

# 21<sup>st</sup> Street Transit Priority & Safety Study

Public Meeting

January 12, 2022



# Today's Meeting

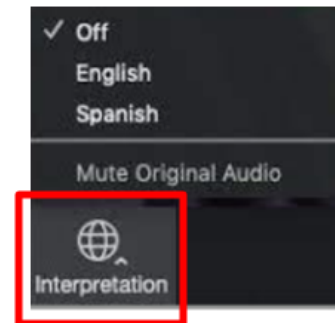
1. 30-40 minute presentation
  2. Questions and answers
- Meeting will be recorded
  - Camera optional
  - We encourage you to put your name and affiliation (optional) in the chat
  - To ask a question/make a comment
    - Enter your questions into the chat during or after the presentation
    - Use hand raise function to be recognized to speak
  - Spanish translation is available

# Reminders

- **Please be respectful of other in the chat**
- **Please mute yourselves unless speaking**
- **We want to ensure everyone has a chance to provide their input**
  - We may come back to you if you have multiple questions
  - We may move on once you have made your point

# How to Enable Live Interpretation

- Step 1: Select '**Interpretation**' in the bottom of the Zoom panel
- Step 2: Select your language





# 21<sup>st</sup> Street Transit Priority & Safety Study

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January 12, 2022



# Outline

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- Introduction
- Public Engagement
- Preliminary Options
- Conceptual Corridor Proposal
- Other Improvements
- Next Steps

# Introduction

# Introduction

## Study Corridor

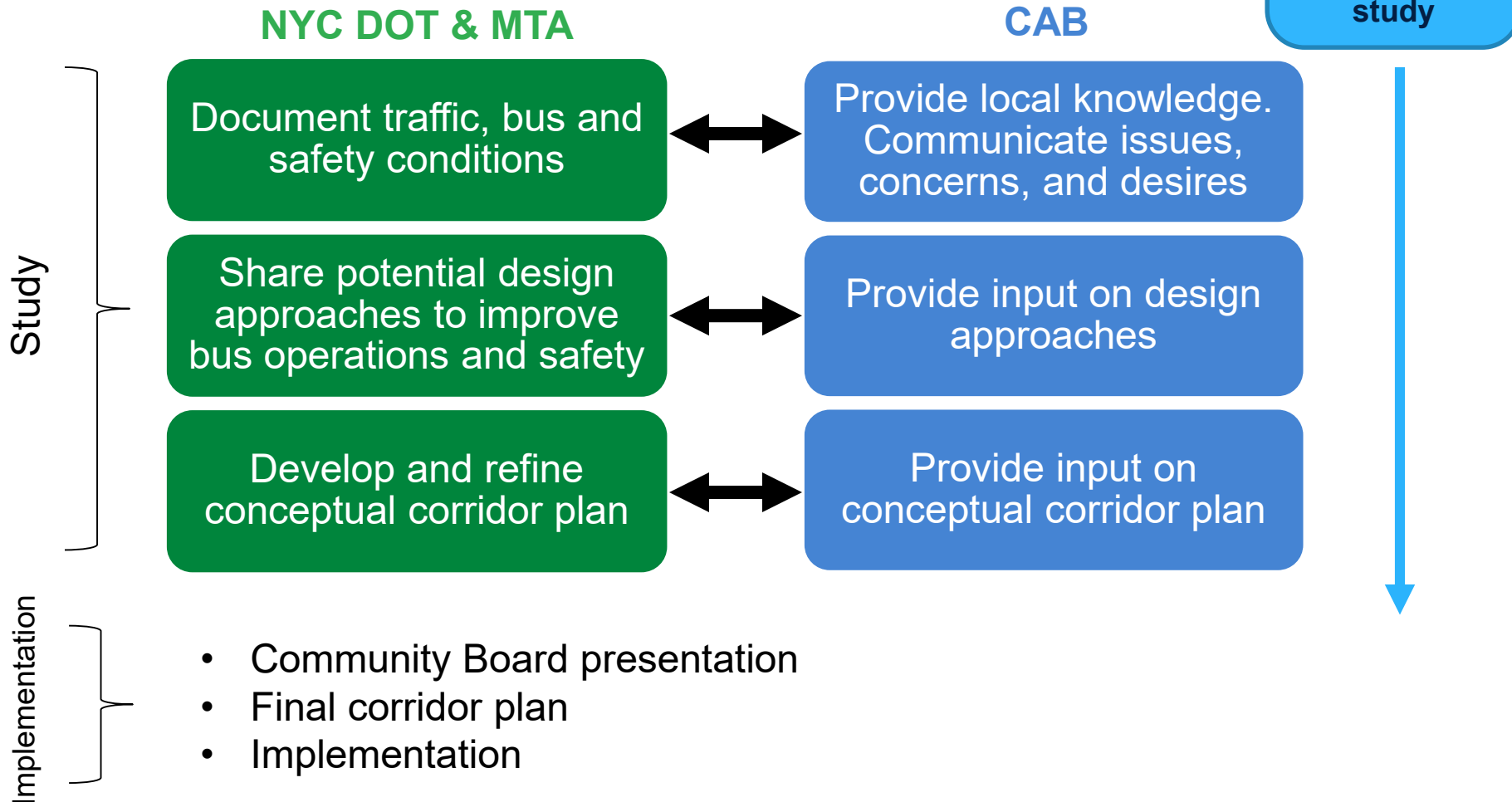
- Queens Plaza North to Hoyt Ave North
- “Bridge to Bridge”
- 1.95 miles
- Consistent street width and geometry – 60’ wide
- Vision Zero Priority Corridor
- Identified as bus priority corridor in MTA’s Queens Bus Network Redesign Draft Plan





# Introduction

## Study Process



# Introduction

## 21<sup>st</sup> Street Bus Routes

### Q66

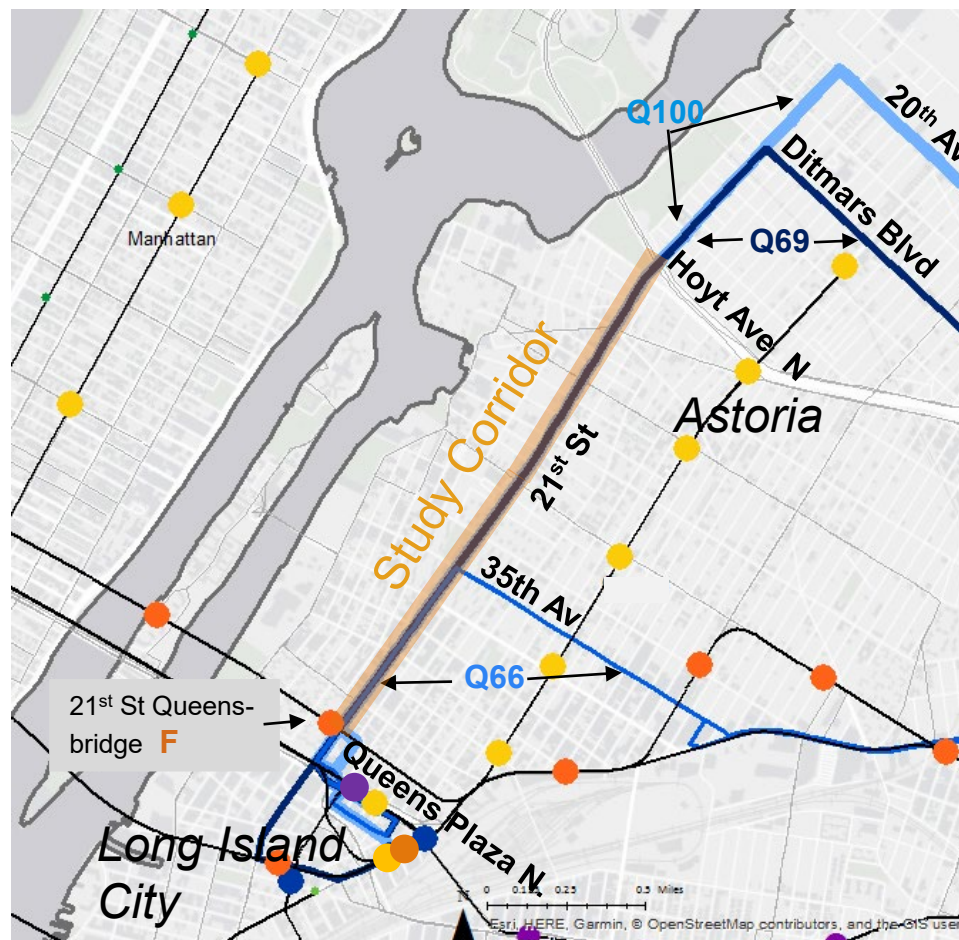
- Queens Plaza to Flushing
- Leaves 21<sup>st</sup> St at 35<sup>th</sup> Ave
- Local Service

### Q69

- Queens Plaza to Jackson Heights
- Leaves 21<sup>st</sup> St at Ditmars Blvd
- Local Service

### Q100

- Long Island City to Rikers Island
- Leaves 21<sup>st</sup> St at 20<sup>th</sup> Ave
- Limited Stop Service

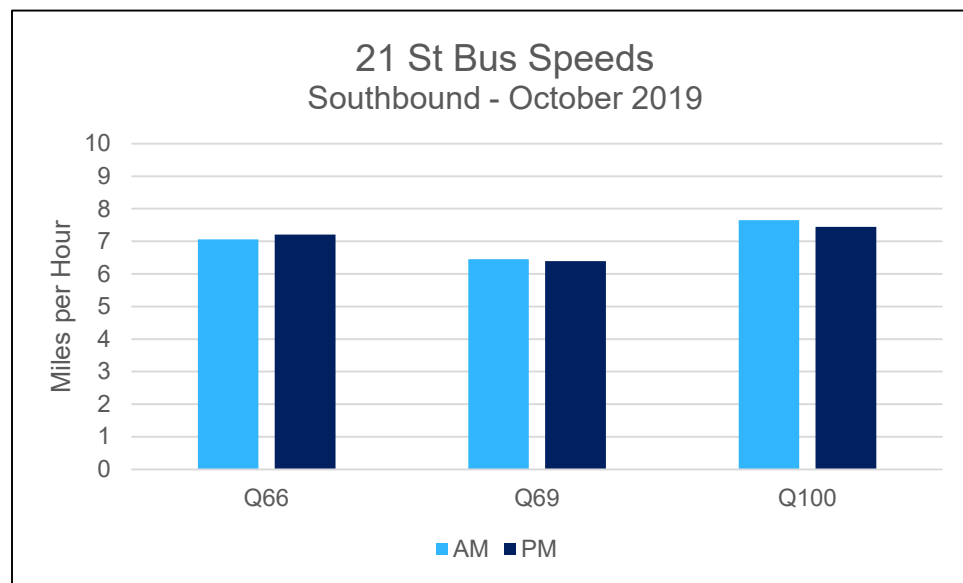
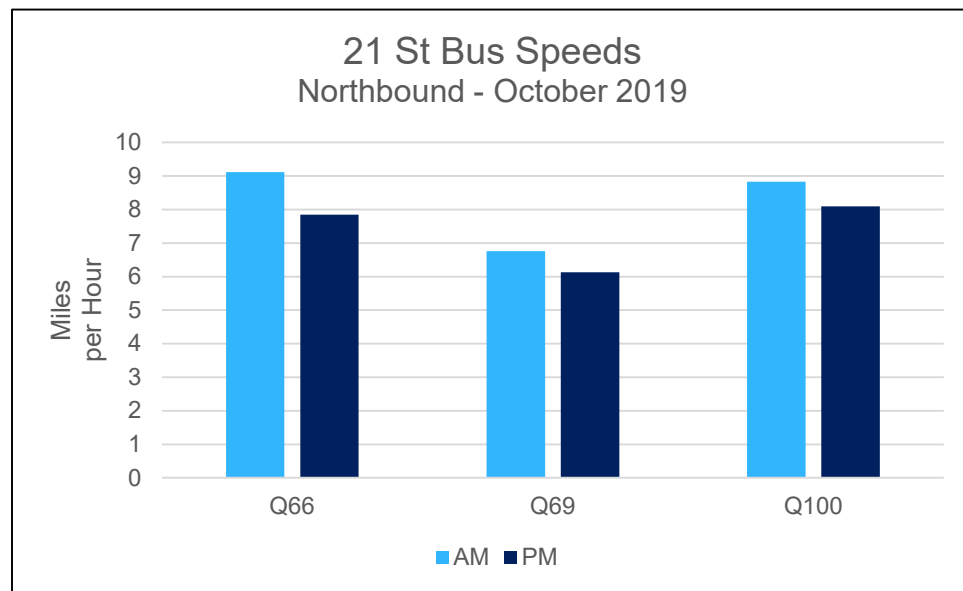


