# **Downtown Brooklyn** Eds and Meds :: Planning Framework

Brooklyn Community Board 2 Land Use Committee | January 18th, 2023



### Background **Context** area

Long Island University - Brooklyn [LIU] The Brooklyn Hospital Center [TBHC]

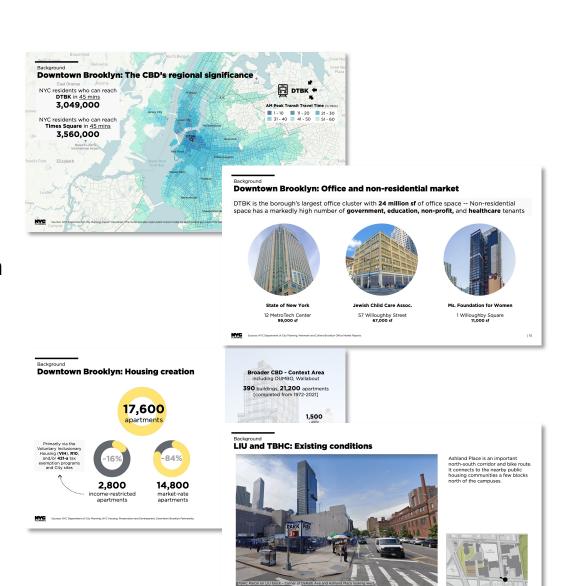
Walt Whitman Houses



Background Image Credit: Alloy

### Community Board 2 Executive Committee | Introductory Meeting What we shared [Nov 2022]

- Downtown Brooklyn's regional significance
- Jobs and the economy
  - Public sector and private sector jobs
- Housing and income-restricted housing creation
- Recent growth and market trends
  - Institutional expansions  $\rightarrow$  Education, cultural, healthcare
- LIU and TBHC existing conditions
- Eds and Meds :: Planning Framework
  - Planning goals and deliverables, project timeline



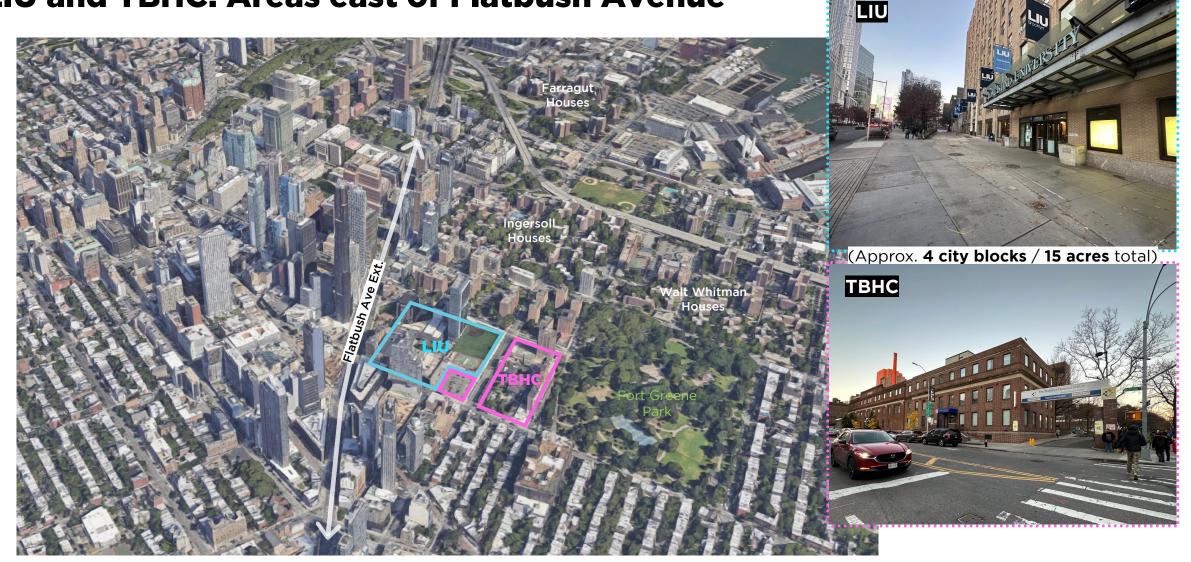


# **Downtown Brooklyn**

Eds and Meds :: Planning Framework

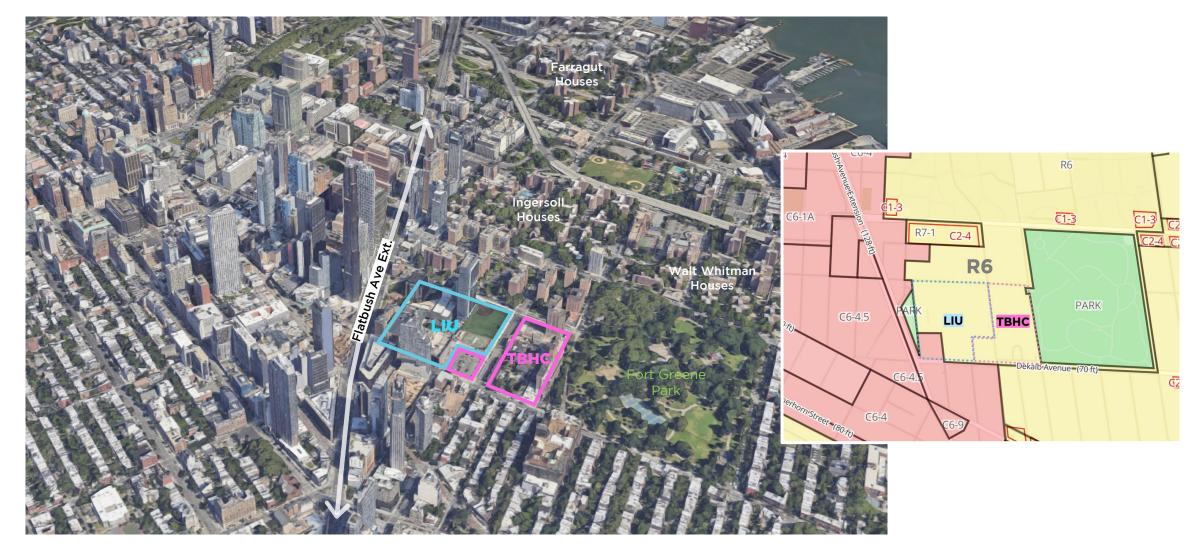


# Background LIU and TBHC: Areas east of Flatbush Avenue



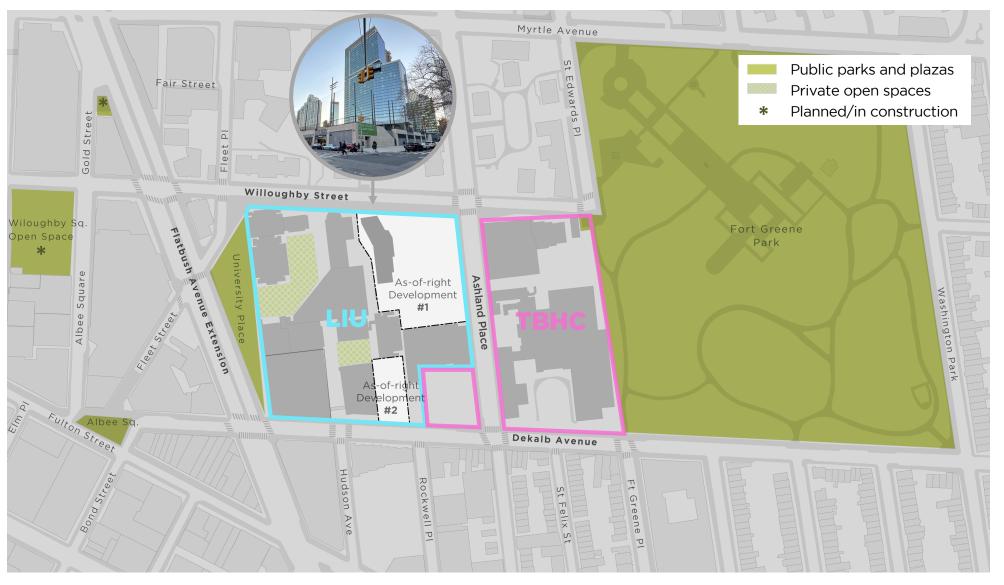


# Background LIU and TBHC: Areas east of Flatbush Avenue





# Background LIU and TBHC: Existing conditions and phased redevelopment



17



- **Grow Downtown Brooklyn's anchor institutions** and help them advance their long-term planning efforts to invest in new and expanded facilities, services, programs, and jobs.
- Express the City's commitment to the ongoing success of Brooklyn's Central Business District and communicate guiding principles to help shape private development proposals and public investments.
- Build on recovery efforts to better connect Brooklyn residents to their CBD and its growing healthcare, education, and office-based job sectors.

