

SECTION 055113 – METAL PAN STAIRS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

1. Preassembled steel stairs with concrete-filled [**or**] [**quarry tile**] treads.
2. Steel tube railings and guards attached to metal stairs.
3. Steel tube handrails attached to walls adjacent to metal stairs.
4. Repair stair and landings.

B. Related Sections:

1. Section 033000 – Cast-in-Place Concrete.
2. Section 055213 – Pipe and Tube Railings (for wall railings adjacent to metal stairs).
3. Section 062023 – Interior Finish carpentry (for handrails).
4. Section 093000 – Tiling (for walls and metal pan stair treads).
5. Section 099123 – Interior Painting.

C. Reference and Industry Standards

1. The following industry standards shall be applicable to this Section:
 - ASCE (American Society of Civil Engineers)
 - ASTM (American Society for Testing and Materials)
 - AWS (American Welding Society)
 - NAAMM (National Association of Architectural Metal Manufacturers)
 - NOMMA (National Ornamental and Miscellaneous Metals Association)
 - SEI (Structural Engineering Institute)
 - SSPC (The Society for Protective Coatings)
2. The current Enterprise Green Communities (EGC) Criteria, and the current New York City Overlay.

D. The current NYC Overlay of the current Enterprise Green Communities Criteria:

1. Mandatory Requirements: See the NYC Overlay of the EGC reference standard for full specifications.
 - a. All projects must achieve compliance with the mandatory criteria that are applicable:
 - Criterion 6.4: Healthier Material Selection
 - Criterion 6.10: Construction Waste Management
2. Optional Project Requirements for Certification Points

- a. Additionally, rehab projects are required to achieve **55** optional points. Criteria with optional points related to this Specification Section include, but may not be limited to:

- Criterion 6.1: Ingredient Transparency for Material Health
- Criterion 6.2: Recycled Content and Ingredient Transparency
- Criterion 6.5: Environmentally Responsible Material Selection
- Criterion 6.10: Construction Waste Management

1.2 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate selection of shop primers with topcoats to be applied over them. Comply with paint and coating manufacturers' written instructions to ensure that shop primers and topcoats are compatible with one another.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For metal pan stairs and the following:

1. Woven-wire mesh.
2. Welded-wire mesh.
3. Shop primer products.
4. Nonslip-aggregate concrete finish.
5. Handrail wall brackets.

- B. Shop Drawings:

1. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
2. Indicate sizes of metal sections, thickness of metals, profiles, holes, and field joints.
3. Include plan at each level.
4. Indicate locations of anchors, weld plates, and blocking for attachment of wall-mounted handrails.

- C. Delegated-Design Submittal: For stairs [**railings, and guards**], including analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified Professional Engineer, licensed in the State of New York, responsible for their preparation.

1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Welding certificates.
- B. Documentation for compliance with Enterprise Green Communities criteria.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and personnel according to the following:

1. AWS D1.1, Structural Welding Code - Steel.
2. AWS D1.3, Structural Welding Code - Sheet Steel.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Structural Performance of Stairs: Metal stairs shall withstand the effects of gravity loads and the following loads and stresses within limits and under conditions indicated:
1. Uniform Load: 100 lbf/sq. ft..
 2. Concentrated Load: 300 lbf applied on an area of 4 sq. in..
 3. Uniform and concentrated loads need not be assumed to act concurrently.
 4. Stair Framing: Capable of withstanding stresses resulting from railing and guard loads in addition to loads specified above.
 5. Limit deflection of treads, platforms, and framing members to $[L/360]$ <Insert deflection ratio> or 1/4 inch, whichever is less.
- B. Structural Performance of Railings and Guards: Railings and guards, including attachment to building construction, shall withstand the effects of gravity loads and the following loads and stresses within limits and under conditions indicated:
1. Handrails and Top Rails of Guards:
 - a. Uniform load of 50 lbf/ft. applied in any direction.
 - b. Concentrated load of 200 lbf applied in any direction.
 - c. Uniform and concentrated loads need not be assumed to act concurrently.
 2. Infill of Guards:
 - a. Concentrated load of 50 lbf applied horizontally on an area of 1 sq. ft..
 - b. Infill load and other loads need not be assumed to act concurrently.
- C. Seismic Performance of Stairs: Metal stairs shall withstand the effects of earthquake motions determined according to ASCE/SEI 7.

