NYC – OFFICE OF CHIEF MEDICAL EXAMINER	Page:	
Forensic Anthropology – Quality Manual	1 of 9	
Title: Equipment Management	Control No.	Revision:
	QM-004	3
Approved by: Forensic Anthropology Director	Effective Date: 28	8 February 2020

1. Policy

Testing equipment and reference materials shall be performance checked and maintained in a way to ensure the accuracy, reliability, and traceability of testing results related to all off. If U casework.

2. School

The becedure out ged in this SOP apply to all equipment and reference materials used for a examptation of assework.

3. Definitions

Testing Equipment: Testing a mean rable outcome. Testing equipment includes, but is not limited to sliding/sp ading calipe osteometric boards, mandibulometer, tape measures, rulers, digital scars, microscopes, and digitizer (three-dimensional coordinate measurement machine system).

Reference Materials: Anthropo gica analysis frequently requires the comparison of unknown case specimen(s) was known for nee materials. Such items include, but are not limited to, osteological comparative laterials and age casts (e.g., pubic symphysis aging casts). These items are not respected acceptance and as defined by the International Vocabulary of Metrology and thus are not considered accepte reference materials.

<u>Performance Check</u>: An assessment of the performance of teaching equipment relative to the test being performed. The types and nature of performance checks and discussed below.

<u>Reference Standards</u>: Reference standards refer to equipment and to performance check the FAU testing equipment. Reference standards have been calibrated and are traceable to a National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) standard.

<u>Calibration</u>: Calibration is the process of determining the relationship by ween the realings obtained by a piece of measurement equipment and the applicable atts of some of fined system of measurement. The measuring item's readings are compared to the yates of a measurement standard under controlled and specified conditions.

<u>Traceability</u>: An unbroken chain of comparisons to an approved or accepted standard with each metric comparison having stated measurement uncertainties.

<u>Unique Identifying Number</u>: Unique combinations of alpha-numerics assigned by the FAU to testing equipment, reference standards, and select reference materials that are designed to facilitate tracking, documentation, and traceability of that item. A manufacturer's serial number may also serve as a unique identification number.

NYC – OFFICE OF CHIEF MEDICAL EXAMINER	Page:	
Forensic Anthropology – Quality Manual	2 of 9	
Title: Equipment Management	Control No.	Revision:
	QM-004	3
Assessed the Francis Andrew the Disease	Esserting Detect 20	2 F.1 2020
Approved by: Forensic Anthropology Director	Effective Date: 23	s February 2020

Measurement Uncertainty: The non-negative parameter characterizing the dispersion of the quantity values being attributed to the measurand. This parameter could be a standard deviation or half width of an interval having a stated level of confidence, or a confidence fined by statistical probability.

and: Quantity intended to be measured.

4. abili

and Me. urement Uncertainty
h equip ent is performance checked using calibrated reference standards ational Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) maintained that are traceab standard that have stated ement Uncertainties (see section 6 Performance Checks). within the AU accepted parameters (see 6.2 Performance Check at fa^y Measurements Metric Tolerances) should not effect the overall reported conclusions. As such, Measurement Uncertainty does no applato FAU casework.

Testing Equipment and Rerenge **Materials Management** 5.

The FAU have suitable and ade ate a sipmer to permit all activities to be carried out in a competent and safe manner. Sesting equation and reference materials are located in one of the secure Anthropology Laboratoria within their designated storage areas. An approved list of FAU testing equipment supplies is lowed on the Anthropology network drive.

- Access to and Use of Testing Equipment and I ference Laterials: FAU personnel, 5.1 the atton to visiting scientists and interns have access and testing equipment. Additionally, the FAU may give authorization to other individu on a se-by-case basis.
 - If testing equipment is removed from the FAU's directiontrol, e piece of equipment will be subject to a performance check upon its return and prior to us sework (see section 6.1).
- 5.2 Continued Suitability of Testing Equipment and Reference aterials: Th ensures the continued suitability of equipment by completing performance ance ch s (see section 6) and preventative maintenance (see section 7).

6. **Performance Checks**

Testing equipment and reference materials that can influence a test result are required to be performance checked. A performance check shall entail the QA Specialist, or designee comparing the measurements of the testing equipment to another instrument (reference standard) to ascertain if the measurements fall within an acceptable parameter (see 6.2).

