

# Planning Body To Hold Initial Meeting Today

## Newly Appointed Members to Plan Hearings at Once on Projects

The new City Planning Commission, headed by former City Chamberlain A. A. Berle Jr., was expected to hold an informal meeting today to plan organization with a view to opening hearings on capital improvements without delay.

Mr. Berle's appointment was announced yesterday by Mayor LaGuardia, who named as other members of the commission:

Cleveland Rodgers, editor of The Eagle.

Edwin Ashley Salmon, Brooklyn architect.

Arthur V. Sheridan, chief engineer of the Borough of the Bronx.

Lawrence Orton, general director of the Regional Plan Association of Manhattan.

As chairman, Mr. Berle will receive a salary of \$15,000, while his associates will receive \$8,500 each.

Moore to Serve

Although the new charter established the commission as a six-man agency, Mayor LaGuardia decided to leave one position vacant in the 1938 budget. Vernon S. Moore, chief engineer of the Board of Estimate, will serve with the group in an ex-officio capacity.

The terms of the members are staggered under the charter, but the Mayor deferred designating the fifth of six members of the commission. He indicated, however, that Mr. Berle would probably serve only until the commission was functioning smoothly.

In its important role in the future development of the city, the commission becomes custodian of the master plan of the city and may recommend construction of schools, police stations, firehouses and other public buildings on the opening of new residential areas.

Mr. Berle, who was one of the original members of President Roosevelt's "brain trust" and co-ordinated with Samuel Seabury in devising a plan for transit unionism, was praised by the Mayor as being eminently suited for his new post through close contact with city finances and affairs.

Joined Eagle in 1908

Mr. Rodgers, a student of traffic problems, transit and city planning, was born in Greenville, S. C., and joined The Eagle in 1908. He was a member of the Queens Planning Commission and through The Eagle advised the Long Island 10-Year Plan. He lives with his wife and daughter at 10 Grenfell Ave., Kew Gardens.

Mr. Salmon, who is 35, studied architecture at Columbia University and the Beaux-Arts Institute of Design, and is now connected with the firm of James Gamble Rogers in Manhattan. He is married, lives at 219 81st St. and has two children.

For 15 years he has been in attendance at the Long Island 10-Year Plan. He has planned several tuberculosis sanatoria and mental hospitals. He designed the entire Human Welfare Group of structures at New Haven and the Memorial Hospital for Cancer in Manhattan.

For the past four years he has been consultant to the Department of Health and has planned not only the structure but the administration of the district health centers. Eight of these centers have been opened already, a ninth was purchased, three others are nearly ready for opening and 18 additional centers are contemplated to round out the program.

He is a member of the International Hospital Association, the National Committee for Mental Hygiene and the New York Architectural League.

Mr. Sheridan is a founder and president of the National Society of Professional Engineers and formerly taught in the Stevens Institute of Technology, Hoboken, N. J. In accepting his new job, Mr. Sheridan, who is unmarried and lives in the Bronx, accepted a salary reduction from \$6,000 a year.

Mr. Orton was graduated from Cornell University in 1923 and lives in The Bronx with his wife and three children.

# Mayor to Take Oath at Seabury's Home

At midnight tonight Mayor LaGuardia, in the presence of a small group of friends and associates, will be sworn in for his second term at the home of his chief political sponsor, Samuel Seabury, at 154 E. 83d St., Manhattan.

Supreme Court Justice Philip J. Anderson will officiate.

# Gets Six Months For Striking Wife

William Chwatek, 43, of 102 Java St., was sentenced to six months in City Prison today by Magistrate James A. Blanchfield in Bridge Plaza Court after the magistrate had found him guilty of disorderly conduct.

Chwatek's wife, Catherine, charged that on Christmas Day in their home her husband, "while under the influence of liquor, called her vile names, pulled her hair and struck her on the head with a doll carriage which had been given as a Christmas present to their 5-year-old daughter, Genevieve."

Chwatek pleaded not guilty, but after hearing the testimony of the wife the magistrate found him guilty.

# 'Fish Bowl' Contest On Tap for Tonight

Punta Gorda, Fla., Dec. 31 (AP)—Not to be outdone by the various fruit and vegetable "bowls," football fans of this Gulf-side town have arranged a post-season game for tonight between star players from Punta Gorda and Arcadia.

