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13	NEW YORK CITY WATER BOARD
14	NYC Water Board Meeting
15	November 19, 2020
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MR. ALFONSO L. CARNEY JR.: Hello Omar, any time you want to start this, it's fine with me. I think we're...

MR. OMAR A. NAZEM: Okay. Well I'm just going to, this is Omar Nazem. I'm the treasurer of the board. I think most of you have been listening to these calls for a while now, so I apologize if this is repetitious for you. But just with this conference call virtual meeting format, we are doing on account of the pandemic and the public health considerations at stake, I wanted just to read a few things into the record and just inform anyone who's not been on these calls before.

This is a business meeting of the New York
City Water Board. The purpose of the meeting is
so the board can consider specific actions and
to get updates, information on topics described
on the agenda. The agenda and all the meeting
materials that we describe, the resolutions, the
minutes, and the presentations, are available on
the water board website, which is NYC.gov back
slash water board, which is W-A-T-E-R-B-O-A-R-D.
If you go to the announcement section on the

right, there's in big letters, it says download materials. Under that announcement section, you click it. It's one PDF; it's got everything in there.

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There is also, this is I think the third meeting we're doing this way, we have an accessibility option for anyone who's hearing, who has a hearing difficulty. It is a live text-captioning service that's available. I'm not going to read the URL because it's extremely long. But if you go to that packet I described on the water board website, NYC.gov back slash water board, you look at the second page of that PDF packet. There's the Streamtext.net URL. You copy and paste that into your browser, and you'll get live text captioning of the meeting.

Because this is a business meeting, there's not a question-and-answer opportunity. Members of the public with questions can email or call us basically any time they want apart from during this meeting at

NYCWaterBoard@DEP.nyc.gov, which is N-Y-C-W-A-T-

E-R-B-O-A-R-D at DEP.nyc.gov. And the phone number for the water board is (718) 595-3594.

That is everything I've got, so Al Rodriguez,

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      board secretary, let me pass it to you, and you
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      can take the roll call so you can get things
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      going. Thank you.
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          MR. ALBERT M. RODRIGUEZ: Okay, calling the
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      roll. Chairman Carney?
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          MR. CARNEY: I am present.
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          MR. RODRIGUEZ: Member Dr. Carolina?
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          DR. DEMETRIUS CAROLINA SR.: Present.
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          MR. RODRIGUEZ: Member Fernandez-Ketcham?
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          MS. EVELYN FERNANDEZ-KETCHAM: I'm here.
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          MR. JUKAY HSU: The phone, my phone went
      dead in the middle of the call.
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          MR. RODRIGUEZ: Member Freed?
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          MR. ADAM FREED: Present.
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          MR. RODRIGUEZ: Member Goldin?
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          MR. JONATHAN E. GOLDIN: Present.
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          MR. RODRIGUEZ: Thank you. Member Hsu?
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          MR. HSU: I'm on a conference call right...
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          MR. RODRIGUEZ: Okay, member Hsu, are you
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      present?
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          MR. HSU: Present.
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          MR. RODRIGUEZ: Okay. Member Shaw, are you
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      present?
          MS. ARLENE M. SHAW: Present.
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MR. RODRIGUEZ: Okay, and I would ask people

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- 5 1 to mute their lines if they're not speaking. 2 We have a quorum, Mr. Chairman. I think we have a full house. 3 MR. CARNEY: Mr. Secretary? MR. RODRIGUEZ: I think everybody's present. 5 MR. CARNEY: Yeah, terrific. This is 6 7 Carney. We're going to start this meeting, get it going. And it will start with the minutes, 8 9 the approval of the minutes. There's a 10 resolution that is contained in your packet. 11 You all had a chance to review the minutes. 12 there any suggested revisions or questions about 13 the minutes? Hearing none, rather than asking for an aye vote, are there any objections from 14 15 the members to the contents of the minutes? 16 Hearing none, then we will deem the minutes 17 approved unanimously and move onto the next agenda item, which is the approval of amendment 18 19 to the board's agreement with its rate
  - MR. NAZEM: There will be a presentation.

    I'll make a few remarks just to explain what
    this is for the -. I'll start, Ed Markus and
    Shan Lin from Amawalk on the phone today--

consultant. And will there be a brief

presentation of that, Omar?

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MR. CARNEY: [Interposing] Ed, how are you? Let's say hello. I didn't realize, good to have 3 you.

MR. ED MARKUS: Yes, good morning, Mr. Chairman, members of the board.

MR. CARNEY: Thank you for being here.

MR. WALKER: Our pleasure.

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MR. NAZEM: The board is familiar with Medved and Shaw [phonetic]. Amawalk has done, in different configurations, and particular has been associated with the board, the city's water supply system since the mid-1980's. They've been with us a long time and have a lot of institutional history with us, a lot of knowledge in extreme detail from, not just financial, but also the engineering aspects of what we do here.

The board last put in place a rate consulting agreement with Amawalk in February 2017. That vendor agreement is still the one we are working under. It runs until 2022. Originally it offers \$800,000 of compensation under the contract. We are dwindling down to the last \$50,000 under that contract.

