



Community Board 6
Borough of Manhattan
New York City
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**197-A PLAN
FOR**

**THE EASTERN SECTION OF
COMMUNITY DISTRICT 6**

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FOR
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COMMUNITY DISTRICT 6
BOROUGH OF MANHATTAN
NEW YORK CITY

Manhattan Community Board Six
And
East Side Rezoning Alliance

Amended October 2007

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CHAPTER 1: INTRODUCTION

A. 197-A PLAN FOR THE EASTERN SECTION OF COMMUNITY DISTRICT 6

This 197-a Plan has been prepared to address the ongoing changes in a part of Manhattan that has experienced many generations of dramatic transformations and growth. This Plan applies to the eastern portion of Community District 6, an extensively developed and diverse area that includes important residential and institutional uses in well-known historic neighborhoods, as well as an important highway (the FDR Drive) and the entrances and exit ramps to the Queens Midtown Tunnel (QMT). The portion of the Study Area south of 48th Street, previously a waterfront industrial district dating back to the 18th century, has been redeveloped over the past several decades with numerous large-scale residential uses, beginning with Tudor City in the 1920s, Stuyvesant Town/Peter Cooper Village in the late 1940s, Kips Bay Houses, Waterside Plaza, Bellevue South Urban Renewal Area housing in the 1960s-1970s, as well as major medical institutions, and the United Nations. The substantial redevelopment of this area underscores the critical importance of planning proposals and policies to guide the future of this part of the City where substantial new developments are currently proposed.

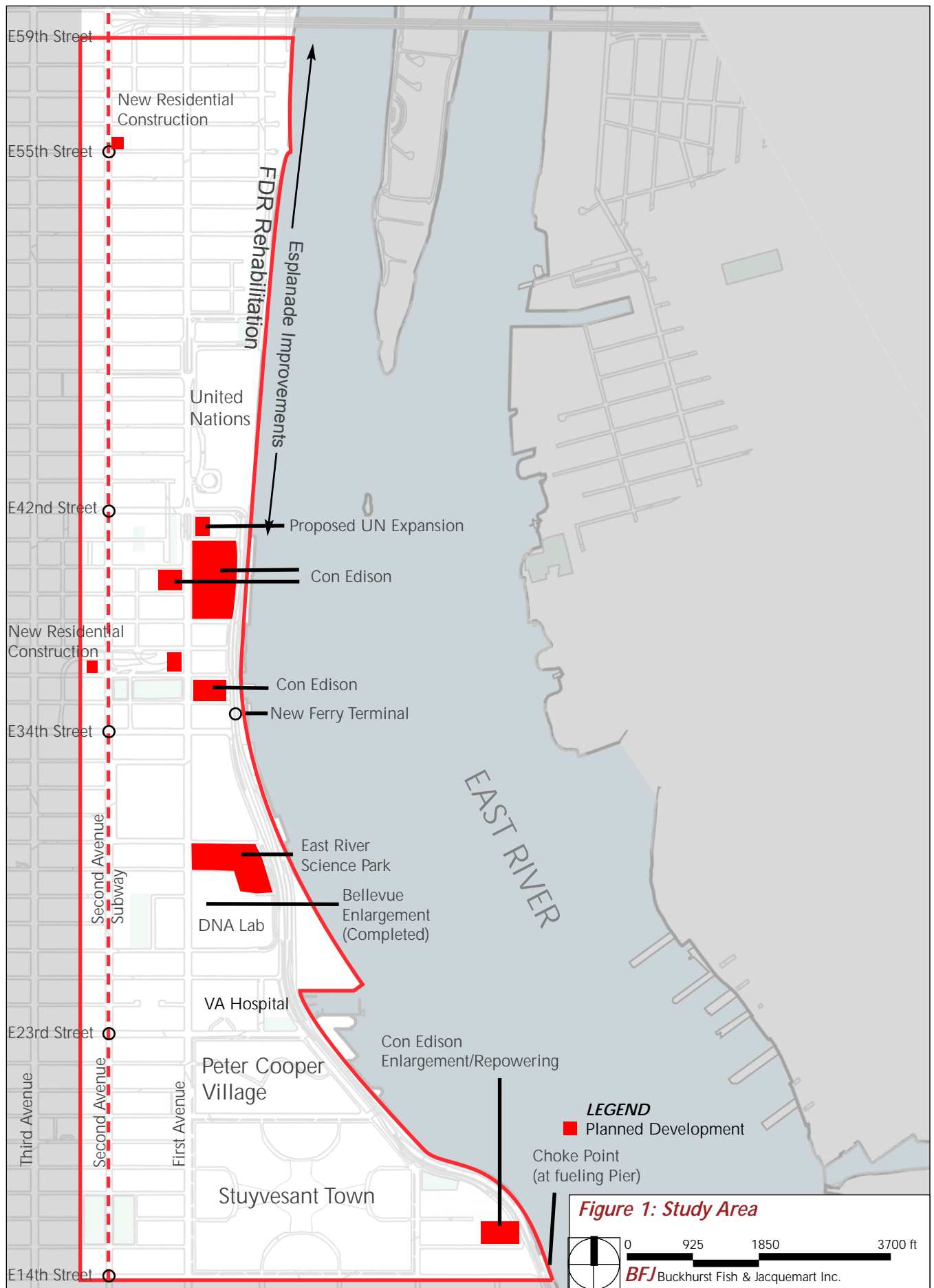
The 197-a Plan "Study Area" is defined with particular attention to those areas where these new changes are anticipated. As illustrated in the map (Figure 1) on the following page, the Study Area is bounded by 14th and 59th Streets to the north and south, to the east by the East River waterfront, and to the west by the line 100 feet west of the west side of Second Avenue. The major changes currently planned for this area include the following:

- rebuilding of portions of the FDR Drive
- redevelopment of parts of the Bellevue Hospital and NYU Medical Center campus
- decommissioning and redevelopment of Con Edison Waterside properties on First Avenue between East 35th and East 41st Streets for high density residential/commercial uses
- construction of a new UNDC building at Robert Moses Playground site
- construction of the Second Avenue Subway
- additional ferry service landings at 34th Street
- development of the Perlbindler site at 36-37th Streets on Second Avenue

In addition to these large-scale individual projects, the Comprehensive Manhattan Waterfront 197-a Plan, adopted in 1997 by the City Council, makes specific recommendations for the Study Area. This includes the creation of a continuous waterfront esplanade, and improved access to the East River waterfront, which have long been key goals of Community Board 6 and other local groups. Part of the esplanade and improvements have already been implemented with the creation of Stuyvesant Cove Park between East 23rd and 18th Streets. This was a direct result of the Community Board *Stuyvesant Cove 197-a Plan*, and represents a major step in developing the esplanade. This Plan addresses the completion of the esplanade along the entire waterfront within the entire Community Board 6 waterfront.