Framework recommendations will inform **advanced planning** and **interagency coordination efforts** to help shape future developments.



Eds and Meds: Planning framework
Interagency coordination

**Ongoing** and **planned coordination** with agencies including:

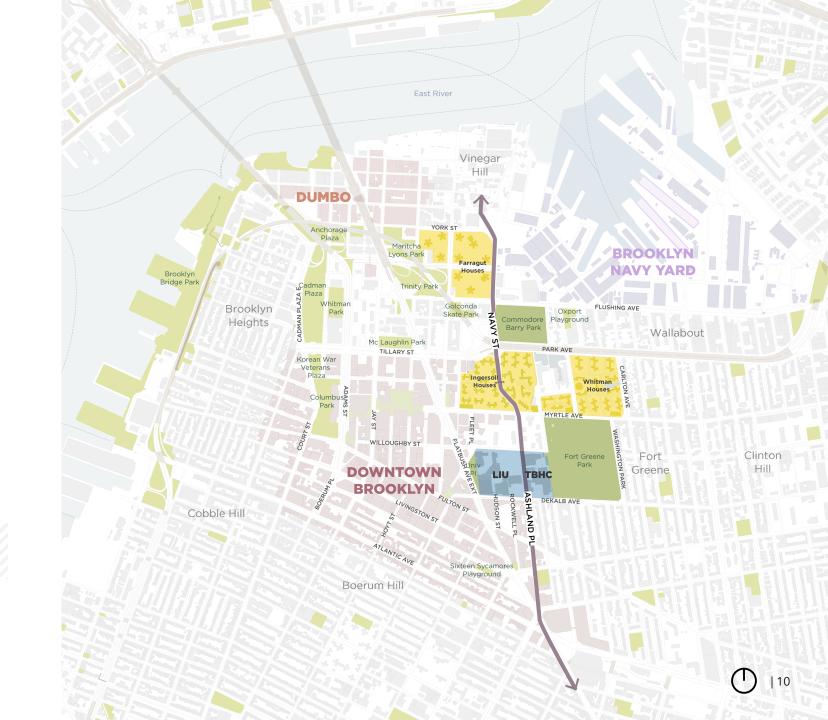
- Economic Development Corporation (EDC)
- New York City Housing Authority (NYCHA)
- Department of Parks and Recreation (Parks)
- Department of Transportation (DOT)
- Department of Design and Construction (DDC)
- Department of Citywide Administrative Services (DCAS)
- Metropolitan Transportation Authority (MTA)
- School Construction Authority (SCA) and the Department of Education (DOE)
- Department of Housing Preservation and Development (HPD)
- Department of Health and Mental Hygiene (DOHMH)
- Health and Hospitals Corporation (H&H)
- Department of Homeless Services (DHS)
- Department of Environmental Protection (DEP)\*



# Eds and Meds: Planning framework Focus areas / scales

- Areas east of Flatbush Avenue along the Ashland Pl – Navy St corridor
  - The LIU and TBHC campuses and immediate vicinity
  - NYCHA communities
- 2. The Downtown Brooklyn "core"
- 3. The greater CBD area including neighboring job centers – DUMBO and the Brooklyn Navy Yard

+ DTBK's regional significance and related considerations as appropriate





# Eds and Meds: Planning framework **Focus areas / scales**

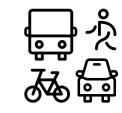
Place-based and programmatic recommendations on topics including but not limited to:



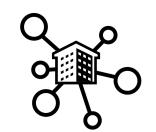
Land use and urban design principles



properties



Public realm, transit, and mobility



Strengthened

connections

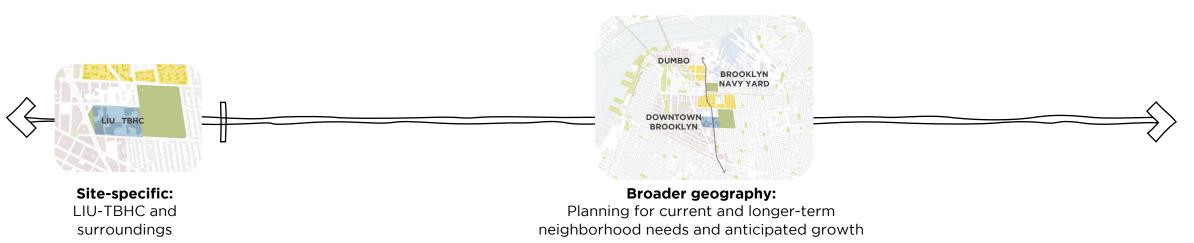
with NYCHA



Infrastructure, public health, and housing



Jobs and workforce development





## Eds and Meds: Planning framework Land use and urban design principles

- Ensure redevelopment plans account for site-specific conditions and are responsive to key frontages
- Work with private applicants to ensure close coordination across both campuses
- Facilitate site planning strategies that improve overall connectivity and better integrate campus superblocks with the surrounding context

