In Re Public Board Meeting NYC - Civilian Complaint Review Board March 12, 2025

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              CIVILIAN COMPLAINT REVIEW BOARD
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                      PUBLIC MEETING
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                      March 12, 2025
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                          4:04 p.m.
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                  HELD VIA VIDEOCONFERENCE/
                100 Church Street, 10th Floor
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                   New York, New York 10007
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      B E F O R E:
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      DR. MOHAMMAD KHALID - INTERIM CHAIR
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      JONATHAN DARCHE, ESQ. - EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR
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      COURT REPORTER:
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      Sabrina Brown Stewart
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In Re Public Board Meeting NYC - Civilian Complaint Review Board March 12, 2025

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1	DIIDI TC	MEETING AGENDA	
2	POPLIC	MEETING AGENDA	
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3		Call to Order	
4	2.	Adoption of Minutes	İ
5	3.	Remarks from Interim Chair	
6	4.	Remarks from the Executive Director	
7	5.	Presentation from Outreach on the CCRB	
8	6.	Public Comment	
9	7.	Old Business	
10	8.	New Business	
11	9.	Adjourn to Executive Session	
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1	CCRB	BOARD MEMBERS PRESENT:
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3	1.	DR. Mohammad Khalid - INTERIM CHAIR
4	2.	Joseph A. Puma - Board Member
5	3.	Patrick Smith - Board Member
6	4.	June Northern - Board Member
7	5.	Sherene Crawford Esq Board Member
8	6.	Esmeralda Simmons, Esq Board Member
9	7.	Joseph Fox - Board Member
10	8.	Frank Dwyer - Board Member
11	9.	John Siegal Esq Board Member
12	10.	AU Hogan - Board Member
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14	PRESE	NTERS:
15		ROSE - Director of Outreach ork City Civilian Complaint Review Board
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1	SPEAKERS:
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3	Elijah McCormick - Member of the Public
4	Alex Cuevas - State Senator Persaud's Office
5	Andrew Case, Esq Supervising Attorney, LatinoJustice PRLDEF
6 7	Lindsey Smith, Esq The Legal Aid Society's Cop Accountability Project
8	Josmar Trujillo - Senior Organizer, Office of Community Liaison
9 10	Doyin Adeeko Abowaba - Member of the Public
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MS. ALVAREZ: Good evening, everyone.

Thank you for joining us. For those
utilizing ASL Interpretation Services, our
two interpreters are Andria Lamberton and
Cheryl Lepple-Huber. Instructions on how to
pin their video will be found in the chat.

For those utilizing closed captioning and
CART services, instructions on how to utilize
that and the link are also found in the chat.

Thank you.

INTERIM CHAIR KHALID: Good afternoon, everyone. My name is Dr. Mohammad Khalid, and I'm the interim chair of the Civilian

Complaint Review Board. I would like to call the CCRB March Public Board Meeting to an order.

Thank you for joining us. I would like to begin today's meeting by wishing everyone a Happy Women's History Month. In honor of Women's History Month, I would like to acknowledge the passing of Dr. Hazel Dukes. Her unwavering commitment to civil rights inspired generations of activists and empowered countless individuals to fight for equality and fairness. The CCRB strives to

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imbibe Ms. Duke's dedication to justice and accountability through thorough and impartial civilian oversight of alleged police misconduct.

Last month, Charlane Brown-Wyands

submitted her resignation to the Board.

Ms. Brown joined the Board in February 2023

as a police commissioner designee.

Ms. Brown-Wyands' career in the New York City

Police Department, where she became one of

the first African-American woman to serve as

a captain and deputy inspector, gave her

unique foundation for her service on the

Board, among other qualities, her expertise

investigation and police-community relations

made her a vital asset to the Agency, and she

will be surely missed.

to Sherene Crawford to the Board.

Ms. Crawford is a mayoral appointee and is the chief of staff for the Center for Justice Innovation. I am confident Ms. Crawford's extensive experience in the legal and policy field will prove to be invaluable to the Board.

I would like to extend a warm welcome

1	Would board member please introduce
2	yourself now with Ms. Crawford.
3	MS. CRAWFORD: Thank you. Thank you
4	for the welcome.
5	
	Sherene Crawford. I am this is my
6	first board meeting, so thank you. I am
7	grateful and excited to be here on the Board.
8	I have had a career dedicated to public
9	service and public safety and social justice,
10	so I'm looking forward to imparting that
11	experience. In my experience here on the
12	Board, I believe with that I have a lot to
13	offer, but also a lot to learn, so thank you.
14	INTERIM CHAIR KHALID: Thank you.
15	June, start for me.
16	MS. NORTHERN: June Northern. I'm
17	mayoral appointee for Brooklyn.
18	MR. SMITH: Pat Smith, mayoral
19	appointee, Manhattan. Good afternoon.
20	MR. PUMA: Good afternoon. I'm Joseph
21	Puma. I'm the City Council appointee from
22	Manhattan.
23	And welcome, to Board Member Crawford.
24	MR. DARCHE: My name is Jon Darche. I
25	use he/him pronouns, and I'm the executive

1	director of the Agency.
2	MS. SIMMONS: Esmeralda Simmons. I am
3	the Public Advocate appointee. I hail from
4	Bed-Stuy, Brooklyn.
5	MR. DWYER: Frank Dwyer. I'm a police
6	commissioner designee.
7	MR. HOGAN: AU Hogan, City Council
8	designee, Southeast Queens.
9	MR. FOX: Joe Fox. I'm a police
10	commissioner designee.
11	INTERIM CHAIR KHALID: Thank you all.
12	MR. DARCHE: Is there anyone joining us
13	online?
14	MS. ALVAREZ: They're still logging in.
15	MR. DARCHE: That's not John Siegal's
16	name there? I can squint down to 20/20.
17	(Laughter).
18	(Daagiiou / ·
19	MS. SIMMONS: Yeah, there he is. I see
20	him, too.
21	MR. CRUZ: John Siegal, you're unmuted.
22	Go for it.
23	MR. DARCHE: So, we'll come back to
24	John after Dr. Khalid's remarks and see if we
25	can get it fixed.
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1	INTERIM CHAIR KHALID: The next on the
2	agenda is is he here?
3	Welcome, John.
4	MR. DARCHE: You're muted, John. John,
5	you have to unmute on your end, I think.
6	MR. CRUZ: If you see a "down" arrow
7	next to the mute button, you might be able to
8	adjust the microphone setting.
9	MR. DARCHE: Someone will reach out to
10	you, John, and we'll figure out how to get
11	this fixed, and we'll let you introduce
12	yourself later.
13	Dr. Khalid, if you want to continue.
14	INTERIM CHAIR KHALID: Yes, okay. So,
15	are there any changes or
16	corrections to the January Board Meeting
17	minutes? If yes, we will make the
18	appropriate changes and review the corrected
19	minutes next month.
20	If none, do I have a motion to approve
21	the January Board Meeting minutes?
22	MS. SIMMONS: So moved.
23	MR. SMITH: Second.
24	INTERIM CHAIR KHALID: Second. Oh,
25	thank you.

