NEW YORK CITY POLICE DEPARTMENT Edward A. Caban, Commissioner



WHAT WE DO

Established in 1845, the New York Police Department (NYPD) is responsible for policing an 8.8 million person City. It performs a wide variety of public safety, law enforcement, traffic management, counterterror, and emergency response roles. NYPD is divided into major bureaus for enforcement, investigations, and administration. It has 77 patrol precincts with patrol officers and detectives covering the entire City. The Department also operates 12 transit districts to police the subway system and its nearly three million daily riders, and nine police service areas (PSAs) to patrol New York City Housing Authority's public housing developments, which are home to more than 500,000 residents. Additionally, uniformed civilians serve as traffic enforcement agents on the City's busy streets and highways, as school safety agents, protecting public schools and the nearly one million students who attend them, and as police communications technicians, serving within the 911 emergency radio dispatch center.

FOCUS ON EQUITY

The Department is committed to promoting a fair and inclusive workplace by prioritizing the needs, voices, and perspectives of marginalized employees and communities, while fostering equity through policy and regulation, both in and out of the workplace. NYPD promotes awareness, education and outreach efforts to improve the quality of life in the workplace and beyond by fostering cultural understanding of employees and the community.

In Fiscal 2023, NYPD units were staffed, as always, in accordance with an equitable, needs-based allocation of police personnel. Each of the City's 77 precincts, 12 Transit Bureau districts, and nine Housing Bureau public service areas (PSAs) has unique community and operational needs within their geographic boundaries, including such factors as high profile locations, transient working and visitor populations, and quality of life and community concerns. These factors, coupled with crime statistics and the number of 911 calls requiring police response, all contribute to the responsive deployment of police resources to address the problems and challenges faced by communities.

Additionally, the Department employs a multifaceted deployment strategy that integrates crime reduction, precision policing, and community engagement to address all crime conditions that impact the public safety and quality of life in New York City. The Department has heightened police presence on City streets and subway stations citywide, and deployed precinct-based neighborhood safety teams (NSTs) and borough-wide community response teams (CRTs) to proactively address violent crime and persistent quality of life complaints, respectively. These deployments stem from data-driven analysis and community intelligence gathering by precinct-level neighborhood and youth coordination officers, as well as field intelligence officers.

The Department will continue to prioritize and adapt police operations to respond to the City's most vulnerable communities and address the public safety concerns of everyday New Yorkers. These neighborhood and precision policing efforts, coupled with strategic analysis and oversight, ensure fair and equitable policing and safety.

OUR SERVICES AND GOALS

SERVICE 1	Manage public safety programs related to criminal activity.
Goal 1a	Reduce the incidence of crime.
Goal 1b	Prevent terrorist attacks.
Goal 1c	Respond to police emergencies quickly.
SERVICE 2	Manage public safety programs related to traffic safety.
Goal 2a	Reduce the incidence of traffic collisions, injuries and fatalities.
SERVICE 3	Manage public safety programs related to quality of life.
Goal 3a	Reduce the incidence of quality-of-life violations.

SERVICE 4 Ensure courteous, professional and respectful interactions with the community. Goal 4a Improve police/community relations.

HOW WE PERFORMED IN FISCAL 2023

SERVICE 1 Manage public safety programs related to criminal activity.

Reduce the incidence of crime.

Goal 1a

Crime reduction is achieved through various means of visibility, enforcement, response and engagement, and continuous collaboration between the public, patrol and specialized units. The effectiveness of patrol officers as local crime fighters and local problem solvers has been enhanced by the partnership between the neighborhood safety teams (NSTs), community response teams (CRTs), neighborhood coordination officers (NCOs), youth coordination officers (YCOs), investigators and regional criminal justice and law enforcement partners.

In Fiscal 2023, overall major felony crime increased by six percent compared to Fiscal 2022. Robbery increased by five percent, felonious assault increased by eight percent, and burglary increased two percent. Grand larceny increased by five percent and grand larceny auto increased by 20 percent. Murder decreased by nine percent and forcible rape decreased seven percent when compared to Fiscal 2022. Murder related to domestic violence increased by 27 percent. The Department will continue to strengthen its crime reduction efforts with neighborhood and precision policing, and offer support to victims of domestic violence.

Major felony crime in schools increased 16 percent in Fiscal 2023 compared with Fiscal 2022. After experiencing three years of a lower incidence of crime due to COVID-19 pandemic related closures, this increase is parallel to pre-pandemic levels. Burglary in schools increased by 76 percent and grand larceny in schools increased by 53 percent. As a preventative effort, school safety agents ensure school entrances and exits are secured and remind both faculty and students not to leave their personal belongings unattended. The Department will continue to work with the Department of Education to provide a safe environment for all students and staff.