Note: Q102 & Q103 travel on short segments of 21<sup>st</sup> St;  
multiple bus lines cross over 21<sup>st</sup> St

# Introduction

## Study Corridor Bus Speeds - 2019

- Northbound buses generally faster than Southbound buses
- Northbound speeds decrease in PM
- Q69 is slower than other routes (runs as local through full corridor)
- Bus Speeds impacted by congestion and vehicles double parking

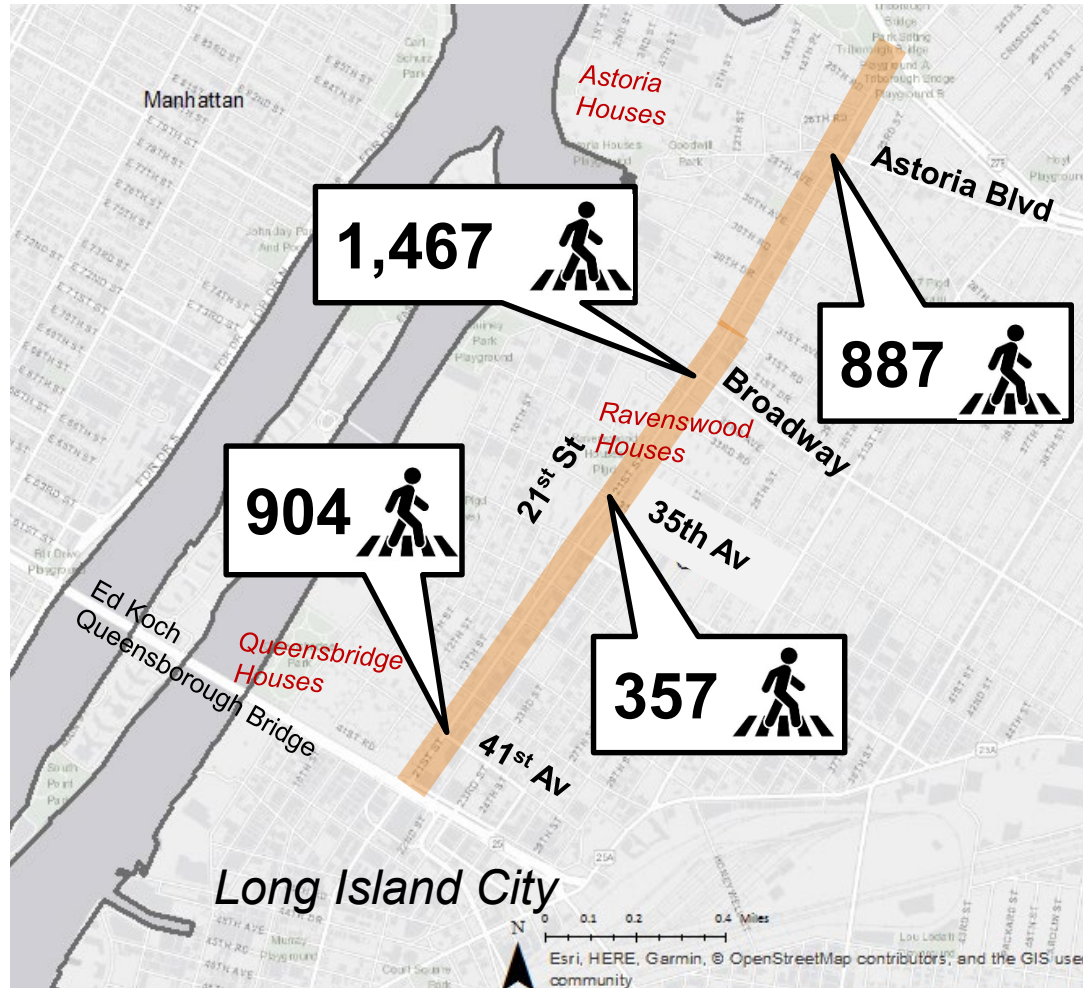


# Introduction

## Pedestrian Volumes



Weekday AM peak hour  
intersection pedestrian  
volumes  
May/June 2019



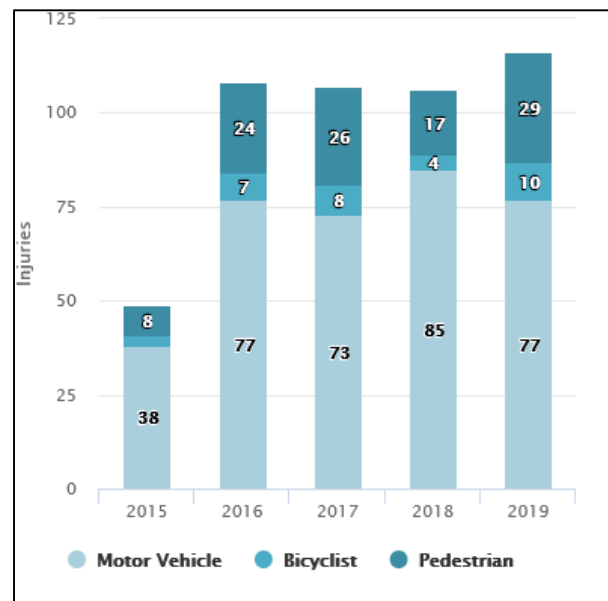


# Study Context

## Injuries 2015-2019

- All of 21<sup>st</sup> Street designated as a Vision Zero corridor in 2019
- All study corridor injury types increased after 2015
- Most common pedestrian injury is left turn vehicles striking pedestrian crossing with the signal.
- Three fatalities – all were pedestrians

Injuries by Year – 2015-2019



Vehicle Action Versus Ped Action, 2015-2019 (5 Years)

	Crossing with Signal	Crossing against Signal	Crossing No Signal, Marked Crosswalk	Crossing No Signal or Crosswalk	Others	Unknown	Total
Left Turn	25	2	1	4	1	1	34
Right Turn	10	0	0	0	0	0	10
Going straight	10	11	0	14	9	1	45
Making U Turn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Backing	0	1	0	1	5	0	7
Other	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Unknown	3	0	0	0	2	2	7
Total	48	14	1	19	18	4	104

# Study Context

## Pedestrians Killed and Seriously Injured (KSI) – 2015-19



# Introduction

## Traffic Volumes – 2019 vs 2021

### Southbound

Peak Hour:

2019 – 871 veh 5:45-6:45 AM

2021 – 1,080 veh 6:15- 7:15 AM

24-Hour Total:

2019 – 12,261 veh

2021 – 11,762 veh

### Northbound

Peak Hour:

2019 – 725 veh 4:15-5:15 PM

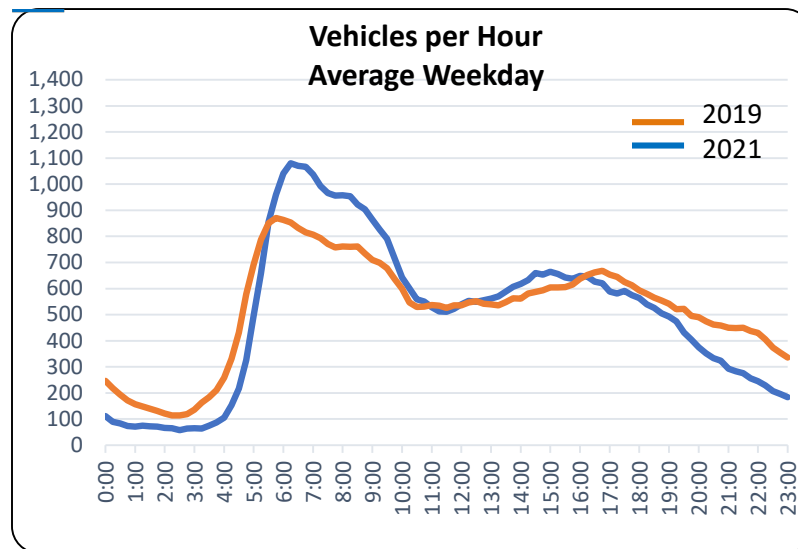
2021 – 829 veh 5:00- 6:00 PM

24-Hour Total:

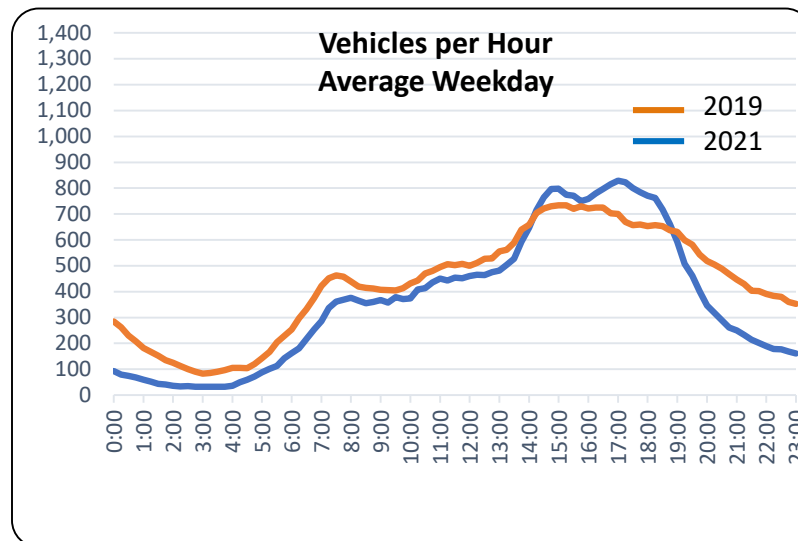
2019 – 10,231veh

2021 – 8,643 veh

### Average Weekday Vehicles Southbound @ 26<sup>th</sup> Rd



### Average Weekday Vehicles Northbound @ 26<sup>th</sup> Rd



# Public Engagement



# Public Engagement

## Elements

### Community Advisory Board

- Over 50 Community stakeholders representing Community Board, Electeds, Neighborhood Associations, Advocacy Groups, and many others
- Provided input onto study during four meetings

### Online Feedback Map

- Allows anyone to identify issues in the corridor
- Over 200 individual comments received

### On-street Pop-ups

- Shared potential corridor approaches with pedestrian and bus riders
- Completed 144 in-person surveys



### Public Meetings

- December 20<sup>th</sup> 2021 and January 12<sup>th</sup> 2022

# Public Engagement

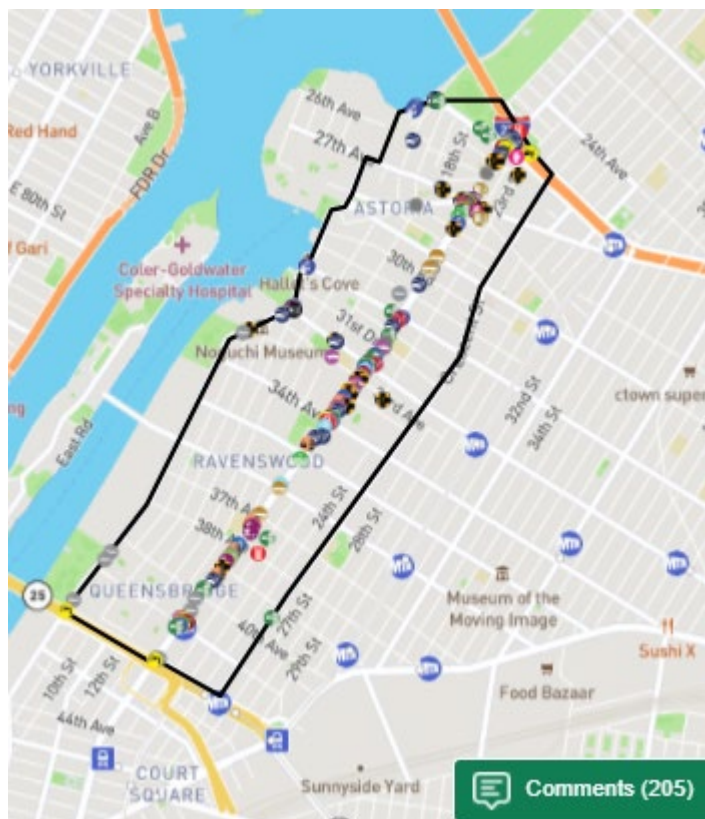
## Community Advisory Board (CAB)

- Used successfully by DOT for multiple projects
- Opportunity for DOT and community stakeholders to engage from inception of project planning process
- CAB members suggested by local elected officials - intended to be broad and inclusive
- Only one part of an engagement strategy - does not replace Community Board consultation or other engagement elements.