1	All those in favor of approving the
2	minutes, say aye.
3	(Chorus of ayes).
4	INTERIM CHAIR KHALID: All those
5	opposed?
6	(No response).
7	INTERIM CHAIR KHALID: The minutes are
8	approved.
9	Are there any changes or corrections to
10	the February minutes, board minutes? If yes,
11	note that we will make the appropriate
12	changes and review the corrected minutes next
13	month.
14	If none, then, do I have a motion to
15	approve the February board minutes?
16	MR. SMITH: So moved.
17	MS. SIMMONS: Second.
18	INTERIM CHAIR KHALID: Thank you. All
19	those in favor of approving the
20	minutes, say aye.
21	(Chorus of ayes).
22	INTERIM CHAIR KHALID: All those
23	opposed?
24	(No response).
25	INTERIM CHAIR KHALID: The minutes
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are approved.

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Last month, the Board discussed revising agency rules to require civilian testify under oath to report alleged misconduct. Similar issues were later discussed in an op-ed, so I would like to revisit this matter now. It is certainly true that NYPD officers deserve efficient and timely review of misconduct cases. However, it is equally true that the New Yorkers deserve a resource where they can report abuse of power without fear of penalty or retaliation.

Currently, the civilian affirms that the content of the statement they give to the CCRB are true. To threaten civilians with the perjury charges would only work against the overall goal of the police, accountability and alienate New Yorkers in their process as many individuals who experience police misconduct may fear retaliation or distrust in the system. The threat of prosecution would serve to discourage valid complaints, not just false ones.

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Yesterday, Executive Director Darche and I testified in front of the City Council about the Agency budget. It was an honor to advocate for the Agency and discuss many accomplishments the CCRB has achieved in the context of fiscal constraint and historically high complaint levels. We requested \$44.5 million and authorization for 397 personnel, which is an increase of just under \$17 million, and for 150 positions from the previous budget.

To support this request, I testified to the following points: The Agency received 5,709 complaints in 2024, which is the highest number of complaints received in single year in the past 12 years. The CCRB had to close 22.5 percent of those complaints without investigation due to budget constraint. The recent expansion of agency jurisdiction has resulted in additional complaints and underscore the need for additional personnel.

CCRB investigation quality has improved due to technological advancement and enhanced investigator training, but requires more

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funding to maintain. Use of body camera footage enhances investigation accuracy, but adds workload. 7,530 hours of body-worn camera footage reviewed in 2024, need for 107 additional investigators and timely promotion to retain challenge. CCRB is essential to public safety, accountability, and civilian oversight. Without adequate funding, agency ability to fulfill this mandate is severely compromised. We remain hopeful that the City Council will recognize the Agency need and fulfill our request, and in doing so, invest in effective and independent civilian oversight.

I will now ask Executive Director

Jonathan Darche to give us all the Agency's updates.

Jon.

MR. DARCHE: Thank you, Dr. Khalid.

Good afternoon, everyone. On behalf of the Agency staff, I'd also like to welcome Ms. Crawford to the Board, and I'd like to thank Ms. Brown on a personal note for her kindness and guidance while she was on the Board, which I hope will continue. And she

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was a great board member and will be sorely missed.

As requested at the February board meeting, I asked our general counsel to look into the process of changing our procedures to require civilians to swear an oath under penalty of perjury when filing complaints of alleged misconduct. To change the current policy, which is to have civilians affirm that they are telling us the truth without the penalty of perjury, the Board must go through the full process of amending agency rules. The determination of a complaint's disposition is based on the disposition of all of the allegations in the complaint.

Substantiated means that the conduct occurred and was misconduct. If even one allegation is substantiated in the complaint, we close the entire complaint as substantiated. Within guidelines means that the conduct occurred but was not misconduct. If all of the complaint -- if all the allegations in the complaint are closed as within guidelines, we close the complaint as within guidelines. Unable to determine means

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that the Agency was unable to determine if the alleged conduct occurred or if that conduct was misconduct. Officer unidentified means that the Agency was unable to determine who the subject of the alleged misconduct was. Unfounded means that the alleged misconduct did not occur.

To dig deeper into the unfounded complaints, less than half or eight percent of the fully investigated complaints and only unfounded allegations. Regardless of what

If a complaint has eight allegations and one of them is unfounded while the remainder of the allegations are within guidelines, the complaint will be closed as unfounded. As I stated earlier, within NYPD quidelines means the officer's actions were deemed lawful or in compliance with the Patrol Guide, not that the incident did not In 2024, of all fully investigated happen. complaints, 21 percent were substantiated, 34 percent were within NYPD guidelines, 20 percent were unfounded, 18 percent were unable to determine, and seven percent were officer unidentified. To dig deeper into the unfounded

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the disposition is, it is impossible to determine the disposition of a complaint without an investigation. I agree with Dr. Khalid that using perjury charges to threaten civilians would deter legitimate complaints. I'd also like to echo Dr. Khalid in saying it was an honor to sit beside him yesterday and represent the Agency at the Public Safety Committee Hearing.

Budget season is long, but we remain optimistic that OMB, the Office of Management and Budget, will consider our needs and fulfill our request, so that we can better serve our fellow New Yorkers. In fact, since Dr. Khalid met with Budget Director Jiha last week, eight promotions, including some that's been pending for approximately one year, were approved. That's news to a lot of people because they came in very late today.

Our office is open for walk-in complaints, but it is also possible to file complaints online at nyc.gov/ccrbcomplaint.

That's N-Y-C.G-O-V/C-C-R-B-C-O-M-P-L-A-I-N-T, by telephone at 1(800)341-2272, by dialing 3-1-1, or by tagging the Agency on Twitter,

Facebook, and Instagram. For those wishing to speak during the public comment section of today's meeting, we ask to keep your questions and comments to four minutes. If anyone here today wishes to file a complaint, we have two investigators on hand and ready to take new complaints. The investigators on call this afternoon are Emma Stydahar and Rob Bryan. Brennia Feliciano is also here from the Civilian Assistance Unit.

Thank you, Dr. Khalid.

INTERIM CHAIR KHALID: I just want to add that I want to really thank -- it was a very cordial meeting with the budget director, Mr. Jiha. And he listened to our concern, and he said that "Please stay in touch, and we'll be very happy to help you because the Agency needs the help." And so, I thank him publicly that he was very cordial, and for his input for us was very, very great.

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Any questions the Board has so far?

MR. SMITH: Mr. Chair.

INTERIM CHAIR KHALID: Yes.

MR. SMITH: First of all, I want to

commend you and Jon Darche, outstanding performance at the City Council yesterday.

Jon, you were knowledgeable, passionate, and patient with the City Council. I thank you very much. Great, great performance.

In terms of Charlane, are we allowed to discuss the terms of her departure?

MR. DARCHE: I think that would be inappropriate to do in a public meeting.

MR. SMITH: All right. Anyway, I commend her and thank her. I mean, dedicated her life to both the Police Department and to the CCRB, and I thank her.

In terms of the question about testimony under oath, I am stuck with the problem that we are -- in 2024, we received more than 5,600 complaints, and in 2024, we substantiated 764 complaints against police officers. This is a testament to the dedication, the hard work of the staff and the board members. But we are spending an enormous amount of our time clearing police officers. And -- but again, what's out there is 5,600 complaints, "The cops are out of control." And I think what we have to give

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some emphasis to, 764 were substantiated.