In Fiscal 2023, major felony arrests increased 17 percent, juvenile arrests for major felonies increased 30 percent, and gun arrests increased six percent when compared to Fiscal 2022. The Department's combined efforts resulted in an overall decrease of shooting incidents by 22 percent. Most notably, there were 412 fewer victims of gun violence in Fiscal 2023, a 23 percent decrease when compared to Fiscal 2022.

			Actual			Та	rget	Trend	
	5)(40	5)(20	51/24	5) (22	51/22	51/22	5)(2)(5.14	Desired
Performance Indicators	FY19	FY20	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY23	FY24	5-Year	Direction
★ Major felony crime	93,631	94,790	95,369	119,313	126,929	Û	Û	Up	Down
\star – Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	278	352	489	465	424	Û	Û	Up	Down
★ – Forcible rape	1,368	1,136	980	1,168	1,088	Û	Û	Down	Down
★ – Robbery	12,556	13,438	13,030	16,178	17,047	Û	Û	Up	Down
★ – Felonious assault	20,240	20,369	21,387	25,034	26,959	Û	Û	Up	Down
★ – Burglary	11,053	13,229	13,823	14,793	15,054	Û	Û	Up	Down
★ – Grand larceny	42,956	39,524	35,735	49,227	51,455	Û	Û	Up	Down
★ – Grand larceny auto	5,180	6,742	9,925	12,448	14,902	Û	Û	Up	Down
\star Major felony crime in housing developments	4,766	4,844	5,373	5,859	6,062	Û	Û	Up	Down
★ Major felony crime in transit system	2,590	2,378	1,452	2,185	2,287	Û	Û	Down	Down
Crime related to domestic violence - Murder	54	64	53	56	71	*	*	Up	Down
– Rape	726	645	591	712	660	*	*	Neutral	Down
– Felonious assault	8,288	8,182	8,324	10,104	10,692	*	*	Up	Down
Hate crimes	NA	345	424	573	498	*	*	NA	Down
★ School safety - Major felony crime	444	288	85	346	402	Û	Û	Neutral	Down
– Murder	1	0	0	0	0	*	*	Down	Down
– Rape	8	2	5	15	11	*	*	Up	Down
– Robbery	49	31	0	36	28	*	*	Down	Down
– Felonious assault	122	60	5	151	136	*	*	Up	Down
– Burglary	27	40	35	37	65	*	*	Up	Down
– Grand larceny	235	155	37	102	156	*	*	Down	Down
– Grand larceny auto	2	0	3	5	6	*	*	Up	Down
School safety - Other criminal categories	1,537	976	169	1,758	1,683	*	*	Up	Down
– Other incidents	4,202	2,912	461	5,965	6,779	*	*	Up	Down
Gang motivated incidents	495	750	1,371	1,021	804	*	*	Up	*
Gun arrests	4,300	4,608	6,426	6,426	6,837	*	*	Up	*
Major felony crime arrests	41,522	40,445	34,587	42,607	49,830	*	*	Up	*
Narcotics arrests	25,098	15,886	10,708	10,172	13,273	*	*	Down	*
Juvenile arrests for major felonies	2,754	4,252	2,297	4,084	5,324	*	*	Up	*
Crime in progress calls	252,599	264,246	255,362	280,489	297,236	*	*	Up	*
★ Critical Indicator	" Not Available	û ↓ Directi	onal Target	* Nor	ne				

Goal 1b

Prevent terrorist attacks.

The Department places a high priority on the prevention and detection of terrorist acts. Instead of drawing personnel from patrol precincts and depleting patrol resources as previous counterterrorism deployments, NYPD's Critical Response Command—a sub-unit of the Counterterrorism Bureau—is staffed with dedicated personnel, trained and equipped to respond swiftly to active-shooters and other attacks.

There are continuous efforts to conduct in-depth training for all first responders, to maintain partnerships with other government agencies at the local, state, and federal levels, and to gather terrorism-related intelligence as effectively and expeditiously as possible. In Fiscal 2023, Counterterrorism training hours increased 30 percent for uniformed members of the service. This increase is attributed to the full resumption of training programs, and the enhancement of active shooter preparedness, which is prioritized for civilian and uniformed members of the service within schools.

