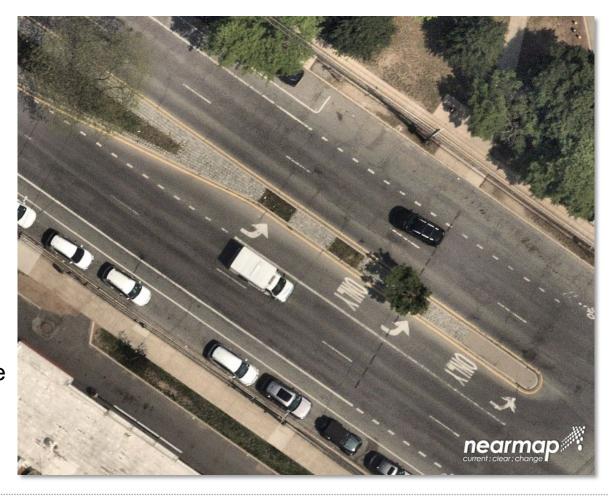
- Spring 2022: NYC DOT participated in walkthrough with Borough President's Office and Staten Island University Hospital administrators
- After observing conditions on the street, NYC DOT was asked to take measures to increase traffic safety for pedestrians crossing Seaview Av



Existing Conditions

Overhead View

- Two-travel lanes in each direction
- Left-turn Bays
- Bikes lanes in both directions
- Large median in the middle
- Parking lanes on both sides of the street



Low Traffic Volumes

Daily Traffic Volumes

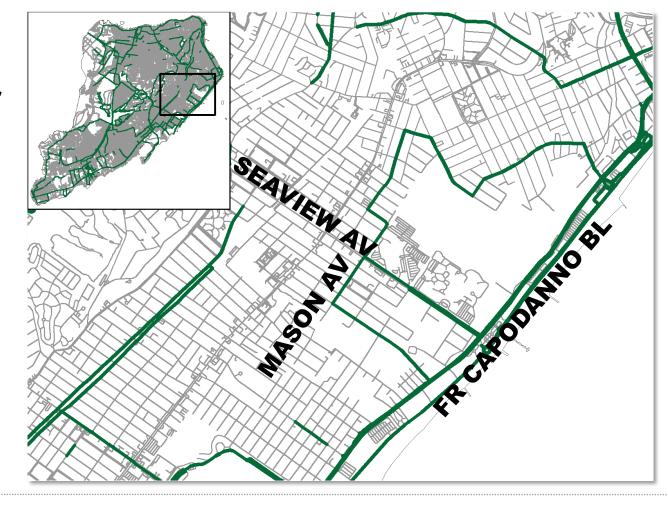
- Streetlight Estimated Annual Average Daily Traffic during 2021
- Seaview has a fraction of the traffic of both Hylan Bl and Fr Capodanno Bl, but same number of travel lanes



Important Cycling Corridor

Cycling Trips

- Strava Metro bicycle and e-bike trips in 2023 show that Seaview Av is an important cycling route
- Likely to continue to grow in the future



Large Distances Between Signals

Traffic Signal Locations

- Only three traffic signals on Seaview Avenue between Mason Avenue and Father Capodanno Boulevard
- 5-10 minute walking distances between signals
- Pedestrians more likely to cross outside of crosswalks



Proposal



Decreasing KSI

How NYC Improves Traffic Safety

- Standard measurement of a street's safety is the number of people Killed or Severely Injured
- NYC uses street design features to reduce the KSI along corridors and at intersections



Road Diet

Safety Tools

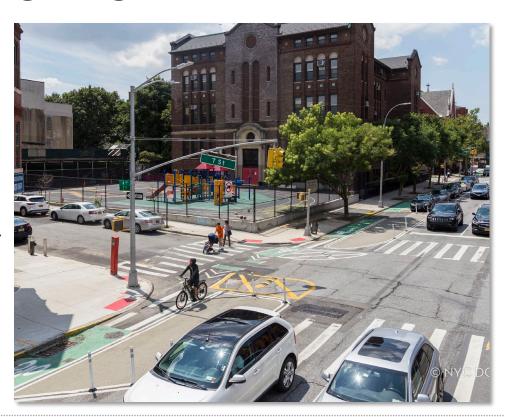
- Road Diets: Removal of travel lanes for more than 1,000 feet or more.
- Reduces KSI by:
 - 30% for all users
 - 32% pedestrians
 - 35% senior citizens