This is a time of great possibilities for Community District 6 and New York City. Rarely does so much change occur at once in such a concentrated and mature urban place. Both the scale and the intensity of the new projects proposed for this area require an overall vision to coordinate the separate developments in the context of an integrated community plan.

Community Board 6 has prepared this 197-a plan as a guide for constructive cooperation among the proponents of these projects on open space, waterfront, transportation, urban design, and related issues.



B. OVERVIEW OF 197-A PLANNING PROCESS

Under Chapter 197-a of the City Charter, New York City community boards are empowered to prepare plans for the “development, growth, and improvement” of their communities. Once a plan is approved by the City Planning Commission and the City Council, it serves as a policy guide for subsequent actions by City agencies. Environmental review of land use proposals must also take the Plan into account. This 197-a Plan creates a comprehensive community vision, and addresses specific issues currently facing the community district in the area east of Second Avenue and along the waterfront. (At the close of the 197-a planning process, Community Board 6 will have created a comprehensive set of proposals and policies to provide a future framework for development in the Study Area at this critical point in its history.)

Because the Study Area is located directly on the waterfront, this 197-a plan is consistent with the New York City Waterfront Revitalization program, specifically the 1997 Comprehensive Manhattan Waterfront 197-a Plan. In addition, Community Board 6 adopted the Stuyvesant Cove 197-a Plan for the area from 18th to 23rd Streets along the waterfront. That 197-a Plan has already been implemented with the opening of Stuyvesant Cove Park in 2002.

C. GOALS AND OBJECTIVES OF THE 197-A PLAN

This 197-a plan provides a community-based framework, organized as a series of comprehensive proposals and policies, to guide the future of the eastern portion of Community District 6 in relation to new development and other proposed changes to its urban landscape. Based on the collective deliberations and investigations of Community Board 6, in response to the many planning issues that it has considered over the years, the Plan also incorporates the findings and recommendation of various studies undertaken to address these issues, including: the *Land Use Issues and Opportunities Report for the East River Repowering Project (2001)*; planning studies of the East River Science Park within the Bellevue Hospital and NYU Hospital complex; the Con Edison Waterside sites proposed development plan; and other studies relating to urban form, open space, and transportation.

The overall goals and objectives addressed in this 197-a Plan are briefly summarized as follows:

Open Space (Parks and Waterfront Access)

- Increase the amount of useful, active and passive public open space serving residents, workers and visitors in Community District 6. With the lowest ratio of public park space per capita of any Manhattan Community District, CD 6 has a serious open space deficiency.
- Explore use of public open space in parks such as Sutton Place Park; create additional recreational space near St. Vartan Park by decking over Midtown tunnel access areas.
- Improve access to and from the waterfront by creating safer pedestrian crossings and additional pedestrian bridges.
- Create the links to complete the East River Esplanade running through the Study Area, connecting with the East River Park, to the south, and the promenade extending north of the Queensboro Bridge, to the north.
- Designate the waterfront as a special waterfront use and recreation district.

Streets

- Make the best use of the streets, highways, and riverfront in the Study Area for both its neighborhoods and for the City at large.

- Remap streets that have been closed east of First Avenue within the East River Science Park and the Con Edison Waterside facilities to preserve view corridors, restore the street grid, and provide public access to the waterfront.

Transportation

- Improve transportation systems serving the Study Area and the City, including new water taxi service within the Study Area, and new bus stop locations to facilitate inter-modal transfer points between buses, ferries, and water taxis at 23rd, 34th and 42nd Streets.
- Examine the incompatibility of the heliport located on the riverfront between 32nd and 33rd Streets with nearby parks, open space, residential and institutional uses.
- Address traffic, parking, and pedestrian safety issues, including the inappropriate location of parking facilities directly on the waterfront rather than under the FDR viaduct.
- Address the potential impacts of the construction of the Second Avenue subway within the Study Area.

Land Use

- Consistent with historic trends in the area recommend the appropriate mixes of uses (residential/commercial) to maintain the predominantly residential character of Study Area, while accommodating specialized non-residential uses such as Bellevue/NYU Hospitals and the United Nations.
- Define the appropriate land uses for the Con Edison First Avenue Properties, including density of residential/commercial uses, and open space and waterfront access features.
- Develop policy for rezoning that prohibits any additional high-density office development east of the midline between Second and Third Avenues in order to prevent the Midtown CBD from moving further east.

Residential

- Maintain and encourage new residential uses on the east side of First Avenue consistent with past C1-9 rezonings in the area including Rivergate, Manhattan Place and Horizon.
- Encourage the development and retention of affordable housing in the area.

Urban Design

- Conserve the character of the existing built urban form of the area. This includes preservation of the Bellevue psychiatric building and redevelopment of the rest of the Bellevue-NYU site as outlined in the East River Science Park study (Cooper Eckstut Plan).
- Map contextual districts to maintain residential character in the Study Area.

Preservation

- Retain buildings and spaces of aesthetic, historic, or cultural significance that enhance the character of the Study Area neighborhoods.
- The Community Board supported the designation of Con Edison Waterside No. 1 Power Plant as a landmark (and possibly Waterside No. 2), and the potential adaptive re-use of this power plant, similar to the conversion of the old Bankside Power Station in London into the Tate

Modern Museum in London. These buildings have since been demolished to accommodate the redevelopment of the site.

- Consider preservation options for Stuyvesant Town and Peter Cooper Village such as placement on the National Register of Historic Places, designation as a NYC landmark or a Special Planned Community District.

D. DESCRIPTION OF THE 197-A STUDY AREA

The 197-a Study Area is located within the larger Manhattan Community District 6 which is bounded by East 59th Street to East 14th Street, Lexington Avenue to the East River. This Study Area consists of the eastern portion of Community District 6 between the East River and a line 100 feet west of Second Avenue, an area that includes most of the large-scale housing projects and institutional uses developed within the Community District over the past several decades, as well as several major transportation facilities, including the FDR Drive, the Queens Midtown Tunnel, the heliport at 32nd -33rd Streets, and ferry terminal at 34th-35th Streets along the East River. This area has also been the focus of many recent proposals for new development within the Community District.

