Health Epi Data Brief May 2021, No. 123

Inequities in Experiences of the COVID-19 Pandemic, New York City

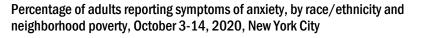
Persistent structural and institutional racism in NYC have created inequitable health, social, and economic outcomes rooted in white supremacy.¹ Consistent with past public health emergencies and many chronic diseases, Latino/a and Black people and those in low income neighborhoods are disproportionately impacted by COVID-19.²

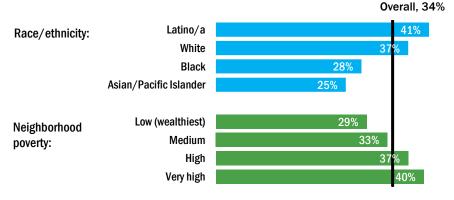
As of November 19, 2020, Latino/a and Black New Yorkers had died from COVID-19 at twice the rate of White New Yorkers (264 and 247 vs. 126 per 100,000 people, respectively).³ Chronic health conditions are linked to more severe COVID-19 illness and death.⁴ Many of these chronic conditions result from structural racism in health care and historical disinvestment in neighborhoods where New Yorkers of color, New Yorkers living in poverty, and those experiencing multiple, intersecting forms of discrimination reside. Although staying home and practicing social distancing have been critical interventions during the COVID-19 pandemic, frontline essential workers have continued to work during the pandemic in settings where social distancing is difficult, in businesses that sustain NYC and benefit other New Yorkers. Three-quarters of NYC's frontline essential workers — which include direct-service workers in grocery, pharmacy, transit, delivery, cleaning, health care, and social services — are people of color, and more than half were born outside of the U.S.⁵

Public opinion polling is a valuable tool to measure how people experience government policies and whether experiences differ across marginalized groups. The NYC Health Department conducted five health opinion polls (HOP) from March through October 2020, with varying questions in each poll to understand New Yorkers' evolving knowledge and perceptions of the outbreak response and their emotional and financial experiences throughout the COVID-19 pandemic. These data provide direction for action in responding to New Yorkers' needs as the City continues to confront the COVID-19 pandemic.

Residents of higher poverty neighborhoods were more likely to report symptoms of anxiety

- During the week of April 16, 2020, more than half of New Yorkers (52%) reported symptoms of anxiety related to COVID-19.
- In October 2020, one-third of respondents reported symptoms of anxiety. Anxiety was more common among Latino/a (41%) and White (37%) compared with Black (28%) and Asian/Pacific Islander (25%) respondents, and was more common among respondents living in highpoverty (37%) and very highpoverty (40%) neighborhoods compared with those living in low-poverty neighborhoods (29%).





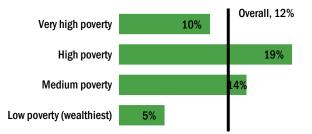
Asian/Pacific Islander (API), White, and Black race categories exclude Latino/a ethnicity. Latino/a includes Hispanic or Latino of any race.

Neighborhood poverty (based on ZIP code) = the percentage of residents living below the Federal Poverty Line per American Community Survey 2013-2017: Low= <10%, Medium= 10-<20%. High= 20-<30%, Very high= >30%. *Source: New York City Health Opinion Poll, October 3-14, 2020.*

Latino/a adults and residents of higher poverty neighborhoods experienced greater unmet need for mental and physical health care

- In April 2020, 13% of respondents reported needing mental health care and not getting it; this was higher among Latino/a (17%) than White (11%) and API adults (10%). This was similar overall in October (14%) but higher among White (17%) and Latino/a (21%) compared with Black (8%) and Asian/Pacific Islander (3%) respondents.
- In April 2020, 12% of respondents reported avoiding care for symptoms related to COVID-19 due to potential cost. Avoidance was higher among residents of medium (14%), high (19%), and very high poverty (10%) neighborhoods compared with residents of low poverty neighborhoods (5%).
- In October 2020, 35% of respondents reported that, since July 2020, they or someone in their household had avoided or delayed routine health care not related to COVID-19.

Percentage of adults reporting they avoided care for COVID-19 due to potential cost, by neighborhood poverty, April 16-23, 2020, New York City

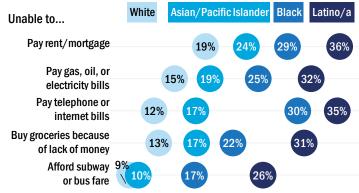


Neighborhood poverty (based on ZIP code) = the percentage of residents living below the Federal Poverty Line per American Community Survey 2013-2017: Low= <10%, Medium= 10-<20%. High= 20-<30%, Very high= \geq 30%. *Source: New York City Health Opinion Poll, April 16-23, 2020.*

Financial consequences of the COVID-19 pandemic disproportionately affected Latino/a, Black, and lower income New Yorkers

- In April 2020, 45% of respondents reported being financially stressed; financial stress was higher among Latino/a adults (54%) compared with White adults (38%). Financial stress remained high in October (46%), and the disparity between Latino/a and White adults persisted.
- Sources of reported financial stress included being unable to pay for the rent or mortgage (26%), utilities (22%), phone or internet bills (23%), groceries (21%), or public transportation (15%). The proportion of respondents reporting these difficulties did not decrease from April to October 2020; in fact, a greater proportion of respondents reported being unable to pay their subway or bus fare in October (20%) compared with April. These difficulties were more common among Latino/a and Black than White adults, adults living in low income versus higher income households, and adults living in medium, high, or very high poverty versus low poverty neighborhoods.
- In April 2020, New Yorkers reported that their household's ability to get the food they need had been affected by the COVID-19 pandemic because there were fewer items in stores (82%), stores had closed or had limited hours (79%), they had less income (52%), food support services they usually use had been reduced or cancelled (including school meals or senior center meals; 29%), and they had less access to emergency food sources (29%).

Percentage of adults reporting experiences of financial stress due to COVID-19, April 16-23, 2020, by race/ethnicity, New York City



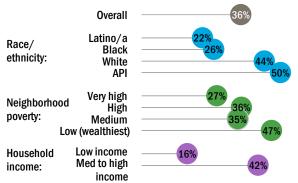
Asian/Pacific Islander, White, and Black race categories exclude Latino/a ethnicity. Latino/a includes Hispanic or Latino of any race. Source: New York City Health Opinion Poll, April 16-23, 2020.

- In April 2020, nearly half (47%) of adults reported that they or someone in their household had been laid off or had to work reduced hours because of the COVID-19 pandemic. This was more commonly reported by Black adults (51%) compared with White adults (43%). Overall, the proportion of adults reporting job loss in their household decreased in October, to 40%.
- Compared with April 2020, fewer respondents in October reported difficulties such as limited items or store hours, or less access to meal support or emergency food. However, increased food prices remained a commonly reported problem (71% in October vs. 74% in April).

New Yorkers living in higher poverty neighborhoods were less likely to work from home and more likely to use public transit than those in wealthier neighborhoods

• During the week of March 26, 2020, 36% of respondents reported working exclusively at home through telecommuting. White adults were more likely to work from home (44%) than Black (26%) or Latino/a adults (22%). People living in low poverty neighborhoods were more likely to work from home (47%) than those living in medium (35%) or very high poverty neighborhoods (27%), and people living in medium to high income households were more likely to work from home (42%) than those living in low income households (16%).

Percentage of adults reporting exclusively working from home, March 26-31, 2020, by race/ethnicity and neighborhood and household income, New York City



Asian/Pacific Islander (API), White, and Black race categories exclude Latino/a ethnicity. Latino/a includes Hispanic or Latino of any race. Neighborhood poverty (based on ZIP code) = the percentage of residents living below the Federal Poverty Line (FPL) per American Community Survey 2013-2017: Low= <10%, Medium= 10-<20%. High= 20-<30%, Very high= \geq 30%. Household income: low = <200% FPL; medium to high = \geq 200% FPL. *Source: New York City Health Opinion Poll, March 26-31, 2020.*

• In April 2020, 17% of respondents had used public transportation in the past week, with Black (22%) and Latino/a (21%) adults more likely and Asian/Pacific Islander adults (8%) less likely to do so than White adults (13%). Adults in very high (24%) and high poverty (22%) neighborhoods were more likely to have used public transportation than people in low poverty neighborhoods (11%). Adults in low income households were more likely to have used public transportation (20%) than those in medium to high income households (16%).

workplace encouraged and accommodated social distancing. This increased by May (94%).
During the week of March 9, 2020, 67% of respondents

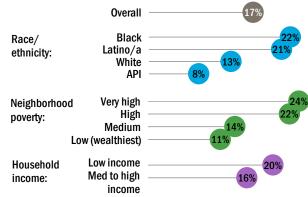
Among respondents working

2020, 83% said their

outside of the home in April

2020, 67% of respondents had avoided large gatherings of people because of the outbreak. By the weeks of March 26 and April 16, 2020, 96% and 94% of New Yorkers reported avoiding large gatherings, respectively, and 94% had stayed home and avoided others except for taking care of essential needs.

Percentage of adults reporting public transportation use in the past seven days by race/ethnicity and neighborhood and household income, April 16-23, 2020, New York City



Asian/Pacific Islander (API), White, and Black race categories exclude Latino/a ethnicity. Latino/a includes Hispanic or Latino of any race. Neighborhood poverty (based on ZIP code) = the percentage of residents living below the Federal Poverty Line (FPL) per American Community Survey 2013-2017: Low= <10%, Medium= 10-<20%. High= 20-<30%, Very high= \geq 30%. Household income: low = <200% FPL; medium to high = \geq 200% FPL. *Source: New York City Health Opinion Poll, April 16-23, 2020.*

Definitions: COVID-19 is an infectious disease caused by a coronavirus, SARS-CoV-2. The virus is mainly transmitted when an infected person coughs, sneezes, or exhales.6 Symptoms of anxiety measured using the Generalized Anxiety Disorder (GAD)-2 scale.7 Race/ethnicity For the purpose of this publication, Latino/a includes persons of Hispanic or Latino/a origin, as identified by the survey question "Are you Hispanic or Latino/a?" and regardless of reported race. Black, White, and Asian/Pacific Islander race categories exclude those who identified as Latino/a. Respondents who identified as White were the reference group for most statistical comparisons.

Neighborhood poverty

(based on ZIP code) is defined as the percentage of the population living below the Federal Poverty Line (FPL) based on the American Community Survey (2013-2017). Neighborhoods are categorized into four groups: "Low poverty" neighborhoods are those with <10% of the population living below the FPL; "Medium poverty" neighborhoods, 10-<20% below FPL; "High poverty" neighborhoods, 20-<30% below FPL; "Very high poverty" neighborhoods, ≥30% below FPL. Respondents in low poverty neighborhoods were used as the reference group for statistical comparisons. Household income Low income households had incomes less than 200% of FPL; medium-to-high income households had incomes greater than or equal to 200% of FPL.