Turn Calming and Daylighting

Safety Tools

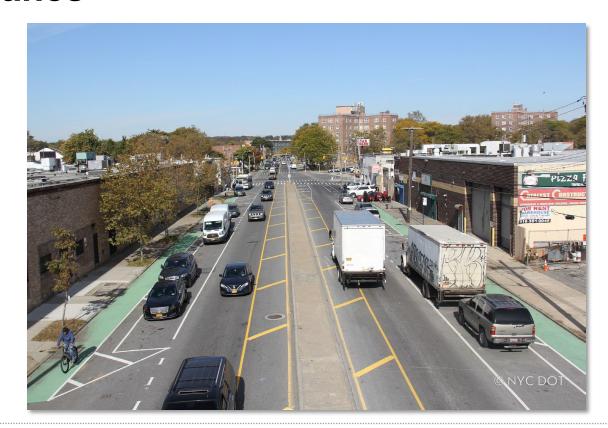
- Turn Calming: Markings, bollards and/or rubber speed bumps that slow and control turns
- Daylighting: Prevent parking around intersections, crosswalks, major driveways, and bus stops along corridor to improve visibility for motorists and safety for cyclists and pedestrians
- Reduces KSI by:
 - 16% for all users
 - 33% pedestrians
 - 60% senior citizens



Protected Bike Lanes

Safety Tools

- Protected Bike Lanes:
 Bike lanes protected by parking or some other physical barrier
- Reduces KSI by:
 - 18% for all users
 - 29% pedestrians
 - 39% senior citizens



Summary



New Cross Section for Seaview Ave

Proposed Changes

- Road Diet: Remove an excess travel lane in each direction
- Protected Bike Lanes:
 Relocate bicycle lanes
 behind parking

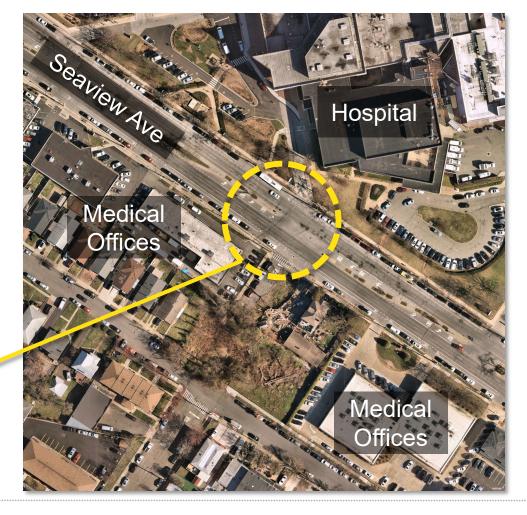


Safer Pedestrian Crossings

Proposed Changes

 Add traffic signal and crosswalk at Hospital facilities





Summary of Changes

Implement road diet to reduce speeding

- Remove one travel lane in each direction
- Upgrade bicycle lanes to protected

Add Daylighting for motorist's visibility of pedestrians and cyclists

 Prevent parking around driveways, intersections, crosswalks, and bus stops

Add Signalized Pedestrian Crossing for safer pedestrian crossings

Add traffic signal and pedestrian crossing at Nugent Avenue intersection

Presentation Updates



Transportation Committee's Requests

- NYC DOT presented project to Staten Island Community Board 2's Transportation Committee on June 3rd, 2024
- The Committee requested NYC DOT provide:
 - 1. Traffic safety data (KSI number) for Seaview Avenue
 - 2. Data sources for the benefits of safety treatments described in the presentation

Traffic Safety Data for Seaview Avenue

Traffic Safety Report

NYPD crash reports indicates that Seaview Avenue from Mason Avenue to Father Capodanno Boulevard has more KSI than most Staten Island streets

Traffic Safety Data	
Time Frame:	2019-2023 (5 years)
Source:	NYPD
Length:	0.68 miles
KSI:	4.4 per mile
Rank:	Top 33% in Staten Island

Safety Treatment Evaluations

Safety Evaluations

- Safety benefits of treatments for all users and pedestrians based on Safety Treatment Evaluation (2005-2018) [NYC DOT – 2022]
- Benefits to **Seniors** based on Pedestrian Safety and Older New Yorkers [NYC DOT – 2022]



2022

. Leading Pedestrian Intervals (LPIs - providing a pedestrian crossing "head start" before vehicles

Methodology

installation to the average year of crash data after installation. In the before scenario, three years of crash data prior to the installation of a treatment were averaged, whereas in the after condition, two years were averaged in cases where three years of data was unavailable, otherwise three years of data were averaged. However, the availability and completeness of data for each treatment within this data set varies. Accordingly, NYC DOT relied on varying sample sizes for the evaluation of each treatment. When injuries were analyzed, fatal injuries were included as well.

Most of the treatments analyzed come from SIPs (2008-2016). LPIs are 2010-2016, with the majority in the latter years as NYC DOT ramped up the program. Turn Calming treatments are from 2016, the first year of the program. Crash data covers the years 2005-2018. The methodology used in this study differs slightly from that of a similar analysis performed in NYC DOT's Pedestrian Safety and Older Adults study. The latter limits analysis to crashes with one victim to allow matching victim age and severity, whereas the present study excludes victim age and therefore allows for multiple victim crashes to be included

Thank You!

Questions?

