	<p style="text-align: center;">QM-004 Equipment Management</p>	Forensic Anthropology
		Document ID: ANTH - 89668
Effective Date: 04/03/2024	Approved by: Director of Forensic Anthropology	Page: 1 of 9

**RELEASED UNDER THE AUTHORITY OF THE
FIRST DEPUTY CHIEF MEDICAL EXAMINER**

1. Policy

Testing equipment and reference materials shall be performance checked and maintained in a way to ensure the accuracy, reliability, and traceability of testing results related to all official FAU casework.

2. Scope

The procedures outlined in this SOP apply to all equipment and reference materials used for the examination of casework.

3. Definitions

Testing Equipment: Testing equipment includes all equipment used during the examination of casework that results in a measurable outcome. Testing equipment includes, but is not limited to sliding/spreading calipers, osteometric boards, mandibulometers, tape measures, rulers, digital scales, microscopes, and digitizers (three-dimensional coordinate measurement machine/system).

Reference Materials: Anthropological analysis frequently requires the comparison of unknown case specimen(s) with known reference materials. Such items include, but are not limited to, osteological comparative materials and age casts (e.g., pubic symphysis aging casts). These items are not reference materials as defined by the International Vocabulary of Metrology and thus are not considered traceable reference materials.


Performance Check: An assessment of the performance of testing equipment relative to the test being performed. The types and nature of performance checks are discussed below.

Reference Standards: Reference standards refer to equipment used to performance check the FAU testing equipment. Reference standards have been calibrated and are traceable to a National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) standard.

Calibration: Calibration is the process of determining the relationship between the readings obtained by a piece of measurement equipment and the applicable units of some defined system of measurement. The measuring item's readings are compared to the values of a measurement standard under controlled and specified conditions.

Traceability: An unbroken chain of comparisons to an approved or accepted standard with each metric comparison having stated measurement uncertainties.

Unique Identifying Number: Unique combinations of alpha-numerics assigned by the FAU to testing equipment, reference standards, and select reference materials that are designed

	<p style="text-align: center;">QM-004 Equipment Management</p>	Forensic Anthropology
		Document ID: ANTH - 89668
Effective Date: 04/03/2024	Approved by: Director of Forensic Anthropology	Page: 2 of 9

to facilitate tracking, documentation, and traceability of that item. A manufacturer's serial number may also serve as a unique identification number.

Measurement Uncertainty: The non-negative parameter characterizing the dispersion of the quantity values being attributed to the measurand. This parameter could be a standard deviation or half width of an interval having a stated level of confidence, or a confidence interval defined by statistical probability.

Measurand: Quantity intended to be measured.

4. **Traceability and Measurement Uncertainty**

All FAU testing equipment is performance checked using calibrated reference standards that are traceable to National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) maintained standard that have stated Measurement Uncertainties (see section 6 Performance Checks). Measurements that fall within the FAU accepted parameters (see 6.2 Performance Check Metric Tolerances) should not affect the overall reported conclusions. As such, Measurement Uncertainty does not apply to FAU casework.


5. **Testing Equipment and Reference Materials Management**

The FAU have suitable and adequate equipment to permit all activities to be carried out in a competent and safe manner. Testing equipment and reference materials are located in one of the secure Anthropology Laboratories within their designated storage areas. An approved list of FAU testing equipment suppliers is located on the Anthropology network drive.

5.1 **Selection and Approval of Suppliers**: Supplies relevant to the outcome of inspection activities will be purchased through approved suppliers. FAU suppliers will be selected based on the type of items needed. For reference standards (i.e., calibrated equipment) an accredited vendor will be selected. For all other supplies relevant to the outcome of inspection activities, an appropriate vendor that can supply the required items will be selected. All suppliers selected by the FAU must be approved by OCME Procurement before any items are purchased.

5.2 **Access to and Use of Testing Equipment and Reference Materials**: FAU personnel, visiting scientists and interns have access and authorization to use testing equipment. Additionally, the FAU may give authorization to other individuals on a case-by-case basis.

- If testing equipment is removed from the FAU's direct control, the piece of equipment will be subject to a performance check upon its return and prior to use on casework (see section 6.1).