I am -- do not pretend to have an answer to how we can get those numbers -- not that we should substantiate more complaints against police officers, but why that 5,600 exist, I suspect that there is a significant reason is because right now a person makes a complaint to the CCRB, they get an appointment for a phone conversation, mostly phone conversation, occasional in-person, and they undertake a 30 to 60-minute interview, which is recorded. And at the end of that interview, 30 to 60 minutes, the investigator ask the complainant, and I've reviewed them and sometimes they forget to ask the complainant -- "Do you swear or affirm that what you said is true?" The complainant says, "Yes." Because they've just spent 30 to 60 minutes on the phone answering questions, they say yes.

My suggestion is that Jon and Dr. Khalid, yesterday when you approached the City Council, the very first thing you had to do was stand and raise your right hand and swear that the testimony you were about to

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give was the truth, the whole truth, nothing but -- you had to swear an oath before you testified before the City Council yesterday. I don't think either one of you is a perjury threat, but you had to do that. I think that the complainant before they offer their statement should be asked to swear an oath that what they're about to say is true. Ι would prefer that there be some reminder that it's against the law to offer false testimony under oath, but I mean, that's why we negotiate, and that's why we come to an But I would strongly feel that we are better served if people swear an oath before they give this testimony.

The oath is being recorded. ever going to go down the road and prosecute significant number of cases where the person, obviously, lied. And, you know, there should way to add to the credibility of this Agency and what we're doing. When we substantiate a

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case against a police officer, it's built on solid facts. I would ask my colleagues on the Board just for the next couple of months, just keep that in mind as you're reviewing cases. Look at a case and when you find significantly unfounded -- when you find someone says, "The police officer used a racial slur and threw me to the ground," and the body-worn camera footage says that that just never occurred, you know. If that person were required to testify under oath before they made that allegation, would they have not made it? Would we all be better off to not have to deal with that case? I ask my colleagues, just for the next couple of months, keep in mind as you're looking at case, especially cases when there are significant unfounded allegations, could that have been curved if the oath was given more seriously with more emphasis at the beginning of the testimony?

Thank you very much.

INTERIM CHAIR KHALID: I would like to introduce John Siegal.

John, would you introduce yourself.

MR. DARCHE: John, you're still muted 1 2 for some reason. It looks like it's on our 3 end. 4 Can we unmute him? 5 MR. CRUZ: I'm requesting to unmute, If you could acknowledge or try to do 6 the --7 MR. DARCHE: John, can you try and 8 9 unmute on your end? 10 MR. SIEGAL: My apologies. I'm on a --I John Siegal, mayoral appointee. I 11 apologize. 12 am in attendance, and I wanted to respond. 13 Look, we all know from experience that 14 CCRB can't win, right? The people -- the very 15 same people who think that we substantiate too 16 many charges against officers are now 17 complaining that we have too many unfounded 18 claims. So, we're getting kicked in both 19 directions from the same people, but we know 2.0 this is a thankless task, so be it. I am very 21 strongly opposed to the idea of administering 22 oaths for testimony at CCRB for three reasons: 23 First, the suggestion by Mr. Smith that 24 the reason for so many complaints must be 25

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that there are false complaints ignores recent history and ignores our case load. We are reviewing civilian complaints against the police agency that within recent memory was found liable for unconstitutional policing by the Southern District of New York. Those practices set back police-community relations a generation in this city. And we all know from the testimony we see and hear and what we used to hear from when we were able to do local community meetings, the level of mistrust that occurs and that's reflected in the complaints that we received.

There's a lot of reasons for unsubstantiated complaints, including that policing is difficult, and the police officers within their authority are sometimes required to do things that citizens and communities view as harmful and abusive, and it's our job to sort those out. So, the rate of substantiated complaints versus the number of complaints we've received, to me, is indicative of nothing other than the broader problems of police-community relations.

Secondly, the right to petition the

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government is a fundamental right. enshrined in the First Amendment to the Constitution. At common law and through today, if somebody provides information to a government agency, that information provision is privileged, sometimes it's absolutely privileged. It's always qualifiedly privileged. And to reverse those protections to impose an oath requirement only for complaints against police officers, the only municipal employees who are permitted to use force, and sometimes deadly force, is really, to me, it's just an un-American proposal. It's offered for the expressed purpose of reducing the number of complaints, so it's clear the intention.

Thirdly, the statement that we have complaints where citizens obviously lie, I reject. There may be some, although we don't make that inquiry, and that's a very different inquiry than what we make to resolve the cases, but police officers do all sorts of things within guidelines that civilians don't view as appropriate, and that's our job, is to sort those out. So,

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I'm vehemently opposed to this proposal. I actually don't know why it keeps coming up because I think what we ought to be doing is advocating for the ability of this board to get the resources, to get the access timely to video, and the rest that will enable us to do our job more quickly. And I view this whole proposal as a really -- at best, a distraction and at worst, something more harmful.

So, I thank you for your time and the opportunity to comment.

INTERIM CHAIR KHALID: Thank you, John.

MS. SIMMONS: Esmeralda Simmons.

I'm glad that, Mr. Smith, that you brought this up again. I was very alarmed at receiving and reading an op-ed in the New York Post that mimicked your testimony at last month's hearing almost to a T, and that put the emphasis on the Civilian Complaint Board on clearing police officers. I differ. The purpose of this Board, and I have been an advocate for this Board since before 1990, before Dinkins was even in office, when I

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worked at making it with others, obviously, all civilian, I was advocating for this Board because we wanted civilians to be able to make complaints about police officers when they were not following the law, when they were using excessive force, when they were discriminating and other more serious issues.

To turn the purpose of this Board around, so that we think that our job is to clear the police officers as soon as possible, or to clear the police officers, is to miscue what we're here to do. We're here to listen to the complaints of the people who file it, the New Yorkers. New Yorkers have a right, and I'm very happy that this board is here, and that the fabulous staff are willing and able to go through 5,600 cases. That says volumes. All those people thought that something was wrong with policing in New York.

I think the fact that we're able to hear those cases, what we can hear, and that we adjudicate them very, very well, I should say. And I'm talking about the staff, the investigators, the amount of work that goes

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into all of this, because people need to know that their voices are being heard. Now, the fact that I'm delighted that so many police officers are cleared, that means that there's not as many unlawful acts occurring. But the fact that we had 700, more than 700, means that there are serious problems that continue with police-community relations and what the police think is lawful and what is, in fact, lawful, and people are hurt. People are hurt behind it.