					Actual			Target		Trend	
Performance Indicators			FY19	FY20	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY23	FY24	5-Year	Desired Direction
Counterterrorism trainir	ng (hrs) - Uniformed memb	oers	144,617	99,681	82,243	137,101	177,647	*	*	Up	*
– Non-members			42,699	24,982	1,563	12,411	12,412	*	*	Down	*
★ Critical Indicator	Equity Indicator	"NA" Not Avai	lable	û↓ Directio	onal Target	* Non	e				

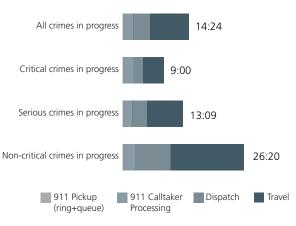
Goal 1c

Respond to police emergencies quickly.

The NYPD has the City's largest fleet, with over 10,000 vehicles, operating 24 hours a day and seven days a week, which includes responding to 911 calls and emergencies during both heavy congestion and severe weather emergencies. The Department strives to respond to all calls for service as expeditiously as possible, while also ensuring that the public is provided with optimal levels of police service in every instance where police assistance is required.

In Fiscal 2023, average response time to all crimes in progress increased 15 percent while response time for critical crimes in progress increased 8 percent. The increases in response times may be attributed to higher levels of traffic and increased workload, as the volume of total crime in progress calls increased 6 percent when compared to Fiscal 2022. The Department navigates the increased volume of crime in progress calls and response times, both at a five-year high, by continuously shifting resources to ensure operations are effectively running at all levels, at all times. Total 911 calls have also increased by 11 percent as compared to Fiscal 2022.

End-to-End Average Response Time (minutes:seconds)



			Actual			Tai	rget	Tr	end
Performance Indicators	FY19	FY20	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY23	FY24	5-Year	Desired Direction
End-to-end average response time to all crimes in progress (minutes:seconds)	9:55	10:56	11:40	12:44	14:24	*	*	Up	Down
End-to-end average response time to critical crimes in progress (minutes:seconds)	6:38	7:38	7:52	8:26	9:00	*	*	Up	Down
End-to-end average response time to serious crimes in progress (minutes:seconds)	8:56	9:47	10:52	11:47	13:09	*	*	Up	Down
End-to-end average response time to non-critical crimes in prog- ress (minutes:seconds)	19:04	19:01	19:28	22:02	26:20	*	*	Up	Down
Average response time to all crimes in progress (dispatch and travel time only) (minutes)	7.9	8.9	9.3	10.4	12.0	*	*	Up	Down
Average response time to critical crimes in progress (dispatch and travel time only) (minutes)	4.7	5.7	5.6	6.1	6.6	*	*	Up	Down
Average response time to serious crimes in progress (dispatch and travel time only) (minutes)	7.0	7.9	8.6	9.6	11.0	*	*	Up	Down
Average response time to non-critical crimes in progress (dispatch and travel time only) (minutes)	16.3	16.5	16.6	19.2	23.5	*	*	Up	Down
★ Critical Indicator	lable	û⊕ Directio	onal Target	* Non	e				

SERVICE 2 Manage public safety programs related to traffic safety.

Goal 2a

Reduce the incidence of traffic collisions, injuries and fatalities.

The Department strives to improve and maintain the safety of pedestrians, motorists, and bicyclists alike. Fiscal 2023 saw an overall decrease of one percent in total fatalities compared to Fiscal 2022, and a notable decrease of 27 percent in motor vehicle operators/passengers and motorcyclist fatalities. In contrast, fatalities involving bicyclists increased 61 percent and other motor vehicles (e-bike/e-scooter) saw an increase of 18 percent when compared to Fiscal 2022. These increases may be attributed to the increased usage of both bicycles and e-bikes since the expansion of alternative transportation programs and the implementation of bikes lanes throughout the five boroughs.

The enforcement of vehicle and traffic law regulations and education outreach efforts contribute to the Department's traffic safety program. In Fiscal 2023, moving violation summonses increased by 20 percent, with a 17 percent increase in hazardous violations, when compared to Fiscal 2022. Driving While Intoxicated (DWI) arrests increased 27 percent, while DWI fatalities decreased by 50 percent. Additionally, Fiscal 2023 saw a total of 496 traffic safety outreach events, a decrease of 9 percent when compared to Fiscal 2022, but well above the five-year average. This outreach includes bringing information and education events to high crash locations, distributing safety material to on-street drivers and community members, and working with schools to provide early education on traffic safety and transportation. The Department will continue to intensify its efforts on traffic safety outreach to the public.