# Public Engagement

## Feedback Map



Category	Number of Comments	Specific Concerns
No Crosswalk	27	Astoria Blvd/Newtown Ave, 25 <sup>th</sup> Rd, 33 <sup>rd</sup> Rd, 33 <sup>rd</sup> Ave, 39 <sup>th</sup> Ave
Aggressive Drivers	19	Unsafe for bikes and peds, double parking and wide roadway encourages aggression, high speeds, Astoria Blvd complex intersection cited
Double Parking	15	Double parking cited at locations along 21 <sup>st</sup> St and side streets
Areas of Opportunity	13	Citi Bike station at F Subway Station, bike lanes, trees/planters/benches, wayfinding signs
Speeding	12	Speeding on long blocks, vehicles trying to make lights
Bus Stuck in Traffic	10	Double parking, difficult for buses to merge into traffic after stops, bus bunching, signal delays

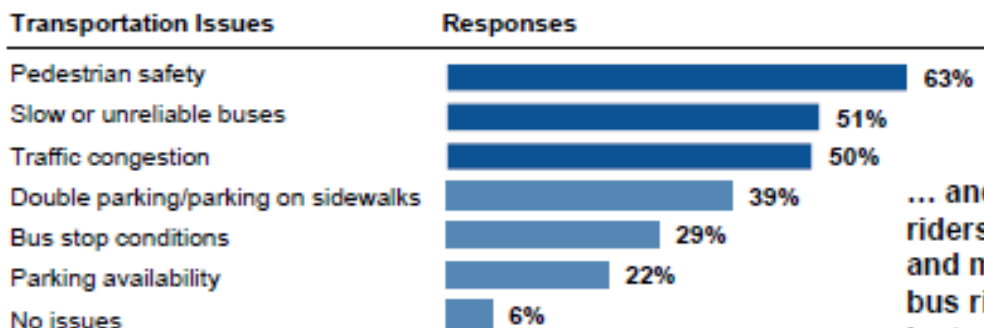
<https://nycdotprojects.info/project-feedback-map/21st-street-bus-priority-and-safety-study>

# Public Engagement Feedback

## Pop-Ups – Results

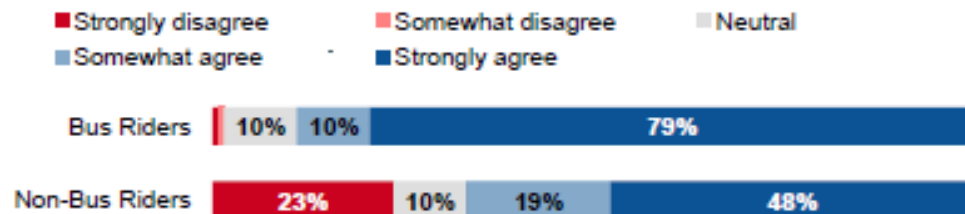
Three-in-five people (63%) cited pedestrian safety as a primary concern along 21<sup>st</sup> Street. Another half (51%) experience slow or unreliable bus service and that traffic congestion (50%) is a problem in the area

*In a select-all-that-reply question among participants, % who say the following issues are transportation concerns along 21<sup>st</sup> Street...*



... and more than three-quarters of respondents who identify as bus riders said they **would take the bus more often** if buses were faster and more reliable; Additionally, nearly three quarters (67%) of non-bus rider respondents said they would consider taking the bus instead of other modes if buses were faster and more reliable as well

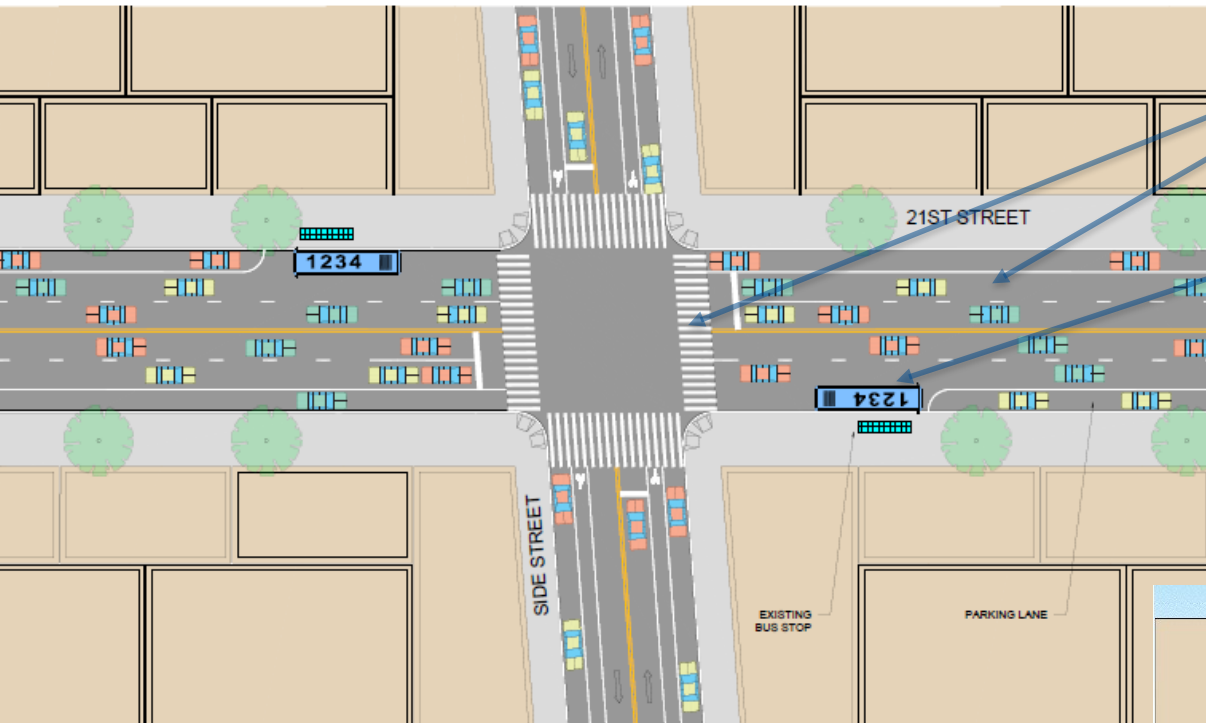
*In a agree/disagree question among participants who self identify as bus riders, % who agree or disagree on whether they would take the bus more often in 21<sup>st</sup> St if buses were faster and more reliable*





# Preliminary Options

# 21st Street Today

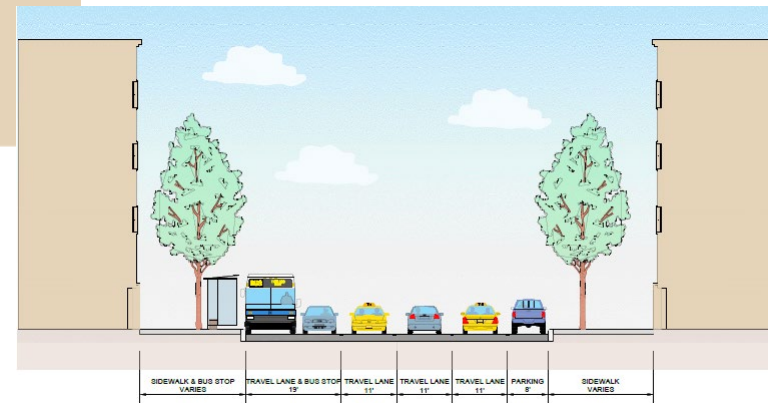


## Existing Conditions

Pedestrians have a long crossing of 21<sup>st</sup> Street

Buses use same lane as other traffic and can get caught in congestion or behind double parked cars

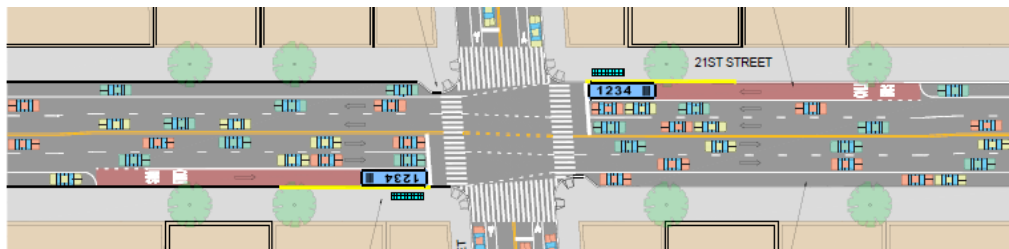
Buses must pull in and out of bus stops which slows them down



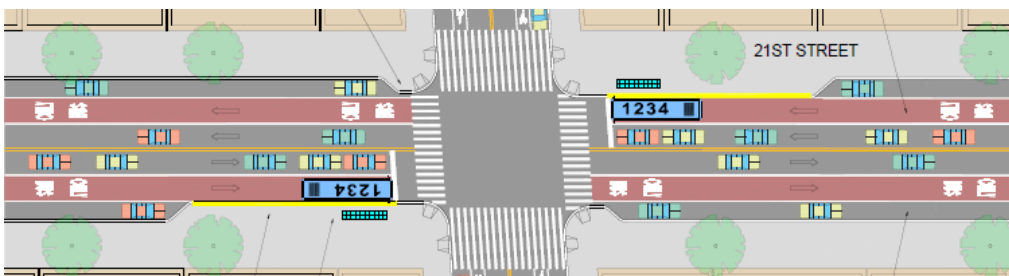
# Preliminary Options

Three options were considered...