We need to realize that this agency is about civilian complaints, adjudicated by civilians whose emphasis is in looking at whether or not New Yorkers were treated correctly by police officers. We honor police officers as much as you do, but our job is to listen to the complaints of the civilians, and we should not make that any more onerous and threatening by putting them under the threat of perjury. Unnecessary. We're able to do our job without it. No harm, no foul. Our job is to deal with citizens and residents of New York who have civilian complaints, ergo, the Civilian

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Complaint Review Board. 1 2 I think we should not spend any more 3 time discussing it. We respect your opinion, 4 but no, we're not -- I am not going to take 5 your advice to start looking at cases from 6 that perspective. I will continue to look at 7 cases to see whether police officers have 8 followed the law or not. 9 INTERIM CHAIR KHALID: Anybody else has 10 any question? MR. DARCHE: I think AU. 11 12 INTERIM CHAIR KHALID: AU. 13 MR. HOGAN: Yes. This is for a matter 14 of record. One, this is becoming laborious, both laborious and redundant. 15 16 MS. SIMMONS: Thank you. 17 MR. HOGAN: We need to put it to a vote 18 soon that this does not come up again in 19 front of the public, you know. And if we 2.0 have those conversations, they are not coming sometimes to the shock of other board 21 22 Though, Police Commissioner Tisch members. 2.3 herself said that the Police Department has 24 enormous problems and that she needs to look 25 at it, and then go accordingly on how to do

it from the police angle. Now, I also want 1 2 to say that as a board member, I've never 3 looked at a case about clearing anyone. 4 looked at case and looking at facts, seeing 5 what facts are being withhold within the Patrol Guide and within the law, and I vote 6 7 accordingly. 8 So, we have to be very careful, right, 9 that if we come here and all the things that 10 have happened in the years, four or five decade that we become a board, that says 11 12 we're saving any particular population, that we have to be unbiased, that we have to look 13 14 at these facts and like -- shout-out to my 15 sister Charlane and the great big 16 articulations that we had with Helen on those 17 Tuesday mornings about making sure that we 18 were not putting our personal views --19 MS. SIMMONS: Thank you. 2.0 MR. HOGAN: -- into looking at the And that's all. 21 case. 22 Thank you. 2.3 INTERIM CHAIR KHALID: Thank you. 24 Anybody else has --25 MR. SMITH: Just let me clarify a

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factual -- this is not an op-ed. I issued a statement at the public meeting last month. I shared that statement with the Board. shared that statement with the media. Someone at the -- the other media disregard Someone at the New York Post who was it. doing the editorial board who is a former state assembly member, who is a democrat, and who is a person of color -- just I wanted to get that all out there, so there's no assumption that, you know, Rupert Murdoch was doing this. That person wrote that editorial. That person, yes, took my statement. Yes, based on that, they came back and reviewed the board meeting. based on that, they wrote that editorial. You all heard my statement. You saw my statement. You were all here a part of the discussion. But Michael Benjamin at the New York Post wrote that editorial. I did not write it. It was not my opinion. Well, I do agree with it. But just to be clear, I was not running around writing editorials in

MS. SIMMONS: You did supply them with

the newspaper.

the information.
MR. SMITH: I did sup
MS. SIMMONS: Thank you.
MR. SMITH: I shared
MS. SIMMONS: I'm not going to do an
interrogation here. Okay?
MR. SMITH: You all got the
information. It was done at a public
meeting. That's how democracy works.
Thank you.
INTERIM CHAIR KHALID: Let me add
something to it, that we certainly not the
staff, not the board members, we don't have a
crystal ball that we are looking at it whether
this complaint is coming in was false, whether
it's fake. The only way is the complaint
comes in, we have to investigate it. We find
that this is a proper complaint, we
investigate it, and if we see that police
officer has not done anything, it's unfounded.
You know, so it's a process that we are going
through. We would never know that whether
it's a fake complaint as the result. My
question is that none of us has a crystal
ball to look at

that -- oh, this complaint is coming which is really, really -- the complainant is filing a false complaint. We would never know that.

Our job, the title is Civilian Complaint

Review Board. This title is not New York

City Police Department.

So, we have to look at the interest of the public and be fair, impartial with the Police Department, no doubt about it. This is our job. We are mandated to do that, and I would really appreciate the fact that anything the paper writes, or whoever writes this, ultimately is us that we are responsible. If there are mistakes in our --we'll correct it. We are all here to do the right job for the City of New York, for the public, so I really appreciate that the fact that going to the paper and writing something which is, in my opinion, it's not true.

We don't only substantiate the person has no camera or timing-wise, the camera was not started or did not give the card, the police officer never gave a card; that's one of the factors. There are other factors involved in it -- the force, abuse of

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authority, so many other things are involved. So, I would really appreciate that any matter going to the press, which I have no problem with that, but it should be discussed among us, and we discuss this thing signing perjury document. We have a general counsel. I asked him, requested him, to please give me your opinion on it, and I was given the opinion that we cannot do that. It's not right for the public. We cannot punish the public that, you know -- by saying that, "Hey, we're going to be punishing you if you're wrong." It doesn't work that way.

Jon, do you want to add something?

MR. DARCHE: So, just three quick
points.

First of all, Esmeralda, respectfully, while the Board did receive 5,663 complaints in 2024, we had to close almost 1,500 of them because of the strategic resource allocation decisions. And so, while I speak for the staff, I'm sure that we want to investigate all the complaints within our jurisdiction that we receive. It's just, it's just not possible. And there are other reasons why

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complaints might not be fully investigated. Sometimes people withdraw their complaints. Sometimes we're unable to follow up with a complainant or an alleged victim to get their full statement. And so we, in 2024, only fully investigated 2,551 complaints, of which we substantiated 908 of them, in which 1,728 members of service had discipline recommended. So, even though it was 908 complaints that were substantiated, it was 1,728 members of service who this Board determined committed misconduct. And then, finally, just to clarify one thing, Dr. Khalid, this board could change the rules. It is within your power to go through the rule-making process and change

the rules. Dr. Khalid asked for the general counsel's opinion about whether it was appropriate to do it, and that was the answer Matt gave, but it is possible to change the

Thank you.

MR. DWYER: A couple of thoughts. is, it was suggested a few minutes ago that we should make a motion or vote that this topic not be raised again. There's a trial going on in federal court -- not a trial, hearing going on in the federal court in Manhattan today about what can be heard and what cannot be heard. But I think it's very potentially dangerous anytime we start telling board members what issues they can raise or not raise. So, I would recommend we not take on censorship as our way.

The second thing I would say is an issue has been raised, one option has been offered, which is to make people swear to things, and that's been strongly pushed back by several members, but this hasn't been embraced as an opportunity to examine the process of intake and see if it could be improved on. And I would think the more collegial way to do this would be to embrace the possibility that there might be a way of doing this, other than how we do it, that makes very clear the importance and the significance, or whatever the case may be, and get to statements that are more accurate in some cases.

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I've certainly seen cases that were multiple films of -- and people alleged that things were done to them, like being thrown to the ground, being called racial epithets, and the multiple films make very clear that it didn't happen, and the investigators unfound them. But I would think there's a way for this board to embrace this as an opportunity to review our process, rather than adopting a dialectic approach that there is only taking an oath or don't take an oath.

MR. DARCHE: So, I just want to clarify. There are a lot of legal definitions about what taking an oath means. And before a civilian gives their statement, we inform them that they're going to be asked to swear or affirm to the truth of their statement. And then, at the end of the statement, we ask them to affirm. So, I think Frank's point about trying to always improve the Agency and take opportunities to improve our process is well taken, but I also think that it's important that we look at the reality of what our process is now.