Residential neighborhoods. The Study Area includes older historic Manhattan neighborhoods such as Sutton Place, Beekman Place, and Turtle Bay, as well as the large residential developments of Tudor City, Kips Bay, Waterside Plaza, Phipps Houses, East Midtown Plaza, and Stuyvesant Town/Peter Cooper Village, constructed during the housing boom after World War II.

The more recent construction of large apartment towers has added many new residents to the portion of the Study Area in the East 30s and 40s, particularly in the vicinity of the Queens Midtown Tunnel and the United Nations.

Office and commercial uses. The west edge of the Study Area borders the commercial portion of Community District 6 along Third and Lexington Avenues, an area that includes five Business Improvement Districts (BIDs): the Grand Central Partnership, the 34th Street Partnership, the new East Midtown Association, the 14th Street/Union Square BID, and the 23rd Street Association.

The Study Area itself is mostly residential and institutional in nature, with commercial uses limited to local neighborhood retail, and UN-related office uses. Retail activity along First Avenue from 23rd Street to 48th Street is almost nonexistent.

Institutional Uses (Medical and Health Related). Three major medical institutions – New York University (NYU) Medical Center, Bellevue Hospital, and Veterans Administration Hospital - form a corridor of hospital and related uses along First Avenue from 34th Street to 23rd Street. The NYU Medical Center also includes the Rusk Institute of Rehabilitation Medicine, Tisch Hospital, residences, the Medical Science Building, Office of the Chief Medical Examiner, and the David B. Kriser Dental Center. Numerous substance abuse, mental health, and ambulatory care clinics are also located in this area.

Located further south between 14th and 18th Streets, surrounding Stuyvesant Square, is another complex of hospital facilities: the four pavilions of the Beth Israel Medical Center Petrie Division, the Hospital for Joint Diseases, and the Strang Cancer Clinic.

United Nations and Diplomatic Uses. The buildings that make up the United Nations international headquarters along the East River waterfront from 42nd to 48th Street, define the east side of First Avenue in that area. The Secretariat and Assembly buildings are located in a dramatic setting of open plaza and UN gardens, with expansive views across the river. Offices for the many UN Missions and

their workers are located throughout the larger neighborhood, as well as hundreds of diplomatic residences.

Transportation Uses. The Study Area includes several major transportation elements connecting it with the larger metropolitan area: the FDR East Side Highway, the Queens Midtown Tunnel (QMT), and the Queensboro Bridge that borders the Community District to the north. The Study Area is dominated by the presence of the FDR Drive, as well as major avenues and busy midtown cross streets that run through the Study Area. A commercial heliport ("Metroport") located on the East River between 32nd and 33rd Streets, provides commercial heliport service as well as accommodating police and medivac helicopters. A small ferry terminal at 34th to 35th Streets along the East River provides ferry service to Brooklyn, Queens, Upper and Lower Manhattan, via New York Water Taxi. Due to the proximity to Midtown and the increase in residential population over recent years, the issues of traffic congestion, pedestrian safety, and transit safety are crucial. The planned construction of the Second Avenue subway is proposed for 2004-2011, and will result in additional impacts to the area (and eventual benefits) with construction staging and station building in the vicinity of the proposed new stations.

Industrial and Power Plant Uses. The Con Edison East River Plant is located at the south end of the Study Area, bounded by the FDR Drive and Avenue C, 14th to 18th Streets. The former facilities of the Con Edison Waterside Power Plant, located on four parcels on the blocks between 35th and 41st Streets along First Avenue, south of the United Nations, were recently demolished. This was after they were approved for sale by New York State Public Service Commission to a private developer for redevelopment with a mix of residential and commercial uses.

CHAPTER 2: DEVELOPMENT HISTORY

A. HISTORICAL BACKGROUND

Mirroring the evolution of New York City as a whole, the Study Area has undergone dramatic transformations and growth over the past two centuries. It has evolved from early 18th century farms and country estates to heavy industrial uses in the 18th and early 19th centuries, followed by extensive institutional and residential redevelopment. Within the Study Area, the East River waterfront was the location of several large farms and estates, including Kips Estate and Turtle Bay. Much of this area was transformed by heavy industry after the Civil War, and formed a largely industrial district up until the late 19th century, when it began to be redeveloped for new residential and institutional neighborhoods. By the 1880s, the elevated “El” trains were operating along Second and Third Avenues.

59th to 48th Streets The Sutton Place and Beekman Place neighborhoods along the East River between the 59th Street Bridge and the north end of the United Nations campus at 48th Street were occupied in the 19th century by riverfront industrial uses, including button factories and a brewery, although they also included a number of older residential structures. In the 1920s and 1930s, these neighborhoods were redeveloped with apartment buildings and hotels, including the 1928 Panhellenic Hotel, and became residential enclaves attracting wealthy New Yorkers.

48th to 34th Streets The East River waterfront south of 48th Street was originally occupied by heavy industrial uses dating back to 18th century, including old ironworks, stone dressing plants, breweries and coal companies, shipyards, gas works, and slaughterhouses. The area from 40th to 49th Street and Third Avenue to the East River, originally known as Turtle Bay Farm, named after the small cove along the River, had been transformed by the early 19th century by industry, shantytowns and tenement housing. In 1898, when animal slaughtering in Manhattan was limited to only two neighborhoods, the Abattoir Center slaughterhouses were created in the East 40s, consisting of stockyards along the East River, receiving animals shipped in by barge. In the early 1900s the New York Edison Company built two large power plants between 38th and 40th Streets along the East River.

In the mid-19th century the eastern end of 42nd Street was a shantytown known as Dutch Hill. Squatters lived in one-room shacks until the 1870s, when the area was bulldozed for the construction of tenement buildings and brownstones. The cliff overlooking the waterfront (where Tudor City sits today) was known in the 1880s as Corcoran’s Bluff, named for a gang called Corcoran’s Roosters. The area was a residential slum until it was redeveloped in the 1920s with Tudor City along the west side of First Avenue. In the late 1940s, the slaughterhouse district along the River was cleared to create the United Nations headquarters.