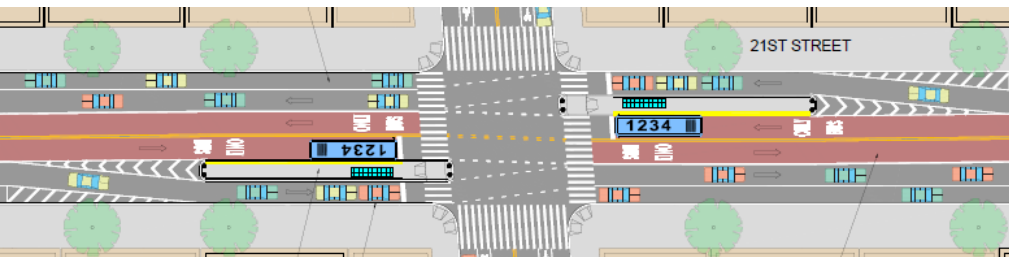
## Option #1 – Queue Jump Lanes and Signals



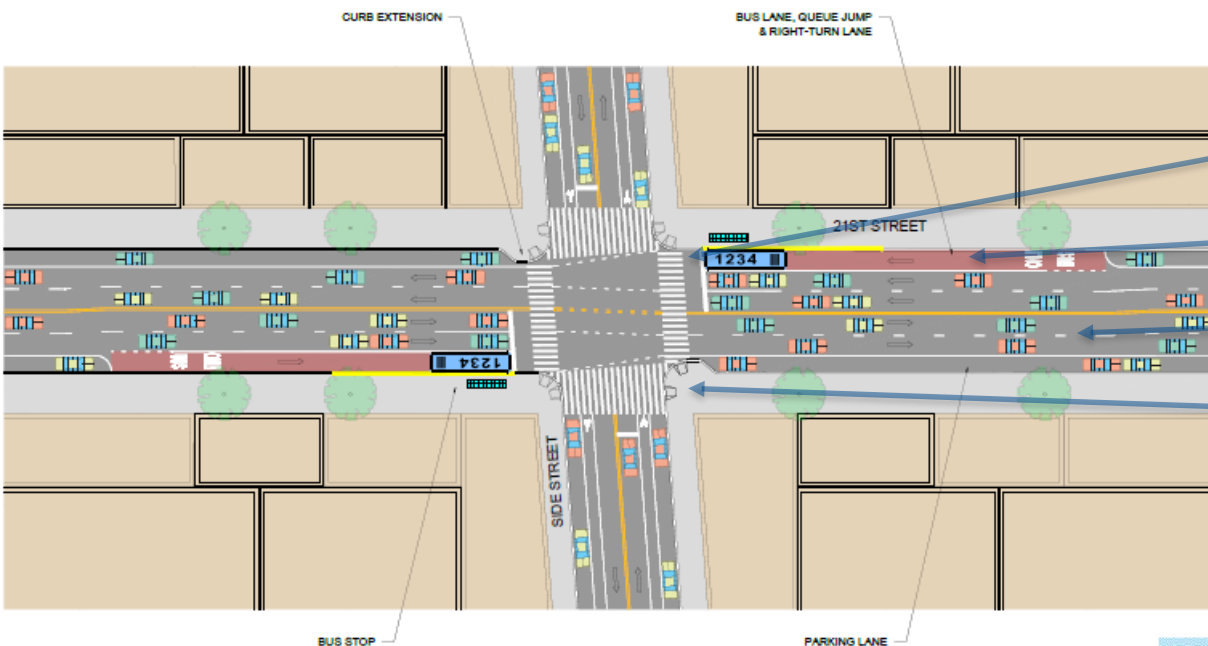
## Option #2 – Offset Bus Lanes with Bus Bulbs



## Option #3 – Center Running Bus Lane



# Option #1 - Queue Jump Lanes and Signals

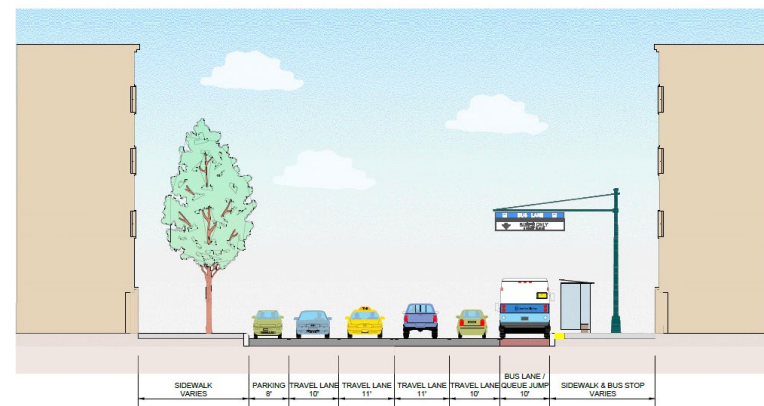


## Benefits

- After picking up passengers, buses can get a “green light” before other traffic
- Buses have their own short lane to pass traffic and reach bus stops
- Same number of travel lanes for cars and trucks as today
- Curb extensions shorten distance for pedestrians to cross 21<sup>st</sup> Street

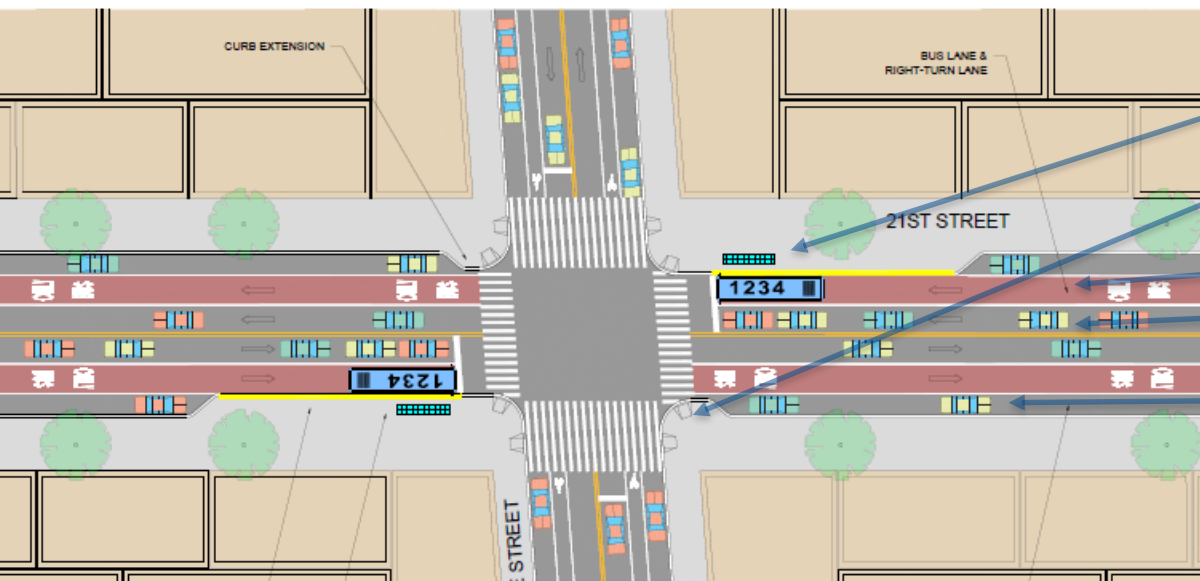
## Limitations/Challenges

- Buses subject to congestion delay excepting intersection approaches
- Curbside queue jump lanes could experience illegal standing/parking
- Pedestrian curb extensions would be paint prior to a capital buildout
- Some parking loss





# Option #2 – Offset Bus Lanes with Bus Bulbs

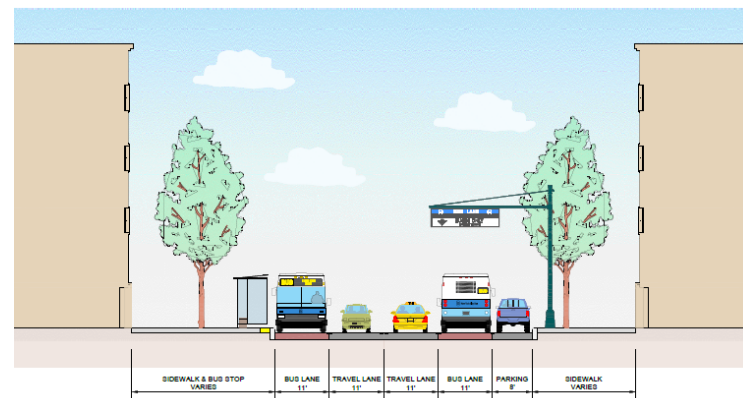


## Benefits

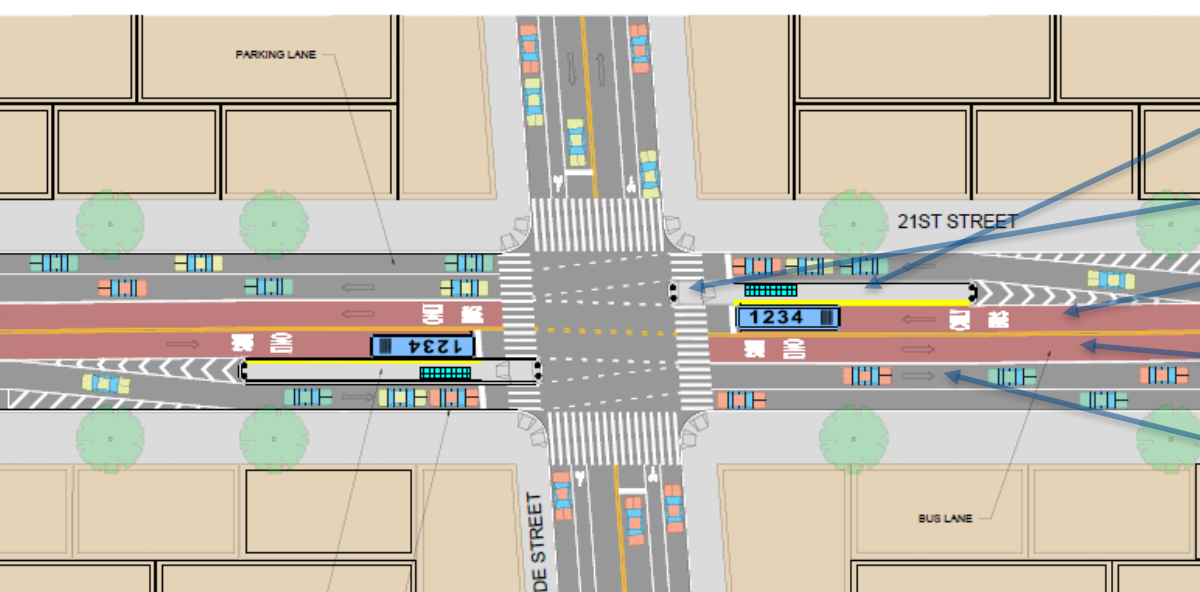
- Bus bulbs provide extra space for people waiting for bus
- Bus bulbs and curb extensions shorten distance for pedestrians to cross 21<sup>st</sup> Street
- Buses have their own lane so can move faster
- Less speeding with a single lane for cars and trucks
- Amount of car parking about the same as today

## Limitations/Challenges

- Offset bus lanes may experience double parking without other measures in place
- Build out of bus bulbs requires capital project. Plastic “bus boarders” may be implemented sooner in some locations
- Reduction of traffic capacity – further traffic analysis required
- Left turn restrictions required unless bus lane is shifted to curb at intersections



# Option #3 – Center Running Bus Lane w/ Bus Stop Islands

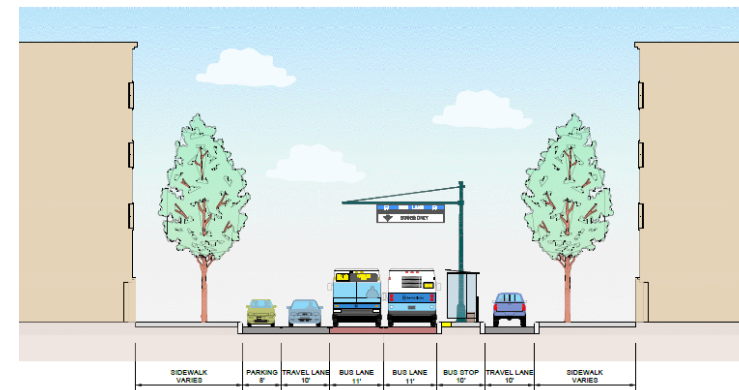


## Benefits

- Bus stop islands provide extra space for people waiting for bus
- Islands extend into crosswalk – makes it safer for pedestrians to cross 21<sup>st</sup> Street
- Buses have their own lane so can move faster
- Center running bus lane avoids double parked vehicles
- Less speeding with a single lane for cars and trucks