And so, I just -- in the same way that

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when I told the State of New York I had sold my car and that it was no longer mine, and so I didn't have to register it anymore, which meant I could return my plate and surrender my insurance and stop paying hundreds of dollars for something I no longer owned, I clicked on the thing that said, "I affirm I'm telling the truth, " and moved on with my day. And to think that in order -- that there is something that needs to be more than that and more than what we do now, it strikes me as -as just incongruous with what the data tells us, which is that 22 percent of the complaints that we received last year were unfounded. And of those complaints, only less than half of them or eight percent of the fully investigated complaints only had unfounded allegations.

And so, I'm willing to -- and I meet weekly with the investigations leadership.

Like, we are always looking at ways to improve how our agency works, and I take your point about it, but I don't know that the data suggested this is the area that we need to improve on.

MS. NORTHERN: Can I say something? So -- and this is, hopefully, the last

But the police officers have a body-worn camera, and they get to view it before testifying. A civilian doesn't walk around with a body-worn camera. So, what I -- what happened to me a year ago, 30 days ago, I may not remember all the facts, and it may not come out the way it's supposed to or whatever, but we don't have the technology as a civilian that a police officer do. then, before they come in to talk to an investigator or anybody else, they are allowed to view that body-worn camera to

So, to say that someone is not telling the truth, it's their version of the truth. I might not have been thrown down, but something happened to me. Do you understand? So, I think that we should be very careful about the things that we're saying and what we're putting -- what we're trying to hold a civilian to because we're not doing the same thing with a police officer. We should not

let them view their body-worn camera, and 1 2 then let them remember what happened to 3 them -- what happened 30 days ago, a year 4 ago, whatever it is, and then we're all on 5 the same playing field; that's it. MR. HOGAN: And I just want to say 6 this. I don't know if it's needed to be 7 8 said, but I need to say it. Seven percent 9 officers go unidentified, right? So, if 10 there's ever going to be -- and we start 11 having conversations about how to better 12 stuff, okay, why doesn't the NYPD go after 13 these officers that we cannot identify? Okay. 14 If then there's a particular officer that 15 does a particular crime, we have something 16 does a particular misconduct, and then this 17 officer retires. Okay. Why not, not let 18 them retire until this thing is solved? But 19 what happens, those charges go away when they 2.0 retire. So, we can sit down here for like five 21 22 days in a row --2.3 MS. SIMMONS: Or resign. 24 MR. HOGAN: Or resign. Exactly, 25 resign or retire. So, we can sit down here

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for seven months about how to make things better, but if we don't give up both ends of the spectrum how to correct things, it looks like we're being very bias if we're only looking at what civilians should do.

INTERIM CHAIR KHALID: Thank you. Any
other questions anybody has?
(No response).

INTERIM CHAIR KHALID: If none, I would like to ask the director of outreach, Jahi Rose to --

MR. ROSE: Good afternoon, everyone.

I'm Jahi Rose, the director of outreach. I
go by he/him pronouns. I'm just going to
provide a brief overview of our agency.

The Civilian Complaint Review Board is the nation's largest independent oversight entity over the largest police force in the country. The CCRB investigates, mediates, and prosecutes allegations of misconduct alleged against members of the NYPD. The Agency is governed by a 15-member board, some of which members you've met today. That includes members that are appointed by the New York City Mayor, five that are appointed

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by the New York City Council, three that are designated by the New York City Police Commissioner, one appointed by the New York City Public Advocate, and the Chair was jointly appointed by the Mayor and the City Council.

The CCRB investigates allegations and that includes FADO; that's force, abuse of authority, discourtesy, and offensive language. Once again, that helpful acronym is FADO. As previously mentioned, there are various ways to file complaints about police misconduct. Two of the easier ways are to file online at nyc.gov/ccrbcomplaint. You could also call the CCRB's hotline at 1(800)341-CCRB or 1(800)341-2272. Remember, if you see footage of misconduct on social media or on news media, you could feel free to file a complaint, even if you were not there in person. A typical handle for the CCRB is @CCRB_NYC.

Other ways to file a complaint to the CCRB include calling 3-1-1. You could also visit the CCRB's headquarters at 100 Church Street on the 10th Floor in Lower Manhattan.

You could feel free to direct message or DM
the CCRB at Facebook, Instagram, or X or
Twitter. You could also feel free to send a
letter to the CCRB at 100 Church Street, 10th
Floor, New York, New York 10007. You could
also file a complaint at a local police
precinct. It does not have to be the
precinct where the altercation or interaction
took place. You can request a self-addressed
envelope and a complaint form from a police
officer at the front desk, and you could mail
that complaint directly to us.
If you'd like to request an outreach
presentation, feel free to e-mail the
outreach unit at outreach@ccrb.nyc.gov.
Please remember to follow us on our social
media platforms; that's Instagram, Twitter or
X, and Facebook.
Thank you all very much.
MS. SIMMONS: Thank you.
MR. ROSE: Oh. Welcome, Board Member
Crawford.
MS. CRAWFORD: Thank you.
INTERIM CHAIR KHALID: Anybody has any

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1	(No response).
2	INTERIM CHAIR KHALID: Anybody has any
3	question? No?
4	Okay. We'll now enter into the public
5	comment portion of the meeting. We'll begin
6	with those joining us virtually who would
7	like to make a comment, followed by those who
8	are joining us in person. For those joining
9	virtually, please use the raise-your-hand
10	feature. Please keep your comments to
11	four minutes.
12	Yojaira, would you please call on the
13	first person.
14	MS. ALVAREZ: Thank you, Chair.
15	First, we'll be hearing from Elijah
16	McCormick, followed by Alex from Senator
17	Persaud's office.
18	MR. MCCORMICK: Yes. Can everyone hear
19	me?
20	INTERIM CHAIR KHALID: Yes.
21	MR. MCCORMICK: Yes. I was here last
22	month. I came to last month's meeting, and
23	the same propose or the same talk about
24	reviewing complaints and asking the citizens
25	to give an oath, to swear an oath to, you

know, tell the truth. And I wanted to 1 2 know -- it seems to be like a lot of talk. 3 Is there anything, like, written that's 4 like a proposal for policy changes to make 5 that happen or this is just spoken about in 6 the public meetings? 7 MR. DARCHE: Can I answer that 8 question, Doctor --9 INTERIM CHAIR KHALID: Yes, go ahead. 10 Yeah, Jon. 11 So, if the Board were to MR. DARCHE: 12 move forward with this process, it would have 13 to go through the rule-making process. 14 expect the Mayor's Office of Operations to inquire in the next few weeks. This is 15 16 around the time of year where they ask all 17 city agencies what, if any, rule-making 18 process they anticipate engaging. 19 MR. MCCORMICK: Okay. 2.0 MR. DARCHE: We would then respond 21 after talking to the Interim Chair and making 22 a determination based on his determination 2.3 whether or not it needed to go to a vote 24 first before we would even respond to that 25 memo. My guess is we would respond saying

something very general. We would then come to the Board in a public meeting and say, "We're about to engage in rule-making process. Should we move forward with this policy or another policy." Because the next step would be to have the staff draft rules and send them to the Mayor's Office of Operations and the Law Department.

MR. MCCORMICK: Okay.

MR. DARCHE: Sorry. Mr. McCormick, do you mind if I just finish, and we'll give you some extra time?