And what we are doing is we're following a

form which we've used in the past with our rate consultants where we have the initial VAL [phonetic] authorization, which we expect it to come back, supplement with subsequent funds later on. We did this most recently in 2015, the June meeting. The board, longtime members of the board may recall we had supplemented an existing Amawalk contract with additional funds June. We're trying to repeat that again.

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And I'd say that the reasons we're doing this are, I think everyone is familiar with the rate consulting services Amawalk provides beyond model maintenance. They do for us the scenario planning, the big upstate billing report that they do.

There are a couple of other things I want to flag that members and the public may not know about them, and particularly the revenue recovery work they do for us. The work with our customer service department and the board extensively to look for billing irregularities and lost account-type situations. And the history of that, it's quite an effective program. I don't want to present a vendor, an investment-type of thing. But the history has

been that the revenue recovery actually covers
the cost of the contract. And that is done in
the past, so that aspect of what we do of

Amawalk we don't talk about a lot. But it's an
important aspect of it I do remember its
attention to in particular.

So the - - just to summarize is we had - - authorized back in 2017. We want to add 350,000 to that, bringing the total contract authorization to 1,150,000. We think that'll cover us through 2022 under the initial term of the contract. It does have some extension options. If we choose to invoke those in the future, we would come back in the future to talk about funding those extension options. But the additional 350 - - is through June 2022 when the current, the agreement expires.

MR. CARNEY: Omar, thank you.

MR. NAZEM: Yes.

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MR. CARNEY: Let me make sure I'm clear; it's Al. The additional \$350,000 is a target number. We may not reach that, I gather, by June of 2022.

MR. NAZEM: Correct. We may underspend, but we cannot overspend.

MR. CARNEY: Got it, all right. I get it.

Are there questions from the members?

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MR. GOLDIN: This is Jon Goldin. Hi, I had a quick question, which is the nature of the contract is one in which we allocate a certain amount. And then are we billed by the hour? Is that why we're not able to have visibility into what the expense will be in the future as opposed to being billed on a flat rate?

MR. NAZEM: Yes, it's a professional services contract. It resembles what you see with an accounting or law firm. There are different hourly rates for different level of seniority of Amawalk's professional staff. And there is actually quite a bit of variability month to month in the hours. Two of the things recently that have caused hours to spike I'd say we are probably spending a little more than we expected with, we are undertaking a review of the city water bill, water bill of the city of New York itself. And that's currently billed under an older method that just needs to be refreshed.

We did for example solicit agencies for head counts. List of buildings needs to be updated.

It's actually quite extensive a project, just given the scope of the city government and the head count of member properties in question.

Amawalk has actually done an amazing job of getting that updated - - time-consuming for them. So we see, it has been more drawn hours I think than we had anticipated. We thought it was kind of a refresh. - - quite an extensive research project. That's one thing.

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And then the second is the, whether there are, where there are administrative disputes say with the State Department of Environmental Protection over our wholesale billing activities, Amawalk gets involved quite extensively there as well. And that becomes, there's considerable discovery-type processes and information exchanges. And it becomes, - to comply, you answered 100-page-plus questionnaires in some detail that needs to be to the standard of the administrative law judge. So those are the two things that cause a lot of variability around hours. They're just hard to I would echo again, we've kind of in a predict. sense underfunded the contract in the past with the expectation to come back for supplemental

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funds midstream. So it's not a departure from
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      past practice. The difficulty of projecting the
      hourly - -.
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          MR. CARNEY: Omar, thank you. Jon...
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          MR. GOLDIN:
                       Thank you.
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          MR. CARNEY: Happy with the answer?
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          MR. GOLDIN: Thank you, yeah.
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          MR. CARNEY: All right. Are there other
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      questions? Hearing none, may I have a motion
      please to approve the resolution?
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          DR. CAROLINA: So moved, Demetrius Carolina.
          MR. CARNEY: Thank you, Demetrius.
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                                               Is there
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      a second?
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          MR. FREED: Second, Adam Freed.
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          MR. CARNEY:
                       Thank you. Again, I'm not
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      going to ask for an aye vote. Are there any
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      objections to the approval of the resolution?
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      Hearing none, the resolution is approved
      unanimously. I did not, I just realized I did
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      not ask for a motion to approve the minutes or a
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      second, obviously a procedural error. Al, would
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      you, I guess I need to go back, I'm sorry, and
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      ask for--
          MR. RODRIGUEZ: [Interposing] Well you
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could, but Mr. Chairman, the best practice is to

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ask for motions to approve this. You did ask if there was any objection to adopting the resolution. So in a sense, I think that works, although--

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MR. CARNEY: [Interposing] Mr. Secretary, if it works for me, it works for me, thank you.

MR. RODRIGUEZ: Okay. But going forward, I think the best practice is to ask for the motion.

