

NEW YORK CITY POLICE DEPARTMENT

Jessica S. Tisch, Commissioner



WHAT WE DO

Established in 1845, the New York Police Department (NYPD) is responsible for policing an 8.8-million-person City. It performs a wide variety of public safety, law enforcement, traffic management, counterterrorism, and emergency response roles. The NYPD is divided into major bureaus for enforcement, investigations, and administration. With the opening of the 116th Precinct in December 2024, it now has 78 patrol precincts with patrol officers and detectives covering the entire City. The Department also operates 12 transit districts to police the subway system and its nearly three million daily riders, and nine police service areas (PSAs) to patrol New York City Housing Authority's public housing developments, which are home to more than 500,000 residents. Additionally, uniformed civilians serve as traffic enforcement agents on the City's busy streets and highways, as school safety agents protecting public schools and the nearly one million students who attend them, and as police communications technicians, serving within the 911 emergency radio dispatch center.

FOCUS ON EQUITY

NYPD units are staffed, as always, in accordance with an equitable, need-based allocation of police personnel. Each of the City's 78 precincts, 12 Transit Bureau districts, and nine Housing Bureau PSAs has unique community and operational needs within their geographic boundaries, including such factors as high-profile locations, transient working and visitor populations, and community and quality of life concerns. These factors, coupled with crime statistics and the number of 911 calls requiring police response, all contribute to the equitable deployment of police resources to address the problems and challenges faced by communities.

Additionally, the Department employs a multifaceted deployment strategy that integrates crime reduction, precision policing, advanced technology, and community engagement to address all crime conditions that impact public safety and quality of life in New York City. The Department has positioned police officers on City streets and subway stations citywide to maximize police utility. These deployments stem from data-driven analysis and community intelligence gathering by precinct-level neighborhood and youth coordination officers, as well as field intelligence officers.

The Department is committed to promoting a fair and inclusive workplace by prioritizing the needs, voices, and perspectives of marginalized employees and communities, while fostering equity through policy and regulation, both in and out of the workplace. The NYPD promotes awareness, education, and outreach efforts to improve the quality of life in the workplace and beyond by fostering cultural understanding of employees and the community.

The Department will continue to prioritize and adapt police operations to respond to the City's most vulnerable communities and address the public safety concerns of everyday New Yorkers. These neighborhood and precision policing efforts, coupled with strategic analysis and oversight, ensure fair and equitable policing and safety.

OUR SERVICES AND GOALS

SERVICE 1 Manage public safety programs related to criminal activity.

- Goal 1a Reduce the incidence of crime.
 - Goal 1b Prevent terrorist attacks.
 - Goal 1c Respond to police emergencies quickly.
 - Goal 1d Reduce the incidence of youth crime.
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SERVICE 2 Manage public safety programs related to traffic safety.

- Goal 2a Reduce the incidence of traffic collisions, injuries and fatalities.
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SERVICE 3 Manage public safety programs related to quality of life.

- Goal 3a Reduce the incidence of quality of life violations.
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SERVICE 4 Ensure courteous, professional, and respectful interactions with the community.

- Goal 4a Improve police/community relations.