MR. MCCORMICK: Yes. Yes. Yes. Appreciate it.

MR. DARCHE: So, after the Mayor's
Office of Operations and the Law Department
sign off on the language in the proposed
rules, then they are posted on our website,
and there's a public comment period.
Following the public comment period, there is
a public meeting, which may be a separate
meeting, a standalone meeting, or maybe one
of these public meetings in which there's an
opportunity for the public to be heard and
for the Board to discuss the proposed rule

changes.

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If the Board determines that they want to make changes to the proposed rules that are of a substantive nature, we would have to restart the process by making the changes the Board wants, and then resending them to the Law Department and Mayor's Office of Operations, having those new proposed rules get approved by those two entities, repost online, and then have more public comment at another public meeting and then vote. Or at the end of the public meeting, the Board can determine to vote on the proposed rules.

Not that I've been studying, but I learned this pretty well.

(Laughter).

MR. DARCHE: In order to get the rules passed, you need a majority of the Board, if it was fully seated. So, even though right now we're not fully -- there are not a full 15 board members, you still need eight board members to vote in favor of the rule change for it to be enacted.

Sorry, Mr. McCormick. I don't know who's keeping time, but if you could give

Mr. McCormick some extra time. 1 2 MS. SIMMONS: There's nothing on the 3 table. This is discussion. 4 MR. MCCORMICK: Yes. Thank you. I do 5 have another question. 6 50-a.org, I looked -- no, after receiving my own situation I had with the 7 8 police officers, I started looking up, you 9 know, officers -- like the amount of officers 10 who have substantiated charges against them, 11 and I'm starting to see, like, there's some officers up there that's been in the 12 13 Department for a long time recently been 14 promoted, and they have 160, 120-something allegations, 60 substantiated. 15 16 Is there any proactive ability for the 17 Board to do when it comes to, you know, be 18 proactive about making sure these officers 19 are, you know, not continuing to be able to 2.0 serve the People when they obviously have 21 been abusing their power for years? 22 MR. DARCHE: The short answer is no, 2.3 the Police Commissioner is the final arbiter of police discipline. And once this board 24 25 makes a recommendation, the police

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disciplinary process is independent of ours, and the Police Commissioner has the power to promote people under the civil service rules that she sees fit.

MR. MCCORMICK: There's one last question, sir. I'm sorry. I don't want to hold anybody else too long, but there's one last personal -- sort of personal question.

I had put a complaint in where it was multiple officers name listed. It was two officers, actually, and one was -- part of the complaint was one officer was sent to APU for trial not yet posted, but the other officer, I haven't received any notice about But I looked up on 50-a.org and noticed it. that her complaint has been substantiated and no penalty was given. And it wasn't notified by me, so when I asked for a FOIL request, I put in a FOIL request with NYPD, and they notified me that I have to go to CCRB. when I asked CCRB about it, they pretty much -- who was involved in my case, they pretty much was saying like they don't know nothing about it either.

And I'm worrying that my -- that case

1	has been under the Commissioner Caban
2	situation, and I might have been just swept
3	under the rug, this officer receiving no
4	penalty for a substantiated charge without
5	any consideration of the victim nor of not
6	or no notice to CCRB nor the person who put
7	the complaint in.
8	How can I go about, you know, knowing
9	who actually made that decision and how to
10	argue that decision?
11	MR. DARCHE: So, Mr. McCormick, if you
12	can hold on, we're going to have I think
13	it's probably best handled by someone from
14	IT, not one of our investigators. If they
15	could just chat with you and
16	MR. MCCORMICK: Yes.
17	MR. DARCHE: get your contact
18	information because we'll look up the case
19	and get you the information you need.
20	MR. MCCORMICK: All right. I
21	appreciate it. Thank you.
22	MR. DARCHE: With regard to the issue
23	of what you can do. I think, unfortunately,
24	at this point there's probably very little
25	for the officer who the disciplinary decision

was already made, because the police 1 2 commissioner is the final arbiter of 3 disciplinary measures. And then, the third thing isn't really 4 5 a response to your question, but just to let 6 folks know 50-a.org is not the CCRB. 7 50-a.org is its own independent entity that 8 takes information from different sources, 9 including, I think, information that we 10 provide to Legal Aid pursuant to litigation 11 and FOIL requests, and then post that online. 12 And so, if you want up-to-the-date accurate 13 information, I suggest you look to our 14 website, and then that will tell you what's 15 going on with your complaint. And if you 16 have questions, call us or e-mail us and 17 we'll reach back out and try and get you 18 answers as best we can. 19 MR. MCCORMICK: Thank you for your 2.0 time. 21 MR. DARCHE: Are you getting in touch 22 with Mr. McCormick, or is someone getting --2.3 excellent. 24 INTERIM CHAIR KHALID: Thank you, 25 sir.

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MS. ALVAREZ: Next, we'll be hearing from Alex from Senator Persaud's office, followed by Andrew Case.

MR. CUEVAS: Can you hear me?

INTERIM CHAIR KHALID: Yes.

MR. CUEVAS: Hi. My name is Alex. I represent State Senator Roxanne J. Persaud, District 19, Brooklyn and parts of Queens. I just have a very quick question, and I will review my time.

So, during the conversation on how CCRB like to process complaints that are unfounded in the realm of nothing being substantiated, as one of the board members stated, that if, you know, the camera didn't catch it, it would be processed and they would be charged for -- in terms of that topic, I would like to know what is the specific -- the proposal, what is the specific process that would be followed, that would be had, to identify if they maliciously brought forth claims that didn't exist? What would be the process to verify that this is the case? What resources would be needed? And just overall just a guideline on how CCRB would process that if

it was to be passed, just in specifics. 1 2 Excuse me. I'm sorry. Is there audio? 3 I can't hear, I don't think. MR. DARCHE: I might not have been loud 4 5 enough. I apologize. So, Alex, the truth is we have not 6 7 gotten far enough in this process to have 8 answers to your questions. If the CCRB 9 decides to engage in the rule-making process 10 to change the rules in this fashion, those 11 are clearly questions that we would have to 12 answer. 13 MR. CUEVAS: Is there -- and I 14 apologize. I know I said I'd review my time. 15 Is there any way we could have an 16 answer to that, so that way, you know, 17 everyone, elected officials, and we could --18 I could present this to the Senator? Again, 19 this question is not reflective of her 2.0 opinions, but for documentation purposes, and so the public is aware what that would look 21 22 like if something like that were to be 23 implemented. 24 MR. DARCHE: Alex, I'm going to have 25 Maroua Righi, our intergovernmental --

1	director of intergovernmental relations,
2	reach out to you and make sure that you are
3	kept abreast, and that other elected
4	officials are kept abreast of what the CCRB
5	is doing with its rules. But I just want to
6	say, it's these as we just said to
7	Mr. McCormick, right now, this is just
8	conversation. There has been there's
9	nothing formal that has been proposed.
10	MR. CUEVAS: Thank you so much.
11	INTERIM CHAIR KHALID: Thank you. Next
12	question.
13	MS. ALVAREZ: Next, we'll be hearing
14	from Andrew Case.
15	MR. CASE: Hello. Can you hear me?
16	MR. DARCHE: Yes.
17	MR. CASE: Great. Hi. I can't see my
18	maybe I need to click this for video.
19	There we go.
20	Andrew Case, supervising counsel at
21	LatinoJustice PRLDEF. Thank you so very much
22	to the CCRB for your work in the Jonathan
23	Rivera matter and the prosecution of
24	Lieutenant Rivera for the death of Allan
25	Feliz. I think you should think of that as a

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great success. Judge Maldonado, as you know, has recommended Lieutenant Rivera be fired. That is in no small part due to this agency's really long devoted work on that case. And I just, you know, want to make sure that we say good things about what's going on at the CCRB when good things are happening.