MR. CARNEY: Is to ask for the motion, right. And I do agree with that, and I just thought it was an oversight. Ed, before we leave this, let me thank you for the work that you do for all of us. You've been with us for a long time. You've got real institutional history. We are very pleased with the quality of work that you do. I didn't realize that your recovery work actually covers, has in the past covered the cost of your contract. So you're like a, you actually are a profit center for us. Thank you.

MR. MARKUS: It's actually very interesting and fun detective work, working with the folks in BCS and the CIS to mine the system, looking for anomalies. We appreciate the work, and we

have fun with it too. So thank you.

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MR. CARNEY: It's good to have you with us,

Ed. Thank you. The next agenda item is the

progress report on the implementation of new

utility billing computer software. There is as

presentation. And there is a resolution

afterwards. Who's going to do the presentation?

MR. JEFF LYNCH: Jeff Lynch here, the deputy commissioner for customer service. How are you, Chair?

MR. CARNEY: Mr. Lynch, I'm fine. It's good to have you with us, thank you for joining us.

MR. LYNCH: So I'm here, and I'm also joined by Albert Kramer, who's the project manager running the project, an ever-growing team as we get closer to the end of the project. So I'll do a couple of slides, and he'll be here to do a slide, some slides as well.

MR. CARNEY: Mr. Kramer, thank you. Mr. Kramer, thank you very much.

MR. ALBERT KRAMER: Good to be here.

MR. LYNCH: And we also have Cecil McMaster here if there are questions that are on the technical side as well.

MR. CARNEY: Cecil, how are you?

1 MR. CECIL MCMASTER: I'm doing better - -.
2 How are you doing?

MR. CARNEY: It's terrific to have you with us, sir. Thank you for joining us.

MR. MCMASTER: Thank you.

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MR. LYNCH: So we're - - the billing for the future update. And I just wanted to remind the board that the last update was actually prior to my joining the team, but it was in December of 2019. And obviously a lot has changed since then in the city that has affected our timeline here, and we'll talk a little bit about that.

DEP is the board's billing agent that issues water bills for property owners. The overall goal of the project is to replace DEP's existing billing system software, which is more than 20 years old, with newer, higher functionality billing system. The new software is going to allow for a better customer-orientated experience, by making account information easier to access and understand. We expect it to make it easier to find tech personnel with the skills to run the system, since the existing software runs on legacy source code. It aligns the water system's technology base with skills, and skills

with marketing practices that are more current
than when the original system was developed.

And it allows for more latitude in future rate
design decisions, since your software base
constraints will exist and prevent it in the
legacy system. That was on slide two. I'm
going to turn over to slide three about some key
updates on the progress milestones that we've

been working through, to Albert here.

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MR. KRAMER: Sure, thank you Jeff. So as Jeff mentioned, obviously a lot has changed with the pandemic. So as a result of that, we're looking at a new go-live date in the second quarter of next year, calendar year 2021. And that's mainly because of the challenges, logistical and otherwise presented by the pandemic. That being said, it's been a really impressive effort by all of the folks on the customer services information technology team to really rise to the occasion, and our partner consultant as well. And we've got a really great working remote setup going, and we've still made an incredible amount of progress.

The thing we really want to update you on is that - - been phased, so that's mainly the time

1 where all of the customization and 2 configuration of the system is done. there's a lot of work that's been done there. 3 And now we're in what's called the deployment phase, with two really main areas of focus, 5 6 testing and training. We've done a lot of 7 testing. We're actually right now in what's called user acceptance testing. That's when our 8 9 DEP testers are really able to go through the 10 system and make sure that it will absolutely 11 work as intended. We're also doing a lot of 12 work on training, training both web-based, so 13 that, sort of things that folks can do from 14 their own computer and are working, or at home. 15 And we're also working on other training 16 activities in the months ahead.

We're also focused on organizational change management. You could have the best system in the world, but if the people aren't ready for it - -, it's not good enough. So we're doing a lot of work there, and what we're planning on in terms of end user training, beginning in - -.

And then I want to do a little - - for those following, on training. We had customer service week this last October. Again, that's about

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1 engaging the larger team in the Bureau of 2 Customer Services, around 500 folks, letting them know what's going on with the project, and 3 4 how they're going to be trained to help them be successful upon go-live. And then this month -5 - in here at DEP's facilities. And we're doing 6 7 a lot of work to set up to be ready to do inperson training in January. And then to the 8 left in graph five, it's just a timeline for 9 10 folks if they - -.

MR. LYNCH: So that was a brief overview, and I would just note we were originally scheduled to go live at the end of this year, and we've again pushed into the second quarter of 2021.

MR. CARNEY: You're talking, Jeff, you're talking May of now 2021?

MR. LYNCH: Yeah, we have a, right, we're expecting mid-May, and that's the goal at this point.

MR. CARNEY: Okay.

[Crosstalk]

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MR. FREED: As that happens from the customer perspective, what will their experience be from one billing system to another? Will it

be simply a reformat or a slightly different bill they receive, or will they not see a demonstrable difference?

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- MR. KRAMER: Yeah Adam, this is Albert. My goal is that the customer barely notices.