34th to 14th Streets The waterfront area to the south of 34th Street and east of First Avenue was known in the 19th century as the “gas house district”, due to the coal gas manufacturing plants, storage tanks, and other industrial features in the area. Institutional uses in this portion of the Study Area also date back several centuries, with hospitals to treat epidemics and almshouses for the poor, including the historic Bellevue Hospital, founded in the early 19th century.

East and West of First Avenue An important historical trend within the Study Area, is the difference in development between the east side and west sides of First Avenue, primarily between 34th and 42nd streets. The west side has a long-standing tradition of residential development – typically at R-10 densities beginning with Tudor City in the mid 1920s and continuing to more recent developments such as the Corinthian (developed to 10.0 FAR with an additional 2.0 FAR plaza bonus) and New York Tower Apartments. Existing commercial buildings mostly pre-date the residential zoning. The east side has historically developed from industrial to large-scale institutional uses, including street demappings to accommodate the now demolished Waterside power plants, Bellevue and the United Nations. More

recently on the east side, the City Planning Commission has approved zone changes to C1-9 allowing new residential developments including Rivergate, Manhattan Place and Horizon (typically at about 10.5 FAR).

A history of several major features of the Study Area is described as follows:

Bellevue Hospital. The site of the present Bellevue Hospital was originally the Belle Vue estate, a farm in the Kips Bay area purchased by the City in 1794 to quarantine victims of the yellow fever epidemic far from the rest of the City. In 1811, the City bought additional land adjoining the Bellevue fever hospital from the Kip Estate, to create a new almshouse buildings and expanding the hospital, renamed the Bellevue Establishment. In 1847, in response to local protests, the almshouses and penitentiary were removed from the hospital grounds, and the facilities were opened for clinical instruction to the medical students. Bellevue Hospital Medical College, established in 1861, included New York University Medical College by 1898.

Bellevue Hospital created the world's first hospital-based ambulance service in 1869, with horse and buggy teams dispatched to emergencies within range of the hospital. The nation's first school of nursing opened at Bellevue in 1873. Bellevue also created for the nation's first outpatient department, the Bureau of Medical and Surgical Relief for the Outdoor Poor. The nation's first cardiology clinic opened there in 1911. The present hospital buildings, designed by McKim, Mead & White, were built at First Avenue and 27th Street in 1908 and 1939. Social services uses in the area included shelters for the poor, such as the 25th Street shipping pier converted to an annex for Municipal Lodging House for homeless men.

Veterans Administration (VA) Medical Center, a 166-bed facility affiliated with the New York University Medical Center and home to all the Veterans Administration's cardiac and neurosurgical care in the greater metropolitan region, was constructed at First Avenue and 23rd Street in 1951. This VA Medical Center is considered one of the finest of the nation's many veterans' hospitals, and has been cited for its excellence in rehabilitative and prosthetic medicine. It serves approximately 150 in-patients and 4,000 out-patients per week. This hospital is one of many U.S. Veterans Administration hospitals that the federal government is considering closing. If closed, veterans who need care would be sent to the VA hospital in Fort Hamilton, Brooklyn.

The NYU Hospitals Center and School of Medicine, located north of Bellevue Hospital in the superblock east of First Avenue between East 30th and 34th Streets, was created in the decades after World War II, when NYU expanded its facilities to include the Medical Science Building and the Henry W. and Albert Berg Institute, the Hall of Research and Alumni Hall, the Clinical Research Center. In 1963 the new University Hospital opened, and the Institute and Department of Environmental Medicine were established the following year. One of the first national cancer centers was established at NYU, renamed the Rita and Stanley H. Kaplan Center in 1975. The NYU Hospitals Center presently includes the following institutions: Tisch Hospital, Post-Graduate Medical School, Skirball Institute of Biomolecular Medicine, the Sackler Graduate School in Biomedical Sciences, the Kaplan Comprehensive Cancer Center, the Nelson Institute of Environmental Medicine, the Rusk Institute. A new cancer care center was recently added to the NYU Hospitals complex, which continues to expand its facilities.

Con Edison Power Stations. In the early 20th century, two new power stations (the "Waterside plants") were constructed south of 42nd Street near the East River, to meet the growing electrical demands on the New York Edison system. Waterside No. 1 at 680 First Avenue between 38th and 39th Streets was constructed in 1902. A larger second station, Waterside No. 2, 708 First Avenue between 39th and 41st Streets, was completed in 1906. By 1913 these two plants were providing electricity to Manhattan, Bronx, Queens, Blackwell's Island, and Yonkers. A switch house and transformer building on the block along the First Avenue between 40th and 41st Streets were added to the Waterside complex in 1929.

The facilities at 616 First Avenue, between 35th and 36th Streets, developed by the New York Steam Company in 1929, were subsequently acquired by Con Edison and expanded as the Kips Bay Steam Plant, which was in operation until 1978, and demolished in the early 1990s. In 1984 Con Edison redeveloped the previously occupied residential buildings on the eastern portion of the block between 39th and 40th Streets on the west side of First Avenue (685 First Avenue), with an electrical substation and parking lot.

The Con Edison East River Generating Station was built as a coal-burning plant in 1926 along the East River at 14th Street. The 25-cycle East River plant that fed the electric generation system was modernized in 1947 to become a 60-cycle plant. The three coal-burning generators used in the 1950s were later converted to “dual fuel” (fuel oil or natural gas) generators during the late 1960s. Following this conversion, Con Edison installed ten package boilers creating steam for residential and industrial uses in another building in the complex on the south side of East 14th Street, known as the South Steam Station. Through the years, there have been various changes in the plant’s internal equipment as more modern technologies have been installed.

As part of this East River Repowering Project, the Waterside plant properties, also known as the First Avenue Properties, were approved by the NYS Public Service Commission for sale to East River Realty LLP for redevelopment with a mix of residential and commercial uses. They were recently demolished.

Tudor City. Fred R. French, the real estate developer, purchased old row houses and tenements to the west of First Avenue between East 40th and 44th Streets, and demolished them to create what was then, the largest housing project ever built in mid-Manhattan. The result was the creation of a neighborhood with 12 Tudor-style apartment buildings and hotels (3,000 apartments and 600 hotel rooms), and interior parks in a complex between 40th and 44th Streets and First and Second Avenues. Built on a bluff overlooking the River, the buildings were oriented to the west, to avoid the sights and smells of the slaughterhouses then located along the East River.