	<p style="text-align: center;">QM-004 Equipment Management</p>	Forensic Anthropology
		Document ID: ANTH - 89668
Effective Date: 04/03/2024	Approved by: Director of Forensic Anthropology	Page: 3 of 9

- 5.3 **Continued Suitability of Testing Equipment and Reference Materials:** The FAU ensures the continued suitability of equipment by completing performance checks (see section 6) and preventative maintenance (see section 7).

6. Performance Checks


Testing equipment and reference materials that can influence a test result are required to be performance checked. A performance check shall entail the QA Specialist or designee comparing the measurements of the testing equipment to another instrument (reference standard) to ascertain if the measurements fall within an acceptable parameter (see 6.2).

When a piece of testing equipment or reference material is placed into circulation for use, an initial performance check shall be performed and documented. Additionally, the protocol for future performance checks and maintenance outlined in this SOP for each specific type of testing equipment or reference material shall be followed (see section 8, Testing Equipment and Reference Materials).

- 6.1 **Types of Performance Checks:** Performance checks that are differentiated by time are described in detail below. Besides timing, the nature of performance checks can also vary. For example, a performance check may be a matter of record (e.g., the Quality Assurance (QA) Specialist officially documents the results of the performance check) or non-record (e.g., unscheduled performance check prior to each use).

- 6.1.1 The timing of performance checks required for each type of testing equipment and reference material is set by the FAU (see section 8, Testing Equipment and Reference Materials for more detail). The following section outlines the different types of performance checks.

- Initial-use Performance Check: All testing equipment and reference materials shall be performance checked prior to initial use to ensure they meet the requirements set by the FAU.
- Per-use Performance Check: Some testing equipment may need to be checked prior to each use. For example, before using the digitizer to take measurements the analyst shall test the digitizer for accuracy by measuring two points on an FAU ruler.
- Periodic Performance Check: Performance checks conducted on a set interval (e.g., annual, semi-annual) are considered periodic. All testing equipment shall require periodic performance checks.

	<p style="text-align: center;">QM-004 Equipment Management</p>	Forensic Anthropology
		Document ID: ANTH - 89668
Effective Date: 04/03/2024	Approved by: Director of Forensic Anthropology	Page: 4 of 9

- **Intermediate Performance Check:** A supplementary (i.e., unscheduled) performance check to maintain confidence in the accuracy of a piece of testing equipment or a reference material. Intermediate performance checks are not required to be recorded and are considered independent from periodic performance checks.

6.2 **Performance Check Metric Tolerances:** The accepted tolerances for FAU testing equipment are as follows:

- Calipers = ± 1 millimeter
- Rulers = ± 1 millimeter
- Osteometric boards = ± 1 millimeter
- Digitizer = ± 1 millimeter
- Field tape measures = ± 10 millimeters
- Caliper kit tape measures = ± 1 millimeter
- Microscopes = ± 0.5 millimeter
- Mandibulometer length = ± 1 millimeter
- Mandibulometer angle = ± 1 degree
- Digital scales = ± 1 gram
- BLK 360 Scanner = ± 10 millimeters at distances under 20 meters
- EinScan Pro 2X 2020 = ± 1 millimeter


6.3 **Performance Check Kit:** The performance check kit is comprised of reference standards that are calibrated and traceable to NIST (National Institute of Standards and Technology) or International Systems of Units (SI). The reference standards in the FAU performance check kit includes, but is not limited to, rulers, stainless steel weights (100 gram and 50 gram), tape measure, and a precision square. The performance check kit shall only be used for the purposes of performance checks.

Note: The FAU does not perform calibrations in-house. All reference standards are externally calibrated at ILAC approved labs.

6.3.1 The QA Specialist shall maintain a spreadsheet of all reference standards in the FAU performance check kit. The spreadsheet can be found on the Anthropology network drive. The following information shall be recorded:

- Type or name of equipment.
- Equipment serial number or unique identifying number.
- Date of calibration and subsequent re-calibrations.
- Identity of individual or company performing calibration/re-calibration.