  They'll say oh, I have a new color bill, and it's easier to understand. Oh, there's a newer version of my DEP account. The website looks nicer. Otherwise for them, they shouldn't even know. That being said, we will do, we'll have information, bill inserts for customers, we have email addresses. We'll email them letting them know about the change.
  - MR. CARNEY: Thank you. Are there other questions for Jeff or for Albert or for Cecil?
  - MR. FREED: Yeah, sure, if I may ask two quick follow-up questions, and appreciate DEP coming today. I think this was my request, and it continues to be a keen interest of mine, particularly as -, particularly as it relates to our greater flexibility in future rate structures.
  - So I'm just wondering, what functionality or additional functionality does the new billing system provide us for potential parcel-based

billing, if we wanted to look at a separate or

- - storm water charge? And/or kind of

different water rates by customer types, if we

ever wanted to look at conservation pricing or

further ways of looking at the impacts of low
income customers. Does this give us greater

flexibility and ability to think about more

innovative or creative rate structures, or is

that something that we'd have to go in and build

another module into the - - system as they

develop this?

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MR. KRAMER: Thank you Adam, this is Albert again. So the short answer is yes. The approach we've taken is to build the system to match the rate schedule as it exists today so that we can make sure we build it as approved, but also have the flexibility for additional changes in the future, if so decided.

MR. JOSEPH P. MURIN: And if I may add, this is Joe Murin, executive director of the water board, that it's also going to add more functionality than just a storm water charge.

We'll be able to look at decline in block - - that, variable rates based on various factors, such as I think as, member Freed you brought up,

1 based on affordability or income-type things.

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It will have a lot more flexibility than we're currently able to get accomplished with the existing TIS [phonetic] system, which will also be contingent on the data that's going into it as well. So we've got to really first get it stood up and have it functioning for about a year after we get rollout, before we can start going down that path of thinking about what are the alternative billing mechanisms and structures we want to look at. Of course that will be very much involved with the board, because it could also change how we're doing rate forecasting projection as well.

MR. FREED: Absolutely, absolutely. And I think that the timing of that, when you think about the mapping DEP is doing now for surface flooding as required by - - as we think about the kind of more sustainable billing methods and drainage approaches that DEP is undertaking, there are a lot of things that can come to bear. But this is really the technological and an institutional underpinning that would enable all that to occur.

MR. CARNEY: Adam, thank you. I sometimes

forget to thank you too for the expertise that
you bring to this question, to these questions
and this issue. Thank you very much for
thinking carefully about this information, these
questions with - -. It helps me to understand
what our goals are. And without your questions,
I'm not sure I would understand this clearly, so
thank you very much. Are there other questions?
All right. We have a resolution, the approval
of - - electronic payment processing - authorization - - and board funds. You want a
chance to read the resolution, but is there a
discussion Omar that we should have here?

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MR. NAZEM: Yeah, this'll be, I'll provide, this is Omar again. I'll provide some verbal comments explaining what this is. This is another vendor action that mimics something we did previously. But it's so long ago barely any members of the board will remember. Since 2012, the way that customers have paid their bills, just - in terms of transaction processing, is through a contract with Citibank. Citibank is the board's bank. And Citibank has a pair of contractor relationships, subcontractor relationships in place, which are basically one

to handle paper-based payments and one to handle electronic-based payments. And that arrangement has actually worked quite well for a time. But there have been some changes that call the question whether we want to make a revision to that three-part arrangement, particularly in light of all the Corona - - happening to the billing system as well as some of the technological changes and requirements that are presented by having newer, more state-of-the-art software.

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And the answer - - the answer is that we think that the thing that makes sense to do is to pull out the electronic process or piece that currently is under that 2012 Citibank subcontract relationship and have a direct agreement in place looking forward with a different electronic processor company. And the topline reasons for why are that. The company we're looking at, which is a company called Paymentus Corporation, has a preexisting technology and business process relationship with the vendor of the new billing system we're buying. But the system is Microsoft Dynamics-based - -. We're purchasing a product called

UMAX [phonetic], which is a utility industry customization designed just for water utilities. It rides that on that Microsoft Dynamics platform. And it's owned by a company named Itineris. So Itineris and Paymentus have a business relationship, a technology relationship, existing source code where the Paymentus electronic processing platform works with the UMAX billing platform. And the source code exists; it's been tested. It's secure, and it's actually live in other markets already, in particular Boston. So that was actually quite a big attraction to our technology and customer service people - - the project management people who actually have to make sure the work happens - -. So that's kind of the overall description of what we're trying to do here with this procurement.