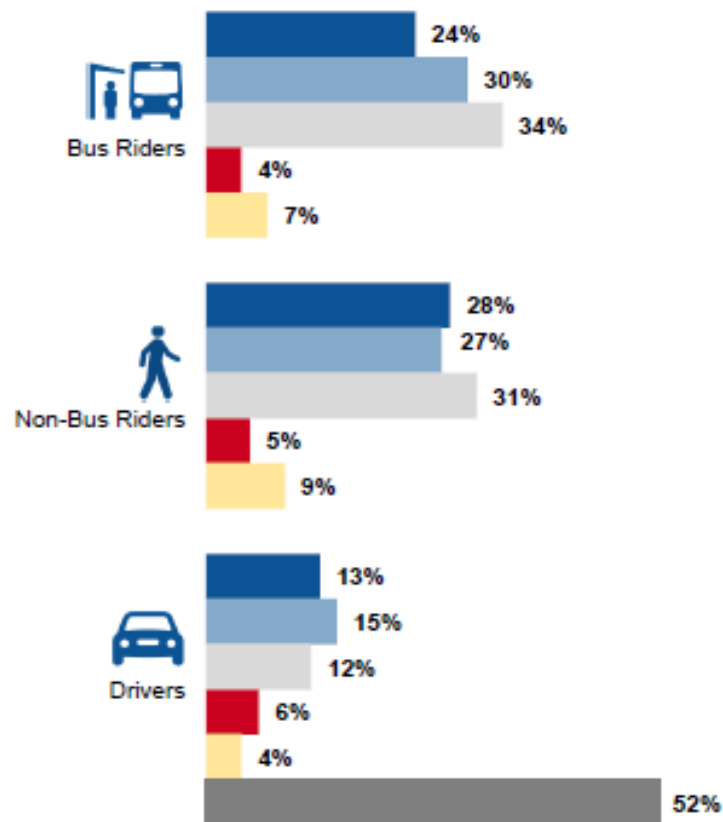
## Limitations/Challenges

- Reduction of traffic capacity – further traffic analysis required
- Left turn restrictions required
- Buses will need to transition to/from center-running lanes on either side of treatment
- Some parking loss



# Preliminary Options

## On-street Pop-ups – Results



1

Design option 1 – short bus lanes with bus only signals



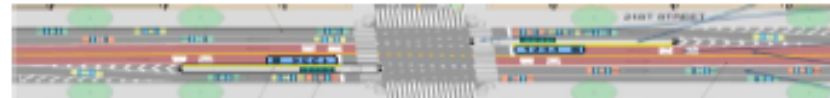
2

Design option 2 – “offset” bus lanes with bus bulbs



3

Design option 3 – center running bus lanes with bus stop islands



**None** - these options will neither improve pedestrian safety nor improve bus speeds and reliability in this area

I don't know

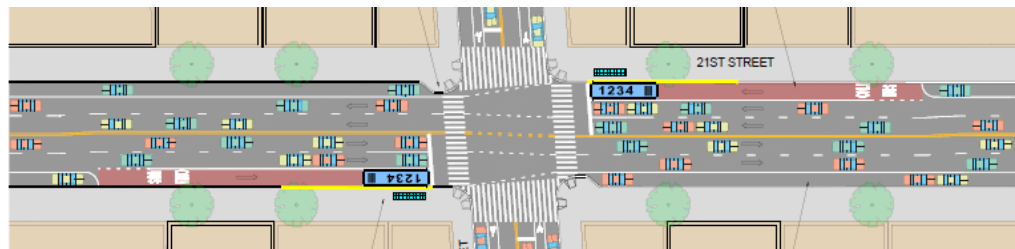
I do not drive in this neighborhood

# Preliminary Options

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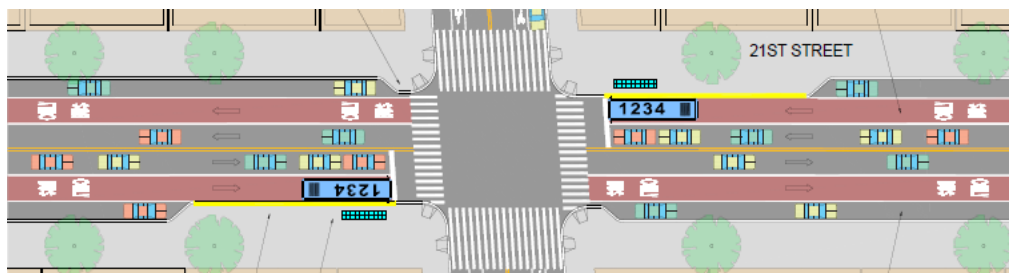
## Option #1 – Queue Jump Lanes & Signals

- Least popular option among CAB and pop-up survey
- Fewest pedestrian safety and bus benefits



## Option #2 – Offset Bus Lanes

- Buses benefit from continuous bus only lane
- Potential to adapt to provide additional pedestrian safety benefits

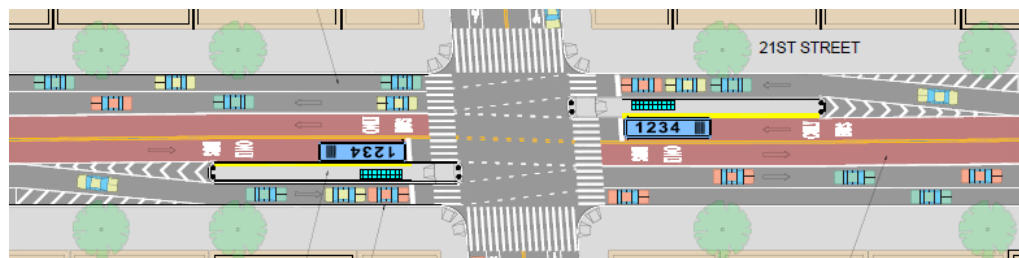


***Our proposal uses option #2 as a starting point but adds in pedestrian islands and dedicated left turn bays at key locations.***

# Preliminary Options

## Option #3 – Center Running Bus Lanes

- Preferred by many CAB members
- Slight preference of option #3 (34%) over option #2 (30%) of pop-up bus rider survey respondents



Though center running bus lanes have proven effective in some locations, it is not the optimal approach in this corridor. **Why?**

### 1) Impact on limited buses (Q100)

- Will experience delay passing local buses (must wait behind stopped buses or use general traffic lane to bypass bus stop island)

### 2) Impact on trucks

- Several Intersecting truck routes in the corridor are also locations of key bus stops
- Design would limit ability for trucks to turn right or left

### 3) Impact on traffic circulation

- Left turns not possible without slowing down buses



# Conceptual Corridor Design

# Conceptual Corridor Design

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## Key Considerations

- Design should significantly enhance both pedestrian safety and bus speed and reliability
- Design needs to accommodate truck and emergency vehicles turns
- Left turns should be restricted where possible, and safely accommodated where needed

# Conceptual Corridor Design

## Precedent – Utica Ave, Brooklyn



Utica Ave @ Ave L

- Major north-south arterial in Southern Brooklyn
- Offset bus lanes move to curb to accommodate left turns
- Pedestrian islands included in some locations



Utica Ave @ Winthrop St



Utica Ave @ Winthrop St



# Conceptual Corridor Design

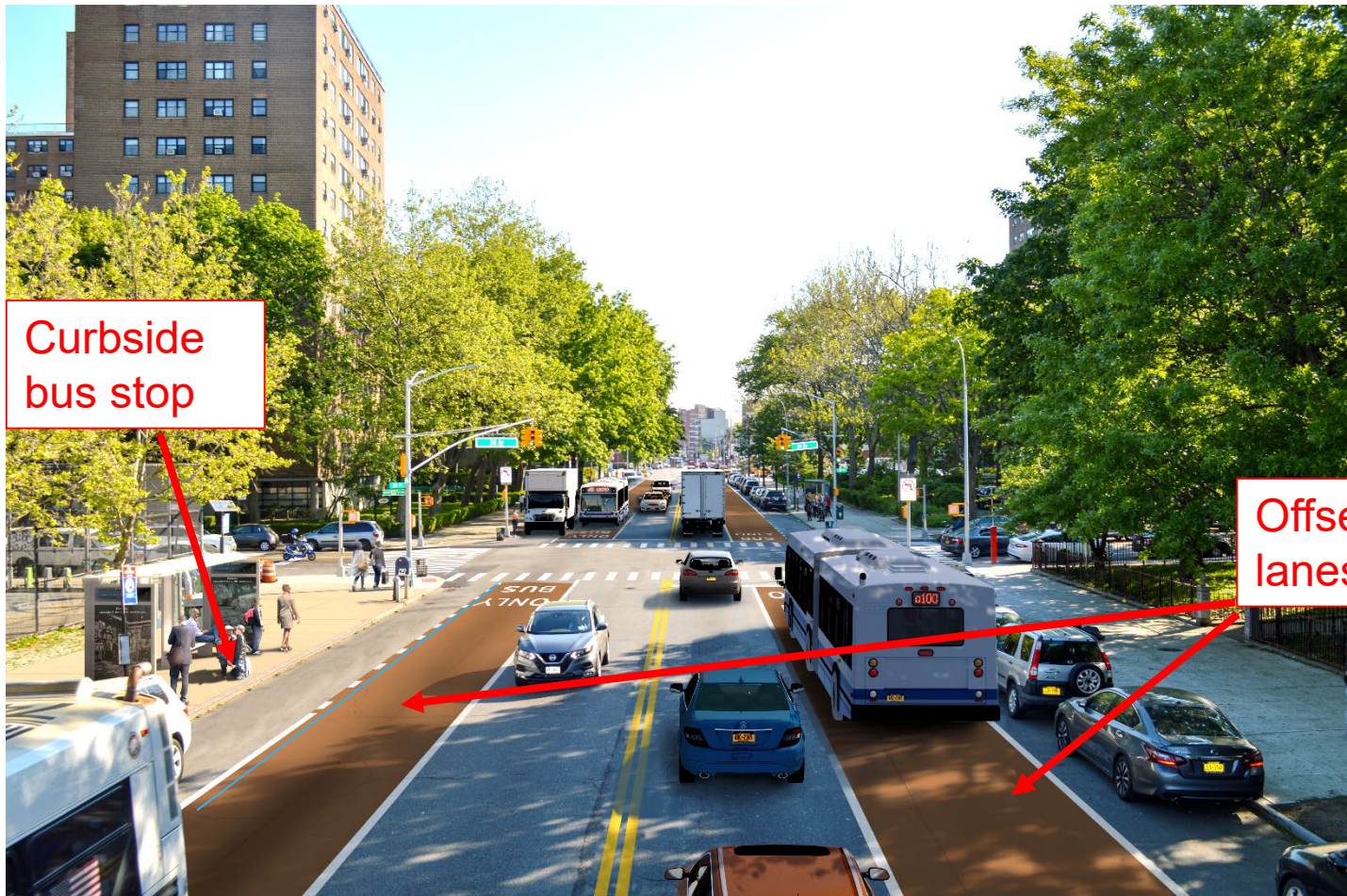
21<sup>st</sup> St @ 34<sup>th</sup> Ave - Existing





# Conceptual Corridor Design

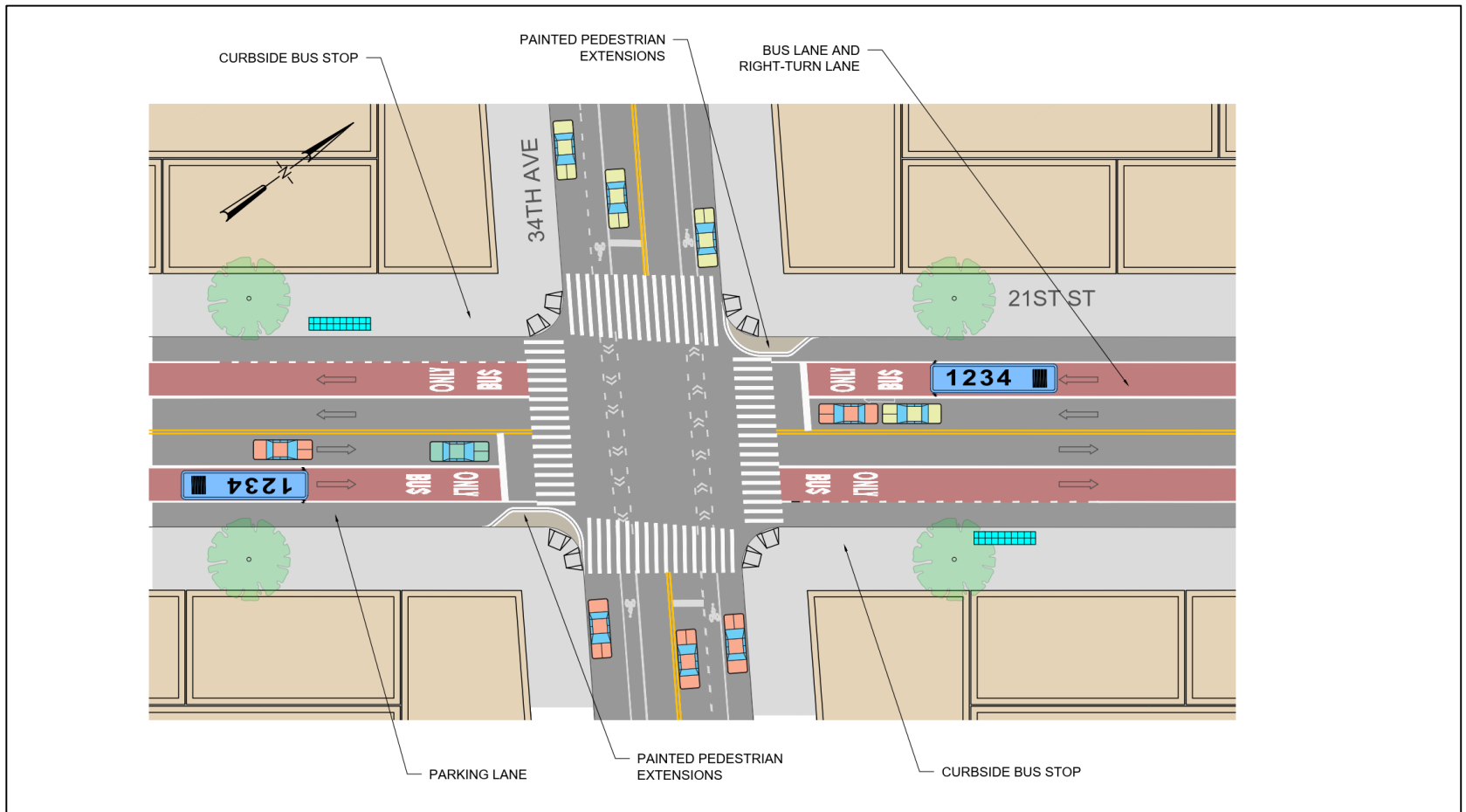
21<sup>st</sup> St @ 34<sup>th</sup> Ave - Proposed