It has been solemnly designated "The Fish Bowl" game.

# They'll Guide City's Development



Members of new City Planning Commission. Left to right—Cleveland Rodgers, A. A. Berle Jr. and Arthur V. Sheridan.

# McCook Will Administer the Oath, as he did four years ago. There is a sentimental touch in the chief executive's selection of the jurist.

In 1919 the Mayor, Justice McCook and Henry H. Curran, who will become deputy Mayor tomorrow, all ran on the same ticket and all were elected.

Mr. LaGuardia to the Aldermanic Presidency, Justice McCook to the Supreme Court bench and Mr. Curran to the Manhattan Borough Presidency.

The Mayor will swear in his new cabinet members and their aids at a public ceremony in City Hall at 11 a.m. tomorrow.

# GIVES RESIGNATION

Controller-elect Joseph D. McGoldrick has tendered his resignation from the Board of Higher Education in line with the provision in the new city charter prohibiting city officials, with some exceptions, from holding two offices at the same time.

Mr. McGoldrick, a Brooklynite, was secretary of the board and a leader in the movement to liberalize the colleges in the city. Mayor LaGuardia swore him in as a board member just two years ago.

# Mayor Seeks Big Milk Slash

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co-operate with us," the Mayor said. "The half-cent reduction is not adequate. We shall therefore continue our efforts to bring down the price of milk. We now have a wealth of information and first-hand experience about the milk industry."

The Mayor added that opposition to the sale of milk at a price that "cannot long continue." He said that retailers now see that the sale of milk at or near the old prices hurts their business.

Asks Additional Reduction

"There must be an additional reduction," LaGuardia stated. "The city will co-operate with the milk dealers. The fight is not over and will not be over until we get the non-delivered milk at a price that is fair to all, including the consumer."

Sale of milk at 9 cents a quart from trucks at ten market corners in Brooklyn, Manhattan and the Bronx was halted Wednesday, ostensibly because of a dispute between the independent concerns handling the milk and a local of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters & Chauffeurs.

The Donnelly company contended its more than 1,300 employees had no dispute with their employer. The union countered that company resistance of its efforts to organize constituted a dispute.

The company submitted more than 1,000 affidavits of its workers that they were pleased with conditions, had formed their own union and gained recognition as a bargaining agency. The company charged that its women workers in some cases had been stripped of clothing by labor agitators.

The union asked that the entire case be thrown out of court as one coming under the Norris-LaGuardia Labor Act. The act limits use of injunctions, outlaws "yellow dog" contracts and defines labor's organizing rights.

# U. S. Court Grants Ban on Picketing

Kansas City, Dec. 31 (AP)—A three-judge Federal Court granted the Donnelly Garment Company a temporary injunction today against picketing and interference of the International Ladies Garment Workers in a decision arising from the question of what constitutes a labor dispute.

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# It's 1938 Already In New Zealand

Wellington, New Zealand, Jan. 1, 1938 (AP)—The new year flashed across the international date line in the Pacific at 1,000 miles an hour today, and half an hour later had reached here.

Some 200 shepherds and fishermen in the Chatham Islands, 414 miles east of New Zealand, celebrated the arrival of 1938 as early workers were going to their jobs in New York at 7:30 a.m. on the last day of the old year. It was 1:30 a.m. Dec. 31 in Honolulu and only 1 a.m. Dec. 31 in American Samoa, just across the date line from the Chathams.

# Boro Shops Match Liquor Price Cuts

Major Department Stores Put Into Effect Reductions of 15-20 Percent

Brooklyn's major department stores matched today the liquor hatching shops yesterday and in New Jersey stores early this week.

The Abraham & Straus Liquor Shop, 420 Fulton St., announced a 15 to 20 percent reduction in Scotch and ryes. In the Scotch, Black and White, White Horse and V&A, formerly selling at \$3.29 were down to \$2.69 each. Sanderson's was down to \$2.29 from \$2.69. Haig and Haig Pinch Bottle was at \$3.62 from \$4.29 and Haig and Haig Five Star, originally \$3.29, was being sold for \$2.74.