HOW WE PERFORMED

- In the first four months of Fiscal 2025, major felony crime decreased two percent, compared to the first four months of Fiscal 2024. Decreases were also observed in four major felony crime categories. Robbery decreased by approximately five percent, burglary decreased by approximately three percent, grand larceny decreased by three percent, and grand larceny of an auto decreased by approximately eight percent. The Department endeavors to reduce property crime and maintain order within the City. The three felony categories that increased over the reporting period were murder, felony assault and forcible rape. There were 129 murders in this reporting period, six more than the same period last year. Felony assaults increased by three percent. Forcible rape increased by almost 19 percent in the first four months of Fiscal 2025. On September 1, 2024, a change in the New York State Penal Law that broadened the scope of forcible rape became effective. This affected the classification of sexual assault between intimate partners.
- Hate crimes increased 11 percent in the first four months of Fiscal 2025 compared to the same period last year. The increase is driven by religiously motivated incidents. The Department continues to work with communities to promote respect and equality.
- Narcotics arrests have increased by 11 percent during the first four months of Fiscal 2025 over the same period in Fiscal 2024. These arrests include both arrests specifically for illicit narcotics enforcement but also any arrest where narcotics are recovered.
- Counterterrorism training for this reporting period was limited to recruits and in-service training for members of the service only, which resulted in a decrease of approximately 43 percent. In the first four months of Fiscal 2024, counterterrorism training was offered to a significantly higher number of non-members of the service, including private sector businesses and other City agencies.
- In the first four months of Fiscal 2025, youth arrests for major felonies increased 16 percent over the same period last year. In general, youth crime has also experienced increases in many categories. With respect to school safety, robberies increased by four, and burglaries increased by nine across the reporting periods. The increase in robberies is due to incidents occurring on schools perimeters and the majority of burglaries occurred during the summer where reduced staff and students often left buildings unoccupied and vulnerable to exploitation. However, in the first four months of Fiscal 2025, there was a 23 percent reduction in grand larceny compared to the same period last year, as awareness increased on securing unattended property and one fewer grand larceny of an auto complaint. For all non-criminal incidents within schools, there was a 12 percent decrease across the reporting periods. In the first four months of Fiscal 2025, robbery within school perimeters went up by 4 and burglary by 9 compared to the first four months of Fiscal 2024. Grand larceny, grand larceny auto and other non-criminal incidents went down by 24 percent, 33 percent and 12 percent, respectively. The Department continues to work with all stakeholders to provide a safe and secure learning environment for staff and students.
- DWI arrests have increased by 22 percent citywide across comparative reporting periods. While the enforcement of driving while intoxicated remains a part of the overall strategy to reduce DWI-related fatalities, the increase in arrests is also partially attributable to a new methodology for tallying this arrest category. In previous reporting periods, only the arrest with the top charge of DWI was counted. Starting with this reporting period, any arrest that includes DWI is added to the total count. DWI-related fatalities for the first four months of Fiscal 2025 are six, down from 21 over the same period last year. This count may be subject to adjustment after thorough investigation, especially if the driver of the vehicle succumbs to injuries.
- Summonses issued under the jurisdiction of the Transit Adjudication Bureau increased by 27 percent. A safe transit system is a premier goal of the Department. Meanwhile, summonses for public alcohol consumption and public urination have decreased over the first four months of Fiscal 2025 by 16 percent and 11 percent, respectively, compared to the same period last year.

- In the first four months of Fiscal 2025, traffic fatalities, overall, decreased by 13 percent. This decline is driven by the approximately 31 percent decrease in fatalities from two-wheeled motorized vehicles. The Department has prioritized the safe and legal operation of micro-mobility devices. However, traditional bicyclist fatalities increased by three, across comparative reporting periods. Total traffic safety outreach events, intended to improve public awareness, increased 12 percent. These safety outreach events advocate for the proper utilization of bike lanes and adherence to traffic laws continue to be some of the best safeguards against injury and death.
- Calls made to 311 regarding quality-of-life issues increased by 12 percent across comparative reporting periods to over 60,000. A community that actively engages the police is one that helps solve problems with the police. This increase in requests for service, often related to quality of life, is mirrored in the increase in issuance of summonses related to quality of life, increasing by four percent in the first four months of Fiscal 2025, when compared to the same time in Fiscal 2024.
- Fair and Impartial policing training decreased by 49 percent compared to the same period last year. This training was administered only to recruits during the period. In-service training, conversely, increased for two victim-oriented courses. Crisis Intervention Team training increased by 376 percent as the Department seeks to educate officers in mental health emergencies. Officers assigned to the Special Victims Division increased in the reporting period, which resulted in an increase of Trauma Informed Sexual Assault Victim training by 262 percent.
- There were significantly higher requests for language access in the first four months of Fiscal 2025, when compared to the first four months of Fiscal 2024. An increase of 56 percent is indicative of the ever-changing demographics of New York City and the recent influx of migrants. The Department will continue to respond to calls for service in a fair and impartial manner.

SERVICE 1 Manage public safety programs related to criminal activity.

Goal 1a Reduce the incidence of crime.