6.3.2 **Storage and Maintenance:** The performance check kit shall be appropriately stored to avoid loss or damage to the reference standards. Additionally, the

	<p style="text-align: center;">QM-004 Equipment Management</p>	Forensic Anthropology
		Document ID: ANTH - 89668
Effective Date: 04/03/2024	Approved by: Director of Forensic Anthropology	Page: 5 of 9


performance check kit shall be stored separately from the testing equipment in one of the secure anthropology laboratories.

- 6.3.3 **Reference Standards Certificates:** All hardcopy certificates related to the traceability and calibration of reference standards are appropriately maintained in a designated folder and are scanned and uploaded to the Anthropology network drive. The QA Specialist is responsible for maintaining calibration and traceability certificates for all reference standards, where applicable.
- 6.3.4 **Re-calibration:** When re-calibration of a reference standard is deemed necessary, the reference standard shall be sent to an external ISO/IEC 17025 accredited lab for re-calibration.
- 6.3.5 **Replacement of Reference Standards:** Most of the reference standards used by the FAU are inexpensive and can be replaced rather than re-calibrated, when needed. If not provided by the manufacturer, a Unique Identifying Number shall be assigned to the new reference standard (see ANTH-001: Evidence Security and Management). All documentation related to replaced reference standards (i.e., certificates and unique identification numbers) shall be appropriately updated.
- 6.4 **Performance Check Records:** All initial and periodic performance checks shall be recorded on a Performance Check Log sheet. Any electronic documentation shall be saved on the Anthropology network drive. The following information shall be recorded:
- Type or name of equipment.
 - Equipment serial number or unique identifying number.
 - Date of performance check.
 - Individual performing the performance check.
 - Results of performance check.
 - Reference standard used for performance check, including unique identifying number, if applicable.
 - Additional notes about performance check, when appropriate.

7. Maintenance

The QA Specialist is responsible for completing scheduled preventive maintenance for appropriate testing equipment. The QA Specialist should be notified of unscheduled maintenance needs for malfunctioning or damaged items. The QA is responsible for contacting the appropriate service providers (when applicable) and completing all necessary documentation associated with maintenance.

- 7.1 **Preventive Maintenance:** Preventive maintenance shall be performed on the appropriate testing equipment, according to a set schedule based either on the manufacturer's

	<p style="text-align: center;">QM-004 Equipment Management</p>	Forensic Anthropology
		Document ID: ANTH - 89668
Effective Date: 04/03/2024	Approved by: Director of Forensic Anthropology	Page: 6 of 9

recommendations or on the FAU's predetermined schedule. The QA Specialist is responsible for maintaining a database of all testing equipment that requires preventive maintenance. At a minimum, the following information shall be recorded:

- Serial number or Unique Identifying Number.
- Type or name of testing equipment.
- Frequency of preventive maintenance.

7.1.1 **External Vendors:** If maintenance is performed by an external vendor the FAU will maintain a copy of the maintenance records provided by the vendor (hardcopy or electronic).

7.1.2 **Health and Safety Equipment:** Certain health and safety equipment (e.g., fume hoods) shall undergo annual maintenance to make sure they are functioning properly and safely.


7.1.3 **Computer Programs:** The FAU shall periodically check for major updates for technical analysis computer programs that are used during anthropological analyses (e.g., Fordisc).

Note: A list of the computer programs used by the FAU during anthropological analyses is located in the Equipment Log document on the Anthropology network drive.

7.2 **Corrective Maintenance:** When any testing equipment or reference materials fail to meet the performance check requirements, it shall be taken out of service and labeled appropriately to avoid inadvertent use. Only after the item(s) have successfully passed a performance check may it be returned to service. Any completed corrective maintenance shall be recorded in the appropriate maintenance records.

If testing equipment, reference materials or reference standards are damaged or otherwise rendered unserviceable (e.g., stained, illegible, and/or presenting an unprofessional appearance), the items shall be disposed of, and new ones ordered.

7.2.1 **Defective Equipment:** The QA Specialist will review all FAU casework that used defective equipment since the last performance check. Casework will be reviewed to determine if the defective equipment impacted the test results, and if so, the appropriate corrective action will be taken.