FDR Drive. Construction of the FDR Drive, which began in 1934, was completed in the 1940s. This highway, as originally planned by Robert Moses (who at the time was arterial coordinator and parks commissioner for New York City), was to feature landscaping and parks between the parkway and East River, although this was not implemented for most of the highway. The creation of the highway eliminated many shorefront amenities, including private docks and waterfront open space. Many sections of the highway were elevated, with highway access roads at grade level.

Sections of the highway, including the portion between East 42nd and East 49th Street, are cantilevered (or constructed on piles) over the East River. The United Nations are partially cantilevered over the FDR Drive in this area. Portions of Sutton Place are also built over the highway. Much of the FDR Drive was built on fill or on pile-supported relieving platforms. The section near Bellevue Hospital (between East 23rd Street and East 30th Street) was filled with rubble from bombed British cities that arrived as ballast in wartime ships.

Queens Midtown Tunnel. Constructed in 1937-1940, this tunnel connects Long Island City and the Long Island Expressway in Queens with Midtown Manhattan. A ventilation building was built east of First Avenue between 41st and 42nd Streets to allow air change within the tunnel. The tunnel enters Manhattan just south of 42nd Street at the East River, and continues underground along First Avenue until the tunnel exit plaza. The tunnel entrance plaza is located within the Study Area between First and Third avenues between 36th and 37th Streets. Ramps extend north to 41st Street and south to 34th Street.

United Nations Headquarters and related institutional uses. The slaughterhouses, waterfront piers, and tenement structures in the area along the East River between 42nd to 48th Streets were cleared in the 1940s for the construction of the UN Headquarters in 1947-52. John D. Rockefeller, Jr. purchased these 18 acres of land along First Avenue and donated it to the United Nations. Designed by architects

including Le Corbusier, Oscar Niemeyer, and Sven Markelius, the UN headquarters includes a total of 1,269,000 square feet in four buildings: the Secretariat, the Dag Hammarskjöld Library, the Conference Building, and the General Assembly Building. A park with sculptures and extensive views of the river was created at the north end of the UN campus between East 46th and East 48th Streets. As part of the development of the UN headquarters, the City added Dag Hammarskjöld Plaza on East 47th Street and a tunnel under First Avenue, diverting traffic from the immediate vicinity of the UN.

The United Nations Development Corporation (UNDC) has developed several large buildings to serve the UN community in the East 40s: the Millennium UN Plaza Hotel at 44th Street and First Avenue; One and Two United Nations Plaza, two 40-story glass towers across from UN Headquarters on the north side of East 44th Street, with 700,000 square feet of office space for U.N. agencies and missions; Three United Nations Plaza with the headquarters of United Nations Children's Fund and apartments housing UN and mission staff. The surrounding neighborhood includes other international and charity-related uses, as well as many UN missions housed in smaller buildings. The Ford Foundation headquarters building on 42nd Street, a modernist structure with an open glass atrium, was added in 1968.

Large Scale Residential Developments have been built in the Study Area since World War II. These include the Stuyvesant Town and Peter Cooper Village residential communities, built by Metropolitan Life Insurance Company in 1943-47 to meet the post-war housing demand, with 51 apartment buildings on 18 acres between 14th and 23rd Streets along the waterfront, east of First Avenue.

The residential development of the Study Area continued in the following decades. Kips Bay Towers, designed by I M Pei and constructed in the early 1960s, created 1,118 residential units in two slab buildings on a 7.5-acre site between First and Second Avenues, 30th and 33rd Streets. In the late 1960s, the Bellevue South Urban Renewal Area in the East 20s was redeveloped with the Henry Phipps Plaza Houses (1700 apartments) Nathan Strauss Houses (277 apartments), East Midtown Plaza Apartments (748 units), and Renwick Gardens apartments. Waterside Plaza Houses, built in the early 1970s on a platform along the East River between 25th and 29th Street, created 1,470 apartments in four 40-story towers and 20 townhouses.

Since the 1980s, a number of large individual residential buildings have been constructed in the Study Area along First and Second Avenues and between 34th and 40th Streets, including the 53-story Corinthian Apartments at East 37th Street, the 52-story apartment tower at 100 UN Plaza on East 48th Street, the 42-story Horizon at 415 East 37th Street, the 37-story Manhattan Place Condominiums at 630 First Avenue at 36th Street, and the 35-story Rivergate Apartments at 606 First Avenue between 34th and 35th Streets. The most recent and most visibly egregious addition to this East Side urban landscape of residential towers is the 72-story Trump World Plaza at First Avenue and East 48th Street that opened in 2001.

B. POPULATION AND HOUSING TRENDS

As noted in the previous development history description, the residential population of the Study Area expanded dramatically in the second half of the 20th century. Urban renewal housing projects and luxury high rise developments were erected as a result of extensive redevelopment of this formerly industrialized area along the East River. These projects transformed older tenement and industrial areas into areas with high density residential uses. This development trend continued in the subsequent decades, with notable increased population in certain portions of the community district between 1990 and 2000.

The Study Area consists of Census Tracts 44.01, 60, 62, 86, 106.01, 106.02, and the portions of Census Tracts 48, 64, 66, 70, 78, 88, 90, 98, 108 that are located 100 feet west of Second Avenue.

Table 1: Population Change in Community District 6

Total Population Manhattan Community District 6	1990	133,748
	2000	136,152
Population Increase Community District 6	1990-2000	+ 2,404

The overall population growth in the Community District 6 between 1990 and 2000 was 1.8 percent. The highest residential growth rate in the district (24.7 percent) occurred within Census Tract 78, located between First and Third Avenues, East 34th and East 39th Streets. Over half of this census tract falls within the Study Area, and includes several large new apartment buildings (such as Manhattan Place Condos, the Corinthian, New York Towers) that have attracted new residential tenants to the area.

C. CURRENT DEVELOPMENT TRENDS

The following major projects are currently underway in the Study Area:

Bellevue Hospital Modernization. Bellevue Hospital has completed a major modernization of some of its existing facilities, including a glass curtain wall installation at the lobby level for its new 207,000-square-foot ambulatory care building. The hospital also renovated the 10th floor of its existing tower to create a new consolidated critical care suite.