Performance Indicators	Actual			Target		4-Month Actual	
	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25	FY26	FY24	FY25
★ Major felony crime	119,313	126,929	125,728	↓	↓	44,447	43,452
★ – Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	465	424	359	↓	↓	123	129
★ – Forcible rape	1,168	1,090	1,070	↓	↓	354	420
★ – Robbery	16,178	17,047	17,324	↓	↓	6,117	5,826
★ – Felonious assault	25,034	26,959	28,850	↓	↓	9,957	10,286
★ – Burglary	14,793	15,054	13,142	↓	↓	4,587	4,456
★ – Grand larceny	49,227	51,455	49,938	↓	↓	17,494	16,952
★ – Grand larceny auto	12,448	14,902	15,045	↓	↓	5,815	5,374
★ Major felony crime in housing developments	5,859	6,062	6,117	↓	↓	2,195	1,987
★ Major felony crime in transit system	2,185	2,322	2,259	↓	↓	751	697
Crime related to domestic violence - Murder	56	71	68	*	*	21	22
– Rape	712	660	715	*	*	224	269
– Felonious assault	10,104	10,692	11,474	*	*	3,806	3,872
Hate crimes	573	546	729	*	*	199	221
Gang motivated incidents	1,021	804	323	*	*	129	125
🔫 Gun arrests	6,426	6,837	6,129	*	*	2,345	2,093
🔫 Major felony crime arrests	42,607	49,830	54,871	*	*	18,184	19,987
🔫 Narcotics arrests	10,172	13,273	17,351	*	*	5,634	6,256
Crime in progress calls	280,489	297,236	294,367	*	*	104,710	99,305
911 calls (total)	7,612,535	7,949,885	7,997,267	*	*	2,799,738	2,673,585
Shooting incidents	1,461	1,140	932	*	*	355	337
★ Critical Indicator	🔫 Equity Indicator	"NA" Not Available		↑↓ Directional Target	* None		

Goal 1b Prevent terrorist attacks.

Performance Indicators	Actual			Target		4-Month Actual	
	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25	FY26	FY24	FY25
Counterterrorism training — Members (hours)	137,101	177,647	143,612	*	*	55,063	31,467
– Non-members	12,411	12,412	8,432	*	*	4,554	130
★ Critical Indicator ● Equity Indicator “NA” Not Available ⬆️⬆️ Directional Target * None							

Goal 1c Respond to police emergencies quickly.

Performance Indicators	Actual			Target		4-Month Actual	
	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25	FY26	FY24	FY25
End-to-end average response time to all crimes in progress (minutes:seconds)	12:44	14:24	15:23	*	*	16:12	15:49
End-to-end average response time to critical crimes in progress (minutes:seconds)	8:26	9:02	9:24	*	*	9:41	9:33
End-to-end average response time to serious crimes in progress (minutes:seconds)	11:47	13:09	13:31	*	*	14:14	14:02
End-to-end average response time to non-critical crimes in progress (minutes:seconds)	22:02	26:20	29:47	*	*	31:54	30:26
Average response time to all crimes in progress (dispatch and travel time only) (minutes:seconds)	10:24	12:00	12:59	*	*	13:46	13:36
Average response time to critical crimes in progress (dispatch and travel time only) (minutes:seconds)	6:06	6:38	7:00	*	*	7:18	7:10
Average response time to serious crimes in progress (dispatch and travel time only) (minutes:seconds)	9:36	11:00	11:16	*	*	11:58	11:47
Average response time to non-critical crimes in progress (dispatch and travel time only) (minutes:seconds)	19:12	23:30	26:53	*	*	28:58	27:32
★ Critical Indicator ● Equity Indicator “NA” Not Available ⬆️⬆️ Directional Target * None							

Goal 1d Reduce the incidence of youth crime.

Performance Indicators	Actual			Target		4-Month Actual	
	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25	FY26	FY24	FY25
● Youth arrests for major felonies	4,084	4,189	5,212	*	*	1,601	1,864
★ School safety — Major felony crime	346	402	404	⬇️	⬇️	111	109
– Murder	0	0	0	*	*	0	1
– Rape	15	11	6	*	*	3	3
– Robbery	36	28	33	*	*	9	13
– Felonious assault	151	136	139	*	*	32	30
– Burglary	37	65	34	*	*	9	18
– Grand larceny	102	156	187	*	*	55	42
– Grand larceny auto	5	6	5	*	*	3	2
School safety — Other criminal categories	1,758	1,683	1,494	*	*	357	330
– Other incidents	5,965	6,779	5,792	*	*	1,519	1,333
Crime committed against youths (7 major felonies)	4,037	4,529	5,177	*	*	1,246	1,284
★ Critical Indicator ● Equity Indicator “NA” Not Available ⬆️⬆️ Directional Target * None							

SERVICE 2 Manage public safety programs related to traffic safety.