Reductions were in effect at Namm's Liquor Shop, 219 Livingston Ave., and at Loesser's liquor department, 19 Bont St.

At Namm's, Martin's Scotch was being sold for \$2.79, marked down from \$3.29. V&A \$2 was at \$2.69, \$3.29; Haig and Haig Five Star was at \$2.74, from \$3.29, and the Pinch Bottle was being sold for \$3.62, from \$4.29.

At Loesser's, Old Overholt and M. Vernon rye whiskeys were marked down from \$3.25 to \$2.45.

# Ruling to Prohibit Switch of Counsel

A last-minute switch of lawyers may no longer be resorted to for postponements of criminal trials. The Brooklyn Appellate Division today affirmed the conviction of William H. Milne in Dutchess County Court, who was sentenced to not less than five nor more than ten years in Sing Sing for larceny in a stock exchange. The only plea raised by Milne in his appeal was that he had not been granted a reasonable adjournment after getting new counsel. He raised no questions concerning the evidence.

For three months before the trial Milne had been represented by a lawyer named Frank Gordon. When the case was called for trial before County Judge J. Gordon Flannery, he asked for a postponement on the ground his new lawyer, former Justice Daniel H. Prior, was busy in another case. Judge Flannery ruled that the new lawyer, retained a few hours before the trial was called, should have been aware of the trial date. Judge Flannery then assigned pedlow to defend Milne, and the trial proceeded after a delay of one day.

The Appellate Division decided that under the circumstances the County Judge acted properly in refusing an adjournment of the trial. The high court pointed out that when Milne engaged a new lawyer on the eve of the trial, he was aware the lawyer was engaged in a trial in another county. That left Milne without a lawyer, and the trial court had power to assign his old lawyer. The decision is by Justices Hagarty, Carswell, Johnston, Taylor and Clove.

# Synagogue Plans 2 Men's Councils

Organization of two councils of men's clubs in Brooklyn and Long Island, affiliated with the United Synagogue of America, was authorized in a resolution passed last night at a meeting of club presidents and representatives at the Hotel Imperial, Manhattan. As soon as organization is completed, the two new councils will affiliate themselves with the National Federation of Men's Clubs.

Meyer Poses and I. Irving Weissler were appointed temporary chairman and co-chairman of the Brooklyn council, and Meyer Marlow and Maurice Fried were selected temporarily to head the Long Island council.

# Agua Caliente Opener Shows Banner Field

Aqua Caliente, Mexico, Dec. 31 (AP)—A field of 12 has been nominated for the \$1,000 inaugural six-furlong handicap that headlines Sunday's Agua Caliente Turf Club opener. Handicapper Ben Holmes announced today.

The inaugural field embraces Whistling Boy, High Ace, Betty Farrell, Proclivity, Skeetshotter, Pass Up, Jockwell, Merced Queen, B. C. Davis, Twin Peaks, Matrajo and My Homine.

# Hopes to Regain Her Son's Love

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forced husband, Julius, and Mrs. Frankel No. 2 had withheld all knowledge of the whereabouts and welfare of little Howard. She recalled that the had read of every airplane crash, every train wreck with a sense of horror and had feared anew for the safety of her son.

# No Malice in Her Heart

Yes, today, there appeared to be no malice in her heart. A veritable exponent of fair play Mrs. Frankel refused to comment on the attitude or actions of Julius and Betty Frankel. These two were married in 1933, the day after Frankel obtained a Reno divorce from his first wife.

Of Julius and Betty Frankel, Advisory Master Herr said that they "have so poisoned the boy's mind against his mother that he (Howard) regards her as a sort of ogre."

Yet of the pair the boy's mother would not speak disparagingly. Together, she said, they looked like "Mutt and Jeff."

Mrs. Frankel recalled, too, how happy her wedded life had been and the kindness of Frankel until the other woman entered his life.

Of her son she said: "He's a very handsome boy. He doesn't look like me at all. He's the picture of his father."

# Fled New York State

Mrs. Frankel stated that she had been awarded custody of her son in Brooklyn Supreme Court in November 1936, but on the same day, Frankel moved to New Jersey and "stole the child away." It became necessary then to commence a court action in that State.