# Conceptual Corridor Design

## 21<sup>st</sup> St @ 34<sup>th</sup> Ave - - Proposed



# Conceptual Corridor Design

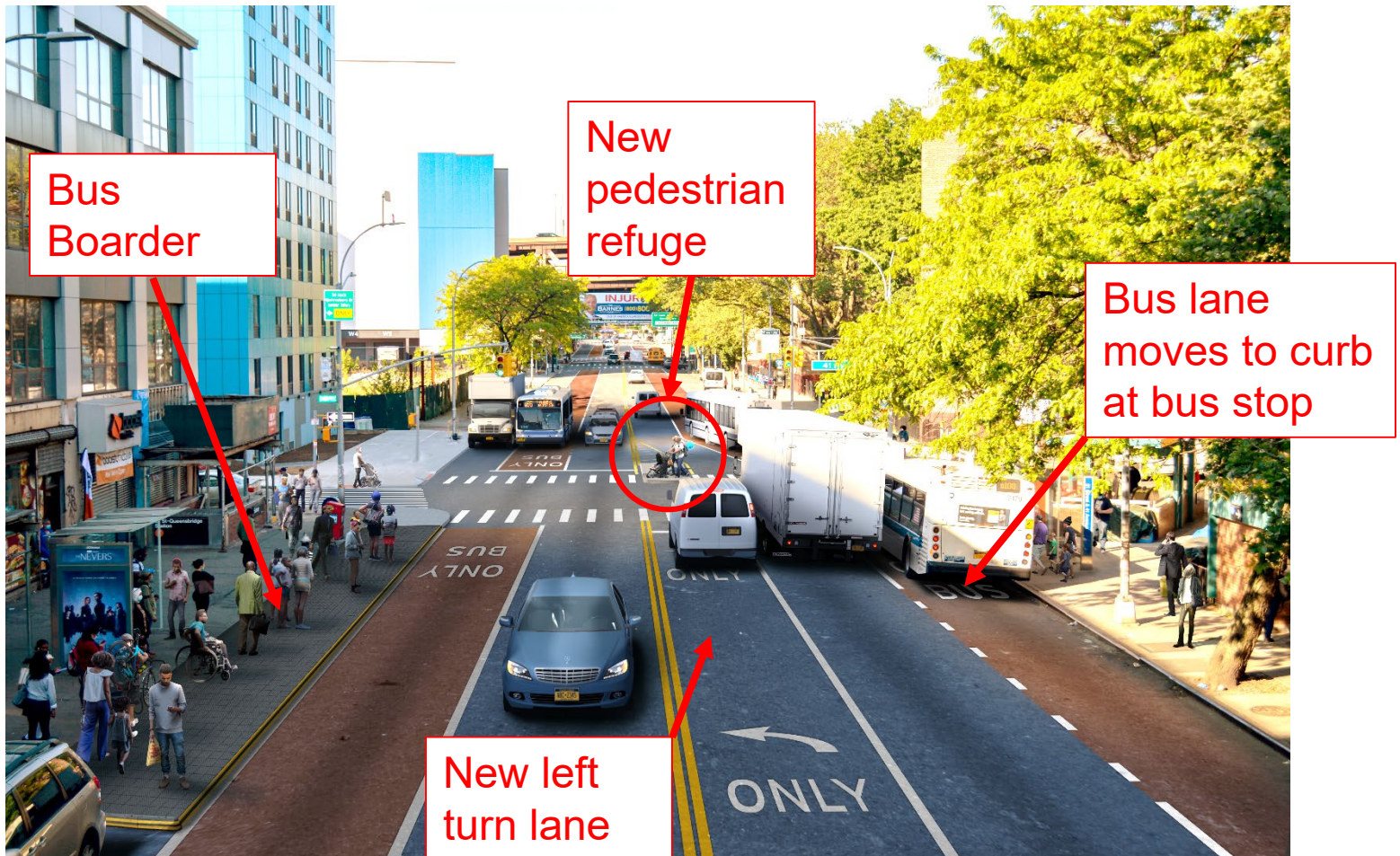
21<sup>st</sup> St @ 41<sup>st</sup> Ave - Existing





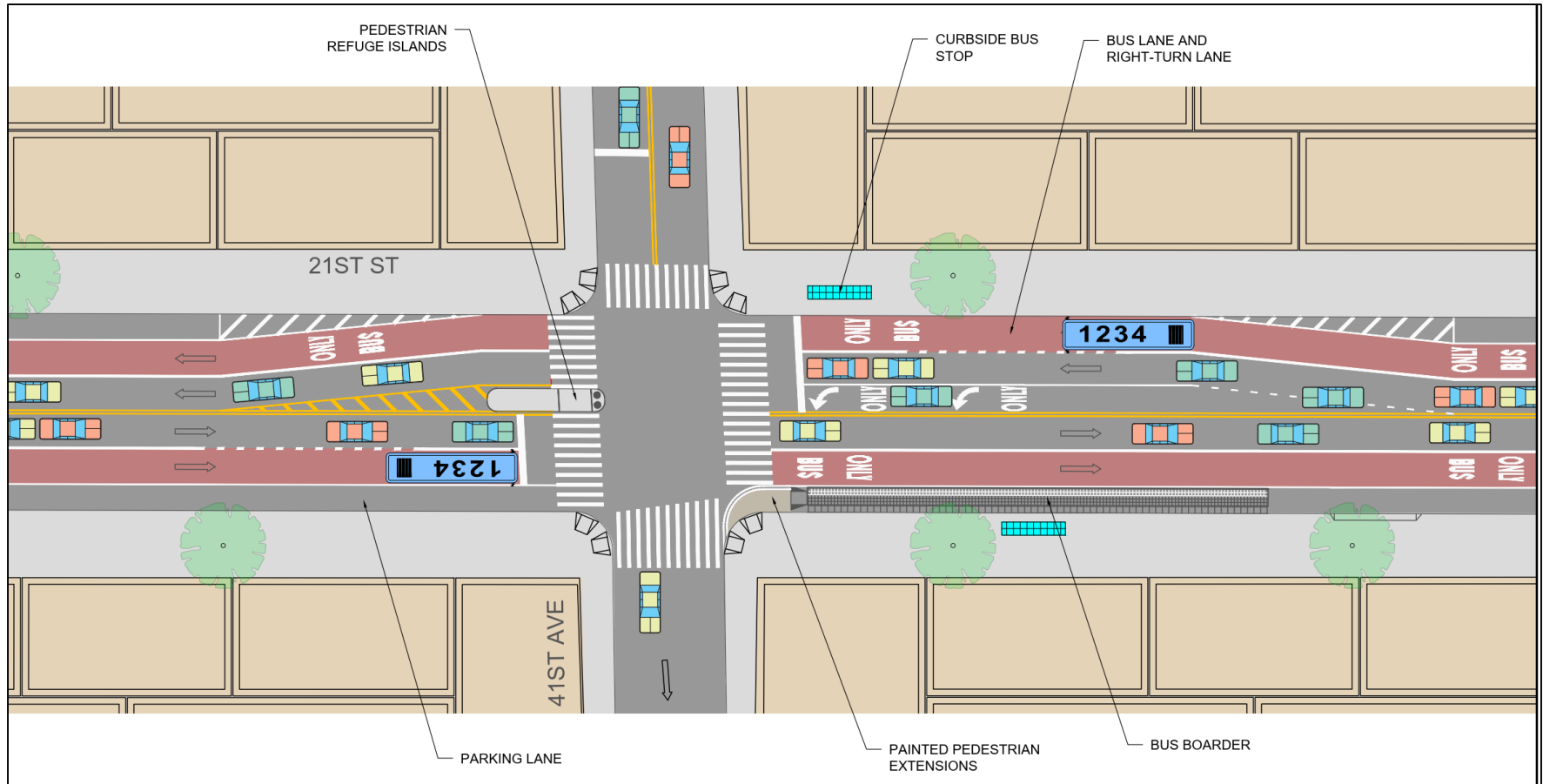
# Conceptual Corridor Design

21<sup>st</sup> St @ 41<sup>st</sup> Ave - Proposed



# Conceptual Corridor Design

## 21<sup>st</sup> St @ 41<sup>st</sup> Ave - Proposed





# Conceptual Corridor Design

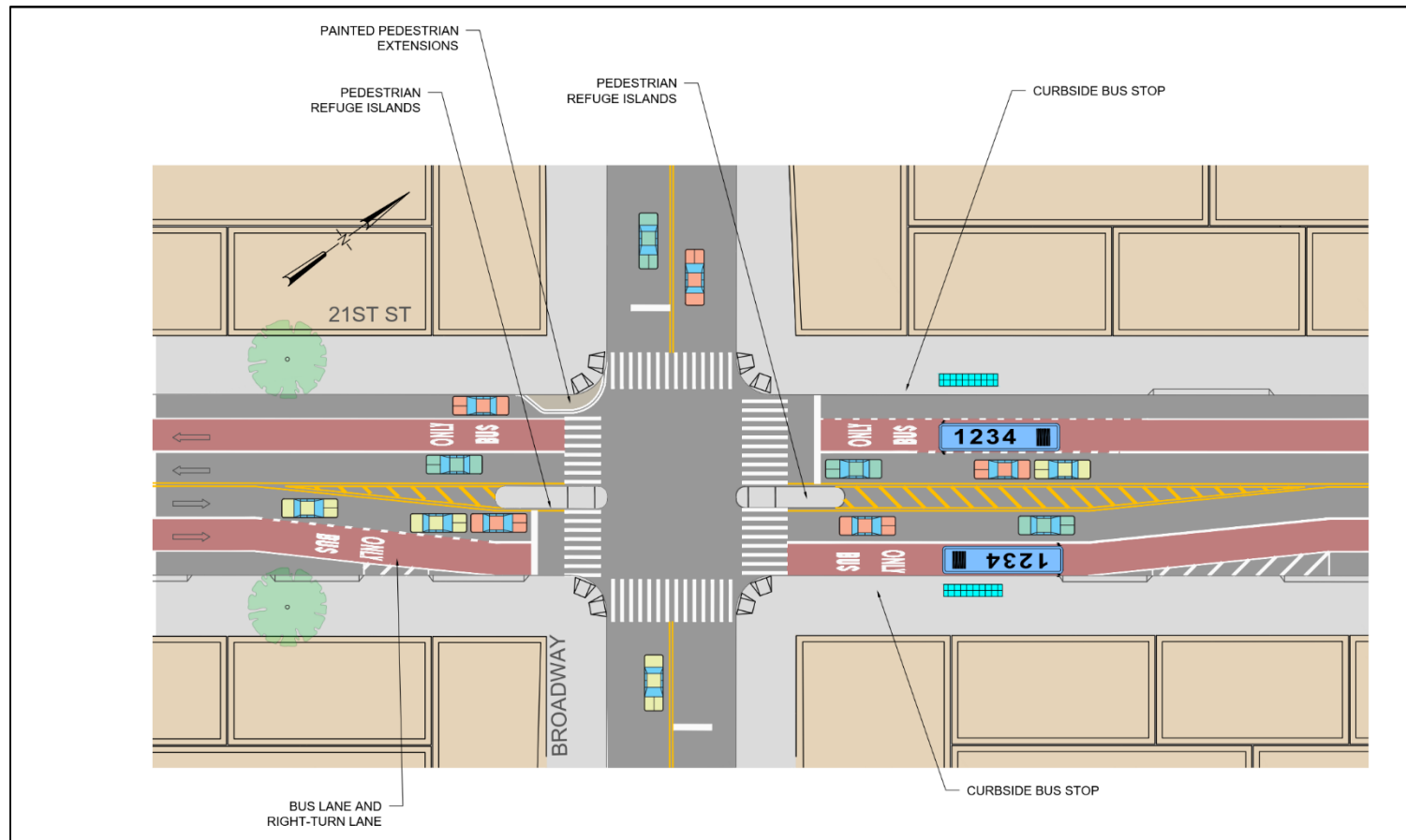
## 21<sup>st</sup> St @ Broadway - Existing





