

Table 1. Demographics of unique patients with drug-related hospitalizations¹, age-adjusted rates (AAR)² per 100,000 residents, New York City, 2007

Source: New York State Department of Health, Statewide Planning and Research Cooperative System (SPARCS), 2007 (Data Update: April and July 2014)

Variables	2007		
	Unique Patients		
	N	%	AAR
Total	35,924	100%	564.1
Sex			
Male	23,379	65%	775.2
Female	12,545	35%	376.8
Race/Ethnicity³			
Black	15,653	51%	1,038.3
Hispanic	8,488	27%	507.1
White	6,744	22%	302.6
Other	5,039	X	X
Age-group⁴			
15-24	3,351	9%	292.5
25-34	5,456	15%	403.4
35-44	9,408	26%	784.9
45-54	11,145	31%	1,023.4
55-64	4,869	14%	583.0
65-84	1,695	5%	202.8
Mean Age	43.5		
Mean length of stay	9.3		
Borough of Residence			
Bronx	10,636	30%	1,053.5
Brooklyn	10,419	29%	548.7
Manhattan	8,585	24%	666.8
Queens	4,755	13%	268.1
Staten Island	1,529	4%	423.9
Borough of Hospital			
Bronx	9,174	26%	909.0
Brooklyn	9,196	26%	483.9
Manhattan	12,490	35%	969.9
Queens	3,625	10%	204.4
Staten Island	1,439	4%	399.2
Neighborhood poverty⁵			
Group 1: 0 to <10% (Low)	2,245	6%	301.9
Group 2: 10 to <20% (Medium)	9,491	27%	343.9
Group 3: 20 to <30% (High)	5,661	16%	450.0
Group 4: 30 to 100% (Highest)	18,400	51%	1,171.0
Unknown/Other	127	X	X

¹ NYC residents ages 15-84 discharged from a NYC hospital. Excludes detox and rehab discharges, self-inflicted injury, injury purposely inflicted by other persons, and injury undetermined whether accidentally or purposely inflicted (based on ICD-9 E-codes).

² Rates are calculated using intercensal New York City population denominators updated December 2014. Rates are age-adjusted to US 2000 Standard Population.

³ Other race/ethnicity or missing race/ethnicity are collapsed into "Other", and are not included in the percent of total calculation.

⁴ Age standardized rates are presented.

⁵ Neighborhood poverty (based on UHF) defined as percent of residents with incomes below 100% of the Federal Poverty Level per American Community Survey Census 2000.