	<p style="text-align: center;">QM-004 Equipment Management</p>	Forensic Anthropology
		Document ID: ANTH - 89668
Effective Date: 04/03/2024	Approved by: Director of Forensic Anthropology	Page: 7 of 9

7.2.2 Replacement of Laboratory Equipment and Reference Materials: For testing equipment and reference materials that can be replaced, rather than undergo corrective maintenance, the equipment shall be removed from circulation and disposed of in an appropriate manner.

7.2.3 Computer Software: Any issues with computer software programs shall be referred to the OCME IT department or appropriate external vendor for support or replacement.

8. Testing Equipment and Reference Materials

All testing equipment and reference materials shall be stored in such a manner to prevent loss or damage.

8.1 Testing Equipment

Calipers: Calipers are subject to an annual performance check, wherein a NIST certified ruler is used to check the accuracy of the caliper's measurements.

Mandibulometer: The mandibulometer is subject to an annual performance check using the same process as described for calipers for length measurements and via a precision square for the angle measurement component.


Osteometric Board: The osteometric boards are subject to an annual performance check using the same process as the calipers.

Tape Measures: Tape measures are subject to an annual performance, wherein a NIST certified tape measure or a NIST certified ruler is used to check the accuracy of the measurements.

Rulers: Rulers used in testing are subject to a one time "initial-use" recorded metric performance check prior to being released for general use. Rulers do not need periodic maintenance and/or performance checks.

Digitizer: The digitizer is subject to an annual performance check, wherein a NIST certified ruler is used to check the accuracy of the digitizer's measurements. In the same manner, the digitizer is subject to per-use performance checks when used to take measurements on casework.

Microscope: The FAU microscopes are maintained by the OCME's Pathology Department through an annual contract service, which includes necessary cleaning and maintenance. Microscopes in use are subject to an annual performance check. Additionally, prior to taking photographs and/or measurements, analysts shall ensure that the scale and magnification settings are accurate.

	<p style="text-align: center;">QM-004 Equipment Management</p>	Forensic Anthropology
		Document ID: ANTH - 89668
Effective Date: 04/03/2024	Approved by: Director of Forensic Anthropology	Page: 8 of 9

Digital Scales: All analytical scales are electronically self-adjusting. The analyst may electronically adjust the scale at any time following the instructions outlined in the user's manual. The digital scales are subject to an annual performance check, wherein one of the Reference Standard weights (100 gram or 50 gram weight) is used to check the scales accuracy.

EinScan Pro 2X 2020 Scanner (EinScan): The EinScan, 3D scanner is subject to an annual performance check, wherein the calibration process is completed in the EinScan scanner software. The software program saves the most current calibration information which is always visible when the program is open.

Leica BLK360 Scanner (BLK360): The BLK360 scanner is subject to an annual performance check, wherein a scan is created and measurements from the scan are compared to measurements taken from the reference standard tape measure.

8.2 Reference Materials

Casts: Cast materials are subjected to an annual performance check to ensure that there is no visible damage.


Photographic Scales: Photographic scales are subject only to the "initial-use" performance check for general adequacy by the QA Specialist prior to general use. These materials do not need periodic maintenance or performance checks.

Osteological Comparative Material: Osteological comparative material is subject to periodic performance check once per accreditation cycle. The performance check will entail visual inspection of storage bags and boxes for damage, worn labeling, or improper storage. The osteological comparative reference materials are grouped taxonomically and are not required to have unique identifying numbers.

9. Documentation

Performance checks, maintenance, and other records for testing equipment, reference materials, and performance check kit reference standards shall be properly maintained by the QA Specialist. The following records shall be maintained with the most up-to-date information:

- Inventory of testing equipment, reference materials, and performance check kit reference standards.
- Calibration, maintenance, and performance check records (refer to sections 6 and 7 for more detail).

	QM-004 Equipment Management	Forensic Anthropology
		Document ID: ANTH - 89668
Effective Date: 04/03/2024	Approved by: Director of Forensic Anthropology	Page: 9 of 9

10. References

ISO 17020:2012 *Requirements for the Operations of Various Types of Bodies Performing Inspection.*

JCGM 200:2012 *International vocabulary of metrology: basic and general concepts and associated terms (VIM).*