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And to get in a couple more details, the

Paymentus platform is, it's a cloud-based

product. So the source code is not only more up

to date, but continuously upgraded. If you look

at what we have now, a lot of custom coding was

done back in 2012 and '13 - - made work

miraculously sometimes. But it is legacy source

code that needs to get upgraded and go through additional testing and security checking if we were to make it work with the UMAX platform. - bought something off the rack that we know already works because it's been tested in other markets. In addition, the Paymentus product works out of the box with the entire category of payment channels we don't currently accept, and those are the big technology company platforms. So things like the Apple Pay, the Google Pay, PayPal, Venmo, and so on, you can't pay your water bill with those right now. Under the Paymentus/UMAX configuration, you could. That's a big draw, because it's particularly, we have a lot of younger customers becoming property owners in the city. And they look to pay their bills with those types of methods. It's not something we do currently. With the Paymentus platform, they could.

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I said this in my application, but to say it point blank, Citibank will remain the bank.

There's no change. The deposits will stay at Citibank. Paper payments will continue to be processed by Citibank's existing subcontract.

No change to banking, no change to paper

payments. We're just talking about electronic payments moving over.

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In terms of cost, there is a cost increase to the model projection. You have to make some assumptions around payment mix and volumes. But we think it's about an incremental \$400,000 per year to run on Paymentus versus KUBRA. That is a meaningful uptick. Now a couple of things to say about that. One is our existing pricing, we could likely not obtain again in the market today. It's legacy 2012-13 pricing. So there is some, there is kind of a one-time inflationary step-up there.

In addition, there are some fairly considerable one-time software development costs we'd have to undertake with our existing vendor to get them where they need to be to integrate with UMAX. So we'd kind of skip that process and avoid those software development costs we'd otherwise have to incur. So it is more expensive, but it has better functionality, more secure, and we're avoiding the cost of - - some stuff we'd have to do otherwise.

Last point I will make is that, this is a bit of payment error point - -, I understand

that. But what we're going to be doing with one specific category of payments, I mention this because we may come back to the board again to discuss this because it - - procedurally with the exact flow of funds. If you look at automatic clearing house payments, these are basically bank-to-bank electronic payments that are domestic. Those have to get cleared somewhere.

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And the way the Paymentus product works is that they have a web payment relationship with a company called Braintree, which is a PayPal subsidiary. Under their existing business process, the data exchanges, the ACHs get cleared at Wells Fargo, which is a different financial institution than Citibank obviously, which is not problematic. - - cash and get wired over to Citibank daily, so there's not really, it'd be a one-time transition, but not an ongoing effect on the - - balances - - cash to the board after we make that transition. would mean that if we go with Paymentus, we may need to come back to the board in the next month or two and ask the board to designate Wells Fargo as a second acceptable banking institution

to the board under the local water fund classification, so it'd be Citibank as the primary bank and then for solely ACH purposes, Wells Fargo. I mentioned that so you don't get surprised if we come back with that resolution.

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Lastly, I should mention how we did the selection of this. We formed a nine-person technical team, drawn from the technology department, the customer service department, the budget office, and the water board. And we employed a standard scoring sheet of, I think it was 12 criteria, and we assigned weightings, have a standard - - technical evaluation committee-type framework-type scoring sheet. And everybody got a chance to kick the tires. We did basically a beauty pageant where both the vendors demoed their products, showed us what it looks like, showed us what they could do - - to. And in the scoring, I think it was eight of the nine selectors thought Paymentus was the better option. In the overall scoring, they thought it made more sense given the project, to make the migration to Paymentus from the incumbent vendor. So we went through that selection process - - give everybody a chance to present

and do the Q&A and do the product demo. So that was a lot of information, so I'll stop talking and ask are there any questions from the board that we can answer for you.

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MR. CARNEY: Do the members have questions? MR. GOLDIN: This is Jon Goldin. Yes, thank This is Jon Goldin. Omar, thank you for walking us through that and for all of the effort that obviously went into this process. Sounds like this decision was one that was well thought through and involved a lot of due The question that I have is how the diligence. payment structure works with this vendor. Is it a one-time license fee? Is it an ongoing subscription payment? Do they get payment in connection with individual transactions the way that credit card companies or other payment networks might? How do the payments work?

MR. NAZEM: Yeah, so it's similar to how we do it now. The way it works now is, it's volume-based. So there's a per-transaction fee, which is generally a fixed number of cents per transaction, with the exception of credit and debit cards, which are a percentage fee. But those are --. But I would say they are not a

large part of our payment mix. That's not, 1 2 about 1% of our customers are using cards, not in - -. All of those transaction-based fees get 3 collected and reported on the monthly Citibank invoice we get. So right now we're paying, we 5 6 pay a once-a-month invoice to Citibank to cover 7 Citi's cost, for all the paper-based payment 8 costs and all the electronic processor costs. 9 What would happen in the new state is just the 10 electronic processing costs would come out from 11 under the Citibank contract, and we'd be getting 12 a second monthly invoice from Paymentus. 13 would report the exact number, a mix of payments. And then depending on what it was, 14 15 whether it was an ACH or a different, or 16 obviously a Venmo payment, there would be a 17 different per-transaction cost. So you'd see a 18 long list of payment channels. Then volumes 19 multiply by, - - per-transaction rate. Again, 2.0 the one variance in that would be the credit 2.1 card transactions where you'd see a percentage 22 of the dollars that's the basis for the fee. 23 But those are again 1 to 2% of the dollars we actually collect and not most - -. 24 MR. GOLDIN: And have we looked at, into 25

1 which the per-transaction fees are

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competitive? I know you said that this vendor would result in some additional expense, albeit relative to the contract that had been negotiated some time ago. But just in terms of the individual transaction fees, because we're talking about so many specific transactions, and even though we're talking about pennies, I think it's just important that we have a sense as to whether it is, the offering is consistent on a general basis with market pricing.