FDR Highway Reconstruction. The New York State Department of Transportation (NYSDOT) began work for the FDR Drive Reconstruction Project from East 54th to East 63rd Street in Manhattan in December 2002. This project is substantially completed and rehabilitated the 60-year old, three-level tiered FDR Drive structure between East 56th and East 63rd Streets. Work included repaving the at-grade (lower level) portion of the FDR Drive between East 54th and East 56th Streets, safety improvements to correct roadway geometry (including the addition of an acceleration lane to the East 63rd Street entrance), and new drainage, signage, and lighting systems. To accommodate this construction project, NYSDOT constructed a temporary Outboard Detour Roadway (ODR) in the East River adjacent to the portion of the Drive between 56th and 63rd Streets, to replace the FDR Drive travel lanes that will be closed during construction. This has been largely dismantled.

NYSDOT also plans to rebuild the FDR Drive viaduct from East 25th Street north to East 42nd Street. In addition to replacing the viaduct and entrance-exit ramps, the project is to provide new grade-separated pedestrian access to the riverfront, a riverfront esplanade and a two-way bicycle lane. Several alternatives are currently being studied, including the construction of a vehicular tunnel along the current FDR Drive right-of-way. Design work for the project is underway and is expected to continue through 2006, with completion scheduled for 2009.

Reconstruction of the FDR exit ramp at 42nd Street is also currently being evaluated by NYS DOT.

Con Edison East River Repowering Project. In order to replace its Waterside Facilities, Con Edison repowered its East River Generating Station at 14th Street with a new combined cycle steam and electric co-generation facilities. The repowering project included installing new gas turbines, heat recovery steam generators, and gas compressors. A new water treatment plant was constructed at the East River Generating Station that created a reverse osmosis system to produce pure water for steam generation. The project also included the creation of a new "work out facility" for the Con Edison employees transferred from the now demolished Waterside Plant to the East River Plant.

The Milan Apartments. A new 32-story 119-unit condominium apartment building was recently completed at East 55th Street and Second Avenue.

D. NEW DEVELOPMENT IN PLANNING STAGES

The trend toward large scale construction, in addition to redevelopment of individual sites, is continuing in the area with the following proposed projects:

Development of Con Edison First Avenue Properties. As a result of the Con Edison Repowering project at Con Edison's East River Plant on 14th Street, the Con Edison Waterside power plant facilities along First Avenue between 35th to 41st Streets has been decommissioned and approved by the NYS Public Service Commission for sale to East River Realty LLP. These four sites collectively total 8.9 acres. The proposed redevelopment of these properties with large scale residential/commercial buildings is being closely reviewed by Community Board 6 not only in terms of the height and bulk of the proposed buildings, but also for open space and access to the waterfront, and the creation of a waterfront esplanade along the East River.

New UN Office Tower. The United Nations Development Corporation (UNDC) is planning an office tower for UN office workers in the area, to be located at the site of the Robert Moses Playground, a City park currently used for active recreation. Eventually this building will serve to consolidate UN activities.

The construction of the UNDC building at this park site would require the following actions:

- o State legislation to alienate parkland and enlarge the UNDC Development District;
- o State legislation to alienate the Robert Moses Playground, map a new park as replacement and open space mitigation and dispose of former park;
- o New park may require acquisition depending on location of parkland (within pierhead line is owned by New York City, outside pierhead line is owned by New York State and 685 First Avenue is owned by Con Edison and could be mapped as new park);
- o Approvals for new park from NYSDEC, Army Corps of Engineers, NYS and NYC WRP;
- o UNDC process to develop new building (involves NYC DCP and City Council reviews).

As mitigation for this building, the United Nations has proposed creating a new waterfront esplanade from 41st to 51st Streets, to run along the FDR on a pile-supported platform. The esplanade might also include bulges into the river to accommodate a new waterfront park as a replacement for the demapping of Robert Moses Playground. Community Board 6 is evaluating this proposal, and continues to seek an alternate site as an open space replacement for the demapping of Robert Moses Playground.

East River Science Park: In early 2001, the Bellevue-NYU Medical campus became the focus for the expansion of the biotechnology sector in New York City. The initial plan was for three new buildings to be used primarily for biotechnology but might also include other facilities such as an NYU library. The Bellevue Psychiatry building (currently housing the homeless men's shelter scheduled to move out late next year) was to be renovated for hospital housing, day care, medical offices. The infrastructure included a deck over a service street. NYU School of Medicine was selected to develop the property, with the NYC Economic Development Corporation acting as facilitator. This plan was approved by the NYC Department of City Planning in November 2001.

New York University School of Medicine proposed the creation of the East River Science Park (ERSP) on the north portion of the Bellevue Hospital campus, to include three new biotechnology facility buildings, as well as the renovation of the former Psychiatric Building for clinical and research facilities, resulting in a total of 300,000 square feet of bio-technology lab space. A Request for Proposals (RFP) was recently issued by EDC. The NYU School of Medicine is also proposing to renovate the Psychiatry building as housing for its staff and EDC recently issued a Request for Proposals (RFP).

In November 2004, New York City Economic Development Corporation (NYCEDC), in conjunction with the New York City Health and Hospitals Corporation, issued a new request for proposals for the development of the East River Science Park site as a state-of-the-art research and development campus. This science park, about 4.5 acres in area, was to include more than 870,000 square feet of floor space for research and development, located between 28th and 30th Streets, First Avenue and FDR Drive. As noted in the RFP, the East River Science Park is planned as the City's flagship location for companies in the pharmaceutical, biotechnology, bioinformatics, medical device fields as well as for contract research organizations, at a site that is considered the ideal setting in which to bring together New York City's 15 celebrated medical and research centers, numerous life scientists, Nobel laureates, and healthcare and technical practitioners, and attract life science companies to New York City.

Community Board 6 agrees with the overall concept of the East River Science Park, but varies as to some of the Plan details. This 197-a Plan presents an opportunity to obtain some improvements to the East River Science Park plan by adding such components as mapping the streets, moving the south boundary of the Science Park, and ensuring Bellevue's beneficial participation. A full description of Community Board 6 views on this project are contained in the Cooper-Eckstut Plan in the Recommendations Chapter (Chapter 4) of this 197-a Plan.