2.2 METALS

- A. Steel Plates, Shapes, and Bars: ASTM A36.
- B. Steel Tubing for Railings and Guards: ASTM A500 (cold formed) or ASTM A513.
- C. Steel Pipe for Railings and Guards: ASTM A53, Type F or Type S, Grade A, Standard Weight (Schedule 40), unless another grade and weight are required by structural loads.
- D. Uncoated, Cold-Rolled Steel Sheet: ASTM A1008, either commercial steel, Type B, or structural steel, Grade 25, unless another grade is required by design loads; exposed.
- E. Uncoated, Hot-Rolled Steel Sheet: ASTM A1011, either commercial steel, Type B, or structural steel, Grade 30, unless another grade is required by design loads.
- F. Woven-Wire Mesh: Intermediate-crimp, [**diamond**] [**square**] pattern, 2-inch woven-wire mesh, made from 0.135-inch nominal-diameter steel wire complying with ASTM A510.

2.3 FASTENERS

- A. General: Provide zinc-plated fasteners with coating complying with ASTM B633 or ASTM F1941, Class Fe/Zn 12 for exterior use, and Class Fe/Zn 5 where built into exterior walls.
 - 1. Select fasteners for type, grade, and class required.
- B. Fasteners for Anchoring Railings and Guards to Other Construction: Select fasteners of type, grade, and class required to produce connections suitable for anchoring railings and guards to other types of construction indicated [**and capable of withstanding design loads**].

2.4 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. Handrail Wall Brackets: **Cast** aluminum center of rail [**2-1/2 inches**] [**3-1/8 inches**] <**Insert dimension**> from face of wall.
- B. Shop Primers: Provide primers that comply with *Section 099123 – Interior Painting*.

2.5 FABRICATION, GENERAL

- A. Provide complete stair assemblies, including metal framing, hangers, struts, [**railings, and guards,**] clips, brackets, bearing plates, and other components necessary to support and anchor stairs and platforms on supporting structure.
 - 1. Join components by welding unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. Use connections that maintain structural value of joined pieces.
- B. Assemble stairs [, **railings, and guards**] in shop to greatest extent possible.
 - 1. Disassemble units only as necessary for shipping and handling limitations.
 - 2. Clearly mark units for reassembly and coordinated installation.
- C. Cut, drill, and punch metals cleanly and accurately.
 - 1. Remove burrs and ease edges to a radius of approximately 1/32 inch unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. Remove sharp or rough areas on exposed surfaces.
- D. Form bent-metal corners to smallest radius possible without causing grain separation or otherwise impairing work.
- E. Form exposed work with accurate angles and surfaces and straight edges.
- F. Weld connections to comply with the following:
 - 1. Use materials and methods that minimize distortion and develop strength and corrosion resistance of base metals.
 - 2. Obtain fusion without undercut or overlap.
 - 3. Remove welding flux immediately.
 - 4. Weld exposed corners and seams continuously unless otherwise indicated.

5. At exposed connections, finish exposed welds to comply with NOMMA's Voluntary Joint Finish Standards for Finish # 4 - Good quality, uniform undressed weld with minimal splatter.
- G. Form exposed connections with hairline joints, flush and smooth, using concealed fasteners where possible.
1. Where exposed fasteners are required, use Phillips flat-head (countersunk) screws or bolts unless otherwise indicated.
 2. Locate joints where least conspicuous.
 3. Fabricate joints that will be exposed to weather in a manner to exclude water.
 4. Provide weep holes where water may accumulate internally.

2.6 FABRICATION OF STEEL-FRAMED STAIRS

- A. NAAMM Stair Standard: Comply with NAAMM AMP 510, Metal Stairs Manual, for Commercial Class, unless more stringent requirements are indicated.
- B. Stair Framing:
1. Fabricate stringers [**of steel plates**] [**or**] [**steel channels**].
 - a. Stringer Size: MC10 x 8.4 or approved equivalent.
 - b. Provide closures for exposed ends of channel and rectangular tube stringers.
 - c. Finish: Shop primed.
 2. Construct platforms of steel [**plate**] [**or**] [**channel**] [**or**] [**rectangular tube**] headers and miscellaneous framing members.
 - a. Provide closures for exposed ends of channel and rectangular tube framing.
 - b. Finish: Shop primed.
 3. Weld [**or bolt**] stringers to headers; weld [**or bolt**] framing members to stringers and headers. [**If using bolts, fabricate and join so bolts are not exposed on finished surfaces.**]
 4. Where stairs are enclosed by gypsum board [**shaft-wall**] assemblies, provide hanger rods or struts to support landings from floor construction above or below.
 - a. Locate hanger rods and struts where they do not encroach on required stair width and are within the fire-resistance-rated stair enclosure.
 5. Where masonry walls support metal stairs, provide temporary supporting struts designed for erecting steel stair components before installing masonry.
- C. Metal Pan Stairs: Form risers, subtread pans, and subplatforms to configurations shown from steel sheet of thickness needed to comply with performance requirements, but not less than 0.067 inch.
1. Fabricate treads and landing subplatforms of exterior stairs so finished walking surfaces slope to drain.
 2. Steel Sheet: Uncoated, [**cold**] [**hot**]-rolled steel sheet [**unless otherwise indicated**].