MR. NAZEM: I think the answer to that is yes. It is a step up in terms of fees. It will again be invisible to nearly all customers; I'll start with that since the board absorbs the cost of everything besides those card payment fees. So there's no customer impact either way. In terms of no, that doesn't mean we're indifferent to it of course. I think the overall, I think the overall balance, is there is as step up in the transaction fees. It is meaningful. It's not a tiny step, but it is a step up worth mentioning. We thought that was an acceptable thing for the board to do, again for the reasons, that you're getting those additional

payment channels, you're skipping probably a year's worth of software development that would be required to get the incumbent vendor to where they need to be to even match out-of-the-box functionality. You've got some security enhancements as well because - - automatically will allow the source code updates any time they - -. Hopefully not, but if there's ever a security issue identified, it gets fixed enterprise-wide on the Paymentus side to the automatic rollout of that source code. We get real-time posting of payments as well, which is when you pay your bill, it's immediately reflected in the payment billing system.

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Right now there's a lag of several hours or even a day because the data file exchange has to happen. So I would say although there is a step-up in cost, we think it's consistent where the market is today. And we think it's acceptable both because of the enhanced functionality, the enhanced payment channels, and the additional security we're getting. So it's not, it wasn't a stretch to optimize just for price comparison. It was - - of the whole package of things we'd get the customer in terms

of their optionality and their security and does that justify the cost step-up, the conclusion was yes, it does.

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MR. GOLDIN: Thank you. Yeah, it sounds like your process was thorough in determining that it was a superior alternative. And I was just trying to get a sense as to whether the pricing was generally consistent with what other vendors would be charging in the market these days. And it sounds like you're comfortable that that is in fact the case.

MR. NAZEM: That's correct, yes, on a fully
- -, that's correct.

MR. GOLDIN: And just my last question is, is there, are we paying them a fee in addition to the per-contract, per-transaction fee? Or is it only the per-transaction fee that they get paid?

MR. NAZEM: Yeah, there's a de minimis, there's a few thousand dollars fixed cost we pay. But no, 99% of the money is variable transaction-based. There's a de minimis fixed cost.

MR. GOLDIN: Great, thank you.

MR. CARNEY: Omar, thank you. Are there

other questions for Omar? I do have a couple,
Omar. This is a potential 11-year commitment
that will not exceed \$8 million. Am I reading
the last paragraph of the resolution correctly?
Five years and two three-year extensions.

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MR. NAZEM: Well not exactly. I think the intent of the resolution is to assure funding for the first five years. I think it's likely we, if we do exercise the extension, this would cover those periods as well. But we generally don't seek funding to cover extension periods under vendor agreements that haven't had the options exercised yet. So I would describe this really as funding for the five-year initial term. And then if we...

MR. CARNEY: But then shouldn't, I'm sorry, shouldn't we say that? Shouldn't this last paragraph be revised to say what you've just said? We can vote on it today Omar if you'd like, that's fine, as long as we all understand-

MR. NAZEM: [Interposing] I think that's a reasonable amendment, yes, yes. That - - more closely, absolutely.

MR. CARNEY: So we're talking about a five-

1 year term that may cost \$8 million. And in 2 addition, there are two three-year extensions, the cost of which is unknown now, the aggregate 3 4 cost of which is unknown. MR. NAZEM: I wouldn't say, I'd say we 5 6 wouldn't want to seek funding prior to 7 exercising an option. 8 MR. CARNEY: Yes, I think we're saying the 9 same thing. 10 MR. NAZEM: Okay. 11 MR. CARNEY: I'm not suggesting that we 12 recognize what the extensions may cost us now. 13 I'm saying, I think you're saying that the twoyear, the two three-year extensions will be at a 14 15 cost that we cannot recognize now. 16 MR. NAZEM: Yes, I'm saying we can't ask for 17 money before we've exercised the option to 18 actually extend the... 19 MR. CARNEY: Yeah, of course. And we may 2.0 not--2.1 [Crosstalk] 22 MR. CARNEY: It may be that at the end of 23 five years, we don't like these - - and we can move forward--2.4

MR. NAZEM: [Interposing] Exactly, exactly.

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1 MR. CARNEY: Okay, all right. And how does the cost, the five-year cost at \$8 million, 2 compared to what we're spending now? 3 I mean I understand the increased functionality; I understand that there is additional security. 5 6 But I'm unclear as to what we're paying for a 7 service now, that we think is less than what 8 we're getting. And such that I can compare 9 apples to apples.