Goal 2a

Reduce the incidence of traffic collisions, injuries and fatalities.

Performance Indicators	Actual			Target		4-Month Actual	
	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25	FY26	FY24	FY25
Driving while intoxicated (DWI) related fatalities	22	11	34	*	*	21	6
🔴 DWI arrests	2,870	3,636	3,517	*	*	935	1,142
Moving violation summonses (000)	543	652	645	*	*	212	222
– Summonses for hazardous violations	450,530	527,691	496,487	*	*	163,324	167,897
– Summonses for prohibited use of cellular phones	50,526	53,187	49,082	*	*	15,861	15,537
Traffic Safety Outreach Events	542	496	985	*	*	81	91
Parking violations	8,926,905	8,809,102	8,294,420	*	*	2,788,701	2,847,395
Tow removals	50,885	50,491	41,593	*	*	12,975	13,885
Total traffic fatalities	266	270	274	*	*	100	87
— Pedestrians	115	121	118	*	*	33	34
— Traditional bicyclists	10	10	4	*	*	1	4
— Motorized two-wheel vehicles	73	86	98	*	*	49	34
— Motor vehicle occupants	68	53	54	*	*	17	15
★ Critical Indicator 🔴 Equity Indicator "NA" Not Available ⬆️⬆️ Directional Target * None							

SERVICE 3 Manage public safety programs related to quality of life.

Goal 3a

Reduce the incidence of quality of life violations.

Performance Indicators	Actual			Target		4-Month Actual	
	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25	FY26	FY24	FY25
★ Quality-of-life summonses	67,408	134,580	179,673	*	*	67,441	70,124
– Unreasonable noise summonses	1,568	3,979	4,076	*	*	1,284	1,264
Transit Summonses	88,112	139,402	174,500	*	*	53,450	68,017
Public consumption of alcohol summonses	18,239	50,874	63,505	*	*	29,709	25,050
Public urination summonses	2,129	6,772	9,904	*	*	3,630	3,216
New individuals engaged by a Co-Response Team	558	641	391	500	500	111	106
Community Meetings	1,240	1,237	1,256	*	*	343	301
311 calls	1,372,141	1,381,037	1,452,859	*	*	511,079	572,143
★ Critical Indicator 🔴 Equity Indicator "NA" Not Available ⬆️⬆️ Directional Target * None							

SERVICE 4 Ensure courteous, professional, and respectful interactions with the community.

Goal 4a Improve police/community relations.

Performance Indicators	Actual			Target		4-Month Actual	
	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25	FY26	FY24	FY25
Fair and Impartial Policing training (hours) (Uniformed members)	17,731	15,421	18,286	*	*	8,701	4,480
Crisis Intervention Team training (hours) (Uniformed members)	12,192	40,960	18,616	*	*	12,288	58,496
Trauma-informed sexual assault victim interview/investigations training (hours) (uniformed and civilian members)	720	9,368	11,087	*	*	7,205	26,052
Active Bystandership within Law Enforcement (ABLE)	71,806	69,769	18,578	*	*	8,596	8,596
Courtesy, Professionalism and Respect testing	3,577	4,407	4,852	*	*	1,619	1,484
– Exceeds standard	0	1	1	*	*	0	0
– Meets standard	3,554	4,353	4,548	*	*	1,475	1,344
– Below standard	23	54	303	*	*	144	140
Civilian complaints against members of the service	3,483	4,700	5,644	*	*	1,941	1,986
Deviation Letters	6	2	2	*	*	0	0
Use of force (UOF) incidents	9,189	11,102	13,075	*	*	4,184	4,931
Uniform Members of Service (UMOS) injured from UOF incidents	4,354	5,226	5,723	*	*	1,908	2,065
★ Critical Indicator ● Equity Indicator “NA” Not Available ⇅ Directional Target * None							