Implications

The COVID-19 pandemic has highlighted numerous injustices for historically marginalized groups in NYC, including people of color and lower income New Yorkers. The disaggregation of these data by race and ethnicity, and by neighborhood poverty and household income, is essential to support pandemic response planning and the elimination of systemic and structural inequities. However, we were unable to provide estimates for certain groups with these HOP data, such as indigenous peoples of the Americas and people of mixed-race and LGBTQ+ experiences. In response to inequities in the experience of COVID-19, the City formed the Taskforce on Racial Inclusion & Equity in April 2020 to bring an equity-based approach to COVID-19 response and recovery efforts in the city's hardest-hit communities. The Health Department has developed an Equity Action Plan, which uses anti-racist strategies and community informed interventions to address the structural inequities that severely impact health outcomes. The City has also engaged community partners to identify relief strategies for communities impacted hardest by COVID-19. These include supporting small medical practices to continue to provide care in their communities and linking community groups and members to support services, as well as implementing hyper-local responses to increase COVID-19 testing and followup in neighborhoods with low testing but high positivity. Additional examples of support provided by the City include providing free legal assistance to tenants facing eviction, which is restricted during the pandemic by New York state law and federal order, as well as providing isolation hotel rooms for New Yorkers with COVID-19 who do not have a safe place to self-isolate. Beyond the immediate need to address health and social inequities during the COVID-19 pandemic, the NYC Health Department is committed to eliminating health inequities through ongoing efforts such as Take Care New York and the work of Neighborhood Health Action Centers.

Health equity is

attainment of the highest level of health and well-being for all people. Not all New Yorkers have the same opportunities to live a healthy life. Achieving health equity requires focused and ongoing efforts to address historical and contemporary injustices such as discrimination based on social position (e.g., class, immigration status) or social identities (e.g., race, gender, sexual orientation). For more information, visit the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's Health Equity page.

Data Source: NYC Health Opinion Poll (HOP) of adults ages 18 or older is implemented by the NYC Department of Health and Mental Hygiene to measure New Yorkers' knowledge, opinions, and experiences related to health. Five polls of about 1,200 adults each were fielded from March 9-12, March 26-31, and April 16-23, May 13-20, and October 3-14 in English, Spanish and Chinese (except October poll). Data were collected via nonprobability online panels and weighted to match the NYC population on borough, race/ethnicity, age, sex, and educational attainment per the 2013-2017 American Community Survey (ACS) for March and April polls, and per ACS 2014-2018 for May and October polls. Online panels have limitations such as coverage and selection bias, and low participation rates.

References:

1 Bailey ZD, Krieger N, Agénor M, Graves J, Linos N, Bassett MT. Structural racism and health inequities in the USA: evidence and interventions. *Lancet*. 2017; 389:1453-1463.

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3 NYC Department of Health and Mental Hygiene. COVID-19: Data. https://www1.nyc.gov/site/doh/covid/covid-19-data.page Accessed November 19, 2020.

4 Information for Healthcare Professionals: COVID-19 and Underlying Conditions. https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019ncov/hcp/underlying-conditions.html. Accessed April 6, 2020.

5 New York City's Frontline Workers. https://comptroller.nyc.gov/reports/new-york-citys-frontline-workers/. Accessed March 26, 2020. 6 Coronavirus. https://www.who.int/emergencies/diseases/novel-coronavirus-2019. Accessed April 24, 2020.

7 Kroenke K, Spitzer RL, Williams JB, Monahan PO, Löwe B. Anxiety disorders in primary care: prevalence, impairment, comorbidity, and detection. *Ann Intern Med*. 2007; 146:317-25.

Authors: Katherine Dobosh, Jenny Tiberio, Tenzin Yangchen Dongchung, Tamar Marder, Wen Qin Deng, Kinjia Hinterland, L. Hannah Gould, Amber Levanon Seligson, Sarah E. Dumas. Acknowledgements: Fangtao He, Christina Norman, Jennifer Hoenig Suggested citation: Dobosh K, Tiberio J, Dongchung TY, et al. Inequities in New Yorkers' Experiences of the COVID-19 Pandemic. New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene: Epi Data Brief (123); May 2021.

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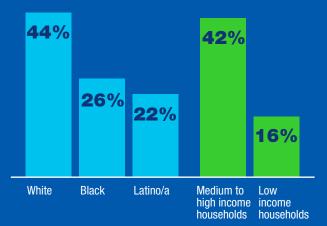


New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene

The COVID-19 Pandemic Magnified Inequities and Structural Racism in NYC

Existing Inequities in NYC Have Persisted During the Pandemic

After NYC shut down in March 2020, working from home was more available to White New Yorkers and people in higher income households.



Black New Yorkers (51%) were more likely than White New Yorkers (43%) to report job loss or working reduced hours due to the COVID-19 pandemic. **COVID-19 Has Caused Financial Hardships That Differ by Race and Ethnicity**

Due to financial difficulties caused by COVID-19, Latino/a and Black New Yorkers were 1.3 to 2 times more likely than White New Yorkers to report being unable to:

Pay rent or mortgage

- Pay for gas, oil or electricity bills
- Pay phone or internet bills
- Afford subway or bus fare

Afford
 groceries





October 2020

Advancing Health Equity Requires Focused and Ongoing Efforts

The NYC Health Department created the <u>Equity Action Plan</u>, which uses anti-racist strategies and community-informed interventions to address structural inequities.

NYC is:

- Working with community partners to understand and address community needs
- Providing emergency food assistance
- Offering free legal assistance to people facing eviction



Sources:

- Dobosh K, Tiberio J, Dongchung TY, et al. Inequities in New Yorkers' Experiences of the COVID-19 Pandemic. New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene: Epi Data Brief (123); May 2021. www1.nyc.gov/assets/doh/downloads/pdf/epi/databrief123.pdf.
- 2. NYC Health Department COVID-19 Equity Action Plan. June 2020. on.nyc.gov/equityplan.

April 2020





Epi Data Tables

May 2021, No. 123

Inequities in Experiences of the COVID-19 Pandemic, New York City

Data Tables

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Data Sources

NYC Health Opinion Poll (HOP) of adults ages 18 or older is implemented by the NYC Department of Health and Mental Hygiene to measure New Yorkers' knowledge, opinions, and experiences related to health. Five polls of about 1,200 adults each were fielded from March 9-12, March 26-31, and April 16-23, May 13-20, and October 3-14 in English, Spanish and Chinese (except October poll). Data were collected via nonprobability online panels and weighted to match the NYC population on borough, race/ethnicity, age, sex, and educational attainment per the 2013-2017 American Community Survey (ACS) for March and April polls, and per ACS 2014-2018 for May and October polls. Online panels have limitations such as coverage and selection bias, and low participation rates.

- NYC HOP wave 6 fielded from March 9 March 12, 2020
- NYC HOP wave 7 fielded from March 26 March 31, 2020
- NYC HOP wave 8 fielded from April 16 April 23, 2020
- NYC HOP wave 9 fielded from May 13-20, 2020
- NYC HOP wave 10 fielded from October 3-14, 2020



Table 1. Prevalence of Generalized Anxiety Disorder among adults 18 years or older, New York City, March 9 - October 14, 2020

Source: New York City Health Opinion Polls (NYC HOP) waves 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 NYC HOP wave 6 fielded from March 9 - March 12, 2020 NYC HOP wave 7 fielded from March 26 - March 31, 2020 NYC HOP wave 8 fielded from April 16 - April 23, 2020 NYC HOP wave 9 fielded from May 13-20, 2020 NYC HOP wave 10 fielded from October 3-14, 2020

Data from HOP 6-8 are weighted to NYC's borough, age X gender, borough X race/ethnicity, and education per the 2013-2017 US Census Bureau Data from HOP 10 are weighted to NYC's borough, age X gender, borough X race/ethnicity, and education per the 2014-2018 US Census Bureau's ACS 5-year estimates

	Genera	lized Anxiety	Disorder ¹ (H	OP6)	Genera	lized Anxiety I	Disorder ¹ (HC)P7)	General	lized Anxiety I	Disorder ¹ (HC	OP8)	Genera	lized Anxiety [Disorder ¹ (HC	OP9)	General	ized Anxiety Di	isorder ¹ (HO	P10)
		Lower 95% Confidence	Confidence			Lower 95% Confidence	••			Confidence				Lower 95% Confidence	Confidence			Lower 95% Confidence	Confidence	
	Prevalence	Interval	Interval	p-value	Prevalence	Interval	Interval	p-value	Prevalence	Interval	Interval	p-value	Prevalence	Interval	Interval	p-value	Prevalence	Interval	Interval	p-value
NYC																				
Overall	39.9	36.7	43.1	_	54.1	50.9	57.3	-	52.2	48.9	55.4	· _	44.2	40.9	47.4	· _	34.3	31.2	37.4	ł _
Race/ethnicity [§]																				
Latino/a	42.6	36.8	48.5	0.122	56.9	50.8	63.0	0.026	54.5 ^D	48.4	60.6	0.133	44.8	38.5	51.1	0.432	40.8	34.7	46.9	0.177
White	38.0	32.8	43.2	REF	54.2	48.6	59.7	REF	49.7	44.0	55.5	REF	45.5 ^L	39.8	51.3	REF	37.0	31.6	42.3	B REF
Black	39.9	32.3	47.6	0.342	48.4	41.6	55.2	0.099	48.7	41.8	55.6	0.406	40.2	33.3	47.1	0.123	28.3	21.8	34.7	0.021
Asian/Pacific Islander	42.3	33.7	50.9	0.199	57.4	49.5	65.4	0.255	59.5 ^U	51.6	67.4	0.025	45.9	37.2	54.5	0.474	25.4	17.7	33.1	0.008
Neighborhood poverty [†]																				
Low poverty (<10% FPL)	37.2	30.4	44.0	REF	55.8	48.7	62.9	REF	51.5 ^U	44.4	58.7	REF	41.9	35.0	48.8	REF	28.5 ^L	21.9	35.2	2 REF
Medium poverty (10 to <20% FPL)	39.1	34.2	44.0	0.329	53.2	48.3	58.1	0.277	50.2	45.3	55.2	0.384	41.8	36.9	46.7	0.492	33.4	29.0	37.9	0.116
High poverty (20 to <30% FPL)	40.5 ^U	33.5	47.5	0.251	60.3	53.5	67.2	0.183	57.3	50.3	64.3	0.129	48.1	40.9	55.2	0.111	37.3	30.2	44.5	0.038
Very high poverty (<u>></u> 30% FPL)	44.3	36.1	52.5	0.095	47.1	39.1	55.0	0.054	51.2	43.0	59.4	0.475	46.4	36.6	56.3	0.230	39.9	30.4	49.4	0.027
Household poverty																				
<200% of the Federal Poverty Level	40.0	34.3	45.8	0.444	50.5 ^D	44.9	56.1	0.043	50.8	44.9	56.7	0.277	41.0	35.1	47.0	0.096	37.1	31.4	42.9	0.117
≥200% of the Federal Poverty Level	40.5 ^D	36.6	44.5	REF	56.5 ^U	52.5	60.6	REF	53.0	48.9	57.0	REF	45.8	41.8	49.9	REF	32.9	29.2	36.7	REF

¹ Generalized Anxiety Disorder: measured using the (GAD)-2 scale; tables present individuals scoring ≥ 3 which indicates possible Generalized Anxiety Disorder for which further diagnostic evaluation is warranted.

HOP wave 6-9 asked "Over the last two weeks, how often have you been bothered by the following problems in relation to COVID-19?" HOP wave 10 asked "Over the last two weeks, how often have you been bothered by the following problems?" 1) Feeling nervous, anxious or on edge; 2) Not being able to stop or control worrying. Confidence Intervals are a measure of estimate precision: the wider the CI, the more imprecise the estimate.

Significance test is based on the Z score test. P values are significant at the 0.05 level and are indicated in bold text. Ref: Reference group.

U When reporting to nearest whole percent, round up

D When reporting to nearest whole percent, round down

§ White, Black, Asian/Pacific Islander race categories exclude Latino/a ethnicity. Latino/a includes Hispanic or Latino/a of any race.