Land use and urban design

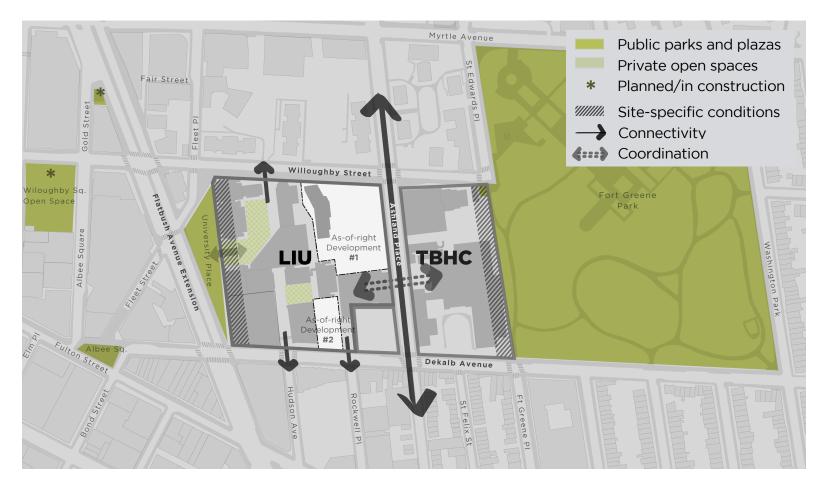














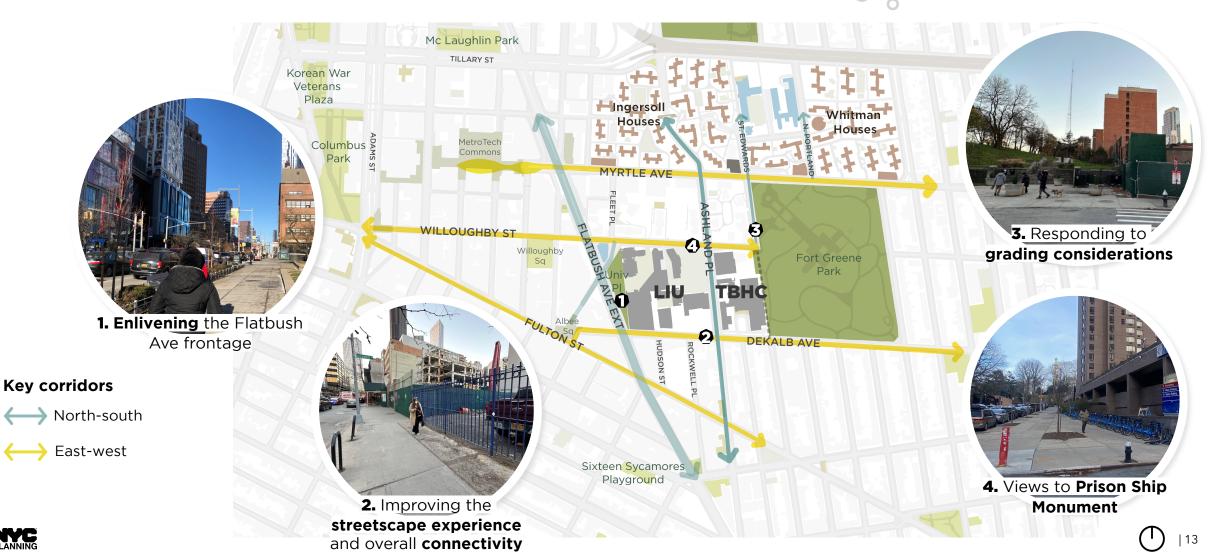
# Eds and Meds: Planning framework Land use and urban design principles

Land use and urban design

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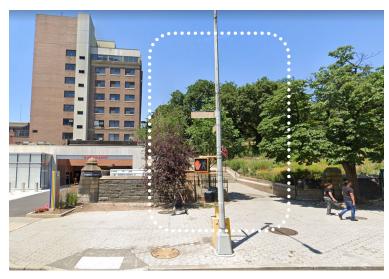




### Eds and Meds: Planning framework Land use and urban design principles

#### Fort Greene Park:

Active coordination occurring between City agencies to plan for this important frontage along the landmarked park



Existing conditions: TBHC - Fort Greene Park interface

Land use and urban design



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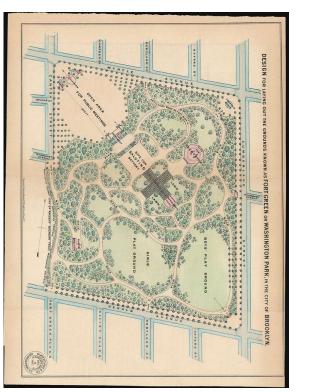




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Olmsted schematic vision (1867)



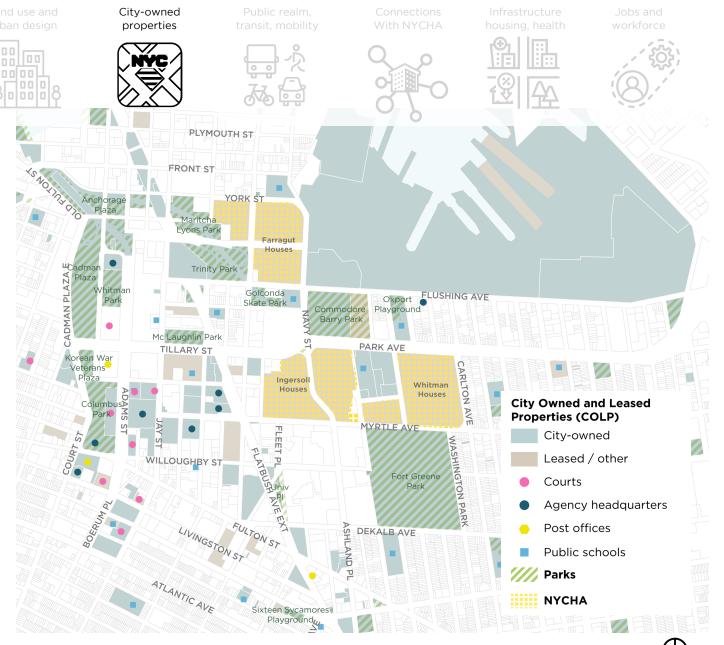
Aerial view (1924)

## Eds and Meds: Planning framework Opportunities at cityowned properties

#### **University Place**

 Work with Parks and LIU to create a world-class gateway along Flatbush Ave with particular consideration for the design of future developments along this major thoroughfare





### Eds and Meds: Planning framework **Public realm, transit, and mobility**

Fleet Place – Willoughby Street intersection

• Explore potential improvements to this key intersection as part of future planning for this frontage in coordination with City agencies.



Land use and

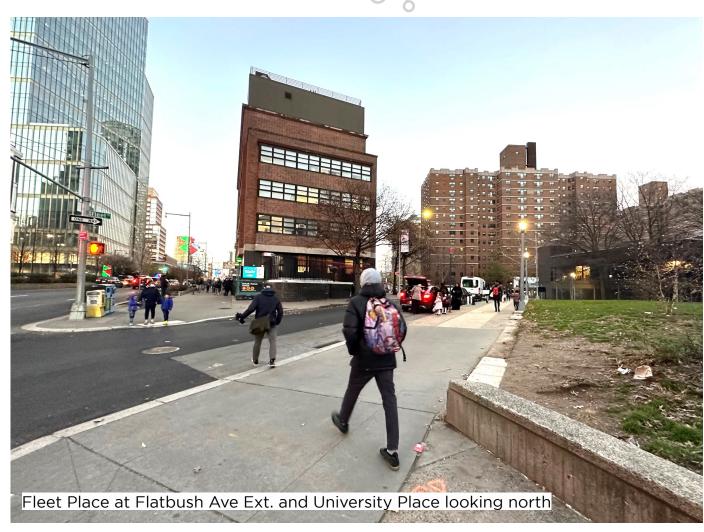
properties

Public realm, transit, mobility

₩ E Connections With NYCHA structure ng. health obs and orkforce







### Eds and Meds: Planning framework **Public realm, transit, and mobility**

#### Ashland - Navy Corridor

 Study potential public realm improvements along this important corridor in connection with active DOT projects and building on ongoing efforts





### Ashland Place and Navy Street Protected Bike Lanes

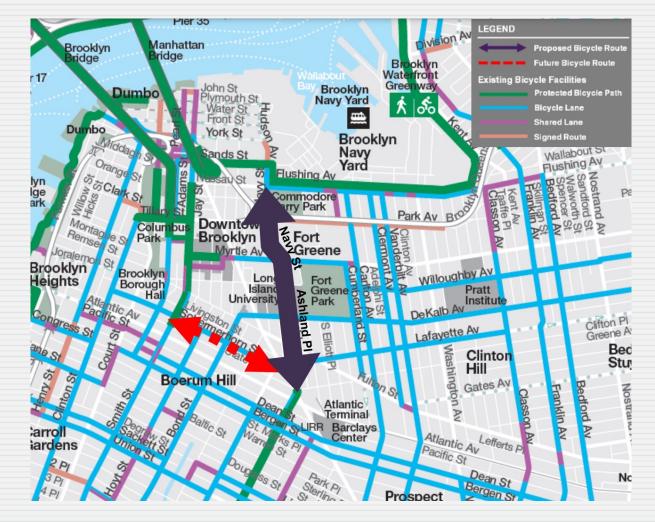
Lead agency: DOT

#### Status:

Ongoing discussions with planned implementation for 2023



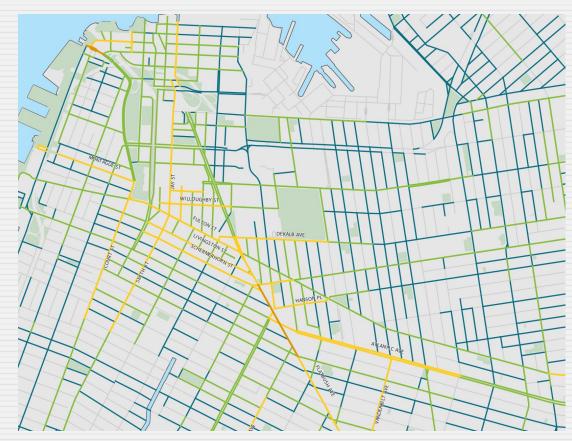
Chrystie Street, Manhattan - Example of a protected bike lane