AGENCY-WIDE MANAGEMENT

Performance Indicators	Actual			Target		4-Month Actual	
	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25	FY26	FY24	FY25
Cases commenced against the City in state and federal court	1,776	1,877	2,037	*	*	629	843
Payout (\$000)	\$208,702	\$298,214	\$333,223	*	*	\$37,447	\$103,038
Violations admitted to or upheld at the Office of Administrative Trials and Hearings (%)	58%	50%	47%	*	*	49%	43%
Workplace injuries reported (uniform and civilian)	13,931	9,666	9,386	*	*	3,409	3,412
★ Critical Indicator ● Equity Indicator “NA” Not Available ⇅ Directional Target * None							

AGENCY CUSTOMER SERVICE

Performance Indicators	Actual			Target		4-Month Actual	
	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25	FY26	FY24	FY25
Completed requests for interpretation	298,230	340,694	411,160	*	*	132,529	206,204
CORE facility rating	100	99	94	*	*	NA	NA
Calls answered within 30 seconds (%)	99%	99%	97%	*	*	99%	96%
★ Critical Indicator ● Equity Indicator “NA” Not Available ⇅ Directional Target * None							

Performance Indicators	Actual			Target		4-Month Actual	
	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25	FY26	FY24	FY25
Response to 311 Service Requests (SRs)							
Percent meeting time to close – Residential Noise - Loud Music/Party (0.3 days)	84	93	98	*	*	99	93
Percent meeting time to close – Residential Noise - Banging/Pounding (0.3 days)	99	97	98	*	*	99	94
Percent meeting time to close – Noise - Street/Sidewalk (0.3 days)	99	98	99	*	*	99	96
Percent meeting time to close – Blocked Driveway - No Access (0.3 days)	99	96	94	*	*	96	87
★ Critical Indicator ● Equity Indicator “NA” Not Available ⇅ Directional Target * None							

AGENCY RESOURCES

Resource Indicators	Actual			Sept. 2024 MMR Plan	Updated Plan	Plan	4-Month Actual	
	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25	FY25 ¹	FY26 ¹	FY24	FY25
Expenditures (\$000,000) ²	\$5,881.3	\$6,310.8	\$6,627.3	\$5,832.9	\$6,419.9	\$6,149.9	\$2,126.5	\$2,081.3
Revenues (\$000,000)	\$92.5	\$95.9	\$98.9	\$95.8	\$95.6	\$96.2	\$38.4	\$36.4
Personnel (uniformed)	34,825	33,797	33,812	35,001	35,051	35,001	33,399	33,443
Personnel (civilian)	15,135	15,117	14,588	15,582	15,783	15,537	15,081	14,379
Overtime paid (\$000,000)	\$779.0	\$951.4	\$1,093.3	\$564.8	\$685.7	\$577.8	\$323.0	\$370.8
Capital commitments (\$000,000)	\$162.2	\$90.2	\$145.1	\$227.0	\$290.6	\$248.1	\$5.4	\$0.7
¹ January 2025 Financial Plan. ² Expenditures include all funds “NA” - Not Available								

SPENDING AND BUDGET INFORMATION

Where possible, the relationship between an agency’s goals and its expenditures and planned resources, by budgetary unit of appropriation (UA), is shown in the ‘Applicable MMR Goals’ column. Each relationship is not necessarily exhaustive or exclusive. Any one goal may be connected to multiple UAs, and any UA may be connected to multiple goals.

Unit of Appropriation	Expenditures FY24 ¹ (\$000,000)	January 2025 Financial Plan FY25 ² (\$000,000)	Applicable MMR Goals ³
Personal Services - Total	\$6,012.3	\$5,665.6	
001 - Operations	\$2,164.5	\$1,625.1	All
002 - Executive Management	\$452.4	\$366.2	All
003 - School Safety	\$287.7	\$271.5	1a, 1b, 1c, 4a
004 - Administration - Personnel	\$307.6	\$298.3	All
006 - Criminal Justice	\$65.7	\$69.3	1a, 1c, 2a, 3a, 4a
007 - Traffic Enforcement	\$173.1	\$198.6	1a, 2a, 3a, 4a
008 - Transit Police	\$292.1	\$300.9	1a, 1b, 1c, 3a, 4a
009 - Housing Police	\$206.9	\$248.5	1a, 1c, 3a, 4a
010 - Patrol	\$1,709.1	\$1,853.6	1a
016 - Communications	\$113.3	\$124.8	1c, 4a
020 - Intelligence and Counterterrorism	\$239.8	\$251.7	1b
024 - Community Affairs Bureau ⁴	NA	\$57.2	4a
Other Than Personal Services - Total	\$615.0	\$754.2	
100 - Operations	\$55.7	\$87.6	All
200 - Executive Management	\$67.0	\$179.9	All
300 - School Safety	\$7.2	\$5.0	1a, 1b, 1c, 4a
400 - Administration	\$407.6	\$404.4	All
500 - Communications	\$59.9	\$59.2	1c, 4a
600 - Criminal Justice	\$0.5	\$0.6	1a, 1c, 2a, 3a, 4a
700 - Traffic Enforcement	\$9.6	\$10.2	1a, 2a, 3a, 4a
800 - Patrol, Housing, and Transit	\$2.3	\$2.4	1a, 1b, 1c, 3a, 4a
900 - Intelligence and Counterterrorism	\$5.0	\$4.9	1b
Agency Total	\$6,627.3	\$6,419.9	
¹ Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2024. Includes all funds. ² Includes all funds. ³ Refer to agency goals listed at front of chapter. ⁴ This UA originated in Fiscal 2025. “NA” Not Available			

