

Tuberculosis in NYC, 2023



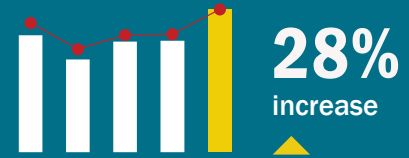
There were **684** confirmed tuberculosis (TB) cases identified in New York City (NYC) in 2023, an increase of 28% from 2022. This represents the highest number of cases confirmed in NYC since 2011.

684

Number of TB cases confirmed

7.8

TB rate per 100,000 people



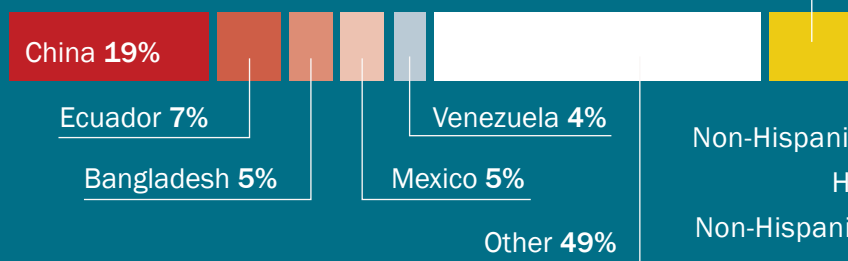
68

Number of countries of birth represented among people with TB

89%

Percentage of TB cases among people born outside the U.S.

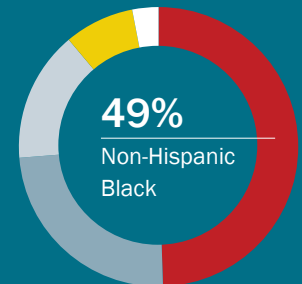
Most common country of birth among people with TB:



U.S. **11%**

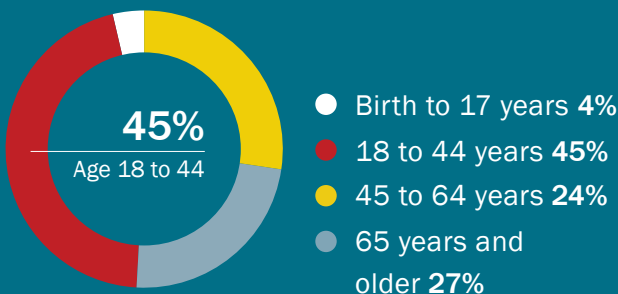
Race and ethnicity among people born in the U.S.¹:

Non-Hispanic Black **49%**
Hispanic **24%**
Non-Hispanic white **15%**
Asian **8%**
Other/Multiple **3%**



1. Does not include people of multiple, other or unknown races or ethnicities.

Age in years among people with TB:



TB cases by gender²:



2. People for whom gender identity was listed only as transgender are excluded from this figure.

13

Number of people diagnosed with a multidrug-resistant (MDR) TB³ strain



13%

Percentage of TB cases among people with history of homelessness⁴

19

Number of NYC neighborhoods⁵ with a TB rate higher than the 2023 citywide rate⁶

3. Defined as resistance to at least isoniazid and rifampin. One person was diagnosed with extensively drug-resistant (XDR) TB in 2023, defined as resistance to at least isoniazid and rifampin plus a fluoroquinolone and either a second-line injectable anti-TB medication, bedaquiline or linezolid. 4. In the 12 months before TB diagnosis. 5. Defined by United Hospital Fund neighborhood designation (42). 6. Rates are per 100,000.