3. Directly weld metal pans to stringers; locate welds on top of subtreads where they will be concealed by concrete fill. Do not weld risers to stringers.
4. Attach risers and subtreads to stringers with brackets made of steel angles or bars. Weld brackets to stringers and attach metal pans to brackets by welding, riveting, or bolting.
5. Shape metal pans to include nosing integral with riser.
6. Attach abrasive nosings to risers.
7. At Contractor's option, provide stair assemblies with metal pan subtreads filled with reinforced concrete during fabrication.
8. Provide subplatforms of configuration indicated or, if not indicated, the same as subtreads. Weld subplatforms to platform framing.
 - a. Smooth Soffit Construction: Construct subplatforms with flat metal under surfaces to produce smooth soffits.

2.7 FABRICATION OF STAIR RAILINGS AND GUARDS

- A. Comply with applicable requirements in *Section 055213 Pipe and Tube Railings*.
- B. Fabricate railings and guards to comply with requirements indicated for design, dimensions, details, finish, and member sizes, including wall thickness of member, post spacings, wall bracket spacing, and anchorage, but not less than that needed to withstand indicated loads.
 1. Rails and Posts: [**1-5/8-inch-diameter**] [**1-1/2-inch-square**] top and bottom rails and 1-1/2-inch-square posts.
 2. Picket Infill: [**1/2-inch-**] [**3/4-inch-**] [**round**] [**square**] pickets spaced to prohibit the passage of a 4-inch diameter sphere.
 3. Expanded-Metal Infill: Expanded-metal panels edged with U-shaped channels made from steel sheet and not less than 0.043 inch thick. Orient expanded metal with long dimension of diamonds [**parallel to top rail**] [**perpendicular to top rail**] [**vertical**].
 4. Mesh Infill: [**Woven**] [**Welded**]-wire mesh crimped into 1-by-1/2-by-1/8-inch steel channel frames. Orient wire mesh with [**diamonds vertical**] [**wires perpendicular and parallel to top rail**] [**wires horizontal and vertical**].
 5. Intermediate Rails Infill: [**1-5/8-inch-diameter**] [**1-1/2-inch-square**] intermediate rails spaced less than [**12 inches**] [**21 inches**] clear.
- C. Welded Connections: Fabricate railings and guards with welded connections.
 1. Fabricate connections that are exposed to weather in a manner that excludes water.
 - a. Provide weep holes where water may accumulate internally.
 2. Cope components at connections to provide close fit, or use fittings designed for this purpose.
 3. Weld all around at connections, including at fittings.

4. Use materials and methods that minimize distortion and develop strength and corrosion resistance of base metals.
 5. Obtain fusion without undercut or overlap.
 6. Remove flux immediately.
 7. Finish welds to comply with NOMMA's Voluntary Joint Finish Standards for Finish #4 - Good quality, uniform undressed weld with minimal splatter as shown in NAAMM AMP 521.
- D. Form changes in direction of railings and guards as follows:
1. As detailed.
 2. By bending [**or by inserting prefabricated elbow fittings**].
 3. By flush bends [**or by inserting prefabricated flush-elbow fittings**].
 4. By radius bends of radius indicated [**or by inserting prefabricated elbow fittings of radius indicated**].
 5. By inserting prefabricated [**elbow fittings**] [**flush-elbow fittings**] [**elbow fittings of radius indicated**].
- E. For changes in direction made by bending, use jigs to produce uniform curvature for each repetitive configuration required. Maintain cross section of member throughout entire bend without buckling, twisting, cracking, or otherwise deforming exposed surfaces of components.
- F. Close exposed ends of railing and guard members with prefabricated end fittings.
- G. Provide wall returns at ends of wall-mounted handrails unless otherwise indicated.
1. Close ends of returns unless clearance between end of rail and wall is 1/4 inch or less.
- H. Connect posts to stair framing by direct welding unless otherwise indicated.
- I. Brackets, Flanges, Fittings, and Anchors: Provide wall brackets, end closures, flanges, miscellaneous fittings, and anchors for interconnecting components and for attaching to other work.
1. Furnish inserts and other anchorage devices for connecting to concrete or masonry work.
 2. Provide ferrous-metal fittings, brackets, fasteners, and sleeves, except galvanize anchors embedded in exterior masonry and concrete construction.
 3. Provide type of bracket [**with flange tapped for concealed anchorage to threaded hanger bolt**] [**with predrilled hole for exposed bolt anchorage**] and that provides 1-1/2-inch clearance from inside face of handrail to finished wall surface.
- J. Fillers: Provide fillers made from steel plate, or other suitably crush-resistant material, where needed to transfer wall bracket loads through wall finishes to structural supports.
1. Size fillers to suit wall finish thicknesses and to produce adequate bearing area to prevent bracket rotation and overstressing of substrate.