#### **DOT Pedestrian Mobility Plan**

#### Lead agency: DOT





Global Corridor - Streets that have large crowds of people moving in many directions - High concentration of pedestrian destinations that draw people from around the world - Extremely wide sidewalks with tree pits recommended - Comprises less than 0.5% of city roads



Regional Corridor - Streets that have crowds of people passing each other

 Concentration of pedestrian destinations or large-scale attractions that draw people from around the region
 Wide sidewalks with tree pits recommended Comprises about 2.5% of city roads



Neighborhood Corridor - Streets that have small groups of people passing each other - Consistent pedestrian destinations, such as neighborhood business districts or large schools or parks - Generous sidewalks with tree pits recommended - Comprises roughly 12% of city roads



Community Connector - Streets that have individuals passing one another or small groups - Residential streets that connect to nearby destinations such as small parks or schools - Standard sidewalks with tree pits recommended - Comprises about 25% of city roads



Citywide Baseline - Streets that have low pedestrian volumes with infrequent passing - Typically residential streets with no widespread pedestrian generators - Basic ribbon sidewalk with tree lawn considered sufficient - Makes up roughly 60% of city roads



### **Commodore Barry Park**

#### Lead agency: Parks

#### Status:

Active project

#### Current phase:

- Comfort station reconstruction
- Lighting for ball fields
- Reconstruction of paths and sidewalks
- Synthetic turf field
- Fencing

#### Future phase:

Reconstruct large asphalt multi-purpose play and other improvements to northwestern section of the park





### Eds and Meds: Planning framework

# **Strengthened connections** with NYCHA communities

- Explore strategies to strengthen connections with neighboring NYCHA communities – physical as well as programmatic
- Support recent and ongoing planning efforts focused on Farragut, Whitman, and Ingersoll Houses led by NYCHA and/or partner agencies
- Engage **NYCHA resident leaders and residents** to inform neighborhood needs and planning for the CBD as a whole

Land use and urban design

ty-owned roperties Public realn transit, mobil





Connections

astructure sing, health Jobs and vorkforce









#### Eds and Meds: Planning framework

# **Strengthened connections with NYCHA communities**

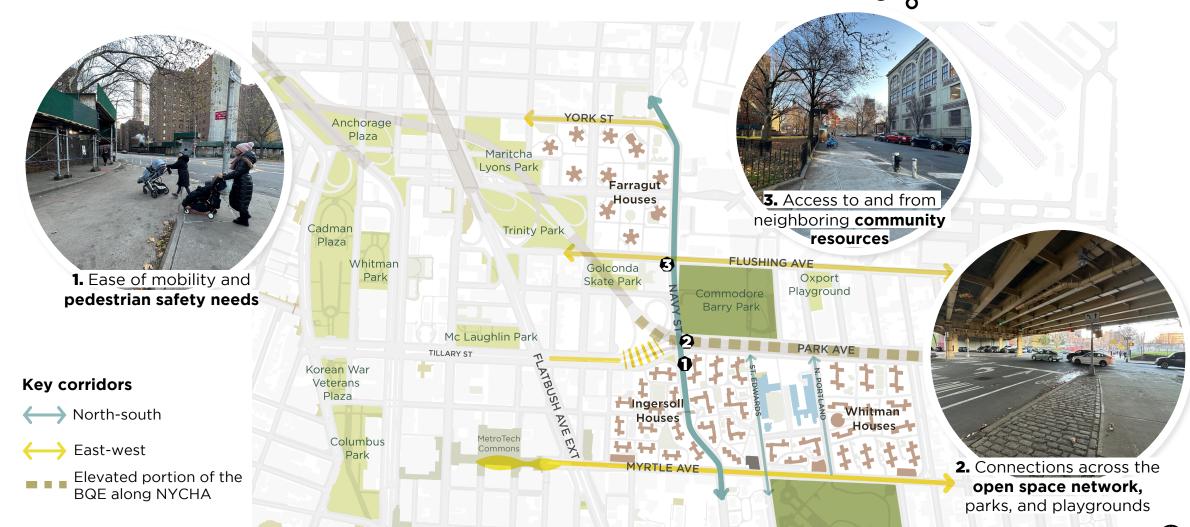
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owned

Public realm, ansit, mobility Connections With NYCHA frastructure using, health lobs and orkforce









#### **Related efforts**

# **Ongoing City-led projects and planning efforts**

### Park Avenue - Ingersoll Safety Improvements Project

#### Lead agencies: DOT and DDC

#### Status:

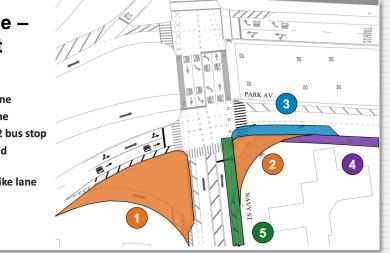
Upcoming capital improvements

- Slip lane closures
- Pedestrian safety improvements
- Replacement of degraded sidewalks
- B62 existing bus stop relocation and new bus bulb
- Improved crossings to Commodore Barry Park

#### Park Avenue – Navy Street

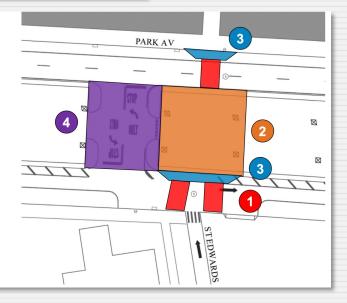
#### Improvements

- 1. Close western slip lane
- 2. Close eastern slip lane
- 3. Add bus bulb for B62 bus stop
- 4. Reconstruct degraded sidewalks
- 5. Build out two-way bike lane as grade separated



#### Park Avenue – St Edwards

- Improvements
- 1. Add all crosswalks
- 2. Create walkable pedestrian area under BQE with pedestrian scale lighting
- 3. Add curb extensions to shorten crossings
- 4. Relocate parking to existing turn-around area





### DCP Midblock Crossings Opportunity Study – NYCHA

Lead agency: DCP (in coordination with DOT)

#### Status:

In early stages – existing conditions review in progress. Requires further evaluation and feasibility studies in consultation with DOT.





## Eds and Meds: Planning framework Infrastructure, public health, and housing

Land use and

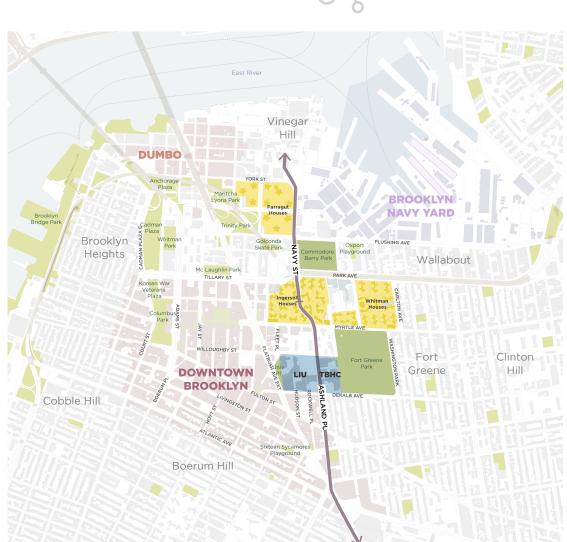
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- Housing, affordable housing, and supportive services
- Open space
- **o** Schools and education
- Public health and social services
- Other neighborhood-serving uses
- Transit and Infrastructure





### Eds and Meds: Planning framework Jobs and workforce development

- Prepare and connect Brooklyn residents and in particular, local NYCHA communities to goodpaying jobs in the CBD.
- Promote access to education and jobs in emerging or established fields such as healthcare, education, Tech, Arts, Media, and Information (TAMI), institutional, and government sectors, among others.