Perlbiner Site Development. This is a planned development of apartment building with ground floor retail on the Perlbiner site on the west side of Second Avenue between 36th and 37th Streets and above the exit ramp of the Queens Midtown Tunnel.

Upgraded ferry terminal and intermodal transfer facility to be located at 35th Street and the East River. The NYC Economic Development Corporation (EDC) plans to replace the existing 34th Street ferry landing barge with a new 3,300 s.f. ferry terminal at the end of the existing 35th Street pier. The pier will anchor ferry landing slips on two moored barges. In addition to upgrading the 35th Street pier to accommodate the ferry terminal and new public space, EDC site plans includes renovated vehicular areas for taxi/bus access; a canopy structure for pedestrians between 34th and 36th streets, and improvements to the East River Esplanade pedestrian and bikeway between 34th and 36th streets, including waterfront viewing seating, landscape plantings, and lighting. Estimated completion date is the end of 2008.

Second Avenue Subway. This long planned new subway line will run under Second Avenue from 125th Street to Lower Manhattan, and include the following new stations with ancillary facilities within Community District 6: 14th Street, 23rd Street, 34th Street, 42nd Street, and 55th Streets. Construction of individual stations is expected to last approximately five years per station, with three years for station excavation, plus two years for completion of stairwells, platforms, finishings. The typical length of each subway construction zone is approximately 5 blocks. The schedule for construction of specific subway stations, and its displacement of residential and commercial units for ancillary facilities, has yet to be established.

A large shaft site/spoils removal/construction staging area for the subway construction has been proposed for the west portion of St. Vartan Park. The north end of the cut and cover zone for the 14th Street station would be located just south of Stuyvesant Square Park. As noted in the Supplemental DEIS for the Second Avenue Subway, NYC Transit Authority will work with NYC Department of Parks and Recreation prior to construction to seek to identify appropriate temporary relocation spaces for the displaced park activities, or other appropriate mitigation for parks affected by subway construction. With so little park space available in the Study Area, this displacement of park space - albeit a temporary one - raises concerns for the community.

Third Water Tunnel Shaft Sites. Beginning in 2007, the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) plans to place two shaft tunnels for the water tunnel (Site 32B at East 35th Street between Second Avenue and the Midtown Tunnel approach, in sidewalk and partially in the street, adjacent to St. Vartan Park). Shaft site 33B is to be located at East 59th Street and First Avenue.

Key Issues for the 197-a Plan

The history of extensive development in this area highlights the following critical issues to be addressed by Community Board 6 in this 197-a Plan:

- a continuously growing residential and working population;
- scarcity of high quality open space;
- increasing traffic and transit congestion;
- pedestrian safety in an area with high traffic density;
- urban design and building scale in area with large existing and proposed structures;
- the need for connections between segments of the East River waterfront esplanade, and improved access to the waterfront.

In addition, the extensive new projects proposed for the Study Area further underscore the need for the various comprehensive planning tools outlined in this 197-a Plan to help guide the future of this area of Manhattan.

CHAPTER 3: COMMUNITY PROFILE

A. LAND USE

As the development history outlined in Chapter 2 indicates, large portions of the Study Area have been extensively redeveloped over the past 50 years, creating the United Nations and related facilities, several major medical institutions, and the large residential developments of Peter Cooper/Stuyvesant Town, Kips Bay Houses, East Midtown Plaza, Waterside Plaza, and Phipps Houses. Older residential areas include the distinctive neighborhoods of Sutton Place, Beekman Place, and Turtle Bay, many with historic district designations, and the 1920s residential complex of Tudor City. Land uses within the Study Area are indicated on the land use map Figure 2 on page 20, and generally described as follows:

Residential Uses: While it includes some of the City's most distinctive residential areas, including Turtle Bay, Beekman Place, and Sutton Place with their older historic buildings and quiet streets, the Study Area is also characterized by high density residential projects built over the past 50 years. In addition to the large scale housing redevelopment following World War II, numerous large apartment towers have been built since the 1960s along First and Second Avenues. Many included small plazas and/or private open space as a public amenity, as part of their zoning bonuses, although many of these spaces have been classified by the Department of City Planning as "marginal".¹

Institutional/International Uses: The Study Area includes the World Headquarters of the United Nations on an 18-acre site consisting of international land that extends from 42nd Street to 48th Street, from First Avenue to the East River, as shown on the map. The United Nations site belongs to all UN member states, and includes its own security force and fire department. New York City local government provides public services, including additional police and fire protection, utilities, telephone, refuse and snow removal. As international territory, UN headquarters are exempt from city and state laws, as well as zoning regulations and local laws. Related institutional and international uses, such as the Ford Foundation and other foundation offices, as well as diplomatic missions, are also located in the vicinity, creating one of the most intensive international and institutional districts in the country.

Commercial Retail, Hotels, and Office Uses: Most of the commercial space in the Study Area consists of local neighborhood retail. With the exception of office space and hotels serving the UN and related international institutions, the bulk of office and other commercial space are located west of the Study Area along Third and Lexington Avenues.

Educational Uses and Libraries: The Study Area includes numerous religious and educational institutions including public, private, and religious schools. The United Nations International School, providing education for children of UN diplomats and other international residents of the City, is located along the East River waterfront off 25th Street.

Public Schools: Community District 6 is located in School District 2. Community School District 2 encompasses Lower Manhattan, Midtown Manhattan (river to river) and the Upper East Side.

There are three elementary schools (PS 40, PS 116 and PS 59) located in CD 6, one of these is currently experiencing overcrowded conditions (see Table 2a). The intermediate schools located in CD 6 are MS 104 and MS 255. Both of these schools admit children residing in CSD 2 although MS 255

¹ Privately Owned Public Space (2000) Jerold S. Kayden, New York City Department of City Planning, and Municipal Art Society of New York.

also has additional admissions criteria. MS 255 is housed in PS 40. Neither of these intermediate school programs is currently experiencing overcrowded conditions.

Since 1990, enrollment in CSD 2 elementary and intermediate schools has increased each year, from 19,019 students in 1990 to 23,153 students in 2003 (including Pre-K enrollment). Both the Department of Education and the Department of City Planning project that enrollment in CSD 2 elementary and intermediate schools will continue to grow over the next ten years.

According to the analysis provided in the Con Edison FGEIS, if the Con Edison-Waterfront disposition parcels were developed with residential units a significant adverse impact on elementary schools could occur.