NOTEWORTHY CHANGES, ADDITIONS OR DELETIONS

- On September 13, 2024, Thomas Donlon replaced Edward Caban as Police Commissioner, assuming an interim role. On November 25, 2024, Jessica S. Tisch was sworn in as the 48th Police Commissioner.
- Previously published data for 'Total traffic fatalities' was updated to reflect corrected data. The four-month actual value for Fiscal 2024 was updated from 93 to 100. Additionally, a pedestrian fatality was added to Fiscal 2022 causing the 'Pedestrian fatalities' total to rise from 114 to 115 and 'Total traffic fatalities' to rise from 265 to 266 for the fiscal year. More data edits were made in fatalities categories for Fiscal 2024: 'Total fatalities' changed from 275 to 274 and 'Motor vehicle occupant fatalities' changed from 55 to 54.
- Previously published data for the Fiscal 2025 target and the Fiscal 2024 four-month actual for 'New individuals engaged by a co-response team' has been revised to 500 and 111, respectively.
- On September 1, 2024, a change in the New York State Penal Law that broadened the scope of forcible rape became effective. This extended definition now includes vaginal, oral, or anal sexual contact with criteria for age or consent. The previous version of this law only considered vaginal sexual contact.
- As of publishing, the 116th Precinct, covering a portion of southeast Queens, has opened. This precinct covers area previously included in the 105th Precinct and 113th Precinct.
- The previously published data for crime-related indicators in the Fiscal 2024 Preliminary Mayor's Management Report have been updated to ensure data accuracy.
 - Major felony crime in Housing for the first four months of Fiscal 2024 has been updated from 2,158 to 2,195
 - Crime related to domestic violence in the first four months of Fiscal 2024 has the following reclassified complaint changes: murder has been updated from 20 to 21, rape has been updated from 221 to 224, and felonious assault has been updated from 3,784 to 3,806.
 - Hate crimes are thoroughly investigated to determine motivation and veracity. As such, hate crimes have been updated to reflect a decrease from 208 to 199 for the first four months of Fiscal 2024.
 - School Safety Felony assaults have decreased by one from 33 to 32 which caused the overall School Safety Seven Major Crimes to decrease from 112 to 111.
 - Traffic Fatalities (other motorized) has been redefined to include all devices other than traditional enclosed motor vehicles and traditional motorcycles.
 - DWI-related fatalities for the first four months of Fiscal 2023 has been updated from 7 to 21. DWI-related fatalities, unfortunately, rely on posthumous toxicology reports which may have a long lead time. As such, a significant portion of fatalities reported for the 2023 period were not designated DWI-related until after publishing.
 - Accidents involving City Vehicles (per 100,000 miles of usage) for the first four months of Fiscal 2023 has been updated from 3.8 to 6.0. Total vehicles in this period has also been updated from 8,794 to 9,953.
- Preceding the Fiscal 2025 Preliminary Mayor's Management Report, the Mayor's Office of Operations continued to standardize indicator names, implementing changes in the Customer Experience section. Indicator definitions and historic data were not changed.

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

For additional information go to:

- Crime Prevention/Crime Statistics (reports updated regularly):
<http://www1.nyc.gov/site/nypd/stats/crime-statistics/crime-statistics-landing.page>

For more information on the agency, please visit: www.nyc.gov/nypd.