			Actual			Tar	get	Tre	end
Performance Indicators	FY19	FY20	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY23	FY24	5-Year	Desired Direction
Traffic fatalities (motorist/passengers)	81	82	127	132	97	*	*	Up	Down
Driving while intoxicated (DWI) related fatalities	20	17	17	22	11	*	*	Down	Down
DWI arrests	5,826	3,896	2,583	2,870	3,636	*	*	Down	*
Total moving violation summonses (000)	1,027	749	461	543	652	*	*	Down	*
- Summonses for hazardous violations	902,482	664,974	387,469	450,530	527,691	*	*	Down	*
- Summonses for prohibited use of cellular phones	113,263	74,944	44,596	50,526	53,187	*	*	Down	*
Bicyclist Fatalities	17	22	25	18	29	*	*	Up	Down
Pedestrian Fatalities	120	107	123	113	114	*	*	Neutral	Down
Traffic fatalities (other motorized)	NA	NA	5	17	20	*	*	NA	Down
Traffic Safety Outreach Events	311	280	238	542	496	*	*	Up	*
★ Critical Indicator	vailable	û⊕ Directio	onal Target	* Non	e				

SERVICE 3 Manage public safety programs related to quality of life.

Goal 3a

Reduce the incidence of quality-of-life violations.

The Department, through rigorous analysis, community engagement, and other available resources, continues its efforts to identify and target conditions that affect the quality of life of residents and visitors. Through neighborhood and precision policing efforts, officers perform their law enforcement duties while also embedding themselves in the communities they serve as part of a team that works together to improve safety and quality of life for everyone.

Additionally, the Department regularly partners with community members to strengthen police-community relations by providing residents and business owners an opportunity to voice their concerns and ideas. NCOs, who serve as liaisons between the police and community, host 'Build the Block' meetings within their designated areas of patrol. These meetings greatly strengthen connectivity and collaboration with the community. In Fiscal 2023, there were 1,237 community meetings, on pace with Fiscal 2022.

In Fiscal 2023, the Department continued to respond to community complaints and address quality-of-life violations citywide. This resulted in a 100 percent increase of quality-of-life summonses when compared to Fiscal 2022. Unreasonable Noise summonses increased 154 percent and graffiti summonses increased 80 percent. Additionally, enhanced patrol deployments within the transit system resulted in an increase of transit summonses by 58 percent.

			Actual			Tar	rget	Tr	end
Performance Indicators	FY19	FY20	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY23	FY24	5-Year	Desired Directior
★ Quality-of-life summonses	128,265	96,197	57,876	67,408	134,580	*	*	Neutral	*
– Unreasonable noise summonses	1,160	1,024	932	1,568	3,979	*	*	Up	*
Transit Summonses	86,849	65,555	52,315	88,112	139,402	*	*	Up	*
– Graffiti summonses	1	1	4	10	18	*	*	Up	*
Graffiti arrests	1,262	1,083	1,211	1,212	1,410	*	*	Up	*
New individuals engaged by a Co-Response Team	591	497	661	558	641	500	600	Up	*
Community Meetings	1,163	833	1,160	1,240	1,237	*	*	Up	*
★ Critical Indicator	t Available	û⊕ Directio	onal Target	* Nor	e				

SERVICE 4 Ensure courteous, professional and respectful interactions with the community. Goal 4a Improve police/community relations.

Members of the Department strive to maintain courteous, professional, and respectful interactions with the community at all times. This begins by ensuring members of the service are providing enhanced customer service. In order to measure police and community interactions, the Department conducts audits of randomly selected uniformed and civilian personnel who are not told they are being tested. The overall number of total Courtesy, Professionalism, and Respect tests conducted in Fiscal 2023 increased by 23 percent. The results of the tests were overwhelmingly positive, with 99 percent rated 'acceptable,' consistent with the positive results in Fiscal 2022. The Department strives to ensure positive engagements with community members.

Additionally, training is an effective method to contribute to the professional skillset of all our members of service. Ongoing comprehensive training includes lessons identifying implicit bias, crisis intervention, and victim trauma. The concept, techniques, and goals of these courses are to enhance positive interactions between police and members of the public using effective communication tools and active listening. Crisis Intervention Team training hours increased 236 percent due to the full resumption of training programs during Fiscal 2023. This training was fully suspended until the last three months of Fiscal 2022, accounting for the lower attendance numbers in that reporting year.

