TROUT IN THE CLASSROOM

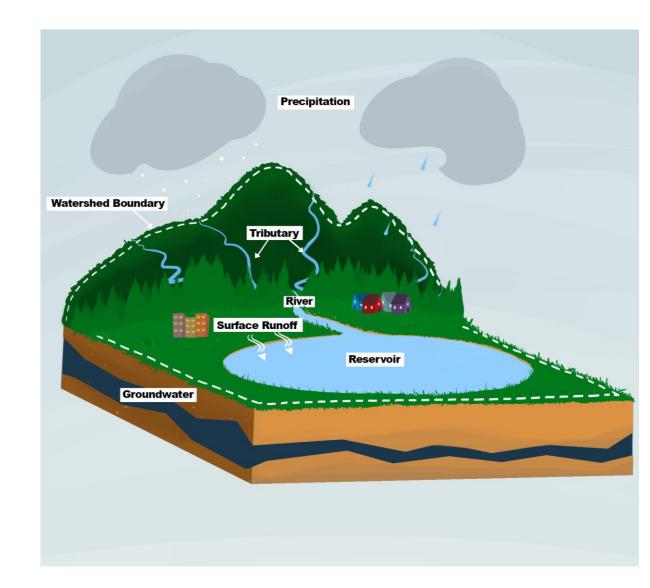
Watershed Health and Management



Protection



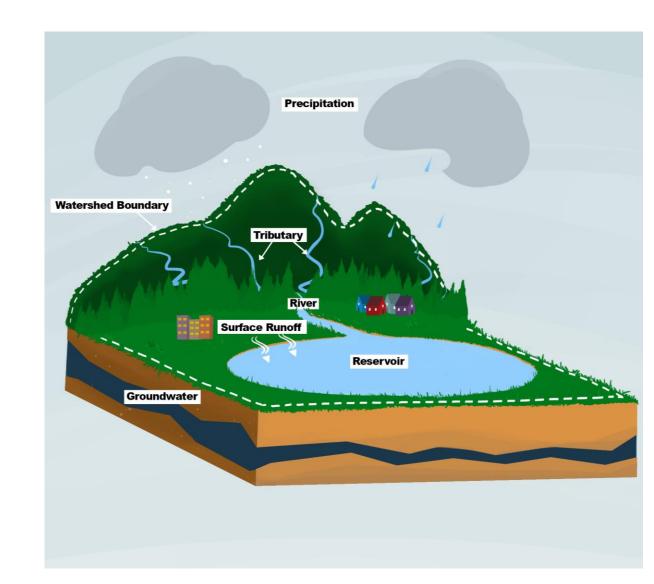
What is a Watershed?





What is a Watershed?

Definition: An area of land that drains into a specific body of water.





NYC Watersheds: Croton, Catskill, Delaware

- NYC residents receive drinking water from these upstate watersheds every day
- Forests cover approximately 75% of the NYC watersheds
- DEP works collaboratively with watershed partners and communities to manage and protect water quality in the watersheds
- Because our watersheds are so healthy, they are great trout habitat!





Which Watershed Looks Healthier To You?

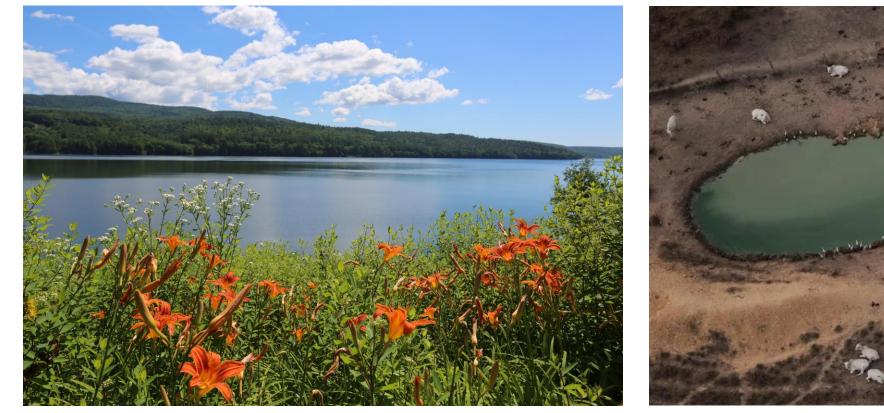


Image credit: Human Rights Watch



Water from NYC Watersheds is Filtered by Forests

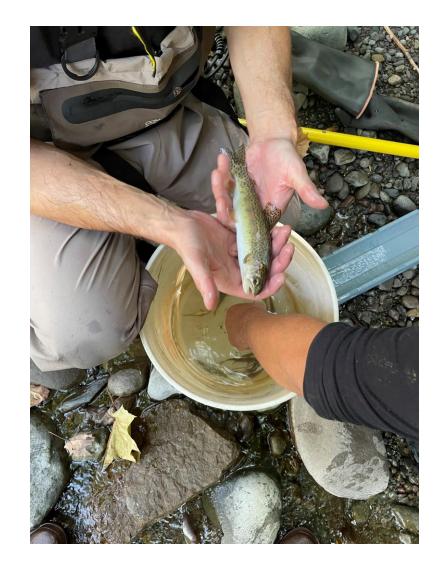


Let's find out why these forests are important for us and our trout!



