

Inspection Checklist: Special Sales

Are you or is your business advertising or conducting a sale for a special purpose, including, but not limited to, going out of business, loss of lease, liquidation, renovation, or fire/smoke/water damage?

Use this checklist to learn what our inspectors look for and help avoid violations. All businesses also must comply with the General Retail Inspection Checklist, which is included at the end for easy reference.

For your convenience, each Requirement includes the relevant section of law and/or rule, so you can refer to it for more information. The KEY below describes the legal citations and symbols used in this checklist.

KEY
NYC Code: NYC Administrative Code
RCNY: Rules of the City of New York
§: Section

Requ	Requirement	
Licenses		
1	Your business must have a valid DCA Special Sale license.	□ Yes
	Tip: Sales that require a license include, but are not limited to, going out of business sale, trustee's sale, liquidation sale, executor's sale, loss of lease sale, forced out of business sale, branch store discontinuance sale, removal sale, adjustment sale, reorganization sale, alteration sale, remodeling sale, renovation sale, fire sale, insurance salvage sale, damaged goods sale, smoke sale, and water damage sale.	
	Tip: A license issued for a "branch store discontinuance sale" may be used only at the premises of the branch that is being discontinued and cannot be used for any other location.	
	Tip: The license is good for 30 days.	
	Tip: Depending on the type of sale, the license may be renewed once or twice.	
	NYC Code §20-309, §20-311, §20-312	
2	DCA's combined license and complaint sign must be posted where all customers can see it.	□ Yes
	6 RCNY §1-03(a)	
Adve	rtising	
3	Advertising includes, but is not limited to, signs, promotions, displays, billboards, and posters.	□ Yes
	Tip: You cannot state directly or indirectly in any advertising that the sale is being held with DCA's approval.	
	Tip: You cannot reference your DCA license in any advertising.	
	NYC Code §20-317(b)	
4	You cannot display or advertise merchandise in any manner that you do not intend to sell at the price stated in an advertisement. For example, the price tag on displayed merchandise must match the price stated in the advertisement.	□ Yes
	6 RCNY §2-151(b)	



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Req	Requirement	
Rec	ords	
5	You must keep a duplicate original of your license application and stock list and make them available for inspection by DCA at all times. You must permit DCA to inspect all merchandise on the premises for comparison with the stock list.	□ Yes
	NYC Code §20-315(a)	



Bill de Blasio Mayor

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Contact 311 Visit nyc.gov and (212) NEW-YORK (Outside NYC) search "Business Toolbox"

Commissioner

This document is provided for informational purposes only, is not exhaustive, and does not constitute legal advice. New York City businesses must comply with all relevant federal, State, and City laws and rules. Businesses are responsible for knowing and complying with current regulations that affect their business.



Does your business sell goods or services?

Use this checklist to learn what our inspectors look for and help avoid violations. For your convenience, each Requirement includes the relevant section of law and/or rule, so you can refer to it for more information. The KEY below describes the legal citations and symbols used in this checklist.

KEY
NYC Code: NYC Administrative Code
RCNY: Rules of the City of New York
NY GBL: NY General Business Law
§: Section

Requ	irement	Do you meet this requirement?
Price	Lists for Services	
1	A price list must be displayed and include the following:	□ Yes
	List of the type of services	
	Minimum price for each service	
	 Conditions or variations of service that change the minimum price 	
	 Range of additional charges caused by conditions or variations (e.g., \$10 pants, \$15 pants with pleats) 	
	(if the price is based on an hourly labor rate) Rate as dollars per hour	
	Tip: If the price list states a price "and up" or "from"—e.g., "\$5 and up" or "from \$5"—it must also state the reason(s) for the different prices and include the range of prices.	
	6 RCNY §5-70(a)	
2	The price list must be clearly posted or clearly displayed at the place(s) where payment is made (e.g., near the cash register) and/or where orders are placed.	□ Yes
	6 RCNY §5-70(a)	
3	If there is a sale or promotion, the pre-sale prices must also be posted.	🗆 Yes
	NYC Code §20-750(b)	
4	Prices for services cannot be based on gender.	🗆 Yes
	Tip: Words like "men's," "women's," and "ladies'" cannot be used to describe the price.	
	NYC Code §20-750(c)	
Prici	ng for Goods	
5	All items offered for sale must show a price, exclusive of tax, as follows:	🗆 Yes
	The price must be attached to the item by a stamp, tag, or label. OR	
	• The price must be stated on a sign that is plainly visible where the item is displayed.	
	NYC Code §20-708, NYC Code §20-708.1	