+ Neighborhood poverty (based on self-reported ZIP code) is defined as the percentage of the population living below the Federal Poverty Line (FPL) based on the American Community Survey (2013-17). Neighborhoods are categorized into four groups as follows: "Low poverty" neighborhoods are those with <10% of the population living below the FPL; "Medium poverty" neighborhoods have 10-<20% of the population below FPL; "High Poverty" neighborhoods have 20-<30% of the population living below the FPL; "Very high poverty" neighborhoods have 20-<30% of the population living below the FPL; "Very high poverty" neighborhoods have 20-<30% of the population living below the FPL; "Low poverty" neighborhoods have 20-<30% of the population living below the FPL; "Low poverty" neighborhoods have 20-<30% of the population living below the FPL; "Low poverty" neighborhoods have 20-<30% of the population living below the FPL; "Low poverty" neighborhoods have 20-<30% of the population living below the FPL; "Low poverty" neighborhoods have 20-<30% of the population living below the FPL; "Low poverty" neighborhoods have 20-<30% of the population living below the FPL; "Low poverty" neighborhoods have 20-<30% of the population living below the FPL; "Low poverty" neighborhoods have 20-<30% of the population living below the FPL; "Low poverty" neighborhoods have 20-<30% of the population living below the FPL; "Low poverty" neighborhoods have 20-<30% of the population living below the FPL; "Low poverty" neighborhoods have 20-<30% of the population living below the FPL; "Low poverty" neighborhoods have 20-<30% of the population living below the FPL; "Low poverty" neighborhoods have 20-<30% of the population living below the FPL; "Low poverty" neighborhoods have 20-<30% of the population living below the FPL; "Low poverty" neighborhoods have 20-<30% of the population living below the FPL; "Low poverty" neighborhoods have 20-<30% of the population living below the FPL; "Low poverty" neighborhoods have 20-<30% of the population living below the

Table 2. Prevalence of mental health and health care access among adults 18 years or older, New York City, April 16-October14, 2020

Source: New York City Health Opinion Polls (NYC HOP) wave 8, 10

NYC HOP wave 8 fielded from April 16 - April 23, 2020

NYC HOP wave 10 fielded from October 3-14, 2020

Data from HOP 8 are weighted to NYC's borough, age X gender, borough X race/ethnicity, and education per the 2013-2017 US Census Bureau's ACS 5-year estimates

Data from HOP 10 are weighted to NYC's borough, age X gender, borough X race/ethnicity, and education per the 2014-2018 US Census Bureau's ACS 5-year estimates

	Accessed m	ental health c since March	-	/ but not	Needed men	tal health sup (HOP8		ot get it ¹	Difficulty	accessing men children (tal health serv (HOP8)	vices for	Avoided ca	re for COVID-1	9 due to cost	(HOP8)
		Confidence	Upper 95% Confidence			Confidence	Upper 95% Confidence	_		Confidence	Upper 95% Confidence	_		Lower 95% Confidence	Upper 95% Confidence	_
NVC	Prevalence	Interval	Interval	p-value	Prevalence	Interval	Interval	p-value	Prevalence	Interval	Interval	p-value	Prevalence	Interval	Interval	p-value
NYC																
Overall	4.1	2.8	5.3	-	12.9	10.8	14.9	-	14.7	10.9	18.5	-	12.2	10.1	14.4	-
Race/ethnicity [§]																
Latino/a	5.9	2.6	9.1	0.038	17.4	13.0	21.8	0.009	16.9	10.3	23.5	0.085	17.3	12.8	21.9	0.009
White	2.6	1.1	4.1	REF	10.8	7.4	14.1	REF	25.1	15.3	34.9	REF	10.6	7.3	13.9	REF
Black	3.5 ^U	1.4	5.6	0.255	12.8	8.4	17.2	0.235	5.8	1.6	10.1	<0.001	11.0	6.3	15.7	0.441
Asian/Pacific Islander	5.7	2.1	9.3	0.060	10.1	5.5	14.8	0.416	6.4	0.0	13.4	0.001	8.1	3.1	13.1	0.206
Neighborhood poverty [†]																
Low poverty (<10% FPL)	5.8	2.3	9.4	REF	6.1	3.0	9.2	REF	11.6	2.6	20.5	REF	4.9	2.1	7.7	REF
Medium poverty (10 to <20% FPL)	3.6	2.0	5.3	0.136	13.2	9.9	16.4	0.001	15.8	10.1	21.6	0.216	13.5 ^U	10.1	17.0	<0.001
High poverty (20 to <30% FPL)	2.9	0.8	5.1	0.085	18.2	13.2	23.3	<0.001	22.1	12.4	31.8	0.059	19.1	13.5	24.8	<0.001
Very high poverty (≥30% FPL)	4.3	1.0	7.7	0.268	13.5 ^D	7.9	19.1	0.012	6.1	0.0	12.2	0.159	9.9	5.1	14.7	0.039
Household poverty																
<200% of the Federal Poverty Level	4.7	2.1	7.2	0.265	14.3	10.3	18.2	0.295	11.2	5.5	16.9	0.049	12.4	8.4	16.5	0.457
≥200% of the Federal Poverty Level	3.7	2.3	5.2	REF	13.0	10.4	15.6	REF	17.8	12.4	23.1	REF	12.7	10.1	15.3	REF

	Needed men	tal health sup (HOP1		ot get it ¹	Avoided or c	lelayed routing	e health care	(HOP10)
		Lower 95% Confidence	Upper 95%			Lower 95% Confidence	Upper 95% Confidence	
	Prevalence	Interval	Interval	p-value	Prevalence	Interval	Interval	p-value
NYC								
Overall	14.1	11.9	16.2	-	35.1	32.0	38.1	-
Race/ethnicity [§]								
Latino/a	20.7	15.8	25.6	0.143	35.6	29.8	41.3	0.051
White	17.2	13.2	21.3	REF	42.1	36.7	47.5	REF
Black	7.9	4.6	11.1	<0.001	26.7	20.4	33.1	<0.001
Asian/Pacific Islander	3.5 ^D	0.6	6.3	<0.001	29.4	21.6	37.2	0.004
Neighborhood poverty [†]								
Low poverty (<10% FPL)	12.9	8.5	17.3	REF	35.9	29.1	42.7	REF
Medium poverty (10 to <20% FPL)	12.8	9.8	15.9	0.488	34.2	29.8	38.6	0.341
High poverty (20 to <30% FPL)	13.0	8.4	17.7	0.487	34.3	27.4	41.1	0.369
Very high poverty (<u>></u> 30% FPL)	18.6	11.7	25.5	0.087	35.5 ^D	26.6	44.4	0.469
Household poverty								
<200% of the Federal Poverty Level	15.6	11.4	19.8	0.186	30.5 ^U	25.2	35.8	0.011
≥200% of the Federal Poverty Level	13.4	10.8	15.9	REF	38.2	34.3	42.0	REF

1.Unmet mental health support measured in April "Since New Yorkers were told to stay at home and practice social distancing because of the COVID-19 pandemic, was there a time that you needed treatment for a mental health problem but did not get it?" and measured in October by "In the last two months, was there a time that you needed treatment for a mental health problem but did not get it?"

Confidence Intervals are a measure of estimate precision: the wider the CI, the more imprecise the estimate.

Significance test is based on the Z score test. P values are significant at the 0.05 level and are indicated in bold text. Ref: Reference group.

U When reporting to nearest whole percent, round up

D When reporting to nearest whole percent, round down

§ White, Black, Asian/Pacific Islander race categories exclude Latino/a ethnicity. Latino/a includes Hispanic or Latino/a of any race.

+ Neighborhood poverty (based on self-reported ZIP code) is defined as the percentage of the population living below the Federal Poverty Line (FPL) based on the American Community Survey (2013-17). Neighborhoods are categorized into four groups as follows: "Low poverty" neighborhoods are those with <10% of the population living below the FPL; "Medium poverty" neighborhoods have 20-<30% of the population living below the FPL; "Very high poverty" neighborhoods have ≥30% of the population living below the FPL.

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Table 3a. Prevalence of financial difficulties due to COVID-19 outbreak among adults 18 years or older, New York City, March 26 - October 14, 2020

Source: New York City Health Opinion Polls (NYC HOP) waves 7, 8 NYC HOP wave 7 fielded from March 26 - March 31, 2020 NYC HOP wave 8 fielded from April 16 - April 23, 2020 NYC HOP wave 9 fielded from May 13-20, 2020 NYC HOP wave 10 fielded from October 3-14, 2020

Data from HOP 7-8 are weighted to NYC's borough, age X gender, borough X race/ethnicity, and education per the 2013-2017 US Census Bureau's ACS 5-year estimates

Data from HOP 9-10 are weighted to NYC's borough, age X gender, borough X race/ethnicity, and education per the 2014-2018 US Census Bureau's ACS 5-year estimates

	Feeling financial	lly stressed - Ov stress (H		ove average	Feeling financia	ally stressed - A	verage/Some st	ress (HOP7)
	Prevalence	Lower 95% Confidence Interval	Upper 95% Confidence Interval	p-value	Prevalence	Lower 95% Confidence Interval	Upper 95% Confidence Interval	p-value
NYC								
Overall	53.3	50.2	56.4	-	35.9	32.9	38.9	_
Race/ethnicity [§]								
Latino/a	63.0	57.2	68.7	<0.001	29.8	24.3	35.2	0.007
White	46.3	40.9	51.8	REF	39.3	34.0	44.7	REF
Black	51.7	45.0	58.5	0.111	36.7	30.2	43.1	0.265
Asian/Pacific Islander	53.7	45.8	61.6	0.066	39.0	31.2	46.7	0.472
Neighborhood poverty [†]								
Low poverty (<10% FPL)	59.5 ^U	52.7	66.4	REF	30.6	24.3	36.9	REF
Medium poverty (10 to <20% FPL)	48.5 ^D	43.7	53.2	0.005	39.4	34.7	44.0	0.014
High poverty (20 to <30% FPL)	53.6	46.7	60.5	0.115	37.1	30.5	43.7	0.080
Very high poverty (≥30% FPL)	56.1	48.2	63.9	0.257	33.5 ^D	25.9	41.0	0.282
Household poverty								
<200% of the Federal Poverty Level	61.2	55.9	66.5	<0.001	31.1	26.1	36.0	0.008
≥200% of the Federal Poverty Level	49.1	45.1	53.1	REF	38.8	34.9	42.7	REF
	Feeling financial Prevalence	lly stressed - Ov stress (H Lower 95% Confidence Interval		ove average p-value	Feeling financia	ally stressed - A Lower 95% Confidence Interval	verage/Some st Upper 95% Confidence Interval	ress (HOP8) p-value
NYC								
Overall	45.0	41.8	48.1	-	40.0	36.8	43.1	-
Race/ethnicity [§]								
/				<0.001				

Race/ethnicity								
Latino/a	54.0	48.0	60.0	<0.001	31.9	26.4	37.4	0.002
White	38.1	32.6	43.5	REF	43.4	37.8	49.0	REF
Black	44.6	37.9	51.4	0.070	41.9	35.3	48.5	0.365
Asian/Pacific Islander	44.0	36.0	52.1	0.115	44.1	36.1	52.1	0.447
Neighborhood poverty [†]								
Low poverty (<10% FPL)	41.2	34.3	48.2	REF	41.3	34.3	48.2	REF
Medium poverty (10 to <20% FPL)	46.6	41.7	51.5	0.107	39.9	35.2	44.6	0.378
High poverty (20 to <30% FPL)	48.5 ^D	41.5	55.5	0.075	36.0	29.3	42.7	0.142
Very high poverty (<u>></u> 30% FPL)	41.0	33.2	48.8	0.482	43.7	35.8	51.7	0.322
Household poverty								
<200% of the Federal Poverty Level	46.8	41.0	52.6	0.195	38.3	32.7	43.9	0.197
≥200% of the Federal Poverty Level	43.8	39.8	47.7	REF	41.2	37.3	45.1	REF