Mr. Frankel hopes to have little Howard with her in a week or two. The happy days ahead she will send him to Hebrew School and try to win back his love. When he grows older he can do "whatever his heart is set on."

The fond mother's solicitude for the welfare and happiness of her child seemed to justify the advisory master's opinion in that "the evidence satisfies me that her love for her child is the dominant motive of her life."

# To Ask Reconsideration

Henry E. Waldman, counsel for Frankel, will appear before Advisory Master Herr within the next two weeks and ask him to reconsider his decision giving Mrs. Frankel custody of her son.

Waldman said that no appeal to a higher court would be made, due to lack of funds, but that he would ask for a stay of the execution.

Waldman said he would point out that Frankel had been an exemplary father to the child for the past five years; that the mother is physically unable to care for the boy and that the boy wishes to remain with the father.

# Big Production Era Near, Ford Predicts

Detroit, Dec. 31 (AP)—Henry Ford, in a statement on business conditions today, said "there is nothing to prevent our going ahead" and revealed he expects to produce a low-priced tractor of unusual design within a few months.

Expressing his opinion that the nation is on the verge of an era of greater quantity production, the founder of the Ford Motor Company said: "Almost every reason for the temporary stoppage (of business) can be discounted."

"One thing we must learn is that we were on the right track a few years ago and left it. When we made plenty of things that people use to live, we were able to make them at low prices, and people were able to buy them, and this made work for more men."

# Two Try Hara Kiri; N. Y. Cops Puzzled

Police were puzzled today by two attempts at hara kiri suicide in the Japanese manner.

Adolph Rogatz, 60, was found dead at 20 St. Mark's Place, Manhattan, Dr. Cassella of Columbus Hospital reporting he had dismembered himself with a kitchen knife.

Anthony Martinak, 38, of 309 E. 78th St., Manhattan, also stabbed himself in the abdomen with a kitchen knife. He was taken to Bellevue Hospital in a critical condition.

# F. D. Says He Aims at Rich Malefactors

## Uses Words of T. R. to Explain Target of New Administration Attacks

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calling all persons of great wealth "malefactors."

This, he indicated, was a deliberate twisting of an interpretation and not in conformance with the facts. The President observed that Theodore Roosevelt knew English and that he knows English.

Assertion that Theodore Roosevelt termed all people of great wealth malefactors of great wealth was not borne out by the intent or the general context of his address, the President said.

Feds Misrepresentation

His comment was taken to mean that he, too, feels a certain element is attempting to show that the present administration is launching an attack on all men of wealth.

Describing his remarks as a New Year's parable, he said they followed a previous parable on Christmas Eve. At that time, standing in the rain in Lafayette Square, he read from a column written by Heywood Brown, New York writer, a message that had for its theme "Forgiveness for All."

Mr. Roosevelt waived aside questions designed to make his remarks more specific, but said that the Theodore Roosevelt parallel was a pretty good illustration.

Discusses Licensing Bill

The President revealed that he had discussed, at his Cabinet meeting yesterday, the Borch-O'Mahoney bill for Federal licensing of corporations engaged in interstate commerce. He said, however, that it is too early to announce whether he favors the bill in principle.

He was questioned about his next conference with private utility heads. He said that discussion would take place at the White House on Tuesday but that the announcement of the names of participants would be premature at this time.

The President's press conference was held as intensified Administration attacks on monopoly aroused conflicting speculation regarding the tenor of his message to Congress next week, and Senator Pat McCarran (D., Nev.) warned against "setting class against class."

Wait President's Message

Definite reaction to the anti-monopoly barrage was delayed pending Mr. Roosevelt's message at the opening session Monday, particularly in view of the belief that the President will take a conciliatory attitude toward business generally without relaxing his attack on the 10 percent he has labeled as most of the nation's economic class.

Preliminary fireworks, however, rattled around charges by Secretary of Interior Harold I. Ickes that a business sit-down strike against the Government had caused the recession and might lead to Fascism.

In an address over a National Broadcasting Company network last night, Ickes warned "the hordes of the 60 families who control America's wealth" that unless they co-operate new and more stringent laws will be enacted under the New Deal.