Welcome, to Board Member Crawford. Big fan of Center for Justice Innovation, and I'm sure you'll have a wonderful time in the Board. I remember being at the theater above the Midtown Community Court 25 years ago doing plays in another life.

So, I am going to talk about the swearing of an oath. This is something that periodically comes up. It is extremely detrimental to the complaint process to give people the impression who are already coming forward with the risk of complaining about law enforcement, to be told that if they complain in the wrong way or the authorities decide that they're lying or the investigator doesn't believe them, then they're going to be prosecuted for perjury.

You know, we are in a country right now

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where the federal government was arguing in court today that people can be revoked of their student visa and their green card for political rallies. People are going to be afraid to come and complain. And yeah, your complaint numbers will go down, but last month, the reason for the proposal was that it just made police officers feel bad to have a complaint open against them when it hasn't been resolved. So, the reasoning is not always what it seems to be. The reasoning is to deter people from expressing their discomfort, fear, and abuse at the hands of New York Police Department. And this board exists to find out when people have been mistreated and abused by the New York Police Department.

And if you did 2,500 complaints and had 900 substantiations, that's actually a very high number historically for the CCRB.

That's showing that you're doing your job, you're finding misconduct when it's out there. You prosecuted Jonathan Rivera for killing Allan Feliz, and it would be really a shame to undo this incredible progress and

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this incredible work by trying to deter people from complaining about police misconduct by making them sign an oath. It's a very -- much scarier process to go through than, sort of, it gets described as -- oh, they just have to sign an oath. People know that that means that there's someone out there who will decide they did something wrong and punish them, and they already have been through that experience.

That's it. That's all I wanted Okay. I will say I looked at your monthly report. It looks like your substantiation rates are strong and that's good. You had 1,400 cases awaiting board review, as you I think that if you should revise your know. rules, you should be revising the rules to limit or eliminate board panel review of cases. I know you need board members, but you are taking a lot of time doing that when you should be discussing these great big policy issues, and you have the ability to change that rule as well.

Thank you all so very much, and I look forward to seeing you next month.

1	INTERIM CHAIR KHALID: Thank you very
2	much. We appreciate your sentiments about
3	the Rivera case, and I applaud the APU unit
4	for doing such a tremendous job ofand we
5	are hoping now that it's with the other
6	authorities to make a decision, and I truly
7	believe that it should be a good decision, as
8	it has gone through a trial. So, we'll see
9	what happens. But we'll keep on doing the
10	best job we can.
11	Thank you for your comments.
12	Appreciate that.
13	Next online.
14	MS. ALVAREZ: Next, we'll be hearing
15	from Lindsey Smith, followed by Jos.
16	MS. SMITH: Hi. Good afternoon.
17	INTERIM CHAIR KHALID: Good
18	afternoon.
19	MS. SIMMONS: Good afternoon.
20	MS. SMITH: My name is Lindsey Smith.
21	I'm a staff attorney with The Legal Aid
22	Society's Cop Accountability Project. One
23	thing our unit does is help Legal Aid clients
24	navigate their options when they've
25	experienced police misconduct. So, that can

be helping them file CCRB complaints, among other things.

I want to respond as well to this editorial from The Post proposing that complainants should be required to swear under oath that the -- to their complaints under threat of perjury. We really strongly oppose this proposition. Our work with clients has shown us firsthand that speaking up about police misconduct can be really intimidating and traumatic for clients. This additional requirement would be unnecessary, would also be a procedural burden that would intimidate complainants and discourage them from coming forward with their experiences.

I know some board members mentioned this already, but given that only 565 of the CCRB's over 5,600 complaints last year were deemed unfounded, this argument that, you know, this step is needed to protect officers from frivolous complaints is really unpersuasive. That's what the unfounded disposition itself addresses, that possibility that the complaint is without merit.

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I also just wanted to bring to the Board's attention that this -- you know, something that has been tried in at least one other jurisdiction, there's a report by the National Association for Civilian Oversight of Law Enforcement, published in 2021, that actively advises against this practice because of its chilling effect. That report also discusses that the Department of Justice actually investigated the Chicago Police Department, and that jurisdiction's been CCRB equivalent had a policy of only investigating misconduct complaints with a sworn affidavit.

That DOJ investigation found, quote, that this "creates a tremendous disincentive to come forward with legitimate claims. It keeps hidden serious police misconduct that should be investigated." That also resulted in the closure about 40 percent of complaints to that oversight body.

So, just for these accepted best practices, the CCRB's complaint process should really be as simple and barrier-free as possible. Making the process more burdensome and adding a threat of criminal

prosecution to an already emotionally loaded 1 2 process is going to have no effect, other 3 than deterring members of the public from 4 coming forward, reducing the CCRB's ability 5 to investigate these individual instances of 6 alleged misconduct and identify broader 7 trends in the public interest. 8 So, thank you to the Board for this 9 opportunity. Appreciate that I may be 10 repeating some points that other folks have 11 made, but just wanted to chime in here and 12 state that we really would oppose this 13 proposition. INTERIM CHAIR KHALID: You've heard the 14 board members. Most of us are with you what 15 16 you said, so hopefully we'll work on this and 17 make sure that public interest is protected. 18 MS. SMITH: Thank you, Chair. 19 MS. ALVAREZ: Next, we'll be hearing from Jos 2.0 from the Office of Community Liaison, followed 21 by Doyin. 22 2.3 MR. TRUJILLO: Hi. Can you guys hear 24 me? 25 INTERIM CHAIR KHALID: Yes.

MR. DARCHE: Is that Josmar? 1 MR. TRUJILLO: Yes, this is Josmar. 2 3 MR. DARCHE: Hey. How are you? 4 MR. TRUJILLO: Hey. Good to see you and hear from you, Mr. Darche. 5 6 Hi, everyone. My name is Josmar 7 Trujillo. I'm the senior organizer at the 8 Office of Community Liaison. Our office 9 works alongside the federal monitor that 10 oversees the Police Department in regards to 11 police encounters and trespassing 12 enforcement. It's great to see some familiar 13 faces. 14 Congratulations, Ms. Crawford. It's 15 been great to connect with so many of the CJI 16 programs across the City, and we look forward 17 to doing that in 2025. I actually -- first, 18 I also wanted to thank members of the 19 Outreach team, Jahi Rose, Natasha, Tim, and a 2.0 few others. We've really had the pleasure of 21 connecting with them and collaborating with 22 them out in the field to do outreach for the 23 last, I want to say, year and a half, 24 two years, and it's been great. We were able 25 to do events with Jahi, and I recently did an

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event with Natasha out in Far Rockaway that was great, so I just wanted to thank the Outreach team for all the hard work that they do.