Feeling financially stressed - Overwhelming/Above average

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		stress (H Lower 95% Confidence	OP9) Upper 95% Confidence		Feeling financia	ally stressed - A Lower 95% Confidence	verage/Some st Upper 95% Confidence	ress (HOP9)
	Prevalence	Interval	Interval	p-value	Prevalence	Interval	Interval	p-value
NYC								
Overall	43.7	40.5	47.0	-	40.0	36.9	43.2	-
Race/ethnicity§								
Latino/a	52.5 ^U	46.3	58.8	0.002	33.9	28.0	39.7	0.066
White	40.4	34.9	46.0	REF	40.1	34.5	45.7	REF
Black	38.0	31.3	44.8	0.295	44.2	37.3	51.0	0.184
Asian/Pacific Islander	45.0	36.4	53.5	0.194	43.7	35.2	52.1	0.246
Neighborhood poverty [†]								
Low poverty (<10% FPL)	39.3	32.6	46.0	REF	40.8	34.0	47.7	REF
Medium poverty (10 to <20% FPL)	42.0	37.1	46.9	0.262	41.8	36.9	46.6	0.414
High poverty (20 to <30% FPL)	48.0	41.0	54.9	0.039	36.4	29.7	43.2	0.186
Very high poverty (<u>></u> 30% FPL)	45.0	35.5	54.5	0.168	41.5 ^D	32.0	50.9	0.459
Household poverty								
<200% of the Federal Poverty Level	53.3	47.3	59.2	<0.001	34.8	29.1	40.4	0.014
≥200% of the Federal Poverty Level	39.3	35.4	43.2	REF	42.5 ^D	38.5	46.4	REF
	Feeling financial	ly stressed - Ov	erwhelming/Ab	ove average				

Feeling financially stressed - Average/Some stress (HOP10) stress (HOP10) Lower 95% Upper 95% Lower 95% Upper 95% Confidence Confidence Confidence Confidence Interval Interval Interval Interval Prevalence p-value Prevalence p-value NYC Overall 45.6 42.4 48.8 _ 39.6 36.4 42.8 -Race/ethnicity[§] 56.2 50.2 62.4 <0.001 33.4 27.6 39.2 0.012 Latino/a 38.4 33.1 43.7 REF 37.1 48.1 REF White 42.6 Black 44.4 37.3 51.5 0.093 38.9 32.0 45.9 0.208 33.9 Asian/Pacific Islander 42.6 51.3 0.213 47.5 38.7 56.3 0.178 Neighborhood poverty[†] 35.4 28.5 42.3 REF 45.8 38.5 53.1 REF Low poverty (<10% FPL) Medium poverty (10 to <20% FPL) 47.1 42.4 51.9 0.003 38.3 33.7 43.0 0.045 48.9 High poverty (20 to <30% FPL) 41.7 56.1 0.004 38.9 32.0 45.8 0.089 Very high poverty (<u>></u>30% FPL) 48.1 38.8 57.4 37.6 46.8 0.085 0.015 28.3 Household poverty <200% of the Federal Poverty Level 53.6 47.7 59.4 0.002 34.4 28.8 40.0 0.018 ≥200% of the Federal Poverty Level 43.0 39.0 47.0 REF 41.7 37.7 45.7 REF

Confidence Intervals are a measure of estimate precision: the wider the CI, the more imprecise the estimate.

Significance test is based on the Z score test. P values are significant at the 0.05 level and are indicated in bold text. Ref: Reference group.

U When reporting to nearest whole percent, round up

D When reporting to nearest whole percent, round down

§ White, Black, Asian/Pacific Islander race categories exclude Latino/a ethnicity. Latino/a includes Hispanic or Latino/a of any race.

+ Neighborhood poverty (based on self-reported ZIP code) is defined as the percentage of the population living below the Federal Poverty Line (FPL) based on the American Community Survey (2013-17). Neighborhoods are categorized into four groups as follows: "Low poverty" neighborhoods are those with <10% of the population living below the FPL; "Medium poverty" neighborhoods have 10-<20% of the population below FPL; "High Poverty" neighborhoods have 20-<30% of the population living below the FPL; "Very high poverty" neighborhoods have ≥30% of the population living below the FPL.

Table 3b. Prevalence of financial difficulties due to COVID-19 outbreak among adults 18 years or older, New York City, March 26 - October 14, 2020

Source: New York City Health Opinion Polls (NYC HOP) waves 7, 8, 9, 10 NYC HOP wave 7 fielded from March 26 - March 31, 2020 NYC HOP wave 8 fielded from April 16 - April 23, 2020 NYC HOP wave 9 fielded from May 13-20, 2020 NYC HOP wave 10 fielded from October 3-14, 2020

Data from HOP 7-8 are weighted to NYC's borough, age X gender, borough X race/ethnicity, and education per the 2013-2017 US Census Bureau's ACS 5-year estimates Data from HOP 9-10 are weighted to NYC's borough, age X gender, borough X race/ethnicity, and education per the 2014-2018 US Census Bureau's ACS 5-year estimates

	Someone in the	e household ha reduced hour		or worked	Someone ir	n the household have reduced hou		or worked	Someone in the		as been laid off o rs (HOP9)	or worked reduced		household h reduced hour		ff or work
	Prevalence	Lower 95% Confidence Interval	Upper 95% Confidence Interval	p-value	Prevalence	Lower 95% Confidence Interval	Upper 95% Confidence Interval	p-value	Prevalence		Upper 95% Confidence Interval	p-value		Lower 95% Confidence Interval	••	p-value
NYC				•				•								· ·
Overall	47.1	44.0	50.2	-	47.1	43.9	50.2		40.7	37.5	43.8	_	39.5 U	36.4	42.7	-
Race/ethnicity [§]																
Latino/a	55.5 U	49.6	61.4	0.001	48.0	42.1	54.0	0.101	49.2	42.9	55.5	<0.001	45.3	39.2	51.4	0.103
White	43.1	37.7	48.5	REF	42.7	37.1	48.3	REF	33.8	28.4	39.1	REF	40.1	34.7	45.4	REF
Black	42.2	35.6	48.8	0.419	51.4	44.6	58.1	0.027	37.5 U	30.9	44.1	0.193	30.1	23.7	36.6	0.010
Asian/Pacific Islander	49.6	41.6	57.5	0.094	50.3	42.2	58.4	0.065	45.4	36.8	53.9	0.012	40.8	32.2	49.3	0.448
Neighborhood poverty [†]																
Low poverty (<10% FPL)	47.6	40.6	54.6	REF	44.9	37.9	51.9	REF	32.1	26.0	38.2	REF	41.4	34.3	48.5	REF
Medium poverty (10 to <20% FPL)	44.8	40.1	49.6	0.261	47.8	42.9	52.6	0.253	40.0	35.3	44.8	0.021	39.4	34.8	44.1	0.327
High poverty (20 to <30% FPL)	51.2	44.3	58.2	0.233	48.7	41.7	55.7	0.225	47.5 D	40.5	54.5	0.001	37.2	30.3	44.0	0.201
Very high poverty (<u>></u> 30% FPL)	43.9	36.0	51.8	0.246	46.1	38.2	54.0	0.410	43.0	33.5	52.4	0.029	40.5 D	31.3	49.6	0.438
Household poverty																
<200% of the Federal Poverty Level	51.2	45.7	56.6	0.034	46.3	40.5	52.0	0.448	50.5 D	44.5	56.4	<0.001	36.1	30.6	41.6	0.052
≥200% of the Federal Poverty Level	44.9	40.9	48.9	REF	46.8	42.8	50.7	REF	35.4	31.7	39.2	REF	41.7	37.7	45.7	REF
	Unable	Unable to pay rent or mortgage (HOP7)			Una	ble to pay for ren	t/mortgage (HOP	8)	Una	able to pay re	nt or mortgage (HOP9)	Unable to	pay for rent	:/mortgage (H	OP10)
						Lower 95% Confidence	Upper 95% Confidence			Lower 95% Confidence	Upper 95% Confidence			Lower 95% Confidence	••	

	Unable	e to pay rent or	mortgage (HOP	·/)	Una	ble to pay for ren	t/mortgage (HOP	8)	Un	lable to pay re	nt or mortgage (HOP9)	Unable	to pay for rent	t/mortgage (H	0010)
	Prevalence	Lower 95% Confidence Interval	Upper 95% Confidence Interval	p-value	Prevalence	Lower 95% Confidence Interval	Upper 95% Confidence Interval	p-value	Prevalence		Upper 95% Confidence Interval	p-value	Prevalence		Upper 95% Confidence Interval	p-value
NYC																
Overall	29.1	26.2	32.0	_	26.3	23.5	29.2	_	26.3	23.4	29.3	_	26.3	23.5	29.1	_
Race/ethnicity [§]																
Latino/a	40.8	34.9	46.6	<0.001	36.5 ^D	30.6	42.4	<0.001	35.9	29.8	42.0	<0.001	35.7	29.9	41.5	<0.001
White	20.0	15.5	24.5	REF	18.5 ^U	13.8	23.2	REF	18.8	14.3	23.4	REF	20.8	16.5	25.1	REF
Black	26.9	21.0	32.7	0.034	28.9	22.9	34.9	0.004	25.6	19.5	31.7	0.040	27.7	21.4	34.0	0.037
Asian/Pacific Islander	33.6	26.0	41.1	0.001	23.7	16.7	30.8	0.114	27.1	19.1	35.0	0.039	17.3	10.6	24.1	0.198
Neighborhood poverty [†]																
Low poverty (<10% FPL)	23.9	17.7	30.1	REF	18.0	12.5	23.4	REF	17.4	12.3	22.4	REF	19.4	13.9	25.0	REF
Medium poverty (10 to <20% FPL)	27.3	23.1	31.5	0.189	26.3	22.0	30.7	0.010	25.7	21.3	30.1	0.008	26.0	21.9	30.1	0.031
High poverty (20 to <30% FPL)	32.7	26.2	39.1	0.028	35.3	28.5	42.2	<0.001	30.8	24.2	37.4	0.001	27.1	20.7	33.5	0.038
Very high poverty (<u>></u> 30% FPL)	34.5 ^U	26.9	42.1	0.017	26.2	19.2	33.3	0.034	27.8	19.1	36.5	0.021	34.6	25.7	43.5	0.002
Household poverty																
<200% of the Federal Poverty Level	38.1	32.8	43.4	<0.001	33.4	27.9	38.9	0.002	38.3	32.5	44.2	<0.001	32.1	26.7	37.4	0.003
≥200% of the Federal Poverty Level	24.9	21.4	28.4	REF	23.6	20.2	27.0	REF	20.5 ^U	17.3	23.8	REF	23.1	19.7	26.5	REF

Confidence Intervals are a measure of estimate precision: the wider the CI, the more imprecise the estimate.

Significance test is based on the Z score test. P values are significant at the 0.05 level and are indicated in bold text. Ref: Reference group.

U When reporting to nearest whole percent, round up

D When reporting to nearest whole percent, round down

§ White, Black, Asian/Pacific Islander race categories exclude Latino/a ethnicity. Latino/a includes Hispanic or Latino/a of any race.