# Conceptual Corridor Design

## 21<sup>st</sup> St @ Broadway - Proposed



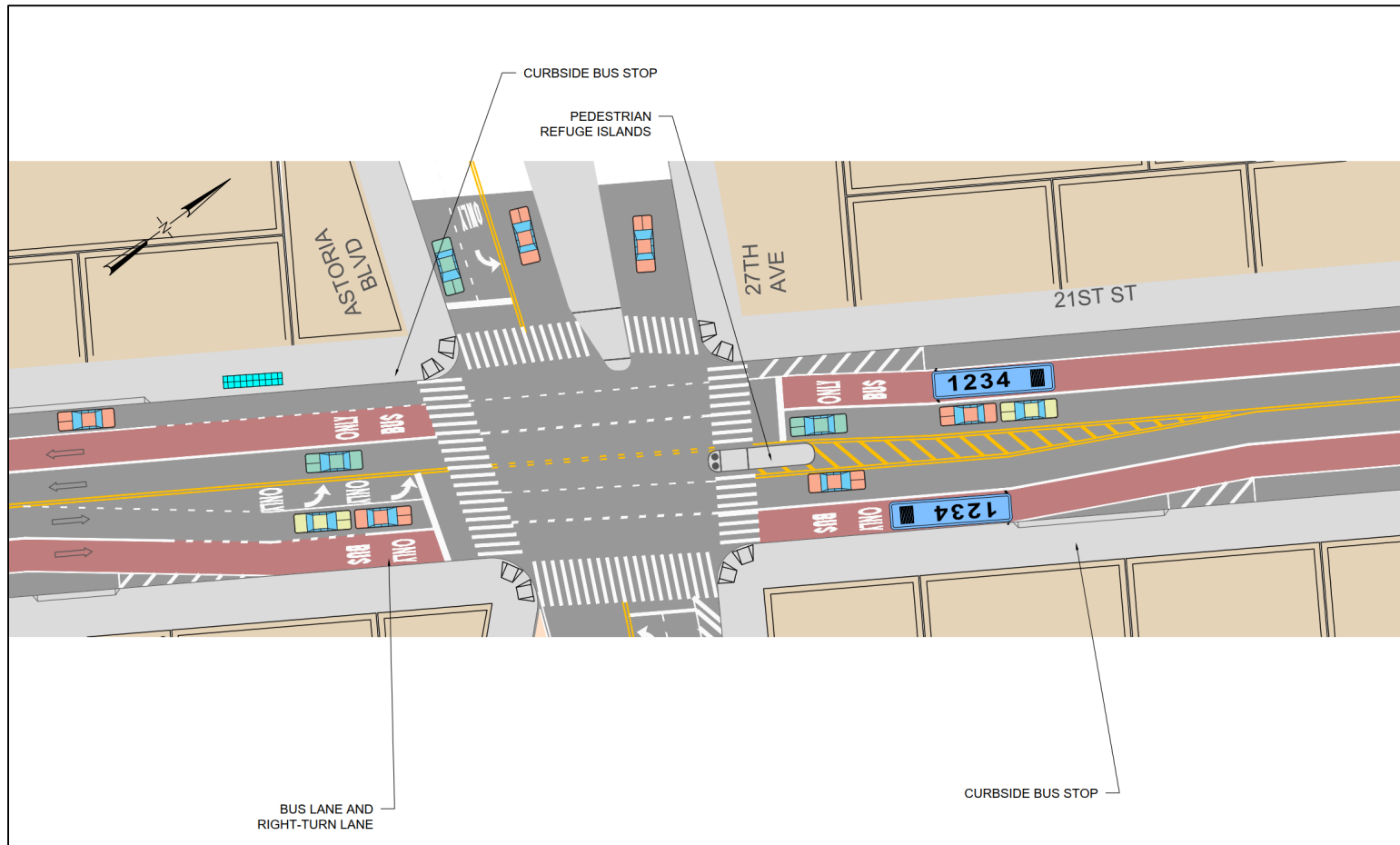
# Conceptual Corridor Design

## 21<sup>st</sup> St @ Astoria Blvd - Existing



# Conceptual Corridor Design

## 21<sup>st</sup> St @ Astoria Blvd - Proposed



# Conceptual Corridor Design

## Design Elements



Woodhaven Blvd, QN

### Offset Bus Lane *Proposed Locations*

- Throughout corridor



7th Ave, MN

### Bus Boarder *Proposed Locations*

- 21<sup>st</sup> St @ 41<sup>st</sup> Ave (northbound)
- 21<sup>st</sup> St @ 35<sup>th</sup> Ave (northbound and southbound)
- 21<sup>st</sup> Ave @ 30<sup>th</sup> Ave (southbound)



# Conceptual Corridor Design

## Design Elements



Utica Ave, BK

### Left Turn Lane

#### Proposed Locations

- 21<sup>st</sup> St @ Queens Plaza North (northbound)
- 21<sup>st</sup> St @ 41<sup>st</sup> Ave (southbound)
- 21<sup>st</sup> St @ 40<sup>th</sup> Ave (northbound)
- 21<sup>st</sup> Ave @ 30<sup>th</sup> Ave (northbound)
- 21<sup>st</sup> St @ Astoria Blvd (northbound)

***All other intersections have NB/SB left turn restrictions except Hoyt Ave South SB.***



Hillside Ave, QN

### Pedestrian Island

#### Proposed Locations

- 21<sup>st</sup> St @ 41<sup>st</sup> Ave (south side)
- 21<sup>st</sup> St @ 40<sup>th</sup> Ave (north side)
- 21<sup>st</sup> Ave @ Broadway (south and north sides)
- 21<sup>st</sup> St @ 30<sup>th</sup> Ave (north side)
- 21<sup>st</sup> St @ Astoria Blvd (west and north sides)



# Conceptual Corridor Design

## Design Elements

### Painted Curb Extension



21<sup>st</sup> St @ 31<sup>st</sup> Dr,

### Painted Curb Extension

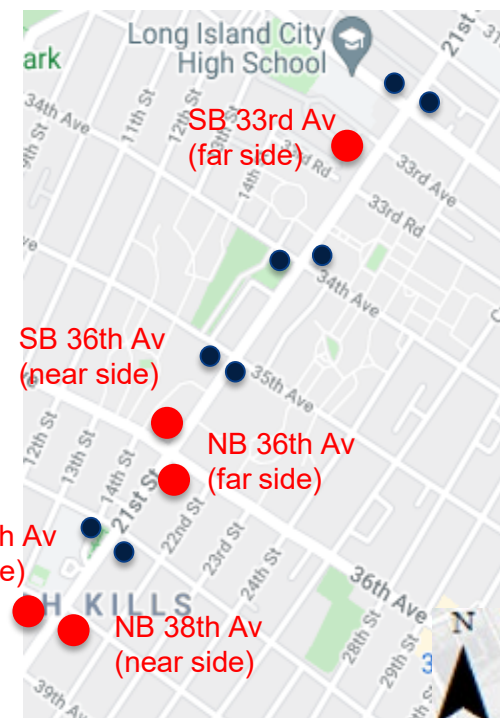
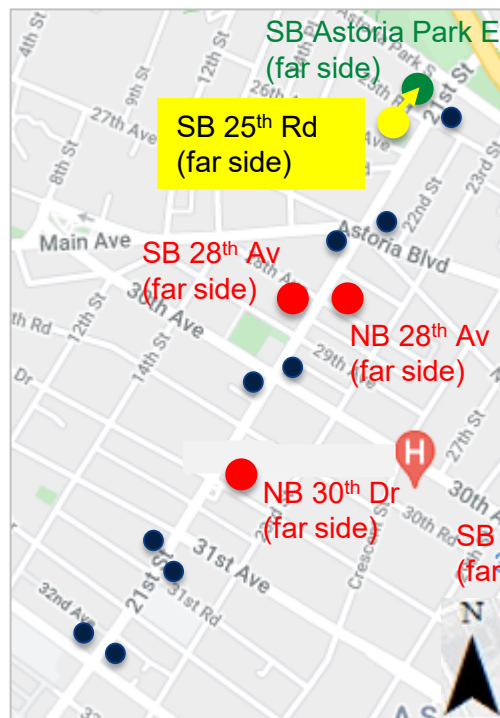
#### *Proposed Additional Locations*

- 41<sup>st</sup> Ave (NE corner)
- 40<sup>th</sup> Ave (NW corner)
- 38<sup>th</sup> Ave (All four corners)
- 14<sup>th</sup> St (NW corner)
- 35<sup>th</sup> Ave (SE, SW, and NW corners)
- 34<sup>th</sup> Ave (SE and NW corners)
- 31<sup>st</sup> Ave (SE and NW corners)
- 30<sup>th</sup> Ave (SW and NW corners)

# Conceptual Corridor Design

## Bus Stop Balancing

- Bus stops on 21<sup>st</sup> Street often closer than MTA Guidelines (750')
- Very closely spaced stops reduce bus speed and reliability
- MTA and DOT proposing removal or move of nine stops
  - NB 30<sup>th</sup> Dr, SB 36<sup>th</sup> Ave, and SB 33<sup>rd</sup> Ave all had less than 100 daily passenger ons and offs
  - 28<sup>th</sup> Ave, 36<sup>th</sup> Ave, and 38<sup>th</sup> Ave stops less than 500' from adjacent stops
  - SB 25<sup>th</sup> Rd moved to locations with better bus stop conditions
- No changes to stops south of 38<sup>th</sup> Avenue