Our Trout Don't Lie!

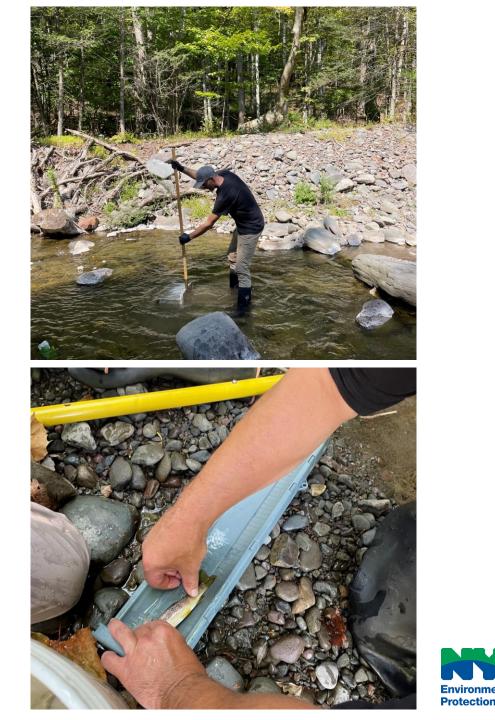
- Trout are an *indicator species* and help us determine the health of the stream
- Trout, like many other animals, are also residents of our planet and rely on us to protect their waterways
- What are some of the water quality parameters that trout are most sensitive to?





Trout and Water Quality

- Trout are sensitive to:
 - Temperature
 - Dissolved oxygen levels
 - Sediment and turbidity
 - Nutrients (e.g. nitrogen and phosphorous)
 - Contaminants
 - pH
- Trout eat aquatic macroinvertebrates (macros), which have varying levels of pollution tolerance
- DEP ecologists survey trout and macros in watershed streams because when they are healthy, they can be confident that the watershed is healthy



Trees and Trout

- Forests help protect trout from:
 - Sediment in the water (stabilize stream banks)
 - Nutrient runoff from fertilizer and animal waste (filter runoff)
 - Pollutants from roadways and industry (filter runoff)
- Trees shade the river, keeping it cool in the summer for cold-water fish like trout
- Downed trees and roots give trout places to hide from predators
- Fallen leaves provide a food source for the bugs that trout eat





Why Are Forest Ecosystems Important?







Forest Ecosystems

- Forests are important because they:
 - Stabilize soil and prevent erosion
 - Provide a home for native plants and animals
 - Filter our air and provide us with oxygen
 - Give us happiness and enjoyment
 - Regulate the water cycle help to create rainfall
 - Purify the water which makes sure we have clean water to drink!
- We call these benefits *ecosystem* services
- Can you think of any human activities that impact forest ecosystems?

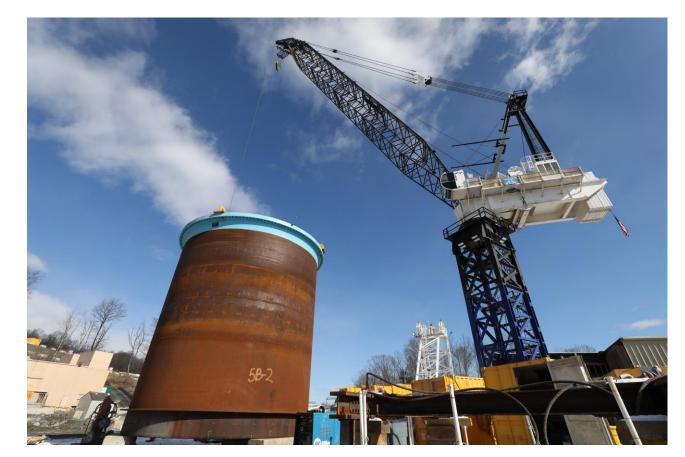






Land Uses That Impact Forests and Watershed Health

- Agriculture
- Impermeable surfaces
- Houses and lawns
- Factories and industrial areas