Req	Requirement	
6	If your store's annual revenue is more than \$2 million or you are a chain store, you must individually price each item, including food products, paper products, detergents, soaps, nonprescription drugs, and health and beauty aids.	□ Yes
	Exceptions:	
	 You do NOT need to individually price each item if you provide price scanners for customer use that meet the following requirements: 	
	 Price scanners are within 30 feet of an item OR there is a sign in view of the item that says "A Price Scanner for Customer Use to Check Prices is Located 	
	 The number of price scanners available to customers is based on the number of checkout stations: 	
	1-3 checkout stations = 1 or more price scanners 4-5 checkout stations = 2 or more price scanners 6-7 checkout stations = 3 or more price scanners 8-9 checkout stations = 4 or more price scanners 10 or more checkout stations = 5 or more price scanners	
	 The following items must be individually priced unless shelf prices and a price look-up function are provided: Milk 	
	 Items that are under 3 cubic inches in size, weigh less than 3 ounces, and cost under 1 dollar 	
	– Eggs	
	 Fresh produce not packaged for retail sale 	
	 Products sold through a vending machine 	
	 Food sold for consumption on the premises 	
	 Snack foods offered for sale in single packages that weigh 5 ounces or less, e.g., cakes, gum, candies, chips, and nuts 	
	 Cigarettes, cigars, tobacco, and tobacco products 	
	 Food offered for sale in bulk 	
	– Frozen juice	
	– Ice cream	
	 Frozen foods packaged for final retail sale in plastic bags 	
	 Items on sale for 1 week or less, but only if they are located in a segregated display at the end of the aisle and the sale period, name of the product, and the advertised price are clearly posted on a sign at the point of display 	
	 Jars of baby food 	



Requ	irement	Do you meet this requirement?
Signs	3	
7	Sale signs that advertise a price range or percent discount—example: "Savings of 20 to 50%" or "20% to 50% off"—must state the minimum and maximum percentages in equal size.	□ Yes
	6 RCNY §5-94(a)(1)	
8	 Advertising, including sale signs, cannot contain any of the following phrases: "Our list price" Below "manufacturer's wholesale cost" "Manufacturer's cost" 	□ Yes
	6 RCNY §5-101	
9	 Businesses that sell goods and services must post a refund policy sign. Tip: A refund policy sign must be posted at each register, point of sale, or entrance, or attached to each item. Tip: Even if the policy is not to give refunds, a sign must be posted stating "No Refunds." 	□ Yes
	Tip: The sign must state that a written copy of the store's refund policy is available on request.	
	6 RCNY §5-37; NY GBL §218-a	
10	 The refund policy sign must state any and all conditions or limitations to getting a refund. For example, it must state: Any fees charged for refunds, such as "restocking fees" If a refund will not be provided for "as is" or "sale" items Whether the refund will be in cash, credit, or store credit only If proof of purchase is required for a refund If a refund will be provided at any time or within a specific period of time 6 RCNY §5-37; NY GBL §218-a 	☐ Yes
11	If there are limitations on using credit cards, such as minimum purchase amounts, the policy must be clearly posted at or near each entrance and in all advertising that indicates credit cards are accepted.	□ Yes
	6 RCNY §5-24(b)	