Training hours increased 1,201 percent for Trauma-Informed Sexual Assault Victim Interview and Investigations as compared to Fiscal 2022. This sizeable increase is due to the revamping of the Special Victims Unit (SVU) training unit in Fiscal 2023, including the implementation of new training courses specifically tailored to incoming investigators, and enhanced refresher courses for current investigators and supervisors. Additionally, SVU personnel receive training from an outside consulting firm, when available. In addition, individuals who, after reporting a crime, received support to deal with the emotional, physical and financial aftermath of crime through the Crime Victim Assistance Program increased from 38,733 in Fiscal 2022 to 52,920 in Fiscal 2023.

			Actual			Tar	rget	Tr	end
Performance Indicators	FY19	FY20	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY23	FY24	5-Year	Desired Direction
Fair and Impartial Policing training (hours) (Uniformed members)	26,907	13,002	14,287	17,731	15,421	*	*	Down	Up
Crisis Intervention Team training (hours) (Uniformed members)	99,168	88,896	0	12,192	40,960	*	*	Down	Up
Trauma Informed Sexual Assault Victim Interview/Investigations Training (hours) (Uniformed and Civilian members)	0	833	2,112	720	9,368	*	*	Up	Up
Courtesy, Professionalism and Respect (CPR) testing	5,028	3,583	3,867	3,577	4,407	*	*	Down	*
– Exceeds standard	3	1	0	0	1	*	*	Down	Up
– Meets standard	4,992	3,559	3,857	3,554	4,353	*	*	Down	*
– Below standard	33	23	10	23	54	*	*	Up	Down
Total civilian complaints against members of the service	5,236	4,597	3,326	3,483	4,700	*	*	Down	Down
Deviation Letters	NA	NA	NA	6	2	*	*	NA	Down
Individuals who, after reporting a crime, received support to deal with the emotional, physical and financial aftermath of crime through the Crime Victim Assistance Program	59,008	49,904	39,283	38,733	52,920	*	*	Down	*
★ Critical Indicator	ilable	û↓ Directio	onal Target	* Non	ie				

AGENCY-WIDE MANAGEMENT

			Actual			Target		Trend	
Performance Indicators	FY19	FY20	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY23	FY24	5-Year	Desired Direction
Violations admitted to or upheld at the Office of Administra- tive Trials and Hearings (%)	50%	57%	65%	58%	50%	*	*	Neutral	*
Workplace injuries reported (uniform and civilian)	6,654	9,159	10,048	13,931	9,666	*	*	Up	Down
★ Critical Indicator	Available	☆彔 Dire	ctional Targe	* Noi	ne				

AGENCY CUSTOMER SERVICE

Performance Indicators		Actual					Target		end
Customer Experience	FY19	FY20	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY23	FY24	5-Year	Desired Direction
Completed requests for interpretation	275,981	287,866	267,680	298,230	340,694	*	*	Up	*
CORE facility rating	NA	94	84	100	99	*	*	NA	Up
Calls answered in 30 seconds (%)	99%	99%	99%	99%	99%	*	*	Neutral	Up
★ Critical Indicator	Available	û⊕ Directio	onal Target	* Non	e				

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Performance Indicators			Actual			Tar	get	Tre	end
Response to 311 Service Requests (SRs)	FY19	FY20	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY23	FY24	5-Year	Desired Direction
Percent meeting time to close – Residential Noise - Loud Music/ Party (0.3 days)	91	90	92	84	93	*	*	Neutral	*
Percent meeting time to close – Residential Noise - Banging/ Pounding (0.3 days)	88	88	99	99	97	*	*	Up	*
Percent meeting time to close – Noise - Street/Sidewalk (0.3 days)	90	92	99	99	98	*	*	Up	*
Percent meeting time to close – Commercial Noise (0.3 days)	94	91	99	99	98	*	*	Neutral	*
Percent meeting time to close – Blocked Driveway - No Access (0.3 days)	84	77	97	99	96	*	*	Up	*
★ Critical Indicator	lable	☆⊕ Directio	onal Target	* Non	e				