NYC – OFFICE OF CHIEF MEDICAL EXAMINER	Page:	
Forensic Anthropology – Quality Manual	3 of 9	
Title: Equipment Management	Control No.	Revision:
	QM-004	3
Approved by: Forensic Anthropology Director	Effective Date: 28	8 February 2020

When a piece of testing equipment or reference material is placed into circulation for use, an initial performance check shall be performed and documented. Additionally, the protocol for future performance checks and maintenance outlined in this SOP for each specific type of testing equipment or reference material shall be followed (see section 7, Testing 1 uipment and Reference Materials).

- 6.1 Types of Performance Checks: Performance checks that are differentiated by time are described in chail a low. Besides timing, the nature of performance checks can also vary. For example a performance check may be a matter of record (e.g., the Quality Assurance (QA) Sectably officially documents the results of the performance check) or non-record (e.g., that check is a commance check prior to each use).
 - 6.1.1 The tining of artormance shecks required for each type of testing equipment and reference material is set of the FAU (see section 8, Testing Equipment and Reference Materials for more detail). The following section outlines the different types of performance checks.
 - <u>Initial-use Performance Ch. k:</u> All sting equipment and reference materials shall be performance checked from to initial use to ensure they meet the requirements set by the FAU
 - <u>Per-use Performance Check</u>: Sor testing quipment may need to be checked prior to each use. For example, before using the digitizer to take measurements the analyst should test the digitizer for a curacy limeasuring two points on an FAU reference ruler.
 - <u>Periodic Performance Check:</u> Performance check conducted as a set interval (e.g., annual, semi-annual) are considered periodic. All a ting equipment shall require periodic performance checks.
 - <u>Intermediate Performance Check</u>: A supplementary ce., unschedled) performance check to maintain confidence in the accurate of a piece of sting equipment or a reference material. Intermediate performance check are not required to be recorded and are considered independent from periodic performance checks.
- 6.2 **Performance Check Metric Tolerances:** The accepted tolerances for FAU testing equipment are as follows:
 - Calipers = ± 1 millimeter
 - Rulers = ± 1 millimeter

NYC – OFFICE OF CHIEF MEDICAL EXAMINER	Page:	
Forensic Anthropology – Quality Manual	4 of 9	
Title: Equipment Management	Control No.	Revision:
	QM-004	3
Approved by: Forensic Anthropology Director	Effective Date: 28	8 February 2020

- Osteometric boards = ± 1 millimeter
- Digitizer = ± 1 millimeter
- Tape measures = ± 10 millimeters
 - Microscopes = ± 0.5 millimeter
- Mandibulometer length = ± 1 millimeter
- Mandibulometer angle = ± 1 degree
- Digital cales = ± 1 gram
- 6.3 **Per symmetry Check Let:** The performance check kit is comprised of reference standards that are alibrated and aceable to NIST (National Institute of Standards and Technology) or International Systems of Units (SI). The reference standards in the FAU performance check kit includes, but it not like ted to, rulers, stainless steel weights (100 gram and 50 gram), and a species of square. The performance check kit shall only be used for the purposes of performance checks.

Note: The FAU does not perform alibrations in-house. All reference standards are externally calibrated at ILAC approximations.

- 6.3.1 The QA Specialist shall maintain a pread that of all reference standards in the FAU performance check kit. The spread sect on be found on the Anthropology network drive. The following cormation shall be recorded:
 - Type or name of equipment
 - Equipment serial number or unique i entifying the
 - Date of calibration.
 - Due date for replacement or re-cal fation.
 - Identity of individual or company performing bration.
- 6.3.2 **Storage and Maintenance**: The performance check kit sheeld be appropriately stored to avoid loss or damage to the reference undards. As ationally, the performance check kit shall be stored separately from the estimate quipment one of the secure anthropology laboratories.
- 6.3.3 **Reference Standards Certificates**: All certificates related to the calibration of reference standards are maintained in a designated file, and stored in one of the secure Anthropology lab spaces. The QA Specialist is responsible for maintaining calibration and traceability certificates for all reference standards, where applicable.
- 6.3.4 **Re-calibration**: Reference standards that require re-calibration (e.g., the stainless steel weights) shall be sent to an external ISO/IEC 17025 accredited lab (if possible) for re-calibration once every accreditation cycle or as needed. The period between

NYC – OFFICE OF CHIEF MEDICAL EXAMINER	Page:	
Forensic Anthropology – Quality Manual	5 of 9	
Title: Equipment Management	Control No.	Revision:
	QM-004	3
Approved by: Forensic Anthropology Director	Effective Date: 2	8 February 2020

re-calibration cycles may be shorter if the accuracy of the reference standard is under question.