Land use and urban design

operties

transit, mo

Connection With NYCH

cture health





Jobs and workforce

#### Recent NYC examples - Workforce and Economic Development Projects





Community Board 2 Executive Committee | Introductory Meeting Requests for additional information [Nov 2022]

- Map of city-owned properties (included in the Appendix)
- Affordable housing in Downtown Brooklyn AMIs served (in progress)

Income data for Public and Private sector jobs

 Information on wages by sectors

\_\_\_\_\_



# Measuring economic activity by industry and occupation

Terminology used in the presentation and in data gathering exercises

# **Businesses employ workers**

- When we talk about the number of jobs somewhere, we mean **the number of employees**
- We classify **businesses by industry sector** to categorize business types
- .... and count jobs by industry -> Office-based, Institutional, Industrial, Local Services etc.

# Workers within a business have different occupations

- Within a business, there are different kinds of jobs, or "occupations"
  - For example, a hotel part of the accommodations sector employs managerial staff, cleaning staff, receptionists, food service workers, etc.



# Income data for Public vs. Private sector jobs **Public sector jobs**



# 62,000 public sector jobs

located in or headquartered

in the greater Downtown Brooklyn area including DUMBO and BK Navy Yard

The **public sector** plays an important role in the CBD, highlighting the neighborhood's significance as **Brooklyn's civic hub** 





# Income data for Public vs. Private sector jobs Public sector jobs

Downtown Brooklyn employs public sector workers in a variety of occupations



Courts & local safety

Brooklyn Borough Hall

Offices and local agency admin headquarters



Transit workers



CUNY and public education

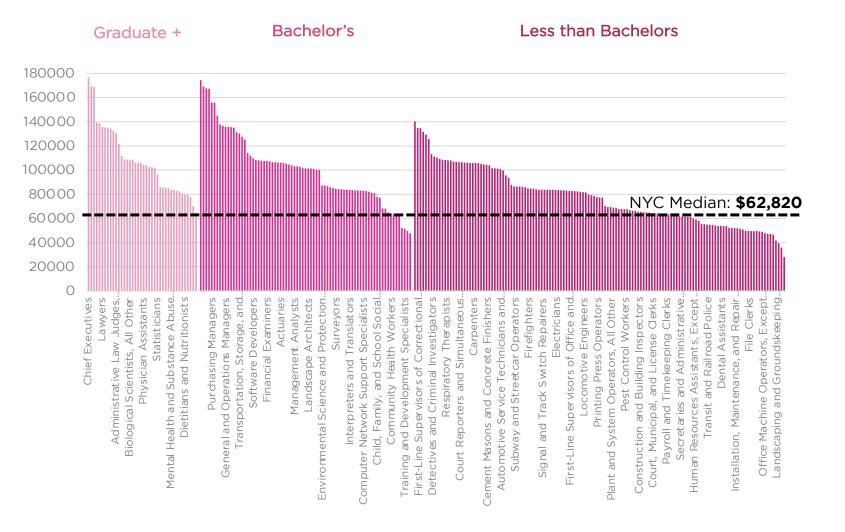


Parks, other City services

# Income data for Public vs. Private sector jobs

# **Public sector wages**

- ~250 occupations in Public Administration
- Median annual wages range from \$173k for Chief Executives to Childcare Workers at \$27k
- Occupations span typical educational requirements, a Bachelor's Degree+ more likely to earn above city median wages



Income data for Public vs. Private sector jobs

# **Public sector wages**

Wide range of occupations offer a variety of wage opportunities for different educational backgrounds

		Occupation	Median Wage	<b>Educational Requirement</b>
	Courts	Bailiff	\$84,000	High School Equivalent
		Paralegals and Legal Assistants	\$65,000	Associate's Degree or Vocational School
		Lawyer	\$136,000	Graduate School
<u>=</u> T	Offices	Payroll and Timekeeping Clerks	\$63,000	Associate's Degree or Vocational School
		Customer Service Reps	\$65,000	High School Equivalent
		Data Entry Keyers	\$55,000	High School
		Computer and Information Systems Managers	\$167,000	Bachelor's
	Transport	Bus Drivers, Transit, and Intercity	\$86,000	High School Equivalent
		Dispatchers, Except Police, Fire, and Ambulance	\$106,000	High School Equivalent



Income data for Public vs. Private sector jobs **Private sector jobs** 

# 64,000 private sector jobs

in the greater Downtown Brooklyn area including DUMBO and BK Navy Yard

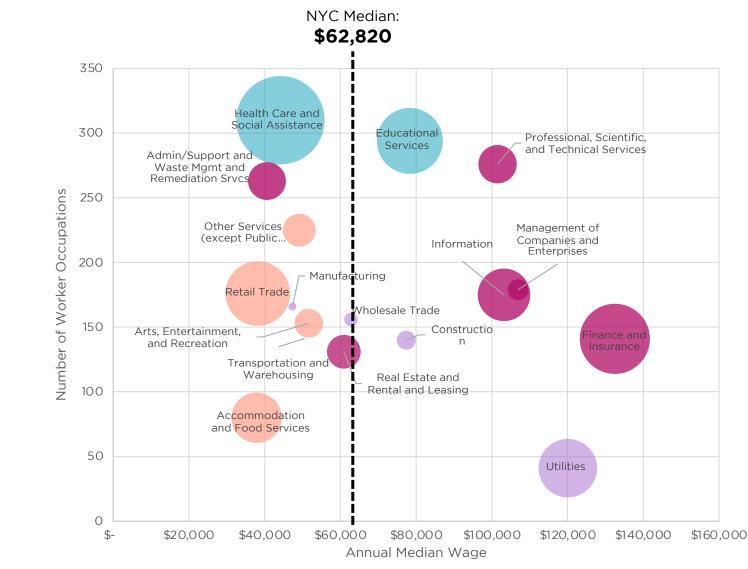
Nearly **30%** of all private sector jobs are in the **educational** and **healthcare** fields.



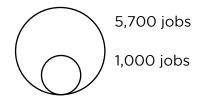
Source: NYS Department of Labor (DOL) QCEW Microdata Q1 2022

Income data for Public vs. Private sector jobs

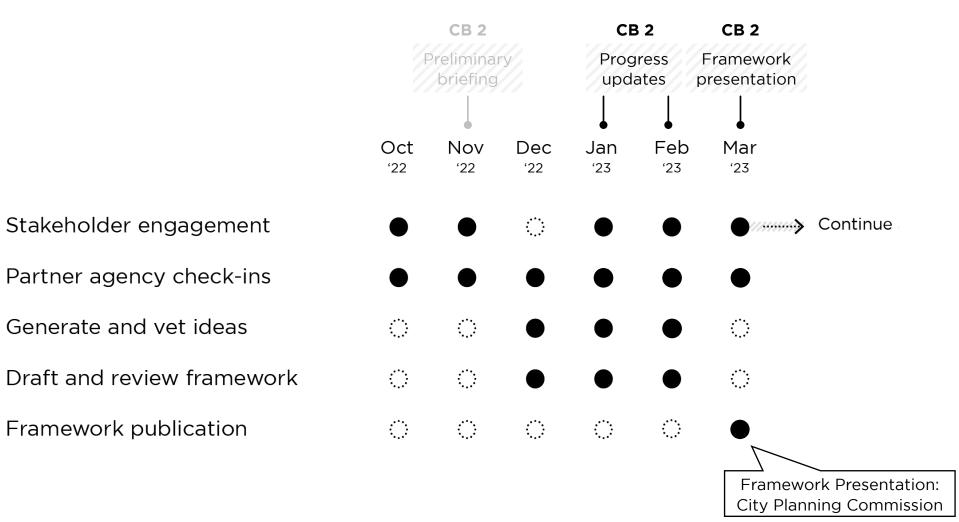




Office-based Institutional Industrial Local Services



# Eds and Meds: Planning framework Tentative timeline



PLANNING

### Eds and Meds: Planning framework **Questions and discussion**

Place-based and programmatic recommendations on topics including but not limited to:



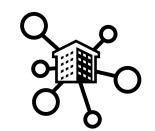
Land use and urban design principles







Public realm, transit, and mobility



Strengthened

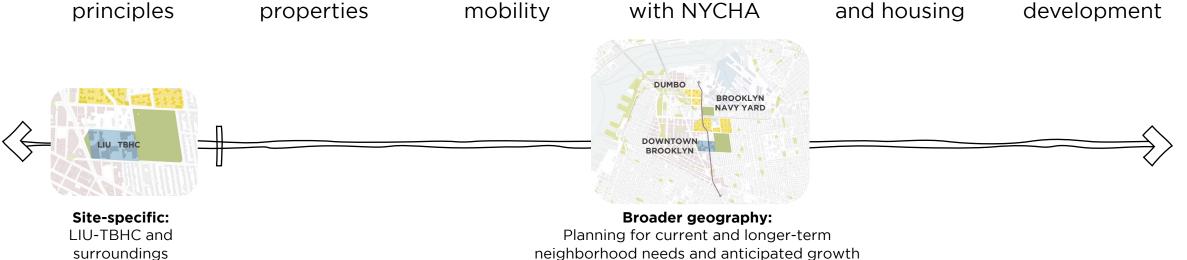
connections



Infrastructure, public health, and housing

Other topics and ideas?

Jobs and workforce development

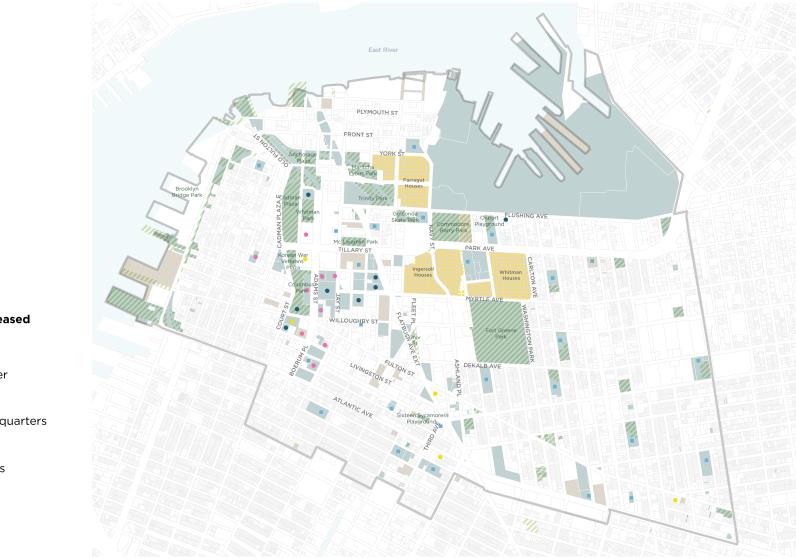




### **Appendix I**



#### Community Board 2 Executive Committee | Introductory Meeting Requests for additional information [Nov 2022]



#### City Owned and Leased Properties (COLP) City-owned Leased / other Courts

- Agency headquarters
- Post offices
- Public schools
- //// Parks
- NYCHA

### Appendix II





Background Quick facts



17,000 + housing units



2,800 + income-restricted 89,000 + jobs

H



59,000 + residents



#### 11 + higher ed campuses



2,400 + hotel rooms



40 + arts orgs.



15 + parks and plazas

PLANNING

Sources: NYC Department of City Planning, NYC Housing, Preservation and Development, NYS Department of Labor QCEW Data, Downtown Brooklyn Partnership

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# Background **Downtown Brooklyn: Jobs and the economy**

The **public sector** dominates the central business district's employment figures, underscoring the neighborhood's role and significance as **Brooklyn's civic hub** 

### 89,000 total jobs

**27,000** private sector jobs **62,000** public sector jobs

DTBK job shares over time	2018	2019	2020	<u>2021</u>
Private sector	36%	34%	31%	30%
Public sector	64%	66%	69%	70%

	% of jobs Private sector	% of jobs Public sector
DTBK	30%	70%
BK	85%	15%
NYC	87%	13%

Background **Downtown Brooklyn: Jobs and the economy** 

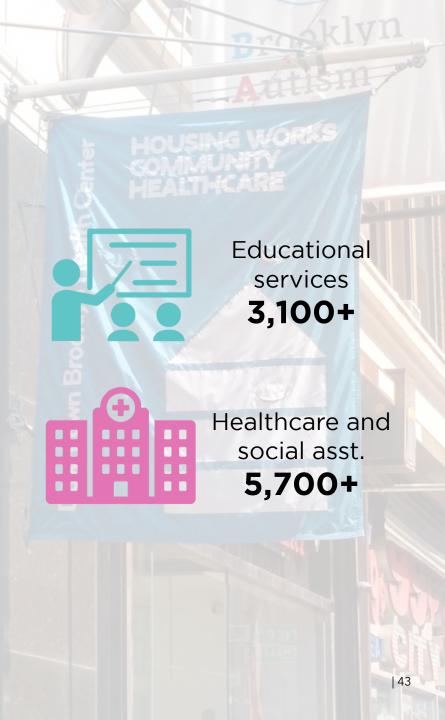
In the last ~twenty years, notable growth has occurred in the office, TAMI\*, local services, and institutional sectors

89,000 total jobs27,000 private sector jobs62,000 public sector jobs

Nearly **30%** of all private sector jobs are in the **educational** and **healthcare** fields.

\*Tech, Arts, Media and Information





Bloomfield

Belleville

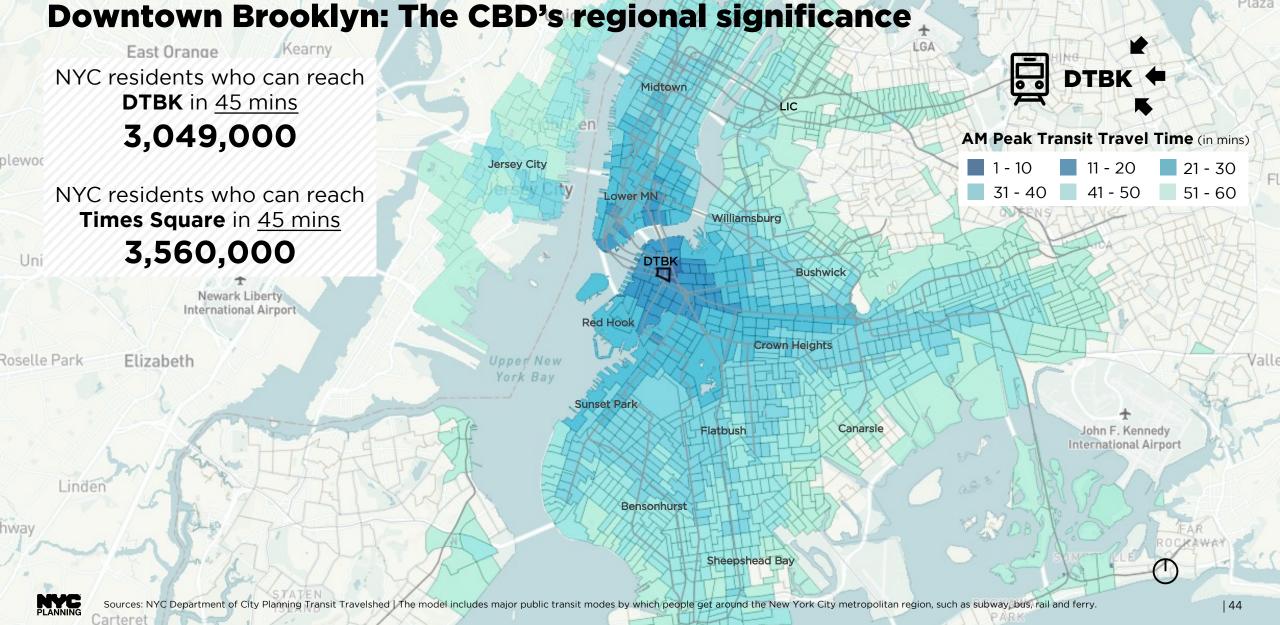
West Orange

Background

North Bergen

Great Neo

#### Great Ne Plaza



Williamsburg

21 - 30

51 - 60

DTBK

AM Peak Transit Travel Time (in mins)