+ Neighborhood poverty (based on self-reported ZIP code) is defined as the percentage of the population living below the Federal Poverty Line (FPL) based on the American Community Survey (2013-17). Neighborhoods are categorized into four groups as follows: "Low poverty" neighborhoods are those with <10% of the population living below the FPL; "Medium poverty" neighborhoods have 20-<30% of the population living below the FPL; "Very high poverty" neighborhoods have 230% of the population living below the FPL; "Very high poverty" neighborhoods have 20-<30% of the population living below the FPL; "Very high poverty" neighborhoods have 20-<30% of the population living below the FPL; "Neighborhoods have 230% of the population living below the FPL; "Neighborhoods have 20-<30% of the population living below the FPL; "Neighborhoods have 230% of the population living below the FPL; "Neighborhoods have 230% of the population living below the FPL; "Neighborhoods have 230% of the population living below the FPL; "Neighborhoods have 230% of the population living below the FPL; "Neighborhoods have 230% of the population living below the FPL; "Neighborhoods have 230% of the population living below the FPL; "Neighborhoods have 230% of the population living below the FPL; "Neighborhoods have 230% of the population living below the FPL; "Neighborhoods have 230% of the population living below the FPL; "Neighborhoods have 230% of the population living below the FPL; "Neighborhoods have 230% of the population living below the FPL; "Neighborhoods have 230% of the population living below the FPL; "Neighborhoods have 230% of the population living below the FPL; "Neighborhoods have 230% of the population living below the FPL; "Neighborhoods have 230% of the population living below the FPL; "Neighborhoods have 230% of the population living below the FPL; "Neighborhoods have 230% of the population living below the FPL; "Neighborhoods have 230% of the population living below the FPL; "Neighborhoods have 230% of the population living below

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Table 3c. Prevalence of financial difficulties due to COVID-19 outbreak among adults 18 years or older, New York City, March 26 - October 14, 2020

Source: New York City Health Opinion Polls (NYC HOP) waves 7, 8, 9, 10 NYC HOP wave 7 fielded from March 26 - March 31, 2020 NYC HOP wave 8 fielded from April 16 - April 23, 2020 NYC HOP wave 9 fielded from May 13-20, 2020

NYC HOP wave 10 fielded from October 3-14, 2020

Data from HOP 7-8 are weighted to NYC's borough, age X gender, borough X race/ethnicity, and education per the 2013-2017 US Census Bureau's ACS 5-year estimates

Data from HOP 9-10 are weighted to NYC's borough, age X gender, borough X race/ethnicity, and education per the 2014-2018 US Census Bureau's ACS 5-year estimates

	Unable to pay for utilities (HOP7) Lower 95% Confidence Upper 95% Confidence Prevalue Prevalue 25.7 23.0 28.5 - - 36.1 30.4 41.9 <0.001 - 18.2 13.8 22.6 REF - 26.7 20.8 32.6 0.012 - 23.6 16.8 30.4 0.096 - 23.0 16.9 29.1 REF - 24.7 20.6 28.8 0.327 -			U	nable to pay for u	tilities (HOP8)		Una	ble to pay for	utilities (HOP9))	Unal	ole to pay for u	utilities (HOP1	0)	
	Drovalanco	Confidence	Confidence	n value	Prevalence	Lower 95% Confidence Interval	Upper 95% Confidence Interval	p-value	Prevalence	Lower 95% Confidence Interval	Upper 95% Confidence Interval	p-value	Prevalence		Upper 95% Confidence Interval	n value
NYC	Prevalence	intervar	interval	p-value	Prevalence	interval	interval	p-value	Prevalence	Interval	Interval	p-value	Prevalence	interval	intervar	p-value
Overall	25.7	23 0	28 5	_	22.3	19.6	24.9	_	20.5 ^U	17.8	23.2	_	22.0	19.4	24.7	_
Race/ethnicity [§]	25.7	23.0	20.3		22.5	15.0	24.5		20.5	17.0	25.2		22.0	13.4	24.7	
Latino/a	36.1	30.4	41.9	<0.001	31.9	26.2	37.6	<0.001	31.8	25.8	37.7	<0.001	31.7	26.1	37.4	<0.001
White	18.2	13.8	22.6	REF	14.6	10.7	18.4	REF	15.5 ^D	11.1	19.8	REF	17.2	13.2	21.2	REF
Black	26.7	20.8	32.6	0.012	25.2	19.4	30.9	0.001	17.7	12.5	23.0	0.252	23.4	17.3	29.4	0.047
Asian/Pacific Islander	23.6	16.8	30.4	0.096	19.1	12.6	25.6	0.122	16.5	9.8	23.2	0.397	11.9	6.1	17.7	0.069
Neighborhood poverty [†]																
Low poverty (<10% FPL)	23.0	16.9	29.1	REF	15.2	10.2	20.2	REF	13.2	8.6	17.7	REF	16.6	11.4	21.8	REF
Medium poverty (10 to <20% FPL)	24.7	20.6	28.8	0.327	24.9	20.6	29.2	0.002	18.7	14.8	22.5	0.035	23.1	19.1	27.0	0.027
High poverty (20 to <30% FPL)	26.9	20.7	33.0	0.194	25.2	19.2	31.1	0.006	27.8	21.1	34.4	<0.001	17.8	12.7	22.9	0.373
Very high poverty (<u>≥</u> 30% FPL)	29.4	22.2	36.5	0.094	21.5 ^U	15.1	28.0	0.064	21.5 ^U	13.9	29.1	0.033	32.3	23.6	41.5	0.001
Household poverty																
<200% of the Federal Poverty Level	32.3	27.3	37.4	0.001	28.5 ^D	23.3	33.7	0.001	30.6	25.0	36.1	<0.001	24.7	19.8	29.8	0.086
≥200% of the Federal Poverty Level	22.7	19.2	26.1	REF	19.3	16.2	22.4	REF	15.5 ^D	12.6	18.4	REF	20.7	17.4	23.9	REF
	Unable to	pay the phone o	r Internet bills (HOP7)	Unable to	pay the phone o	r Internet bills (H	IOP8)	Unable to p	ay the phone	or Internet bill	s (HOP9)	Unable to pa	ay the phone o	or Internet bill	s (HOP10)

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		Lower 95% Confidence	Upper 95% Confidence			Lower 95% Confidence	Upper 95% Confidence			Lower 95% Confidence	Upper 95% Confidence				Upper 95% Confidence	
	Prevalence	Interval	Interval	p-value	Prevalence	Interval	Interval	p-value	Prevalence	Interval	Interval	p-value	Prevalence	Interval	Interval	p-value
NYC																
Overall	27.0	24.2	29.8	_	23.4	20.7	26.0	_	23.0	20.3	25.8	_	22.5 ^D	19.9	25.1	_
Race/ethnicity [§]																
Latino/a	38.8	33.0	44.7	<0.001	35.2	29.5	41.0	<0.001	34.2	28.2	40.1	<0.001	32.4	26.9	38.1	<0.001
White	19.1	14.7	23.5	REF	12.5 ^D	9.1	15.9	REF	16.0	11.8	20.3	REF	16.6	12.7	20.5	REF
Black	29.5 D	23.4	35.5	0.003	30.2	24.0	36.4	<0.001	25.9	19.8	32.0	0.005	23.9	18.0	29.8	0.021
Asian/Pacific Islander	21.3	14.8	27.8	0.288	17.3	11.0	23.7	0.093	15.1	8.8	21.4	0.405	13.1	7.1	19.0	0.166
Neighborhood poverty [†]																
Low poverty (<10% FPL)	21.3	15.4	27.2	REF	12.3	8.0	16.7	REF	13.5 ^U	9.2	17.9	REF	20.6	14.9	26.2	REF
Medium poverty (10 to <20% FPL)	26.1	21.9	30.3	0.098	25.4	21.0	29.7	<0.001	22.1	18.0	26.2	0.003	22.6	18.7	26.4	0.284
High poverty (20 to <30% FPL)	28.6	22.4	34.9	0.048	26.7	20.8	32.7	<0.001	27.0	20.6	33.4	<0.001	17.1	11.9	22.2	0.184
Very high poverty (<u>></u> 30% FPL)	33.4	26.0	40.9	0.006	29.3	22.1	36.4	<0.001	28.7	20.0	37.4	0.001	32.7	24.3	41.3	0.009
Household poverty																
<200% of the Federal Poverty Level	35.4	30.2	40.6	<0.001	31.8	26.4	37.1	<0.001	33.6	28.0	39.2	<0.001	28.0	22.8	33.1	0.002
≥200% of the Federal Poverty Level	22.3	19.0	25.7	REF	19.0	16.0	22.0	REF	18.0	14.9	21.0	REF	19.3	16.3	22.3	REF

Confidence Intervals are a measure of estimate precision: the wider the CI, the more imprecise the estimate.

Significance test is based on the Z score test. P values are significant at the 0.05 level. Ref: Reference group.

U When reporting to nearest whole percent, round up

D When reporting to nearest whole percent, round down

§ White, Black, Asian/Pacific Islander race categories exclude Latino/a ethnicity. Latino/a includes Hispanic or Latino/a of any race.

+ Neighborhood poverty (based on self-reported ZIP code) is defined as the percentage of the population living below the Federal Poverty Line (FPL) based on the American Community Survey (2013-17). Neighborhoods are categorized into four groups as follows: "Low poverty" neighborhoods are those with <10% of the population living below the FPL; "Medium poverty" neighborhoods have 10-<20% of the population below FPL; "High Poverty" neighborhoods have 20-<30% of the population living below the FPL; "Very high poverty" neighborhoods have ≥30% of the population living below the FPL; "Very high poverty" neighborhoods have ≥30% of the population living below the FPL;

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Table 3d. Prevalence of financial difficulties due to COVID-19 outbreak among adults 18 years or older, New York City, March 26 - October 14, 2020

Source: New York City Health Opinion Polls (NYC HOP) waves 7, 8, 9, 10 NYC HOP wave 7 fielded from March 26 - March 31, 2020 NYC HOP wave 8 fielded from April 16 - April 23, 2020 NYC HOP wave 9 fielded from May 13-20, 2020 NYC HOP wave 10 fielded from October 3-14, 2020

Data from HOP 7-8 are weighted to NYC's borough, age X gender, borough X race/ethnicity, and education per the 2013-2017 US Census Bureau's ACS 5-year estimates Data from HOP 9-10 are weighted to NYC's borough, age X gender, borough X race/ethnicity, and education per the 2014-2018 US Census Bureau's ACS 5-year estimates