In addition to pointing, apparently, at those families named by Ferdinand Lundberg as the "America's 60 Families," Ickes advised big business to purge itself of "its Fords, its Girdlers and its Rands."

Sees Ford in 'Rebellion'

Referring to the announcement of the Ford Motor Company last week that it would fight in the Federal courts a decision against it by the National Labor Relations Board, Ickes said that Henry Ford is "in what amounts to open rebellion against his Government."

"In this defying constituted authority, Mr. Ford is not entitled to the respect of the decent, law-abiding citizens of America," Ickes said.

"Big business might wisely put its own house in order by correcting the high-handed practices, or by purging itself of its Fords, its Girdlers and its Rands, before it pretumes to tell the people what they should or should not do about troubles caused by labor laws."

Ickes said that big business also should "call off its lobbyists, call off its newspapers and commentators, call off its lawyers . . . and play ball with the American people."

This attack upon big business in general, and upon specific persons, brought warnings from Congress that it might lead to class legislation.

Class Hatred Hit

Referring to Ickes' speech and two during the week by Assistant Attorney General Robert H. Jackson, who began the anti-monopoly campaign, Senator McCarran said: "It is to be hoped we can establish a healthy business life and keep it healthy and wholesome without arousing class hatred."

"Those who resort to the method of setting class against class do no good to the group that the Administration as well as all of us are seeking to benefit most."

"More than that—they destroy the things the President has said he was seeking in his recent conferences with business leaders and in his efforts to encourage private initiative."

McCarran's belief that the Ickes and Jackson speeches failed to represent accurately the President's attitude reflected a sharp difference of opinion among Congressmen in regard to the purpose of the sudden assault on monopoly.

Called Smoke Screen

Foes of the New Deal, including Minority Leader Charles L. McNary (R., Ore.), charged that it was a smoke screen or alibi for Administration.

# New Deal Names Rich, Seen as Recovery Bar

## Ickes and Jackson Both Draw Heavily on Lundberg's 'America's 60 Families' in Identifying Those They Attack as Obstacles

Washington, Dec. 31 (AP)—Naming names now in counter attack against recession and demands that the Administration relieve business of some of its tax and regulatory burdens, New Deal spokesmen have indicated the nation's wealthiest and most powerful families as obstacles to economic progress.

The speeches of Assistant Attorney General Robert H. Jackson last Wednesday and Secretary of the Interior Ickes last night were much alike and in passages conveyed identical ideas in strikingly similar language. Both apparently had drawn heavily upon Ferdinand Lundberg's "America's 60 Families," a book published recently. Jackson merely mentioned that group, but Ickes directed most of his speech to it.

60 Families Listed

On pages 26-27 Lundberg nominates his 60 families beginning with the Rockefeller, No. 1. He reported all based on 1924 data—that there were 31 Rockefeller income tax returns—owing an aggregate tax of \$7,909,889. He estimated net income taxed at \$17,955,000 net aggregate fortune taxed at \$389,100,000; gross Rockefeller family fortune at \$1,077,300,000. Lundberg said he arrived at actual or gross fortunes "by multiplying the net aggregate taxed fortune by three. He believed that was comparatively accurate, explaining that much wealth was tax-free.

Lundberg's golden roll call comprising the family or group name, the number of tax returns it filed, the source of income and his estimate of "gross adjusted fortune," was as follows:

The Golden Roll Call

Rockefeller, 31, Standard Oil, \$1,077,300,000.

Morgan inner group, 34 (including Morgan partners, Morgan families and eight leading Morgan corporation executives), J. P. Morgan & Co., \$728,000,000.

Fords, 2, Ford Motor Company, \$680,000,000.

Harknesses & Standard Oil, \$450,000,000.

Stations, 3, Aluminum Company, \$450,000,000.

Vanderbilts, 22, New York Central Railroad, \$360,300,000.

Whitneys, 4, Standard Oil, \$322,000,000.

Standard Oil group (including Archbalds, Rogerses, Bedfords, Cutlers, Flagers, Pratts and Benjamins), 28, Standard Oil, \$358,500,000.

DuPonts, 20, E. I. DuPont de Nemours, \$238,500,000.