11 - 20

41 - 50

Fort Greene Clinton Hill (2007)

 LPC Historic Districts\*
 Contextual Rezonings\* Boerum Hill (2011)

Vinegar Hill (1998)

\* within CD 2

- 10

- 40

31

**Bushwick** 

**Bed-Stuv** 

**Crown Heights** 

LIC

Background

### **Downtown Brooklyn: The CBD's regional significance**

DTBK with its **abundant transit access** remains a highly desirable place to live, and has played a role in **offsetting the housing demand** in the district and surrounding brownstone communities

> Upper New York Bav



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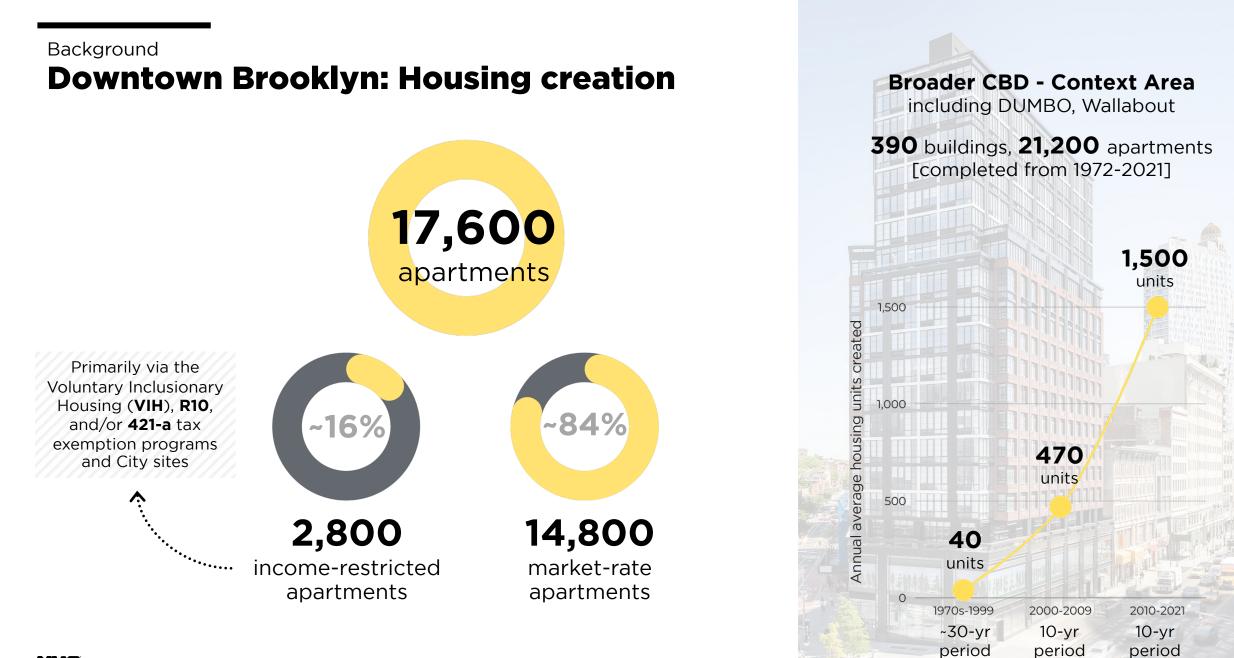


Sources: NYC Department of City Planning Transit Travelshed | The model includes major public transit modes by which people get around the New York City metropolitan region, such as subway, bus, rail and ferry.

**Red Hook** 

Gowanus

Lower MN



# Background **Downtown Brooklyn: Office and non-residential market**

DTBK is the borough's largest office cluster with **24 million sf** of office space -- Non-residential space has a markedly high number of **government**, education, non-profit, and healthcare tenants



#### State of New York

12 MetroTech Center 99,000 sf



Jewish Child Care Assoc.

57 Willoughby Street 67,000 sf



Ms. Foundation for Women

1 Willoughby Square 11,000 sf



### Background Downtown Brooklyn: Institutional growth | Healthcare

DTBK's healthcare institutions are expanding their presence in the neighborhood, while forging cross-borough partnerships (NYU Langone, New York Blood Center, Mount Sinai etc.)



#### **Brooklyn Health Center**

620 Fulton Street 67,000 sf



**NYU Dentistry** 

City Point **15,000 sf** 



**Brooklyn Cancer Center** 

86 Fleet Place 10,000 sf



### Background Downtown Brooklyn: Institutional growth | Culture

The **Cultural District's** 40+ arts organizations anchored by the Brooklyn Academy of Music have continued to flourish and help foster **a vibrant arts and culture scene** 



Brooklyn Academy of Music



**300 Ashland Plaza** 



Theater for a New Audience



# Background **Downtown Brooklyn: Institutional growth** | Education

DTBK is poised to cultivate **a meaningful talent pipeline** for the CBD and surrounding job centers including **DUMBO** and the **Brooklyn Navy Yard** 



#### CUNY CityTech

285 Jay Street **365,000 sf** 



St. Francis College

181 Livingston Street 255,000 sf



NYU

3 MetroTech 350,000 sf



## Background LIU and TBHC: Overview

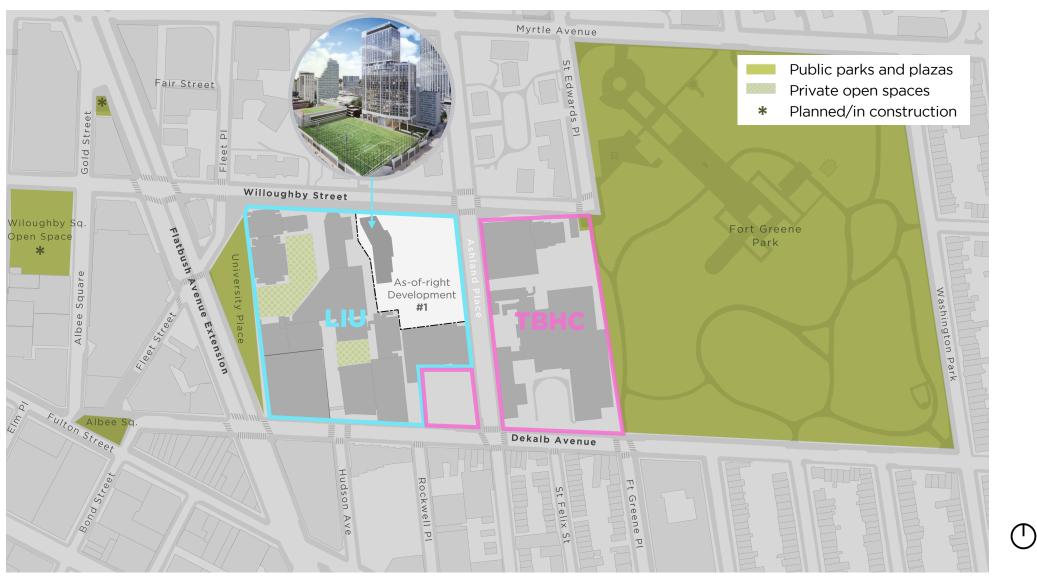
#### LIU

- Largest private university in Downtown Brooklyn established in 1926.
- >15,000 students across LIU Brooklyn and Post campuses, 480 full-time professors
- Diverse student body including firstgeneration college goers
- LIU serves nearly 15,000 students across New York City and Long Island