Agriculture

- Can increase **erosion** leading to more sediment in water
- Can cause nutrient runoff
 - Nitrogen-> Nitrates
 - Phosphorus-> Phosphates
- Can cause **pesticide runoff**
- ...and more!
- Trout are very sensitive to high levels of sediment, nutrients (especially forms of nitrogen), and pesticides in their water



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Impermeable Surfaces

- Impermeable surfaces like paved roads, parking lots, and sidewalks do not allow water to seep into the ground or percolate
- Water moves much faster leading to higher turbidity in streams making it harder for aquatic animals to breathe
- Runoff from impermeable surfaces often contains contaminants (oil residue, chemicals, nutrients)





Houses and Lawns

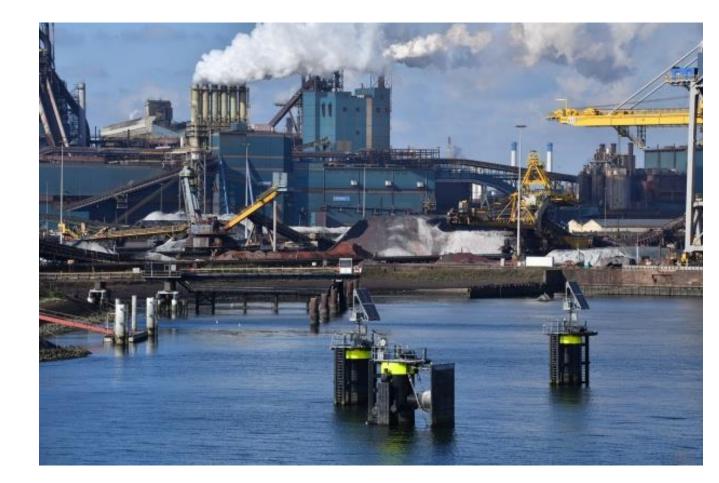
- Many lawns use chemicals and fertilizers that can run off into our streams
- Forests and other ecosystems are better able to filter contaminants from water
- Lawns provide little to no habitat for insects and pollinators (a biological desert)



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Factories and Other Industrial Areas

- Can create concentrated air and water pollution
- Contaminants in runoff and discharge from factories are especially dangerous when directly next to water bodies
- Pollution from chemicals, sediments, and noise is toxic and hurts animals like trout
- Warm water discharges can also be harmful



Can We Keep Our Watersheds Healthy?

- Raise your hand if you like...
 - Food
 - Electricity
 - Having a roof over your head
- The real question is...how can we provide the resources we need and keep our watersheds healthy?



Conserve Our Forests!

- All four of the land uses we talked about can result in **deforestation**
- NYC DEP and partners work together every day to preserve forests around watershed streams and reservoirs
- Our three watersheds cover 2000 square miles of land and 60% is privately owned
- We work with landowners to make sure forests are protected through best management practices while still supporting watershed communities and their economies







Best Management Practices for Forest Protection

- Keep steep hillsides forested to avoid erosion
- Keep factories away from water bodies
- Support agriculture that uses fewer chemical fertilizers and pesticides
- Repair and preserve **riparian buffers**: nature is our best water filter
- What else can you do to protect our trout and watersheds?







You Play a Critical Role in Managing the Health of the Water System and Watershed!

- If you litter, the future will be bitter
- Leave only footprints, take only memories (conserve our wild spaces)
- Save it for a sunny day (creating more wastewater when it's raining can lead to sewage overflows into local waterways)
- Trash it, don't flush it (grease should go in the trash, not down the drain since it clogs our pipes)
- Only flush the 4 Ps (pee, poop, puke, and (toilet) paper)
- If it's yellow, let it mellow. If it's brown, flush it down. (conserve water at home)







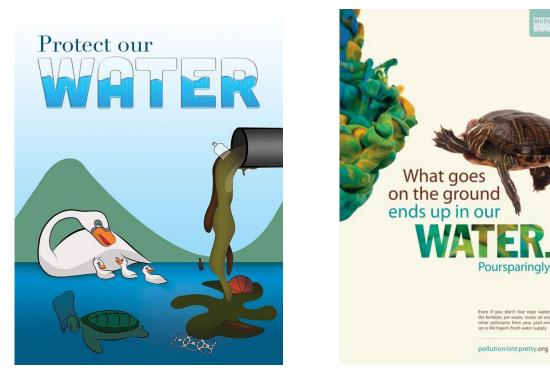




- Create a Public Service Announcement!
- Invent your own tagline and campaign to help protect the health of our trout and our watersheds



Mediterranean Association to Save the Sea Turtles



Pollutionisntpretty.org



Johanan Colon



Learn more at nyc.gov/dep/education or contact the Education Office at educationoffice@dep.nyc.gov.