McCormicks, 6, International Harvester and Chicago Tribune, \$211,200,000.

Bakers, 2, First National Bank (New York), \$210,000,000.

Fishers, 5, General Motors, \$193,500,000.

Guggenheims, 6, American Smelting and Refining Company, \$190,100,000.

Flelds, 6, Marshall Field & Co., \$180,000,000.

Curtis-Boks, 5, Curtis Publishing Company, \$174,000,000.

Dukes, 3, American Tobacco Company, \$156,000,000.

Berwinds, 3, Berwind-White Coal Company, \$150,000,000.

Lehmans, 17, Lehman Brothers, \$129,000,000.

Wideners, 7, American Tobacco and public utilities, \$117,500,000.

Reynolds, 7, M. J. Reynolds Tobacco Company, \$117,000,000.

Astors, 3, real estate, \$114,000,000.

Winthrops, 6, miscellaneous, \$140,100,000.

Sillmans, 3, National City Bank, \$102,000,000.

Timkens, 3, Timken Roller Bearing Company, \$111,000,000.

Pilegrims, 4, Pittsburgh Plate Glass Company, \$99,800,000.

Warburgs, 3, Kuhn, Loeb & Co., \$97,200,000.

Mills, 4, Rhode Island Textile Mills, \$90,800,000.

Clarks, 3, Singer Sewing Machine Company, \$80,000,000.

Philips, 16, Carnegie Steel Company, \$83,100,000.

Kahns, 4, Kuhn, Loeb & Co., \$80,400,000.

Greens, 2, stocks and real estate, \$72,000,000.

Pattersons, 2, Chicago Tribune, Inc., \$69,000,000.

Tafts, 3, real estate, \$54,000,000.

Deeringes, 3, International Harvester \$49,500,000.

De Forests, 6, corporation law practice, \$41,100,000.

Glids, 6, railroads, \$33,900,000.

Hills, 5, railroads, \$31,600,000.

Draxels, 2, J. P. Morgan & Co., \$31,000,000.

Thomas Fortune Ryan, stock market, \$108,000,000.

H. Foster (Cleveland), auto parts, \$108,000,000.

Eldridge Johnson, Victor Phonograph, \$75,000,000.

Arthur Curtiss James, copper and railroads, \$75,000,000.

C. W. Nash, automobiles, \$66,000,000.

Mortimer Schiff, Kuhn, Loeb & Co., \$68,000,000.

James A. Paten, wheat market, \$60,000,000.

Charles Hayden, stock market, \$60,000,000.

Orlando F. Weber, Allied Chemical and Dye Corporation, \$54,000,000.

George Blumenthal, Lazard Freres, \$54,000,000.

Ogden I. Mills, mining, \$48,000,000.

Michael Friedman, merchandising, \$42,000,000.

Edward B. McLean, mining, \$42,000,000.

Eugene Higgins, New York real estate, \$42,000,000.

Alexander S. Cochran, textiles, \$42,000,000.

Mrs. L. N. Kirkwood, \$37,500,000.

Helen Tyson, \$36,000,000.

Archer D. Huntington, Railroads, \$34,500,000.

James J. Storrow, Lee Higginson & Co., \$34,500,000.

Julius Rosenwald, Sears, Roebuck & Co., \$30,000,000.

Bernard M. Baruch, Stock market, \$37,500,000.

S. S. Kresge, merchandising, \$30,000,000.

Beginning with Thomas Fortune Ryan, Lundberg says his list names individuals who paid family taxes. Some of them are dead but Lundberg said most of them left their fortunes to their families.

# 2d Police Raid In Brownsville Nets 8 Arrests

## Mother of Three, 7 Men Held After Loot Is Discovered in Apartment

The second of a series of cleanup raids by police in the Brownsville and East New York sections early today netted an attractive brunette, seven men and a quantity of allegedly stolen draperies in an apartment at 162 Glenmore Ave.

The woman is Mrs. Caroline Rossi, 28, occupant of the apartment and mother of three young children, all of whom were home at the time of the raid.

Acting under Detective Lt. James Kee, Detective James Boyle and Henry Werner of the Liberty Ave. station followed the seven men into