Req	uirement	Do you meet this requirement?
Rece	eipts	•
12	Receipts must be given to customers for purchases over \$20 and upon request for purchases between \$5 and \$20.	□ Yes
	Tip: This does not apply to food and drink that is meant to be consumed on the premises.	
	6 RCNY §5-32	
13	The receipt must include each of the following:	□ Yes
	Date of purchase	
	Amount paid for each item	
	Total amount paid	
	Separate statement of tax	
	Business name and address	
	6 RCNY §5-32(c)	
14	Receipts for audio, photographic, and video equipment that cost more than \$100 must also include the make and model number of the item.	□ Yes
	6 RCNY §5-32(c)(5)	
Price	e Accuracy	•
15	The price charged for an item at checkout, including scanned items, must not exceed the item's tagged, stamped, or marked price, shelf price, sale price, or advertised price.	□ Yes
	NYC Code §20-708.1(d), NYC Code §20-708.1(e)	
16	Tax cannot be charged on tax-exempt items.	□ Yes
	Tip: Examples of tax-exempt items include but are not limited to: feminine hygiene products, canned vegetables, baby food, clothing under \$110, diapers, nonprescription or over-the-counter drugs, contraceptives.	
	Tip: Check with the <u>New York State Department of Taxation and Finance</u> for a complete list of which items are exempt.	
	6 RCNY §5-41	1



Req	uirement	Do you meet this requirement?
Laya	way Plans	
17	A "layaway plan" means a purchase over \$50 where consumers agree to pay for the purchase in 4 or more installments before getting the merchandise. If a layaway plan is offered, each of the following written disclosures must be provided to consumers prior to accepting any payments:	□ Yes
	Description of the item, including name of manufacturer, brand name, color, size, style, or model number	
	Total cost of the item, including tax, installation, delivery, or freight charges	
	 Any charge to use layaway, including any service charge, carrying charge, or cancellation fee 	
	Duration of the layaway plan	
	Payment schedule and any consequences of missed payments	
	Refund policy regarding the payments	
	• Notice of where the item is being stored, if other than the place of purchase, or if the item will not be removed from inventory until additional payments are made:	
	<i>Example 1:</i> NOTICE: NO MERCHANDISE WILL BE REMOVED FROM INVENTORY UNTIL X% OF THE PURCHASE PRICE HAS BEEN PAID.	
	Example 2: ATTENTION: YOUR SELECTION OF MERCHANDISE WILL NOT BE ORDERED UNTIL YOU HAVE MADE YOUR NEXT TO FINAL PAYMENT.	
	6 RCNY §5-23; NY GBL §396-t	
Expi	red Over-the-counter Medication	
18	It is illegal to sell over-the-counter medication after the expiration date on the label.	□ Yes
	NYC Code §20-822(a)	



Requ	lirement	Do you meet this requirement?
Cash	a Payments	
19	Your store cannot refuse to accept cash payments from consumers.	□ Yes
	Exceptions:	
	Your store may refuse bills above \$20.	
	 Your store may refuse cash payments for telephone, mail, or internet-based transactions, unless the transaction takes place in the store. 	
	 Your store may accept prepaid cards from an on-site device that converts cash into prepaid cards, but only if: 	
	 The device does not charge a fee for the prepaid card or require a minimum deposit above \$1. 	
	 Upon request, the device provides the consumer with a receipt stating the amount of cash the consumer deposited onto the prepaid card. 	
	 Cash deposits onto the prepaid card do not expire. 	
	 There is no limit on the number of transactions a consumer can complete with the prepaid card. 	
	You must clearly post a sign on or immediately next to the device when it is not working that states your store is required to accept cash payments and consumers may report violations by calling 311.	
	NYC Code §20-840	
20	Your store cannot charge a consumer who pays in cash a higher price for the same "consumer commodity" than a consumer who pays by credit card or other cashless transaction.	□ Yes
	Tip: "Consumer commodity" means any article, good, merchandise, product, or commodity of any kind that is produced, distributed, or offered for retail sale.	
	NYC Code §20-840(c)	

For more information: Visit nyc.gov/BusinessToolbox | Contact 311 (212) NEW-YORK (Outside NYC)

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