Second, I just had a specific question. I don't know if this has been raised. haven't been to a board meeting in a few months, but just some things, some concerns we heard out in the field in terms of when a member of the public files a complaint and they -- the CCRB deems it isn't within its jurisdiction, and then it's passed to possibly a member of the Internal Affairs Unit or even the commanding officer of the precinct for which the complaint was filed. I've heard that once before with like a friend, but I've also heard that from a colleague who has heard concerns in the community that they'll get phone calls from NYPD or from a detective so-and-so after they filed a complaint.

And there was concerns that, you know, they're filing complaint with the CCRB, but then the Police Department will have their number and call them, which can be startling

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to people. So, I wanted just to ask what the process was, because I know sometimes you guys have to refer to other places if it's not in your jurisdiction, and that may be IAB or that may even be a commanding officer.

But I wasn't aware of that, and I just wanted to know if that's the process still or if there's any intention of changing that.

INTERIM CHAIR KHALID: Jon, go ahead.

MR. DARCHE: So, if the complaint is within our jurisdiction, then we don't refer it to NYPD until the conclusion of an investigation. And in those cases, only when the Board substantiates misconduct, so that the Police Department can initiate a disciplinary case against the member of service. When we get complaints that are entirely out of our jurisdiction, we refer all of them to the appropriate entity, which if the person being complained about is within the NYPD, we send to Internal Affairs. Sometimes Internal Affairs looks at the allegations and refers it to one of numerous different units in the NYPD, including

sometimes the integrity control officer or the commanding officer of the member of service who has been complained about.

What is trickier is when people file complaints and some of the allegations are within the CCRB's jurisdiction and some of them are outside our jurisdiction. So, in those complaints, in those instances, the CCRB is going to reach out to the civilian and get their statement and proceed to investigate the allegations that are within our jurisdiction, and then the NYPD is going to investigate the allegations that are in their jurisdiction, that are not in the CCRB's jurisdiction.

MR. TRUJILLO: Okay. All right. I just -- I wanted to flag it because, you know, from a community point of view, and this is just reiterating their concerns to us, you know, there's like a concern that the people that they're filing the complaint about are, like, aware of their contact information or even their names and stuff. And that, from a community point of view, was communicated to us, that is like startling.

1	Dut T definitele
1	But, you know, I definitely wanted to just
2	ask and double-check to make sure I can just
3	explain what the process is in case we come
4	up with that again.
5	But thanks, Mr. Darche, and thanks,
6	everyone. And I hope to see you guys at the
7	next board meeting.
8	INTERIM CHAIR KHALID: Thank you very
9	much for your comments. Appreciate that.
10	
11	Next, Yojaira.
12	MS. ALVAREZ: The last person we'll be
13	hearing from is Doyin Adeeko.
14	MR. ABOWABA: Good evening, everyone.
15	INTERIM CHAIR KHALID: Good
16	evening.
17	MS. SIMMONS: Good evening.
18	MR. ABOWABA: Yeah. I really
19	appreciate your accountability of service to
20	the community, you know. And all I just want
21	to say is that I have a pending issue. Last
22	year, I came to report an issue that when a
23	landlord is harassing me, stalking, you know,
24	I called the police. They did not, you know,
25	show up. So, I came. I complained. I

received AIB (sic) number and CCRB number. 1 2 So, lately, I call the number they gave to 3 me, the AIB number. I made the call. 4 referred me back to CCRB, that -- I mean, 5 they didn't have the information in their 6 system. So I'm, you know, very surprised. Ι 7 could have come, I mean, in person, but I lost my dad today, that's why I couldn't 8 9 come. So, the issue is still pending. 10 MR. DARCHE: Mr. Abowaba, I'm sorry for There's no problem with you 11 your loss. 12 appearing virtually today. What I'm going to 13 ask is that you hold on. And I'm not sure if 14 this is best handled by someone from the investigations team or the folks who are 15 16 online right now. But we will, A, make sure 17 you have the information that we sent the 18 information to IAB. And B, we will then 19 follow up with IAB to make sure --2.0 MS. SIMMONS: Internal Affairs. 21 MR. DARCHE: Thank you.

So, just so everyone knows, IAB stands for Internal Affairs Bureau, which is the NYPD's unit that investigates complaints about corruption and misconduct within the

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1	NYPD. It's one of it is the largest and
2	most important of it's a value judgment
3	the largest and most well-known of the
4	internal disciplinary investigative units at
5	the Department, and so we should be able to
6	make sure that they received your complaint
7	from us, and that they are able to follow up
8	with you and let you know the status of the
9	complaint.
10	MR. ABOWABA: Okay, sir.
11	MR. DARCHE: If you could hold on, hold
12	on, please. No, if you're still talking, but
13	don't jump off the line. I didn't mean to
14	cut you off.
15	MR. ABOWABA: All right. I just want
16	to I mean, to call up the IAB number, so
17	that it will be in the record.
18	MR. DARCHE: Understood. We'll help
19	you out, sir.
20	MR. ABOWABA: All right, sir. Thank
21	you.
22	INTERIM CHAIR KHALID: Thank you.
23	MR. ABOWABA: You're welcome, sir.
24	INTERIM CHAIR KHALID: Now, we'll
25	go if the virtual comments conclude, then

1	we'll go to the in-person. Could you please
2	make a line behind the podium, so we can
3	listen to your comments. Make sure it's four
4	minutes, not more than that.
5	MR. DARCHE: It doesn't look like
6	there's anyone here who wishes to say
7	anything, Dr. Khalid.
8	INTERIM CHAIR KHALID: Okay. If not,
9	we'll go into old business.
10	Anyone has any old business?
11	(No response).
12	INTERIM CHAIR KHALID: None?
13	We have new business to come before the
14	Board? None?
15	(No response).
16	INTERIM CHAIR KHALID: Hearing none,
17	I'm going to move now that we break into
18	Executive Session. The agenda for the
19	Executive Session is the Board will consider
20	two full board cases, the executive director
21	will discuss pending personnel actions, and
22	the general counsel will provide update
23	regarding the pending litigations.
24	Is there a motion to adjourn to
25	Executive Session?

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                    MR. PUMA: So moved.
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                    MS. SIMMONS: Second.
 3
                    INTERIM CHAIR KHALID: Thank you.
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              This meeting is now adjourned.
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                   (TIME NOTED: 5:23 p.m.)
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CERTIFICATE
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 2
      STATE OF NEW YORK)
 3
                          :SS
 4
     COUNTY OF QUEENS)
 5
                I, Sabrina Brown Stewart, a Notary Public
 6
 7
     within and for the State of New York, do hereby
8
     certify:
                That the witness whose examination is
9
10
     hereinbefore set forth was duly sworn and that such
11
     an examination is a true record of the testimony
12
     given by such a witness.
13
                I further certify that I am not related to
14
     any of these parties to this action by blood or
15
     marriage, and that I am not in any way interested in
16
     the outcome of this matter.
17
                IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my
18
     hand on this 18th day of March, 2025.
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2.0
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                            Sabrina Brown-Stewart
                             Sabrina Brown Stewart
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