	Una	ble to pay for gro	oceries (HOP7)		Ur	able to pay for g	oceries (HOP8)		Una	able to pay for a	groceries (HOP	9)	Unable	e to pay for gro	oceries (HOP1	.0)
	Prevalence	Lower 95% Confidence Interval	Upper 95% Confidence Interval	p-value	Prevalence	Lower 95% Confidence Interval	Upper 95% Confidence Interval	p-value	Prevalence	Lower 95% Confidence Interval		p-value	Prevalence	Lower 95% Confidence Interval	••	p-value
NYC																
Overall	26.3	23.5	29.0	-	20.8	18.2	23.4	_	22.2	19.4	24.9	_	23.1	20.5	25.8	_
Race/ethnicity [§]																
Latino/a	36.9	31.2	42.6	<0.001	31.0	25.4	36.7	<0.001	31.7	25.8	37.5	<0.001	30.9	25.6	36.6	<0.00
White	17.0	13.0	21.1	REF	12.6	8.9	16.3	REF	16.9	12.5	21.3	REF	17.1	13.2	21.1	RE
Black	30.6	24.4	36.8	<0.001	22.0	16.3	27.6	0.003	21.1	15.5	26.7	0.125	27.5 ^U	21.3		
Asian/Pacific Islander	20.2	13.6	26.8	0.212	17.2	11.1	23.4	0.104	19.6	12.5	26.6	0.262		8.7	21.4	
Neighborhood poverty ^t																
Low poverty (<10% FPL)	20.7	15.0	26.4	REF	11.2	7.1	15.3	REF	17.4	12.4	22.3	REF	16.2	11.3	21.1	RE
Medium poverty (10 to <20% FPL)	25.4	21.2	29.5	0.098	22.1	17.9	26.2	<0.001		15.1	22.8	0.309		18.8		
High poverty (20 to <30% FPL)	27.1	20.9	33.4	0.067	24.4	18.1	30.6	<0.001		20.9	33.8	0.008		17.4		
Very high poverty (\geq 30% FPL)	33.3	25.9	40.7	0.007	26.0	19.0	32.9	<0.001		18.5	36.1	0.026		25.3		
Household poverty	55.5	2010	10.7	0.001	20.0	19.0	52.5		27.0	10.5	50.1	0.020	55.5	20.0	12.0	
<200% of the Federal Poverty Level	34.9	29.7	40.1	<0.001	27.1	22.0	32.2	0.001	33.1	27.5	38.7	<0.001	29.2	24.1	34.5	0.00
≥200% of the Federal Poverty Level	21.5 ^U	18.2	24.8	<0.001 REF	17.5 ^D	14.4	20.6	REF			19.5	REF		16.9		
													ē			
	Unable	e to pay for trans		/)	Unar	le to pay for tran		5)	Unabl	e to pay for tra		JP9)	Unable to	o pay for trans		(P10)
		Lower 95% Confidence	Upper 95% Confidence			Lower 95% Confidence	Upper 95% Confidence			Lower 95% Confidence	••			Lower 95% Confidence	••	
	Prevalence	Interval	Interval	p-value	Prevalence	Interval	Interval	p-value	Prevalence	Interval	Interval	p-value	Prevalence	Interval	Interval	p-value
NYC				P				P				P				P
Overall	22.6	20.0	25.3	_	15.5 ^D	13.2	17.8	_	16.1	13.7	18.6	_	19.8	17.3	22.4	_
Race/ethnicity [§]	22.0	2010	25.5		10.0				10.1	10.7	10.0		15.0			
Latino/a	33.2	27.6	38.8	<0.001	25.8	20.4	31.1	<0.001	19.7	14.7	24.7	0.017	27.5 ^D	22.3	33.0	<0.00
White	14.6	10.6	18.7	REF	8.9	5.9	11.9	REF		8.9	16.8	REF		11.5		
Black	26.7	20.6	32.8	0.001	17.1	11.9	22.2	0.003		14.1	25.5	0.024		11.5		
Asian/Pacific Islander	15.2	9.2	21.1	0.443	17.1	5.0	15.0	0.356		6.7	18.9	0.024		7.1		
Neighborhood poverty ^t	15.2	5.2	21.1	0.445	10.0	5.0	15.0	0.330	12.0	0.7	10.9	0.494	15.1	7.1	19.1	0.20
Low poverty (<10% FPL)	11.8	7.2	16.3	REF	8.3	4.6	12.1	REF	9.0	5.2	12.7	REF	12.0	7.6	16.4	RE
Medium poverty (10 to <20% FPL)	23.1	19.0	27.2	<0.001	17.6	13.9	21.4	<0.001		11.8		0.007		16.4		
High poverty (20 to <30% FPL)	26.3	20.1	32.5	<0.001	17.0	11.8	22.2	0.004		14.7	26.7	0.001		13.1		
Very high poverty (<u>></u> 30% FPL)	28.4	21.2	35.6	<0.001	17.9	11.8	24.0	0.004	16.3	9.5	23.2	0.032	31.4	23.0	40.0	<0.00
Household poverty																
<200% of the Federal Poverty Level	30.8	25.7	35.9	<0.001	19.0	14.5	23.4	0.028		16.6		0.002		20.3		
≥200% of the Federal Poverty Level	18.2	15.1	21.3	REF	13.9	11.1	16.7	REF		10.4	15.9	REF	17.0	14.1	19.9	RE
	Thi	reatened with ev	viction (HOP7)		T	reatened with ev	iction (HOP8) ¹		Th	reatened with e	eviction (HOP9)	1				
		Lower 95%	Upper 95%			Lower 95%	Upper 95%			Lower 95%	••					
	D	Confidence Interval	Confidence		Describerto	Confidence Interval	Confidence		D	Confidence Interval	Confidence Interval					
NYC	Prevalence	Interval	Interval	p-value	Prevalence	Interval	Interval	p-value	Prevalence	IIILEIVAI	IIILEIVai	p-value				
Overall	10.0	8.6	12 5		9.0	7.2	10.8		0.2	6.4	10.0					
Race/ethnicity [§]	10.6	8.0	12.5	-	9.0	7.2	10.8	-	8.2	0.4	10.0	-				
Latino/a	15.3	10.9	19.6	0.002												
White	7.5 U	4.8	10.3	REF												
Black	9.4	5.6	13.2	0.217												
Asian/Pacific Islander	8.2	3.7	12.7	0.403												
Neighborhood poverty ^t																
Low poverty (<10% FPL)	8.2	4.3	12.1	REF												
Medium poverty (10 to <20% FPL)	11.6	8.5	14.7	0.091												
High poverty (20 to <30% FPL)	9.8	5.8	13.7	0.288												
Very high poverty (≥30% FPL)	10.9	6.1	15.7	0.192												
Household poverty																
<200% of the Federal Poverty Level	14.9	11.0	18.8	0.003												
≥200% of the Federal Poverty Level	8.7	6.5	10.8	REF												

Confidence Intervals are a measure of estimate precision: the wider the CI, the more imprecise the estimate.

Significance test is based on the Z score test. P values are significant at the 0.05 level. Ref: Reference group.

U When reporting to nearest whole percent, round up

D When reporting to nearest whole percent, round down

§ White, Black, Asian/Pacific Islander race categories exclude Latino/a ethnicity. Latino/a includes Hispanic or Latino/a of any race.

I Neighborhood poverty (based on self-reported ZIP code) is defined as the percentage of the population living below the Federal Poverty Line (FPL) based on the American Community Survey (ACS) (2013-17) for HOP wave 7-8 and ACS 2014-2018 for HOP wave 9-10. Neighborhoods are categorized into four groups as follows: "Low poverty" neighborhoods are those with <10% of the population living below the FPL; "Medium poverty" neighborhoods have 10-<20% of the population below FPL; "High Poverty" neighborhoods have 20-<30% of the population living below the FPL; "Very high poverty" neighborhoods have 10-<20% of the population below FPL; "High Poverty" neighborhoods have 20-<30% of the population living below the FPL; "Very high poverty" neighborhoods have 20-<30% of the population living below the FPL; "Very high poverty" neighborhoods have 20-<30% of the population living below the FPL; "Nedium poverty" neighborhoods have 20-<30% of the population living below the FPL; "Nedium poverty" neighborhoods have 20-<30% of the population living below the FPL; "Very high poverty" neighborhoods have 20% of the population living below the FPL; "Nedium poverty" neighborhoods have 20-<30% of the population living below the FPL; "Nedium poverty" neighborhoods have 20-<30% of the population living below the FPL; "Nedium poverty" neighborhoods have 20% of the population living below the FPL; "Nedium poverty" neighborhoods have 20-<30% of the population living below the FPL; "Nedium poverty" neighborhoods have 20-<30% of the population living below the FPL; "Nedium poverty" neighborhoods have 20-<30% of the population living below the FPL; "Nedium poverty" neighborhoods have 20.

Table 3e. Prevalence of food insecurity due to COVID-19 outbreak among adults 18 years or older, New York City, April 16 -October 14, 2020

Source: New York City Health Opinion Polls (NYC HOP) waves 8, 10 NYC HOP wave 8 fielded from April 16 - April 23, 2020 NYC HOP wave 10 fielded from October 3-14, 2020

Data from HOP wave 8 are weighted to NYC's borough, age X gender, borough X race/ethnicity, and education per the 2013-2017 US Census Bureau's ACS 5-year estimates

Data from HOP wave 10 are weighted to NYC's borough, age X gender, borough X race/ethnicity, and education per the 2014-2018 US Census Bureau's ACS 5-year estimates

		outbreak has affe od you need: The (HOP Lower 95% Confidence Interval	re are fewer item			outbreak has affe od you need: I hav Lower 95% Confidence Interval				ou need: There a Lower 95%	, re fewer items i	sehold's ability to n stores (HOP10) p-value		outbreak has the food you now (HC Lower 95% Confidence Interval	need: I have le OP10)	
NYC																
Overall	82.1	79.6	84.5	-	51.9	48.7	55.1	_	54.9	51.8	58.3	_	45.7	42.7	49.2	_
Race/ethnicity [§]																
Latino/a	84.2	80.1	88.4	0.127	59.4	53.6	65.3	<0.001	53.8	48.0	60.2	0.045	51.4	45.6	58.0	0.002
White	80.7	76.3	85.1	REF	42.1	36.5	47.7	REF	61.1	55.8	66.5	REF	39.8	34.3	45.2	REF
Black	77.1	71.0	83.2	0.174	51.3	44.6	58.1	0.020	48.7	41.5	55.8	0.003	45.0	38.2	52.5	0.110
Asian/Pacific Islander	87.9	82.4	93.4	0.023	62.6	55.0	70.3	<0.001	52.0	43.2	60.8	0.041	50.2	41.4	59.0	0.024
Neighborhood poverty [†]																
Low poverty (<10% FPL)	81.9	76.3	87.5	REF	44.0	37.0	51.0	REF	57.7	50.4	65.0	REF	39.5 L	J 32.5	46.5	REF
Medium poverty (10 to <20% FPL)	83.7	80.1	87.3	0.298	52.8	48.0	57.7	0.021	50.7	46.0	55.6	0.060	46.5 L	J 42.0	51.6	0.045
High poverty (20 to <30% FPL)	81.9	76.5	87.4	0.494	57.1	50.2	64.0	0.005	57.8	50.8	64.9	0.490	49.8	42.7	57.0	0.022
Very high poverty (<u>></u> 30% FPL)	77.9	71.3	84.4	0.181	54.1	46.2	62.1	0.031	59.9	50.9	69.0	0.353	45.0	36.1	54.7	0.161
Household poverty																
<200% of the Federal Poverty Level	80.0	75.4	84.7	0.209	56.4	50.6	62.1	0.014	51.1	45.5	57.2	0.044	51.4	45.9	57.7	0.008
≥200% of the Federal Poverty Level	82.4	79.3	85.5	REF	48.5 U	44.5	52.5	REF	57.4	53.5	61.5	REF	42.9	39.1	47.1	REF

