



Open a bank account.

- Protect your money in an insured bank or credit union. Look for official signs: FDIC (banks), NCUA (credit unions). You can also access services as you and your money needs grow.
- NYC SafeStart Account and Bank On certified accounts are affordable accounts that have no fees or minimum balance requirements.
- To open an account, you may need an adult and/or government-issued ID like IDNYC or a Non-Driver ID from the Department of Motor Vehicles.



Understand what you're buying.

- Shop around for the lowest price.
- Read return policies and contracts carefully.
- Monitor subscriptions. Cancel ones you don't need.
- "Buy Now, Pay Later" are short-term loans that could mean fees and interest. Consider if a loan is worth it.
- Do research before buying used items like cars or electronics. Make sure they work and check for recalls.



Learn to live on a budget.

- Know how much money you have so you can make decisions about spending and saving.
- Track money coming in and going out to avoid problems.
- Know the difference between a "need" and a "want."
- Know your money goals so you can save for them.



- A 529 plan helps families save for higher education. Ask if your family has one or can open one.
- Check for financial assistance. Complete the Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA) the year before you start school.
- A school's offer of "aid" is often a mix of grants you don't repay and loans you must repay with interest.
- Make higher education a money goal. Save for expenses and student loan repayment.



You can start a business at any age.

- If you're under 18, you may need an adult's help.
 An adult may need to form certain business types or open business accounts.
- NYC Small Business Services can help young entrepreneurs. Learn how to create a business plan, register and license your business, and get financing.
- Consider business mentorship programs. NYC Public Schools and NYC Department of Youth & Community Development (DYCD) run some.



- Investments and investment advice are the top frauds targeting young people especially on social media.
- There are many types of investments. They include stocks, bonds, mutual funds, real estate, cryptocurrencies. Make sure you understand them. If you don't, you can be out a lot of money and fees. The U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission has resources to help.





Protect yourself from scammers.

- Social media is the #1 way young people have lost money to scams.
- Don't post personal or financial information.
- Beware of unexpected contacts. Scammers create fake accounts to gain trust and information. Research before you respond.
- Use trusted sites to buy online. Look for a product's picture, description, user reviews. Make sure you can contact the company.
- Review account statements for fraud. This includes payment apps, debit card, bank transfers, cryptocurrency.



Younger workers have special rights.

- If you're under 18, know where, when, and how long you can work. Read Youth Workers Bill of Rights created by New York State Department of Labor.
- You can get a working papers application from your school's guidance office or NYC Public Schools.
- Consider employment programs run by DYCD.
- Your family may be eligible for NYC Free Tax Prep to see if you must file taxes.



Credit scores matter so think before you charge.

- Using a credit card means you must repay the amount plus any interest and fees later.
- To avoid interest charges, pay your balance in full every month if you can.
- Paying just the minimum or missing payments because you can't afford them costs you more and damages your credit score.
- Your credit score uses your credit history to predict how reliably you will make future payments.
- Check your credit report every year.



- Under a new law, brokers who represent landlords can't charge fees to tenants. Monitor nyc.gov/dcwp for when this law takes effect.
- You can apply for NYC housing lotteries starting age 18.
- Make your first apartment a money goal and save for it. Ready to Rent offers free financial counseling if you're applying for affordable housing.

Free Help and Resources:

AnnualCreditReport.com: annualcreditreport.com

Bank On (Accounts): joinbankon.org

Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC): fdic.gov/getbanked

Federal Student Aid (FAFSA Form): studentaid.gov

IDNYC: nyc.gov/idnyc

National Credit Union Administration (NCUA): <u>ncua.gov</u>

NYC Department of Consumer and Worker Protection: nyc.gov/dcwp (Click Consumers) nyc.gov/workers (Workers' Bill of Rights)

NYC Department of Youth & Community Development: nyc.gov/dycd

NYC Financial Empowerment Centers: nyc.gov/TalkMoney

NYC Free Tax Prep: nyc.gov/taxprep

NYC Public Schools: nyc.gov/schools

NYC Small Business Services (Start a Business): nyc.gov/sbs

New York State Department of Labor: <u>dol.ny.gov/youth</u> (includes breakdown by age) <u>dol.ny.gov/youthworkers</u> (Youth Workers Bill of Rights)

NY's 529 College Savings Program: nysaves.org

Ready to Rent: ariva.org/ready-to-rent

U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission: investor.gov

