Table 1a. Prevalence of cocaine use (lifetime) among youth in the United States, New York City, and New York State, 1999-2015

Source: NYC Youth Risk Behavior Survey, 1999-2015; New York State Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance System, 1999-2015; National Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance System, 1999-2015

Cocaine (lifetime)									
United States*				New York City**			New York State***		
Year	%	95% C.I.	% Change vs. 2015	%	95% C.I.	% Change vs. 2015	%	95% C.I.	% Change vs. 2015
1999	9.5U	(8.2-11.1)	-100.0%	3.3	(2.0-5.4)	-100.0%	6.8	(5.7-8.0)	-100.0%
2001	9.4	(8.2-10.7)	-100.0%	2.6	(1.7-3.9)	-100.0%	~	~	~
2003	8.7	(7.6-9.9)	-100.0%	3.5D	(2.9-4.2)	-100.0%	6.1	(5.4-6.9)	-100.0%
2005	7.6	(6.7-8.7)	-100.0%	3.6	(3.0-4.3)	-100.0%	5.1	(4.2-6.2)	-100.0%
2007	7.2	(6.2-8.2)	-100.0%	3.2	(2.5-4.1)	-100.0%	7.0	(5.8-8.5)	-100.0%
2009	6.4	(5.7-7.1)	-100.0%	4.2	(3.7-4.9)	-100.0%	7.2	(5.4-9.5)	-100.0%
2011	6.8	(6.2-7.5)	-100.0%	4.1	(3.5-4.8)	-100.0%	6.2	(5.4-7.2)	-100.0%
2013	5.5U	(4.7-6.6)	-100.0%	4.7	(3.8-5.6)	-100.0%	5.3	(4.2-6.7)	-100.0%
2015	5.2	(4.3-6.2)	~	4.4	(3.6-5.3)	~	7.6	(6.0-9.6)	~

*US YRBS is administered to both public and private schools.

** NYC YRBS is administered to public schools only.

*** NYS YRBS is administered to public schools only.

D Data rounded down to the nearest whole number for the purposes of reporting in the text.

U Data rounded up to the nearest whole number for the purposes of reporting in the text.

95% confidence intervals (CIs) are a measure of estimate precision; the wider the CI, the more imprecise the estimate.

A p-value is a measure of statistical significance. A **bold** p-value less than .05 means there is a significant difference between that group and the referent (comparison) group.

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