	The COVID-19 outbreak has affected your household's ability to get the food you need: Stores have closed or have had limited hours (HOP8) Lower 95% Upper 95% Confidence Confidence			The COVID-19 outbreak has affected your household's ability to get the food you need: Food support services I usually use have been reduced or cancelled (school meals, senior center meals, etc.) (HOP8) Lower 95% Upper 95% Confidence Confidence Prevalence Interval Interval p-value			The COVID-19 o get the food yo	The COVID-19 outbreak has affected your household's ability to get the food you need: Food support services I usually use have been reduced or cancelled (school meals, senior center meals, etc.) (HOP10) Lower 95% Upper 95% Confidence Confidence								
	Prevalence	Interval	Interval	p-value	Prevalence	Interval	Interval	p-value	Prevalence	Interval	Interval	p-value	Prevalence	Interval	Interval	p-value
NYC																
Overall	78.8	76.2	81.4	-	29.4	26.6	32.3	-	51.0	47.9	54.4	-	22.5 U	20.1	25.3	-
Race/ethnicity [§]																
Latino/a	82.4	77.9	86.9	0.002	36.0	30.2	41.7	<0.001	50.5 D	44.7	57.0	0.450	26.7	21.7	32.2	0.092
White	72.8	67.8	77.8	REF	22.8	18.2	27.4	REF	51.3	45.8	56.9	REF	22.2	18.1	26.6	REF
Black	78.5 U	72.9	84.2	0.068	30.5 U	24.5	36.5	0.023	47.9	40.8	55.0	0.225	21.4	15.6	27.3	0.402
Asian/Pacific Islander	86.5 U	81.2	91.9	<0.001	30.6	23.2	38.0	0.041	56.4	47.8	65.0	0.167	18.3	11.8	24.7	0.150
Neighborhood poverty [†]																
Low poverty (<10% FPL)	78.9	72.9	84.8	REF	19.1	13.8	24.5	REF	44.1	36.9	51.3	REF	19.8	14.4	25.3	REF
Medium poverty (10 to <20% FPL)	81.2	77.5	84.9	0.257	32.8	28.3	37.3	<0.001	50.6	45.9	55.5	0.066	22.3	18.7	26.2	0.218
High poverty (20 to <30% FPL)	72.7	66.4	79.1	0.082	30.4	24.1	36.7	0.004	56.4	49.4	63.5	0.008	22.4	16.6	28.2	0.267
Very high poverty (<u>></u> 30% FPL)	80.7	74.7	86.8	0.334	33.8	26.4	41.2	0.001	52.8	43.6	62.4	0.069	26.8	19.0	34.8	0.075
Household poverty																
<200% of the Federal Poverty Level	77.6	72.7	82.5	0.388	31.4	26.1	36.7	0.274	53.9	48.4	60.1	0.074	25.5 U	20.8	30.9	0.079
≥200% of the Federal Poverty Level	78.4	75.2	81.7	REF	29.4	25.9	33.0	REF	48.9	44.9	53.0	REF	21.6	18.5	24.7	REF

The COVID-19 outbreak has affected your household's ability The COVID-19 outbreak has affected your household's ability to

to get the food you need: I have less access to emergency food get the food you need: I have less access to emergency food

	to get the food yo	ou need: I have	less access to en	nergency food	get the food y	ou need: I have l	ess access to eme	rgency food
	sourc		urch, etc.) (HOP	B)	sou		urch, etc.) (HOP10))
		Lower 95%	Upper 95%		- - 	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	
		Confidence	Confidence			Confidence	Confidence	
	Prevalence	Interval	Interval	p-value	Prevalence	Interval	Interval	p-value
NYC								
Overall	29.3	26.5	32.2	_	21.9	19.4	24.6	_
Race/ethnicity [§]								
Latino/a	38.5 D	32.6	44.3	<0.001	26.3	21.2	31.8	0.028
White	19.3	15.1	23.4	REF	19.9	15.7	24.1	REF
Black	34.5 U	28.2	40.8	<0.001	22.5 D	16.8	28.4	0.232
Asian/Pacific Islander	27.3	20.2	34.4	0.028	17.9	11.4	24.3	0.302
Neighborhood poverty [†]								
Low poverty (<10% FPL)	20.7	15.2	26.2	REF	16.5 U	11.4	21.6	REF
Medium poverty (10 to <20% FPL)	29.6	25.3	34.0	0.006	22.5 U	18.7	26.6	0.031
High poverty (20 to <30% FPL)	32.5 U	26.1	38.9	0.003	23.0	17.3	28.8	0.048
Very high poverty (<u>></u> 30% FPL)	36.3	28.8	43.9	0.001	23.8	16.4	31.5	0.056
Household poverty								
<200% of the Federal Poverty Level	36.7	31.2	42.2	0.001	30.4	25.2	35.9	<0.001
≥200% of the Federal Poverty Level	26.0	22.7	29.4	REF	17.8	15.0	20.7	REF

Confidence Intervals are a measure of estimate precision: the wider the CI, the more imprecise the estimate.

Significance test is based on the Z score test. P values are significant at the 0.05 level. Ref: Reference group.

U When reporting to nearest whole percent, round up

D When reporting to nearest whole percent, round down

§ White, Black, Asian/Pacific Islander race categories exclude Latino/a ethnicity. Latino/a includes Hispanic or Latino/a of any race.

+ Neighborhood poverty (based on self-reported ZIP code) is defined as the percentage of the population living below the Federal Poverty Line (FPL) based on the American Community Survey (ACS) (2013-17) for HOP wave 8 and (ACS 2014-2018) for HOP wave 10. Neighborhoods are categorized into four groups as follows: "Low poverty" neighborhoods are those with <10% of the population living below the FPL; "Medium poverty" neighborhoods have 10-<20% of the population below FPL; "High Poverty" neighborhoods have 20-<30% of the population living below the FPL; "Very high poverty" neighborhoods have $\geq 30\%$ of the population living below the FPL;

Table 4. Prevalence of work status among adults 18 years or older, New York City, March 9 - October 14, 2020

Source: New York City Health Opinion Polls (NYC HOP) waves 6 - 10

NYC HOP wave 6 fielded from March 9 - March 12, 2020

NYC HOP wave 7 fielded from March 26 - March 31, 2020

NYC HOP wave 8 fielded from April 16 - April 23, 2020

NYC HOP wave 9 fielded from May 13-20, 2020

NYC HOP wave 10 fielded from October 3-14, 2020

Data from HOP 6-8 are weighted to NYC's borough, age X gender, borough X race/ethnicity, and education per the 2013-2017 US Census Bureau's ACS 5-year estimates

Data from HOP 9-10 are weighted to NYC's borough, age X gender, borough X race/ethnicity, and education per the 2014-2018 US Census Bureau's ACS 5-year estimates

	Abili	ty to work fro	m home (HOP6)		Exclu	sively working	g from home (Tel	ecommuting) (HOP7)
		Lower 95% Confidence	Confidence			Lower 95% Confidence	Upper 95% Confidence	
	Prevalence	Interval	Interval	p-value	Prevalence	Interval	Interval	p-value
NYC								
Overall	30.8	27.9	33.6		35.6	31.3	39.9	
Race/ethnicity [§]								
Latino/a	29.3	24.0	34.5	0.076	21.9	15.3	28.5	<0.001
White	34.6	29.6	39.5	REF	44.5 D	36.3	52.7	REF
Black	23.4	17.2	29.7	0.003	25.9	17.1	34.7	0.001
Asian/Pacific Islander	32.8	25.2	40.3	0.348	49.8	39.8	59.8	0.212
Neighborhood poverty [†]								
Low poverty (<10% FPL)	34.5 D	28.0	41.0	REF	46.6	36.5	56.7	REF
Medium poverty (10 to <20% FPL)	28.0	23.7	32.4	0.052	34.5 U	28.0	41.0	0.024
High poverty (20 to <30% FPL)	33.2	26.9	39.5	0.390	35.8	26.8	44.7	0.057
Very high poverty (≥30% FPL)	29.0	21.5	36.5	0.140	27.0	15.7	38.4	0.006
Household poverty								
<200% of the Federal Poverty Level	22.5 D	17.8	27.2	<0.001	16.4	9.8	23.0	<0.001
≥200% of the Federal Poverty Level	36.8	33.0	40.6	REF	41.8	36.6	47.0	REF

	Worked outside the home in past 14 days (HOP8)			Worked outside the home in past 14 days (HOP9)				Worked outside the home in past 14 days (HOP10)				
	Prevalence	Lower 95% Confidence Interval	Upper 95% Confidence Interval	p-value	Prevalence	Lower 95% Confidence Interval	Upper 95% Confidence Interval	p-value	Prevalence	Lower 95% Confidence Interval	Upper 95% Confidence Interval	p-value
NYC												
Overall	15.2	12.9	17.5		18.6	16.0	21.1		37.1	34.1	40.2	
Race/ethnicity [§]												
Latino/a	18.1	13.4	22.7	0.067	19.5 U	14.5	24.5	0.364	38.5 U	32.7	44.3	0.171
White	13.5 D	9.7	17.2	REF	18.3	13.9	22.7	REF	42.3	37.0	47.7	REF
Black	15.8	10.8	20.9	0.229	18.7	13.5	23.9	0.457	28.7	22.6	34.8	<0.001
Asian/Pacific Islander	13.0	7.1	18.8	0.443	17.8	10.8	24.8	0.448	34.6	26.4	42.9	0.062
Neighborhood poverty [†]												
Low poverty (<10% FPL)	11.0	6.4	15.6	REF	16.6	11.5	21.8	REF	35.6	28.7	42.5	REF
Medium poverty (10 to <20% FPL)	16.3	12.7	19.8	0.038	17.8	14.1	21.5	0.360	41.8	37.2	46.4	0.072
High poverty (20 to <30% FPL)	18.1	12.7	23.5	0.025	17.5 D	12.1	22.8	0.414	31.0	24.6	37.5	0.173
Very high poverty (<u>></u> 30% FPL)	13.8	8.2	19.4	0.225	23.3	14.8	31.8	0.093	32.2	24.0	40.3	0.265
Household poverty												
<200% of the Federal Poverty Level	11.7	7.9	15.5	0.005	15.8	11.4	20.2	0.031	26.5 D	21.5	31.5	<0.001
≥200% of the Federal Poverty Level	18.2	15.1	21.3	REF	21.0	17.7	24.3	REF	44.3	40.4	48.3	REF
	Workplace e	ncourages and distancing (accommodate (HOP8) ¹	s physical	Workplace e	ncourages and	accommodates	physical distancing (HOP9) ¹				

	Prevalence	Lower 95% Confidence Interval	••	p-value	Prevalence		Upper 95% Confidence Interval	p-value
NYC								
Overall	83.4	77.3	89.5		93.8	90.4	97.1	

¹ Numbers are too small to display crosstab frequencies. This was asked among those respondents who said they worked outside the home in the past 14 days.

Confidence Intervals are a measure of estimate precision: the wider the CI, the more imprecise the estimate.

Significance test is based on the Z score test. P values are significant at the 0.05 level. Ref: Reference group.

U When reporting to nearest whole percent, round up

D When reporting to nearest whole percent, round down

§ White, Black, Asian/Pacific Islander race categories exclude Latino/a ethnicity. Latino/a includes Hispanic or Latino/a of any race.

+ Neighborhood poverty (based on self-reported ZIP code) is defined as the percentage of the population living below the Federal Poverty Line (FPL) based on the American Community Survey (2013-17) and (2014-2018) for HOP wave 6-8 and HOP wave 9-10 respectively. Neighborhoods are categorized into four groups as follows: "Low poverty" neighborhoods are those with <10% of the population living below the FPL; "Medium poverty" neighborhoods have 10-<20% of the population below FPL; "High Poverty" neighborhoods have 20-<30% of the population living below the FPL; "Medium poverty" neighborhoods have 10-<20% of the population below FPL; "Example 10-<20% of the population below FPL; "Example 20-<30% of the population living below the FPL; "Medium poverty" neighborhoods have 20-<30% of the population below the FPL; "Example 20-<30% of the population below FPL; "Example 20-<30% of the population below the FPL; "Example 20-< FPL; "Very high poverty" neighborhoods have \geq 30% of the population living below the FPL.