2.8 FINISHES

- A. Finish metal stairs after assembly.
- B. Preparation for Shop Priming: Prepare uncoated, ferrous-metal surfaces to comply with SSPC-SP 3, Power Tool Cleaning.
- C. Apply shop primer to uncoated surfaces of metal stair components, except those with galvanized finishes and those to be embedded in concrete or masonry unless otherwise indicated. Comply with SSPC-PA 1, Paint Application Specification No. 1: Shop, Field, and Maintenance Painting of Steel, for shop painting.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION OF METAL PAN STAIRS

- A. Fastening to In-Place Construction: Provide anchorage devices and fasteners where necessary for securing metal stairs to in-place construction.
 - 1. Include threaded fasteners for concrete and masonry inserts, through-bolts, lag bolts, and other connectors.
- B. Cutting, Fitting, and Placement: Perform cutting, drilling, and fitting required for installing metal stairs. Set units accurately in location, alignment, and elevation, measured from established lines and levels and free of rack.
- C. Install metal stairs by welding stair framing to steel structure or to weld plates cast into concrete unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Grouted Baseplates: Clean concrete- and masonry-bearing surfaces of bond-reducing materials, and roughen surfaces prior to setting plates.
 - a. Clean bottom surface of plates.
 - b. Set plates for structural members on wedges, shims, or setting nuts.
 - c. Tighten anchor bolts after supported members have been positioned and plumbed.
 - d. Do not remove wedges or shims but, if protruding, cut off flush with edge of plate before packing with grout.
 - e. Promptly pack grout solidly between bearing surfaces and plates so no voids remain.
 - 1) Neatly finish exposed surfaces; protect grout and allow to cure.
 - 2) Comply with manufacturer's written installation instructions for shrinkage-resistant grouts.
- D. Provide temporary bracing or anchors in formwork for items that are to be built into concrete, masonry, or similar construction.
- E. Fit exposed connections accurately together to form hairline joints.
 - 1. Weld connections that are not to be left as exposed joints but cannot be shop welded because of shipping size limitations.

2. Do not weld, cut, or abrade surfaces of exterior units that have been hot-dip galvanized after fabrication and are for bolted or screwed field connections.
3. Comply with requirements for welding in "Fabrication, General" Article.

F. Place and finish concrete fill for treads and platforms to comply with *Section 033000 – Cast-in-Place Concrete*.

G. Install precast concrete treads with adhesive supplied by manufacturer.

3.2 INSTALLATION OF RAILINGS AND GUARDS

A. Adjust railing and guard systems before anchoring to ensure matching alignment at abutting joints with tight, hairline joints.

1. Space posts at spacing indicated or, if not indicated, as required by design loads.
2. Plumb posts in each direction, within a tolerance of 1/16 inch in 3 feet.
3. Align rails and guards so variations from level for horizontal members and variations from parallel with rake of stairs for sloping members do not exceed 1/4 inch in 12 feet.
4. Secure posts, rail ends, and guard ends to building construction as follows:
 - a. Anchor posts to steel by [**welding**] [**or**] [**bolting**] to steel supporting members.
 - b. Anchor handrail and guards ends to concrete and masonry with steel round flanges welded to rail and guard ends and anchored with post-installed anchors and bolts.

B. Attach handrails to wall with wall brackets.

1. Locate brackets as indicated or, if not indicated, at spacing required to support structural loads.
2. Secure wall brackets to building construction as required to comply with performance requirements.

3.3 REPAIR

A. Touchup Painting: Immediately after erection, clean field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas of shop paint, and paint exposed areas with same material as used for shop painting to comply with SSPC-PA 1 for touching up shop-painted surfaces.

1. Apply by brush or spray to provide a minimum 2.0-mil dry film thickness.

B. Touchup Painting: Cleaning and touchup painting of field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas of shop paint are specified in *Section 099113 – Exterior Painting* and *Section 099123 – Interior Painting*.

END OF SECTION 055113