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MR. NAZEM: So the old MV [phonetic] pool right now is about \$800,000 a year for everything, for paper and electronic. The - - pool, if we go to Paymentus will be about \$1.2 million a year for everything. But the step-up is entirely on the electronic payment side.

MR. CARNEY: So the difference, the annual cost difference is about \$400,000.

MR. NAZEM: Correct, correct - - 400.

That's again the combination of the inflationary step-up, the security enhancements, the functionality, et cetera.

MR. CARNEY: Omar, may I suggest then that on a six-month or rolling basis or a 12-month, staff should decide what it wants to do, we get an update on how this new, once we vote, on how

the new vendors are performing?

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MR. NAZEM: Yes, absolutely. We can do quarterly. I think, if you go back in the distant past, if you look at what we did when the 2012-13 arrangement went into place, I think we did some reporting to the board along those lines. It became less frequent as the kind of confidence grew in that, we can go back to quarterly briefings. I think that would be completely reasonable and not a big ask of us. We could have a comprehensive financial - quarterly with a big focus on how the electronic side of things is doing. We can absolutely do that for the board.

MR. CARNEY: It'll work for me, Omar. Thank you. Are there other questions for Omar on this resolution?

MR. RODRIGUEZ: Mr. Chairman, it's the secretary. And this is a question for the board and Mr. Nazem. So I would suggest that the last resolve of the resolution read as follows.

Resolve that the total compensation for services performed for the initial five-year term shall not exceed \$8 million of board funds. Is that what you all agree to?

1 MR. CARNEY: Sounds Al like that's what we 2 agreed to. Do the other members agree that that's where we are? 3 4 MR. FREED: Yes. 5 MR. CARNEY: Okay, terrific. 6 MR. RODRIGUEZ: Okay, so we'll show that 7 that resolution will be for the record when it's 8 entered into the record, that last sentence will 9 read as we just stated. 10 MR. CARNEY: Thank you very much, Al. May I 11 have a motion please to approve the resolution 12 as amended? 13 MR. FREED: Member Freed so moves. 14 MR. CARNEY: Adam, thank you very much. Ιs 15 there a second? 16 MR. GOLDIN: Member Goldin, second. 17 MR. CARNEY: Jon, thank you very much. 18 Again, rather than asking for a voice vote, are 19 there any objections to the approval of the 2.0 resolution as amended? Hearing none, the 2.1 resolution is approved unanimously. Thank you 22 very much, thank you all very much. The next-23 to-last agenda item is the financial update. 2.4 MR. NAZEM: It's Omar again. This is a 25 short, it's a one-pager. We gave a long update

quite recently. The message is actually very much the same from the last meeting. And to put this into short, succinct sentences, revenues are ahead of plan. We are doing better than we had budgeted for in terms of revenues at this time of the year, number one. Number two, we are nonetheless down compared to last year, year over year, mainly, I would say entirely because of the impact, the knock-on effects of the pandemic.

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And then three, we are seeing an increase in delinquencies compared to where we were this time last year. To put some specific numbers on those, through the 17th, which was Tuesday of this week, operating revenues were \$1.84 billion. That was 9% ahead of where we were budgeted to be this time of year, and we set the budget in June. That's a positive variance of \$153 million. That is, however if you compare through November 17<sup>th</sup>, 2020 to November 17<sup>th</sup>, 2019, one year ago, we are down 6.2%. And that is a negative 122 million variance. So doing better than we had thought we would, and we - conservative budget, I think we all agree is prudent. And we're outperforming that, which is

very good. But we are nonetheless down from last year by over \$100 million. On the revenue, that's the big picture.

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If you go to what's going on with the water consumption, and just for the public's benefit, most of our customers are billed on a meter basis, which means we know how much water is being used. That's a pretty good predictor of where your revenue is going to come in, 'cause you charge them a dollar rate times the amount of water. So it's a good leading indicator of where revenues are headed. And then you - - back into what's going on out there in the economy by looking at who's using more, who's using less.

If you go through the fiscal year-to-date through the end of October, you've got some pretty wide variances here. Residential water use is up about 2% compared to where it was last year, October 2019. But meter consumption by commercial customers is down nearly 21% compared to last year, a reflection, I think the very intuitive change in where people are spending their time with the variance transit disruptions and lockdowns and work-from-home arrangements

the pandemic has led everyone to adopt, or led many to adopt.

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If you look at what's going on with delinquencies, this is kind of the flipside of that revenue decline. If the customers aren't paying as much money, it's got to pop up somewhere. Well it's popping up in the amount owed balance, the accounts receivable balance. And as that balance ages, it flips from this normal money owed into a delinquency-type thing, and then we start reporting on that and start paying attention to that.

The overall delinquent dollars which were past the due date on the invoice was 21%, or almost 21% higher at the end of October 2020 compared to last year. And that was a combination of two things. The main thing it was, was we had over 16,000 more delinquent accounts in October 2020 than we did last year. We also had a very slightly higher average delinquency balance. But really the main effect was just more accounts were delinquent, because of the economic hardship that the pandemic has caused and continues to cause.