#### TBHC

- The oldest hospital in Brooklyn established in 1845 (an independent community teaching hospital).
- 464-bed facility, and network of medical practices and other ambulatory care sites.
- **300,000 patients** each year, **3000 medical** professionals and staff, and **280 students**
- TBHC serves nearly one million residents in north and central Brooklyn

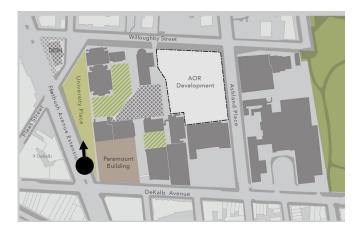








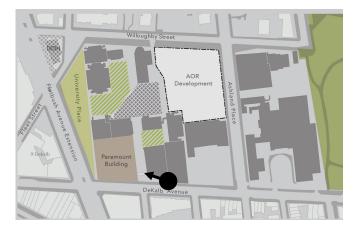
The LIU campus has frontage along University Place, a city-owned public space, and is adjacent to a major thoroughfare, Flatbush Avenue Extension







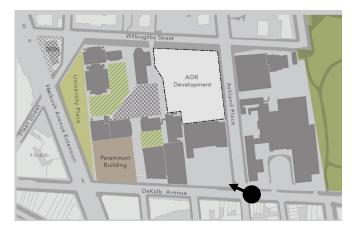
DeKalb Avenue is one of two key east-west corridors bordering the the campuses (DeKalb Ave to the south and Willoughby St to the north)







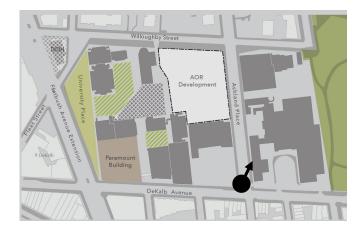
Ashland Place is an important north-south corridor and bike route. It connects to the nearby public housing communities a few blocks north of the campuses.







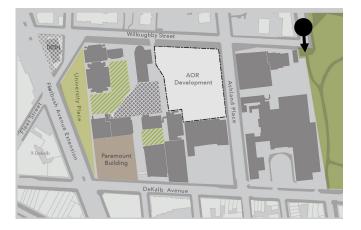
Ashland Place and DeKalb Avenue are dotted with entrances to the two campuses serving a range of uses (hospital vehicular access, LIU's athletic facilities, parking, back of house areas etc.)



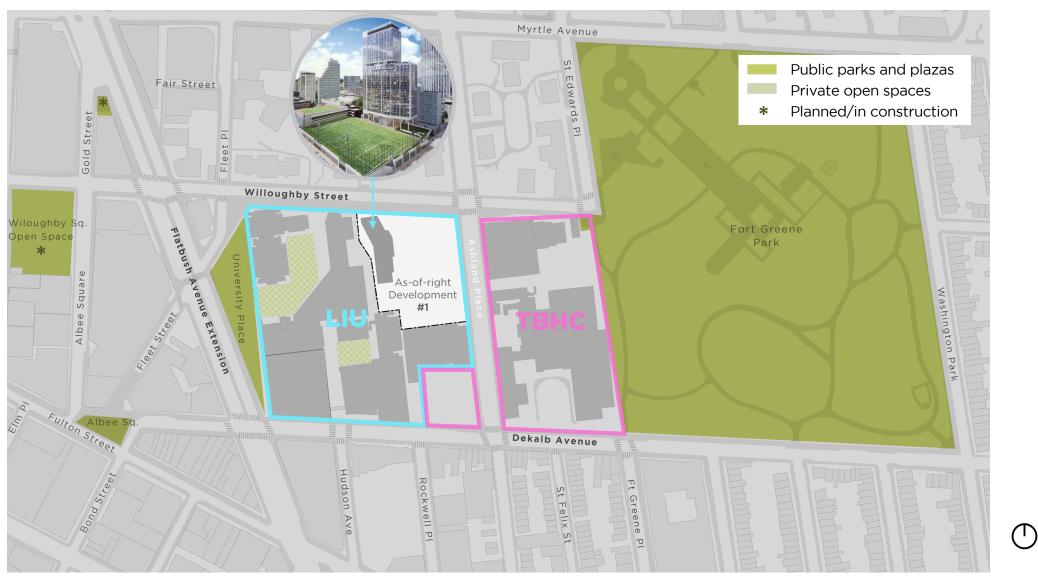




The TBHC campus abuts Fort Greene Park. There are changes in grading along this interface with the park.







### Background LIU and TBHC: Phased redevelopment





### **Downtown Brooklyn**

Eds and Meds :: Planning Framework

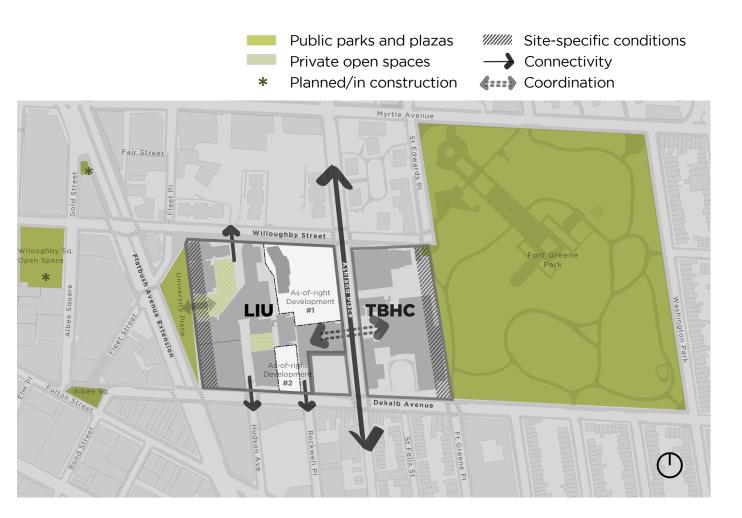


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Framework recommendations will inform **advanced planning** and **interagency coordination efforts** to help shape future developments.



- Establish land use and urban design principles to guide future private developments
- Discuss planning goals for physical and programmatic interventions, with a focus on connecting communities to goodpaying jobs, workforce development and bolstering the eds+meds pipeline
- Explore strategies to strengthen ties specifically with neighboring NYCHA residents
- 4. Identify opportunities to **leverage Cityowned assets** to facilitate public realm improvements, affordable housing, and job growth.





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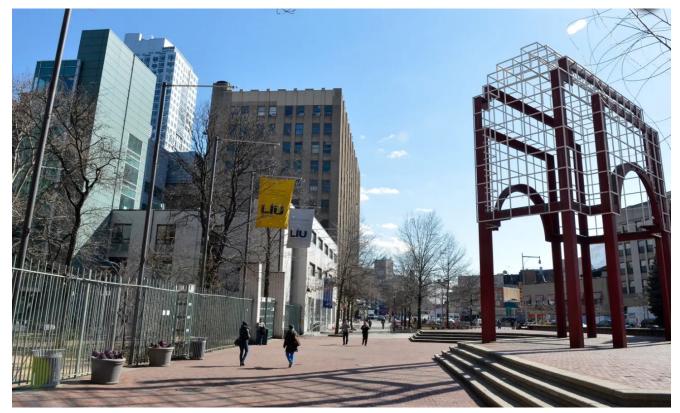


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- 2. Discuss **planning goals for physical and programmatic interventions**, with a focus on connecting communities to goodpaying jobs, **workforce development** and bolstering the eds+meds pipeline
- Explore strategies to strengthen ties specifically with neighboring NYCHA residents
- 4. Identify opportunities to **leverage Cityowned assets** to facilitate public realm improvements, affordable housing, and job growth



University Place