- 6.3.5 Replacement of Reference Standards: Most of the reference standards used by the FAU are inexpensive and shall be replaced rather than re-calibrated, when deded. All certificates for calibration and traceability for the new ruler shall eplace the older rulers' certificates. Additionally, a new Unique Identifying Number shall be assigned to the new reference standard (e.g., ANTH-001: Evidence Security and Management). All documentation related to replaced erem standard (i.e., certificates and unique identification numbers) shall be appropriate apdated.
- 6.4 **Performance heck secords:** Il initial and periodic performance checks shall be recorded on a Performance Check og sheet. Any electronic documentation shall be saved on the Anthropology network drive. The following information shall be recorded:
 - Type or name fequipment.
 - Equipment serial number of sique identifying number.
 - Date of performance ch
 - Identity of individual performing the erformance check.
 - Results of performance check.
 - Reference standard used for erformace clack, including unique identifying number, if applicable.
 - Additional notes about performance check, when appropriate.

7. Maintenance

The QA Specialist is responsible for completing scheduled eventive paintenance for appropriate testing equipment. The QA Specialist should be stiffed of unscheduled maintenance needs for malfunctioning or damaged item. The contacting the appropriate service providers (when appropriate and ampring all necessary documentation associated with maintenance.

- 7.1 **Preventive Maintenance**: Preventive maintenance shall be perform on the appropriate testing equipment, according to a set schedule based either on the maprocuturer's recommendations or on the FAU's predetermined schedule. The QA specialist is responsible for maintaining a database of all testing equipment that requires preventive maintenance. At a minimum, the following information should be recorded:
 - Serial number or Unique Identifying Number.
 - Type or name of testing equipment.
 - Frequency of preventive maintenance.

NYC – OFFICE OF CHIEF MEDICAL EXAMINER	Page:	
Forensic Anthropology – Quality Manual	6 of 9	
Title: Equipment Management	Control No.	Revision:
	QM-004	3
Approved by: Forensic Anthropology Director	Effective Date: 23	8 February 2020

- 7.1.2 **External Vendors:** If maintenance is performed by an external vendor the FAU will maintain a copy of the maintenance records provided by the vendor (hardcopy or electronic).
- 7.1 **Falth and Safety Equipment:** Certain health and safety equipment (e.g., fume bods) shall undergo annual maintenance to make sure they are functioning properly desafely.
- 7.1 Counter So ware: The FAU should periodically check for major updates of input softy re programs that are used during anthropological analyses (e.g., Fordisc)
- 7.2 Corrective Montenage: When by testing equipment or reference materials fail to meet the performance clock requirements, it shall be taken out of service and labeled appropriately to avoid inadvertent use. Only after the item(s) has been properly calibrated and passes a performance check may be returned to service. Any completed corrective maintenance shall be recommended in the appropriate maintenance records.
 - 7.2.1 **Defective Equipment.** The QA Save anst will review all FAU casework that used defective equipment since the last performance check. Casework will be reviewed to determine if the defective compmers ampaired the test results, and if so, the appropriate corrective action will be seen.
 - 7.2.2 Replacement of Laboratory Equipment and Reference Materials: For testing equipment and reference materials that application and the corrective maintenance, the equipment shall be removed from circulation and disposed of in an appropriate manner.
 - 7.2.3 **Computer Software:** Any issues with computer software program shall be referred to the OCME IT department or appropriate extraal vends for support or replacement.

8. Testing Equipment and Reference Materials

All testing equipment and reference materials shall be stored in such a man to prevent loss or damage.

8.1 **Testing Equipment**

<u>Calipers</u>: Calipers are subject to annual performance check by the QA Specialist, wherein a NIST certified ruler is used to check the measurements.

NYC – OFFICE OF CHIEF MEDICAL EXAMINER	Page:	
Forensic Anthropology – Quality Manual	7 of 9	
Title: Equipment Management	Control No.	Revision:
	QM-004	3
Approved by: Forensic Anthropology Director	Effective Date: 23	8 February 2020

<u>Mandibulometer</u>: The mandibulometer is performance checked by the QA Specialist once a year using the same process as described for calipers for length measurements and via a precision square for the angle measurement component.

Ost and le Board: The osteometric boards are performance checked annually by the QA special Ausing the same process as the calipers.

<u>Tape leasure</u> Tap measures are performance checked by the QA Specialist annually. If a tap measure fails to ass a performance check or is damaged it shall be replaced with an appropriate tap measure.