If you drill down on how that almost 21%

increase in dollar delinguencies is spread out, all subcategories of water accounts have seen an increase in delinquencies. But again, there is some considerable variability in where it comes from. Smaller residential properties, the tax class one properties are up 15% compared 7 to last year. The larger residential properties, those four-unit and up properties, 9 are 21% higher compared to, or 20.6, almost 21%, compared to last year. And commercial property 11 is mimicking that big consumption decline we just talked about, are up 41% year over year. 13 So they're reflecting the different levels of stress that are being experienced by owners of 15 these properties. That's it for the updates. 16 Those are kind of the key statistics on where we 17 It's a similar story to what we told the 18 board previously. Can I answer any questions 19 about any of that?

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MR. CARNEY: None here, Omar. Are there questions from other members? Hearing none--

MR. FREED: [Interposing] I guess one question I have is has there been any thought around what the rebound may look like or not from an economic recovery or not in terms of,

are we projecting that the rate of delinquent accounts continues to increase and the average amount goes up, do we think there'll be a leveling off? Or is it a V or U or W-shaped recovery that we'll see - - just thinking, we're thinking about these different scenarios as it comes to future budgeting and funding requirements.

MR. MURIN: Jon, this is Joe Murin, the executive director.

MR. NAZEM: Joe, I'm sorry; that was Adam.

MR. FREED: It was Adam.

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MR. MURIN: Adam, I'm sorry; I'm sorry. But at this point, I would say no. We're just still trying to bring in the information, best estimate where it's going. And we've been working closely with both the authority in terms of what they're doing in the bond offerings, as well as with OMB [phonetic], in terms of how they're looking at some of the economic factors that are coming into play.

So I think we're still continuing to be, to Omar's point, looking, being, trying to be optimistic, but also being duly cautious as well, in terms of how we're proceeding and what

we're looking at both for the short term and the long term in terms of the capital programs as well as on the expend side as well.

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MR. CARNEY: Joe, that's a great segue into the information that I asked for that the board has now received. We have a fixed procedure for dealing with delinquencies. That procedure hasn't changed. We are I'm sure trying to be as reasonable as possible. But have we looked at the prospect of changing the procedures in any way, given that we have no way to project?

Omar's 41% number was a bit scary for me. Real, but scary. Are we looking at whether or not we can ease any of the pain of those folks who are delinquent and where those delinquencies are increasing, both in percentage and in dollar amount?

MR. MURIN: Where we are considering, I don't want to I think it's still early for us to say how we're going to proceed, though. I think one thing that we're very hopeful is that there is presumably going to be a new administration within the federal government starting January  $22^{nd}$  I believe. And we're hopeful that that may have some easing of impact, both either another

stimulus bill, or an infrastructure bill or both.

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And that will help us, and that will hopefully help our customers as well. And that will then help guide us in terms of what measures we may or may not have to take in terms of mitigating those delinquencies. And we reported that when we gave the financial update back in, a month or so ago.

When the stimulus checks were going out during the early part, in the spring and the summer, we had that uptick, and then we had a decline because people I think were reallocating the funding they were getting from the federal government to go and pay their bills. Should we get another round of funding like that coming out of the federal government, that probably will help us as well. And that would mitigate hopefully any measures we would have to take.

So again, I think we're just being very cautious, and we're trying to think things through. But we're very much aware of I think what you and the other board members brought up at the last meeting, in making sure that we're keeping the most vulnerable uppermost in our

mind while also making sure that we're still maintaining and collecting enough money to keep the system running, and seeing how we could take measures both on the day-to-day expense side as well as in looking at the capital programs to say how do we, if we need to come back even from where we are now, what are those measures that we would have to do. And we're working closely with OMB in terms of, that they will go through and do their January update on the capital and expense budget, and we expect to work closely with them at that time.

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MR. CARNEY: So thank you. Are there questions from any of the other members?

Hearing none, a couple of things before we close the meeting. I did not thank Jeff and Albert and Cecil for their presentation at the end of their presentation. It was excellent, and I was grateful to hear it, grateful to receive it, good information. I also did not thank them for this beautiful photograph that they used - -.

It's just unbelievable, just a beautiful picture. So for the record, I want to thank the group for the quality of that presentation. Is there any other business to come before the

1	board? Hearing none, may I have a motion
2	please to adjourn the meeting?
3	MR. GOLDIN: I'll make that motion, Mr.
4	Chairman. This is Chairman Goldin.
5	MR. CARNEY: Thank you, Jon. Is there a
6	second?
7	MR. FREED: I'll second, Adam Freed.
8	MR. CARNEY: Thank you, Adam. Hearing no
9	objections, the meeting is adjourned. Thank you
10	all very much.
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## C E R T I F I C A T E

The prior proceedings were transcribed from audio files and have been transcribed to the best of my ability. I further certify that I am not connected by blood, marriage or employment with any of the parties herein nor interested directly or indirectly in the matter transcribed.

Signature Aune Edelmann

Date November 23, 2020

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