New York City Adminstration for Children's Services
Quarterly Incident Data Report
Fiscal Year 2012 3rd Quarter (Jan 1, 2012 - March 31, 2012)

Use of Physical Restraints[1] in Detention on Youth in Custody

	Number of Physical Restraints by Department Staff on Youth in Custody	Number of Physical Restraints by Staff on Youth in Custody resulting in Injury[2]	Number of Physical Restraints by Staff on Youth in Custody resulting in Injury A[3]	Number of Physical Restraints by Staff on Youth in Custody resulting in Injury B[4]
Crossroads Juvenile Center	336	38	3	35
Horizon Juvenile Center	220	23	0	23
Secure Facilities Subtotal	**556**	**61**	**3**	**58**
Court Services/Transportation Subtotal	17	2	0	2
Non-Secure Group Home Subtotal	88	7	0	7
Detention Total	**661**	**70**	**3**	**67**

Use of Mechanical Restraints[5] in Detention on Youth in Custody

	Number of Mechanical Restraints by Department Staff on Youth in Custody	Number of Mechanical Restraints by Staff on Youth in Custody resulting in Injury2	Number of Mechanical Restraints by Staff on Youth in Custody resulting in Injury A3	Number of Mechanical Restraints by Staff on Youth in Custody resulting in Injury B4
Crossroads Juvenile Center	47	3	0	3
Horizon Juvenile Center	61	1	0	1
Secure Facilities Subtotal	**108**	**4**	**0**	**4**
Court Services/Transportation Subtotal	14	0	0	0
Non-Secure Group Home Subtotal	0	0	0	0
Detention Total	**122**	**4**	**0**	**4**

1 Physical restraints refer to physical hold techniques included in the Handle with Care® Behavior Management System and other non-offensive physical safety interventions.
2 Injury is defined as any event requiring medical treatment. Injuries range in severity from simple abrasions to broken bones and fractures. It is the sum of Injury A and Injury B.
3 'Injury A' includes injuries requiring clinical treatment beyond what could be provided by a layperson with over-the-counter products. Categorization is made by medical staff.
4 'Injury B' includes injuries treatable by a layperson with over-the-counter products such as ibuprofen, antibiotic ointment, etc. Categorization is made by medical staff.
5 Mechanical restraints refer to restraints involving the use of handcuffs, shackles, and flex-cuffs.

Data Source: Incident Database as of May 15th, 2012; Incident Database system conversion on 12/20/2010 affects some data aggregation techniques.
 Per Introduction 153-A

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Quarterly Incident Data Report
Fiscal Year 2012 3rd Quarter (Jan 1, 2012 - March 31, 2012)

Fights and Altercations between Youth in Custody

	Number of Fights and Altercations between Youth in Custody	Number of Fights and Altercations between Youth in Custody Resulting in Injuries[1]	Number of Fights and Altercations between Youth in Custody Resulting in Injury A[2]	Number of Fights and Altercations between Youth in Custody Resulting in Injury B[3]
Crossroads Juvenile Center	156	71	6	65
Horizon Juvenile Center	97	48	4	44
Secure Facilities Subtotal	**253**	**119**	**10**	**109**
Court Services/Transportation Subtotal	8	4	0	4
Non-Secure Group Home Subtotal	76	15	2	13
Detention Total	**337**	**138**	**12**	**126**

Other Incidents Resulting in Injuries* to Youth in Custody and Instances of Room Confinement

	Number of other Incidents resulting in Injuries to Youth in Custody*[1]	Number of other Incidents resulting in Injuries to Youth in Custody (Injury A)[2]	Number of other Incidents resulting in Injuries to Youth in Custody (Injury B)[3]	Number of Room Confinements of Youth in Custody
Crossroads Juvenile Center	142	4	138	41
Horizon Juvenile Center	87	4	83	0
Secure Facilities Subtotal	**229**	**8**	**221**	**41**
Court Services/Transportation Subtotal	5	0	5	*
Non-Secure Group Home Subtotal	50	2	48	*
Detention Total	**284**	**10**	**274**	**41**

 * The data reported here reflect the number of injuries in detention, which often, though not always, result in youth needing medical treatment. Injuries refer to incidents occuring as a result of acts of Physical

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2 'Injury A' includes injuries requiring clinical treatment beyond what could be provided by a layperson with over-the-counter products. Categorization is made by medical staff.
3 'Injury B' includes injuries treatable by a layperson with over-the-counter products such as ibuprofen, antibiotic ointment, etc. Categorization is made by medical staff.

 Per Introduction 153-A
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Length of Each Instance of the Use of Room Confinement

Horizon Room Confinements			Crossroads Room Confinements	
Length of Time	Number of Instances		Length of Time	Number of Instances
			1 day 22 hrs	1
			1 day 18 hrs	1
			1 Day 14hrs	1
			1 Day 12 hrs	7
			1 day 11hrs	3
			1 day 6.3 hrs	3
			1 Day 5 hrs	5
			1 day 2.3 hrs	3
			1 day	10
			20.45 hrs	1
			18.3 hrs	1
			16 hrs	2
			2:30 hrs	3
Total Instances	**0**		**Total Instances**	41

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 Per Introduction 153-A