Rulers: Rulers sed in the gare subject to a one time "initial-use" recorded metric performance click by the QA Specialist prior to being released for general use. Rulers do not need periodic rulintenance and/or performance checks. If damaged or otherwise rendered unserviceate, the rulers should be disposed of and new ones ordered.

<u>Digitizer</u>: The digitizer is eject from annual performance check by the QA Specialist, wherein a NIST certified rule is sed to sheck the accuracy of the digitizer's measurements. In the same manner, the contract is subject to per-use performance checks when used to take measurements on cases at.

<u>Microscope</u>: The FAU microscopes are main and by he OCME's Pathology Department through an annual contract service, which includes accessary cleaning and maintenance. The microscopes are subject to per-use performance thecks with a used to take photographs and/or make measurements. Prior to taking any marror pic photographs the digital scale should be compared to a one of the FAU's reference rulers.

<u>Digital Scales</u>: All analytical scales are electronically a 4-adjusting. The analyst may electronically adjust the scale at any time following the instructions of thin electronically adjust the scale and conduct a performance check using the appropriate standard weight annually (100 grams of 50 cam weight).

8.2 Reference Materials

<u>Casts</u>: Cast materials are subjected to an annual performance check to ensure at there is no visible damage.

<u>Photographic Scales</u>: Photographic scales are subject only to the initial use performance check for general adequacy by the QA Specialist prior to general use. These materials do not need periodic maintenance or performance checks. If damaged or otherwise rendered unserviceable (e.g., stained, illegible, and/or presenting an unprofessional appearance), the items should be disposed of and new ones ordered.

NYC – OFFICE OF CHIEF MEDICAL EXAMINER	Page:	
Forensic Anthropology – Quality Manual	8 of 9	
Title: Equipment Management	Control No.	Revision:
	QM-004	3
Approved by: Forensic Anthropology Director	Effective Date: 2	8 February 2020

Osteological Comparative Material: Osteological comparative material is subject to periodic performance check once per accreditation cycle. The performance check will entail visual inspection of storage bags and boxes for damage, worn labeling, or improper storage. The osteological comparative reference materials are grouped taxonomically and are the direct to have unique identifying numbers.

9. Do w entation

Performance tech maintenance, and other records for testing equipment, reference maturals, as performance check kit reference standards shall be properly maintained by the QA specialist. The following records shall be maintained with the most up-to-date information:

- Invento of testing an input in the input input in the input input in the input input input input in the input input
- Calibration, paintenance, and performance check records (refer to sections 6 and 7 for more det.).

10. References

ISO 17020:2012 Requirements of the Operations of Various Types of Bodies Performing Inspection.

JCGM 200:2012 International vocability of yearology basic and general concepts and associated terms (VIM).

11. Revision History

REV.	DATE	SUMMARY OF CHANGES
0	1 February 2018	New document.
1	18 October 2018	3.0: Added definitions for Measurement uncertainty and Measurand. Created a new 4.0 Section: "It ceability a Measurement Uncertainty" – adjusted the clause unberies to account or this addition throughout the entire document. 5.0: Added a statement that an approval list of FA testing equipment suppliers is located on the Albron egy share drive. 6.0: Added the following statement: "A performance check shall entail the QA Specialist, or designee comparing the measurements of the testing equipment to another instrument (reference standard) to ascertain if the measurements fall within an acceptable parameter (see 6.2). 6.2: Changed the clause to include specific accepted metric tolerances for all types of testing equipment.

NYC – OFFICE OF CHIEF MEDICAL EXAMINER	Page:	
Forensic Anthropology – Quality Manual	9 of 9	
Title: Equipment Management	Control No. Revision:	
	QM-004	3
Approved by: Forensic Anthropology Director	Effective Date: 28 February 2020	

REV. DATE SUMMARY OF CHANGES 7.2.1: Added a section: Defective Specialist will review all FAU conceptions are equipment since the last performs	asework that used defective
equipment since the last perform	
be reviewed to determine if the o	
impacted the test results, and if s	* *
corrective action will be taken. I	
Laboratory Equipment and Re	
Computer Software shifted dov	
respectively.	
Changed section 10. to reference ction 11.	es and made revision history
Mar correction, Clause 6.1 was in	ncorrectly stated as 6. Undated
2 12 I bruary 319 the correction. Clause 6.1 was in the cuse number.	suited us of openion
Updated the header effective date (
3 28 February 2020 enter as 25 February 2018 instead of change including corrected clause	of 2019). Also, minor editorial