### KEY:



Existing bus stop



Red stop removed



Bus stop moved

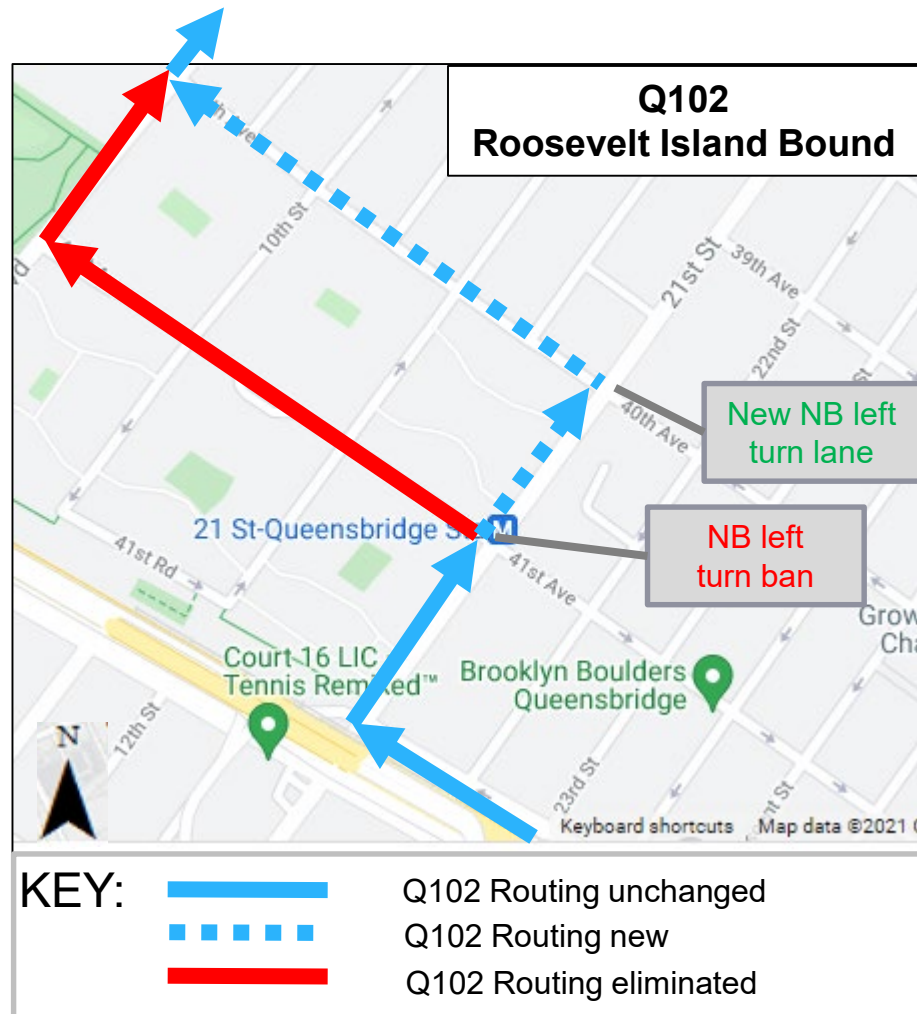


New bus stop

# Conceptual Corridor Design

## Bus Route Change

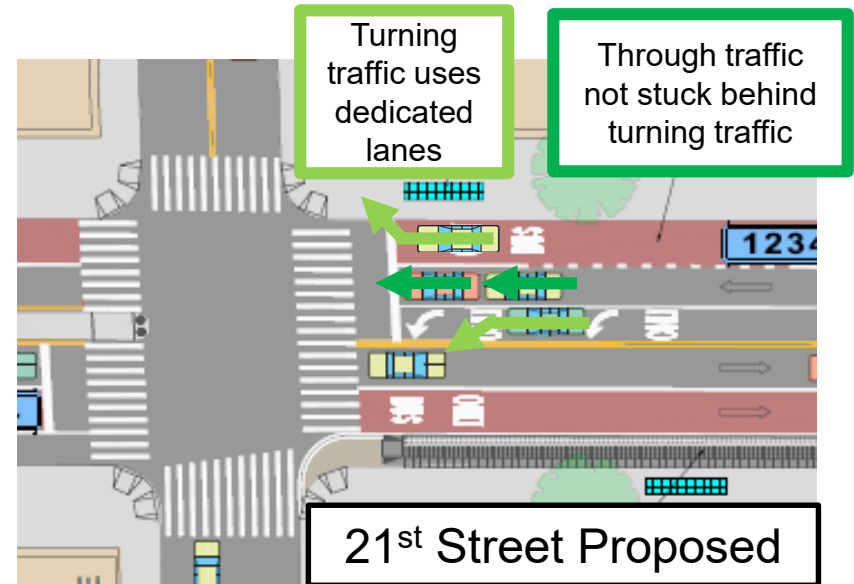
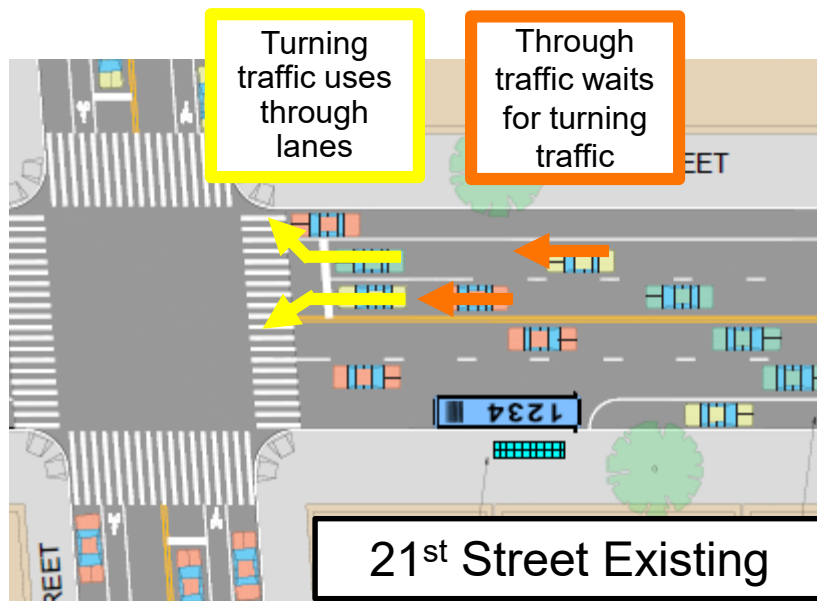
- Roosevelt Island-bound Q102 bus currently turns left at 41<sup>st</sup> Avenue
- Proposed design provides dedicated northbound left turn lane at 40<sup>th</sup> Ave
- New routing uses 40<sup>th</sup> Ave instead of 41<sup>st</sup> Ave
- No changes proposed to Q102 in Astoria-bound direction
- No other bus route changes proposed



# Conceptual Corridor Design

## Traffic Considerations

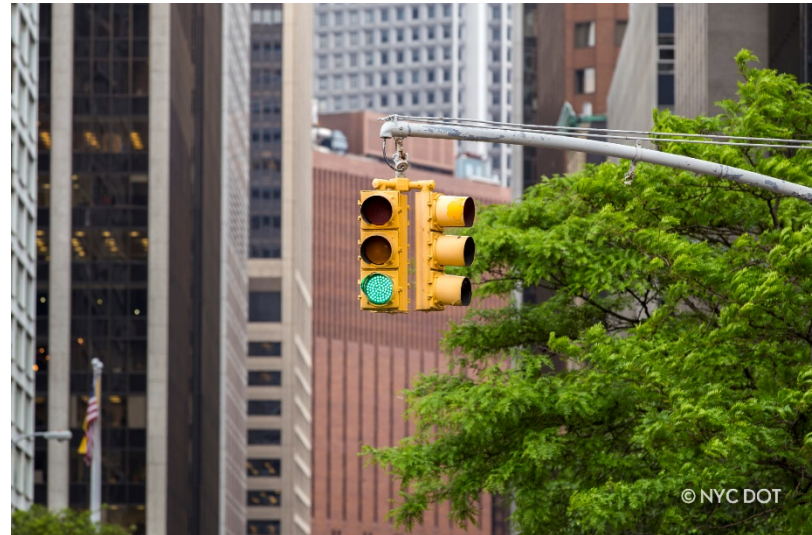
- To improve bus travel and pedestrian safety project reduces through travel lanes from two to one in each direction
- However, left turn bans, left turn lanes, and right turns made from bus lanes take turning traffic out of the through lane



# Conceptual Corridor Design

## Signal Timing

- DOT will adjust signal timing to optimize for new design
- In some cases, green time will be re-allocated to 21<sup>st</sup> Street from side streets





# Conceptual Corridor Design

## Traffic – What to Expect

- Initial congestion likely as drivers get used to new design of 21<sup>st</sup> Street
- Conditions will improve over time due to **Triple Divergence**

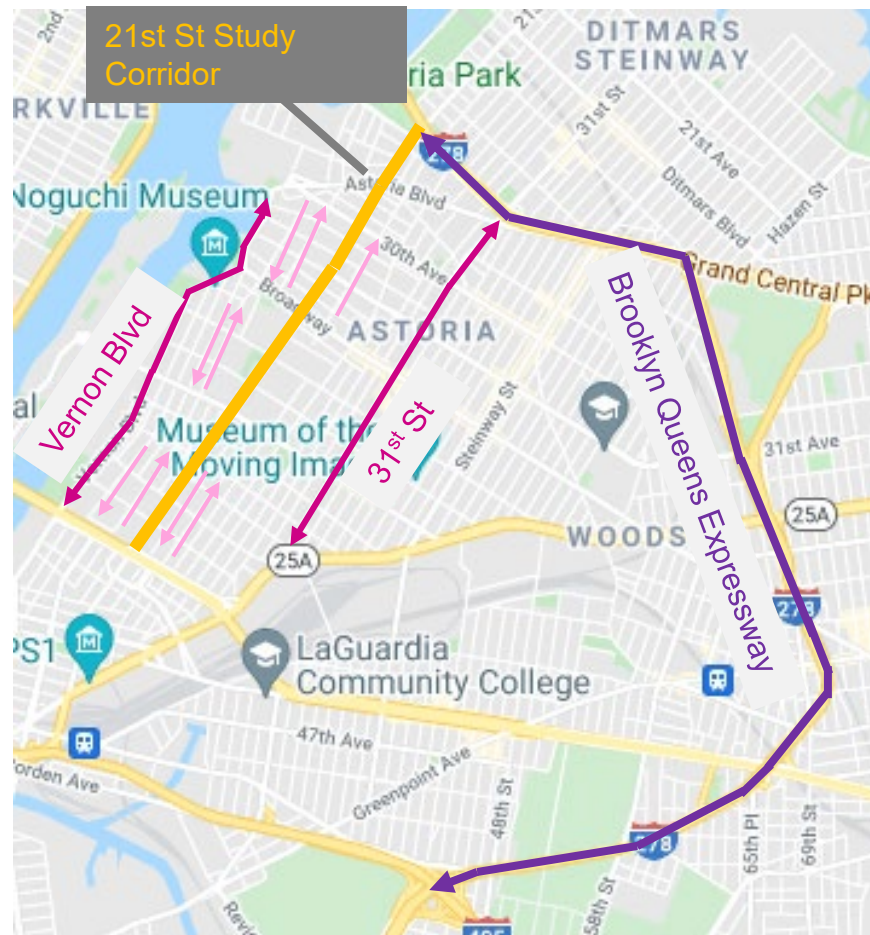
**Triple Divergence** – When overall capacity decreases, drivers will seek out other modes, travel during other times of day or use alternative routes.

Triple Divergence		
1.	Mode	Some drivers will shift to other means of travel. Increases in bus speed and reliability will make that mode more attractive
2.	Time	Some drivers will choose to travel at off-peak times.
3.	Route	Some drivers will use parallel streets to reach their destination.

# Conceptual Corridor Design

## Traffic Diversions

- The majority of current traffic volumes can be accommodated on 21st St
- Regional through traffic may use BQE
- Some traffic may divert to Vernon Blvd or 31<sup>st</sup> St
- Many local north-south alternatives for local trips



### KEY:

- ↔ Regional route
- ↔ Through route
- ↔ Local connections

# Other Improvements

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## Ongoing Investigations

### 1) Vehicle Loading Zones

- Goal = reduce double parking
- Time lapse camera observations planned
- Curbside management plan to be developed

### 2) Sidewalk Tree Plantings

- DOT has requested survey by Department of Parks and Recreation
- Expected to be complete by end of year

### 3) Bus Lane Enforcement

- Will investigate for 2022 installation of road side cameras
- MTA piloting cameras on buses – will eventually be citywide

### 4) Transit Signal Priority

- Have requested study
- If feasible would be implemented in 2022

# Next Steps

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- Community Board Presentation – Early 2022
- Please provide any additional thoughts and comments to DOT
  - John O’Neill - [joneill@dot.nyc.gov](mailto:joneill@dot.nyc.gov)
- For more information – [nyc.gov/busprojects](https://nyc.gov/busprojects)







## Questions and Comments?



# Thank You!

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