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Table 5a. Prevalence of social distancing measures because of the coronavirus outbreak, among adults 18 years or older, New York City, March 9 - April 23, 2020

Source: New York City Health Opinion Polls (NYC HOP) waves 6, 7, and 8

NYC HOP wave 6 fielded from March 9 - March 12, 2020

NYC HOP wave 7 fielded from March 26 - March 31, 2020

NYC HOP wave 8 fielded from April 16 - April 23, 2020

Data from HOP 6-8 are weighted to NYC's borough, age X gender, borough X race/ethnicity, and education per the 2013-2017 US Census Bureau's ACS 5-year estimates

	Avoided large gatherings of people (HOP6)			P6)	Avoided larg	e gatherings o	f people or crow	rds (HOP7)	Avoided large gatherings of people or crowds (HOP8)			
	Prevalence	Lower 95% Confidence Interval	Upper 95% Confidence Interval	p-value	Prevalence	Lower 95% Confidence Interval	Upper 95% Confidence Interval	p-value	Prevalence	Lower 95% Confidence Interval	Upper 95% Confidence Interval	p-value
NYC												
Overall	66.7	63.7	69.7		95.9	94.7	97.1		94.4	92.8	96.0	
Race/ethnicity [§]												
Latino/a	64.6	59.0	70.2	0.424	93.6	90.5	96.7	0.021	92.4	89.4	95.3	0.084
White	63.8	58.7	69.0	REF	97.3	95.5	99.0	REF	95.2	92.5	97.8	REF
Black	69.2	62.4	76.0	0.106	96.1	93.7	98.5	0.224	93.0	88.9	97.2	0.198
Asian/Pacific Islander	75.7	69.0	82.5	0.003	96.5 U	93.6	99.4	0.335	97.9	95.5	100.0	0.067
Neighborhood poverty [†]												
Low poverty (<10% FPL)	64.8	58.1	71.5	REF	95.5 U	92.5	98.5	REF	96.6	94.1	99.1	REF
Medium poverty (10 to <20% FPL)	66.7	62.1	71.3	0.322	96.1	94.3	98.0	0.365	94.2	91.7	96.7	0.086
High poverty (20 to <30% FPL)	67.2	60.6	73.7	0.309	95.8	93.3	98.4	0.435	93.1	89.0	97.2	0.071
Very high poverty (≥30% FPL)	69.2	61.7	76.6	0.197	96.4	93.7	99.2	0.328	94.1	90.6	97.7	0.126
Household poverty												
<200% of the Federal Poverty Level	68.8	63.6	74.1	0.228	95.6	93.3	97.8	0.421	92.0	88.8	95.2	0.057
≥200% of the Federal Poverty Level	66.4	62.6	70.1	REF	95.8	94.2	97.5	REF	95.0	93.1	96.9	REF

Stayed home except for taking care of essential needs (HOP7) Stayed

Stayed home except for taking care of essential needs (HOP8)

Lower 95% Confidence ce Interval 4.0 92. 1.8 88. 3.2 90. 4.4 91.	6 95.5	p-value 0.255	Prevalence 94.2	Lower 95% Confidence Interval 92.6	Upper 95% Confidence Interval 95.8	p-value
1.8 88. 3.2 90.			94.2	92.6	95.8	
1.8 88. 3.2 90.			94.2	92.6	95.8	
3.2 90.	6 95.1	0.255				
3.2 90.	6 95.1	0.255				
		0.255	92.4	89.5	95.4	0.064
4.4 91.	5 95.9	REF	95.5 D	92.9	98.1	REF
	4 97.3	0.285	90.6	86.0	95.3	0.037
8.6 96.	6 100.0	0.001	99.6	98.9	100	0.002
5.3 92.	2 98.4	REF	96.6	93.9	99.2	REF
4.6 92.	4 96.7	0.357	94.2	91.6	96.7	0.103
3.6 90.	3 97.0	0.240	92.0	87.9	96.2	0.037
1.3 87.	2 95.4	0.062	94.5 U	91.3	97.8	0.174
3.5 D 90.	7 96.2	0.394	91.6	88.3	95.0	0.032
3.9 92.	1 95.8	REF	95.2	93.4	97.1	REF
d a ride-sharing app		OP7) ¹	Used a rid			HOP8) ¹
	3.9 92 ed a ride-sharing app i Lower 95%	3.9 92.1 95.8 ed a ride-sharing app in past 7 days (H Lower 95% Upper 95%	3.9 92.1 95.8 REF ed a ride-sharing app in past 7 days (HOP7) ¹ Lower 95% Upper 95%	3.992.195.8REF95.2ed a ride-sharing app in past 7 days (HOP7) 1Used a rideLower 95%Upper 95%	3.992.195.8REF95.293.4ed a ride-sharing app in past 7 days (HOP7) 1Used a ride-sharing appLower 95%Upper 95%Lower 95%	3.9 92.1 95.8 REF 95.2 93.4 97.1 ed a ride-sharing app in past 7 days (HOP7) 1 Used a ride-sharing app in past 7 days (HOP7) 1

	Prevalence	Lower 95% Confidence Interval	Upper 95% Confidence Interval	p-value	Prevalence	Lower 95% Confidence Interval	Upper 95% Confidence Interval	p-value
Overall								
Overall	9.7	7.9	11.5		9.0	7.3	10.8	

¹ Numbers are too small to display crosstab frequencies.

Confidence Intervals are a measure of estimate precision: the wider the CI, the more imprecise the estimate.

Significance test is based on the Z score test. P values are significant at the 0.05 level. Ref: Reference group.

U When reporting to nearest whole percent, round up

D When reporting to nearest whole percent, round down

§ White, Black, Asian/Pacific Islander race categories exclude Latino/a ethnicity. Latino/a includes Hispanic or Latino/a of any race.

I Neighborhood poverty (based on self-reported ZIP code) is defined as the percentage of the population living below the Federal Poverty Line (FPL) based on the American Community Survey (2013-17). Neighborhoods are categorized into four groups as follows: "Low poverty" neighborhoods are those with <10% of the population living below the FPL; "Medium poverty" neighborhoods have 10-<20% of the population below FPL; "High Poverty" neighborhoods have 20-<30% of the population living below the FPL; "Very high poverty" neighborhoods have ≥30% of the population living below the FPL.</p>

Table 5b. Prevalence of social distancing measures because of the coronavirus outbreak, among adults 18 years or older, New York City, March 9 - April 23, 2020

Source: New York City Health Opinion Polls (NYC HOP) waves 7, 8 NYC HOP wave 7 fielded from March 26 - March 31, 2020

NYC HOP wave 8 fielded from April 16 - April 23, 2020

Data from HOP 7-8 are weighted to NYC's borough, age X gender, borough X race/ethnicity, and education per the 2013-2017 US Census Bureau's ACS 5-year estimates

	Had close conta hous	tside their	Had close conta		th someone ou 7 days (HOP8)			
	Prevalence	Lower 95% Confidence Interval	Upper 95% Confidence Interval	p-value	Prevalence		Upper 95% Confidence Interval	p-value
Overall				praise				prese
Overall	40.3	37.2	43.4		31.7	28.7	34.7	
Race/ethnicity [§]								
Latino/a	41.0	35.1	46.8	0.363	38.1	32.3	44.0	0.003
White	39.6	34.2	44.9	REF	27.5 D	22.4	32.5	REF
Black	40.8	34.1	47.4	0.393	34.6	28.0	41.1	0.045
Asian/Pacific Islander	40.1	32.3	47.9	0.457	24.5 D	17.3	31.6	0.249
Neighborhood poverty [†]								
Low poverty (<10% FPL)	35.2	28.6	41.9	REF	28.5 U	22.0	35.1	REF
Medium poverty (10 to <20% FPL)	42.6	37.9	47.4	0.039	32.4	27.8	37.0	0.169
High poverty (20 to <30% FPL)	41.5 U	34.8	48.3	0.097	32.8	26.3	39.2	0.184
Very high poverty (≥30% FPL)	36.5 D	28.8	44.1	0.407	33.2	25.6	40.8	0.181
Household poverty								
<200% of the Federal Poverty Level	41.5 U	36.1	46.9	0.440	34.5 U	28.9	40.1	0.201
≥200% of the Federal Poverty Level	41.0	37.0	44.9	REF	31.7	28.0	35.4	REF

Had physical contact with someone outside their household in past 7 days (HOP7)

Had physical contact with someone outside their household in past 7 days (HOP8)¹

	Prevalence	Lower 95% Confidence Interval	Upper 95% Confidence Interval	p-value	Prevalence	Lower 95% Confidence Interval	Upper 95% Confidence Interval	p-value
Overall								
Overall	13.3	11.1	15.4		8.9	7.1	10.6	
Race/ethnicity [§]								
Latino/a	17.2	12.8	21.6	0.012				
White	10.9	7.6	14.1	REF				
Black	16.4	11.1	21.7	0.041				
Asian/Pacific Islander	8.1	3.6	12.7	0.167				
Neighborhood poverty ^t								
Low poverty (<10% FPL)	9.3	5.2	13.4	REF				
Medium poverty (10 to <20% FPL)	13.7	10.4	17.0	0.051				
High poverty (20 to <30% FPL)	15.4	10.6	20.2	0.030				
Very high poverty (<u>></u> 30% FPL)	13.1	7.7	18.5	0.139				
Household poverty								
<200% of the Federal Poverty Level	15.5 D	11.5	19.5	0.092				
≥200% of the Federal Poverty Level	12.3	9.6	14.9	REF				

Used public transportation in past 7 days (HOP7)

Used public transportation in past 7 days (HOP8)

	Descelarios	Lower 95% Confidence Interval	Upper 95% Confidence Interval		Dunalanaa	Lower 95% Confidence Interval	Upper 95% Confidence Interval	
Overall	Prevalence	Interval	Interval	p-value	Prevalence	Interval	Interval	p-value
Overall	26.4	23.6	29.2		16.5 U	14.2	18.9	
Race/ethnicity [§]								
Latino/a	31.5 U	26.0	37.1	0.002	21.0	16.1	25.9	0.006
White	20.8	16.2	25.4	REF	13.0	9.1	16.9	REF
Black	33.6	27.3	40.0	0.001	22.4	16.8	27.9	0.003
Asian/Pacific Islander	19.9	13.5	26.3	0.412	7.9	3.5	12.4	0.046
Neighborhood poverty [†]								
Low poverty (<10% FPL)	17.3	12.0	22.6	REF	11.4	6.6	16.3	REF
Medium poverty (10 to <20% FPL)	27.6	23.3	31.9	0.002	13.7	10.4	17.1	0.222
High poverty (20 to <30% FPL)	31.1	24.5	37.7	0.001	22.3	16.5	28.0	0.002
Very high poverty (≥30% FPL)	27.2	20.2	34.1	0.013	23.8	17.0	30.6	0.002
Household poverty								
<200% of the Federal Poverty Level	31.6	26.4	36.7	0.009	19.7	15.2	24.3	0.068
≥200% of the Federal Poverty Level	24.1	20.7	27.6	REF	15.6	12.6	18.6	REF

¹ Numbers are too small to display crosstab frequencies.

Confidence Intervals are a measure of estimate precision: the wider the CI, the more imprecise the estimate.

Significance test is based on the Z score test. P values are significant at the 0.05 level. Ref: Reference group.

U When reporting to nearest whole percent, round up

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§ White, Black, Asian/Pacific Islander race categories exclude Latino/a ethnicity. Latino/a includes Hispanic or Latino/a of any race.

I Neighborhood poverty (based on self-reported ZIP code) is defined as the percentage of the population living below the Federal Poverty Line (FPL) based on the American Community Survey (2013-17). Neighborhoods are categorized into four groups as follows: "Low poverty" neighborhoods are those with <10% of the population living below the FPL; "Medium poverty" neighborhoods have 20-<30% of the population living below the FPL; "Very high poverty" neighborhoods have ≥30% of the population living below the FPL.</p>