AGENCY RESOURCES

			Pla					
Resource Indicators	FY19	FY20	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY23	FY24	5yr Trend
Expenditures (\$000,000) ³	\$5,976.8	\$6,086.2	\$5,542.4	\$5,881.3	\$6,386.0	\$5,592.9	\$5,804.7	Neutral
Revenues (\$000,000)	\$109.7	\$101.8	\$99.1	\$92.5	\$95.9	\$93.0	\$99.4	Down
Personnel (uniformed)	36,461	35,910	34,858	34,825	33,797	35,030	35,001	Neutral
Personnel (civilian)	17,025	17,506	15,638	15,135	15,117	16,416	16,244	Down
Overtime paid (\$000,000)	\$736.3	\$837.5	\$483.8	\$779.0	\$871.2	\$455.7	\$517.4	Up
Capital commitments (\$000,000)	\$194.4	\$127.7	\$192.0	\$162.2	\$90.2	\$206.8	\$504.1	Down

¹Actual financial amounts for the current fiscal year are not yet final. Final fiscal year actuals, from the Comptroller's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, will be reported in the next PMMR. Refer to the "Indicator Definitions" at nyc.gov/mmr for details. Available * None ²Authorized Budget Level 3Expenditures include all funds "NA" - Not

SPENDING AND BUDGET INFORMATION

Where possible, the relationship between an agency's goals and its expenditures and planned resources, by budgetary unit of appropriation (UA), is shown in the 'Applicable MMR Goals' column. Each relationship is not necessarily exhaustive or exclusive. Any one goal may be connected to multiple UAs, and any UA may be connected to multiple goals.

Unit of Appropriation	Expenditures FY22 ¹ (\$000,000)	Modified Budget FY23 ² (\$000,000)	Applicable MMR Goals ³
Personal Services - Total	\$5,255.4	\$5,627.9	
001 - Operations	\$3,414.1	\$3,670.3	All
002 - Executive Management	\$593.4	\$622.4	All
003 - School Safety	\$260.9	\$257.3	1a, 1b, 1c, 4a
004 - Administration - Personnel	\$299.2	\$301.2	All
006 - Criminal Justice	\$61.4	\$64.6	1a, 1c, 2a, 3a, 4a
007 - Traffic Enforcement	\$181.9	\$150.9	1a, 2a, 3a, 4a
008 - Transit Police	\$243.6	\$342.4	1a, 1b, 1c, 3a, 4a
009 - Housing Police	\$201.0	\$218.8	1a, 1c, 3a, 4a
Other Than Personal Services - Total	\$625.9	\$758.1	
100 - Operations	\$104.2	\$169.1	All
200 - Executive Management	\$101.7	\$148.6	All
300 - School Safety	\$5.0	\$9.4	1a, 1b, 1c, 4a
400 - Administration	\$404.0	\$419.3	All
600 - Criminal Justice	\$0.5	\$0.6	1a, 1c, 2a, 3a, 4a
700 - Traffic Enforcement	\$10.5	\$11.2	1a, 2a, 3a, 4a
Agency Total	\$5,881.3	\$6,386.0	

¹Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2022. Includes all funds. ²City of New York Adopted Budget for Fiscal 2023, as of June 2023. Includes all funds. ³Refer to agency goals listed at front of chapter. "NA" Not Available * None

NOTEWORTHY CHANGES, ADDITIONS OR DELETIONS 🎤

- Commissioner Sewell served as Police Commissioner from January 1, 2022 to June 30, 2023. The current Police Commissioner is Edward A. Caban.
- NYPD added two new customer-centric indicators to Goals 2a and 3a: 'Transportation Outreach Events' to measure the number of citywide outreach events dedicated to traffic safety education and 'Community Meetings' to measure the number of 'Build the Block' meetings conducted by precinct neighborhood coordination officers to discuss quality of life and crime conditions.
- Previously published Fiscal 2022 data was updated to ensure data accuracy:
 - Fiscal 2022 'Major Felony Crime' has been updated from 119,742 to 119,313.
 - Fiscal 2022 'Forcible Rape' has been updated from 1,597 to 1,168.
 - Fiscal 2022 'Juvenile Arrests for Major Felonies' has been updated from 2,946 to 4,084.
- Data for 'New individuals engaged by a Co-Response Team' has been updated from 635 to 558 in Fiscal 2022, from 498 to 497 in Fiscal 2020, and from 605 to 591 in Fiscal 2019.
- 'Collisions involving City vehicles (per 100,000 miles)' in the Agency-Wide Management section has been retired because citywide fleet information is consolidated in the Vehicle Fleets and Maintenance table.
- 'CORE facility rating' includes CORE inspections that were conducted in July and August 2023.

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

For additional information go to:

• Crime Prevention/Crime Statistics (reports updated regularly): http://www1.nyc.gov/site/nypd/stats/crime-statistics/crime-statistics-landing.page

For more information on the agency, please visit: <u>www.nyc.gov/nypd</u>.