Table 2a: Elementary and Intermediate Schools Within Manhattan CD 6 (CSD 2)

High Schools Within or adjacent to CD 6

	School	Enrollment	Capacity	Over/Under	% Utilization
Community School District 2					
Elementary	PS 40* 319 East 19 th Street	536	591	-55	91%
	PS 116 210 East 33 rd Street	741	722	19	103
	PS 59 228 East 57 th Street	317	335	-18	95
Total CSD 2 Elementary and PS/IS		15,066	16,182	-1,116	93
Intermediate	MS 104 330 East 21 st Street	1,139	1,226	-87	93
	MS 255* 319 East 19 th Street	334	335	-1	100
Total CSD 2 Intermediate and IS/HS		6,590	7,773	-1,183	85
Total CSD 2	Includes high school seats for Eleanor Roosevelt HS, Millenium HS, Baruch College Campus HS, Pace HS, NYC Lab HS, Museum School and School of the Future	24,503	27,414	-2,925	89%
High Schools Located In CD 6	School of the Future (IS/HS) 127 East 22 nd Street	672	738	-66	91
	Baruch College Campus HS 17 Lexington Avenue	409	300	109	136
High Schools Located Just Outside CD 6	School for the Physical City (IS/HS) 55 East 25 th Street	302	560	-258	54

	School	Enrollment	Capacity	Over/Under	% Utilization
Manhattan High Schools	In 2005-2006, Manhattan consisted of Instructional Regions 9 and 10. Region 10 extends into the Bronx. The enrollment and capacity info here excludes those buildings the Bronx. In addition, some Manhattan Community School Districts have additional high schools located in auxiliary facilities which are not included in these figures (e.g. School of the Future and Baruch College Campus HS).	56,712	64,041	-7,329	89

Source: DOE Utilization Profiles: Enrollment/Capacity/Utilization 2005-2006

Notes: Target capacity and utilization data is shown (assumes reduced class size of 20 children per class for grades K-3). Total for CSD 2 includes elementary, intermediate, special ed and high school seats in CSD 2.

* More than one program in this building. Data is for the program. Other programs are usually Special Ed, unless otherwise noted.

Day Care-Existing Conditions: According to the Department of City Planning's *Selected Facilities and Program Sites in New York City, 2002-2003*, there are 18 day care facilities in CD 6, serving 1,025 children. There are no locational requirements for day care facilities, and many of the day care slots could be filled by children who reside outside of CD 6. According to Census 2000, CD 6 had 4,041 children aged five and under. As shown in Table 2b, CD 6 ranks 9th (out of Manhattan CDs) in the number of children aged 5 and under per day care slot, with approximately four children under the age of 5 for each day care slot available in CD 6.

Table 2b: Day Care & Head Start Facilities: Capacity per Population Under 5 Years

CD	Population Under 5	Capacity (# of Slots)	Population Under 5 / Capacity = # of children per slot	Ranking
1	1,596	796	2.00	2
2	2,572	796	3.23	6
3	6,975	3,385	2.06	3
4	2,549	752	3.39	7
5	1,184	834	1.42	1
6	4,041	1,025	3.94	9
7	9,521	3,162	3.01	5
8	9,853	4,213	2.34	4
9	6,638	1,283	5.17	11
10	7,894	1,868	4.23	10
11	8,256	2,417	3.42	8
12	14,389	1,665	8.64	12

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, 2000 Census SF1, DCP Table SF1- P-104: Total Population by 5 Year Age Groups; NYC Community Districts, 2000. DCP, *Selected Facilities & Program Sites in NYC*, 2003 Edition.

The Agency for Child Development (ACD), under the Administration for Children's Services (ACS), provides vouchers to income-eligible families for public and/or private group day care and for family day care programs.

The Con Edison FGEIS identified a significant adverse impact to public group day care facilities if the development parcels include an affordable housing component, such as an 80/20 program. The FGEIS noted that the voucher system could be expected to "spur the development of new private day care facilities to meet the additional needs of the eligible children that may result from an 80/20 Development Program under the Proposed Action. Mitigation for this impact [in consultation with ACS and ACD] could also include one or more of the following:

Provision on site for a day care center;

Provision of a suitable location off-site within a reasonable distance; and

Provide for the expansion of an existing facility to mitigate the impact.”²

Medical, Hospital, Science Related Uses: The medical, hospital, research and related uses that line First Avenue between 23rd and 34th Streets include the Veterans Administration Medical Center, Bellevue Hospital, the NYU Hospital Center, the NYU School of Medicine, Arnold and Marie Schwartz Hall of Dental Sciences Tisch Hospital, the Rusk Institute, the Medical Examiners Office, the Kriser Dental Center, and related services and health care facilities. Further to the south, in the vicinity of Stuyvesant Square, the Study Area includes the New York Eye and Ear Hospital, the Hospital for Joint Diseases, and Beth Israel Hospital.

Transportation Features: The Study Area includes a complex transportation infrastructure providing local and regional access to and from the east side of Manhattan and Midtown. Major transportation features in the Study Area include a highway, the FDR Drive and its on-ramps and off-ramps, the entrance/exit plaza for the Queens Midtown Tunnel, the emergency egress shaft for Amtrak and the Long Island Rail Road at First Avenue and 33rd Street, a heliport on the East River between 32nd to 33rd Streets, a ferry terminal along the East River between 34th and 35th Streets, and several other major urban transportation features connecting to the rest of the City. The Queensboro Bridge is located at 59th Street at the north end of the Study Area. In addition to these gateway facilities, the Study Area contains a regular grid of streets and avenues accommodating local and through traffic, including a system of bus lines. Subway service is on Lexington Avenue and Park Avenue South, within Community District Six but outside the Study Area, and on 14th Street at the south edge of the Study Area. There are also several subway and rail tunnels passing east-west through the Study Area. These critical points of entry to Manhattan result in the Study Area acting as a conduit for regional commuters, contributing to increasing traffic levels and noise.

The Queens Midtown Tunnel enters Manhattan belowground at East 41st Street, and runs south under First Avenue to the exit and entrance ramps located between Third and First Avenues, 36th to 37th Streets. Tunnel approach and exit streets are located between First and Second Avenues, 34th and 40th Streets. The Tunnel Ventilation Building is located in the block occupied by Robert Moses Playground, between 42nd and 41st Streets on First Avenue.

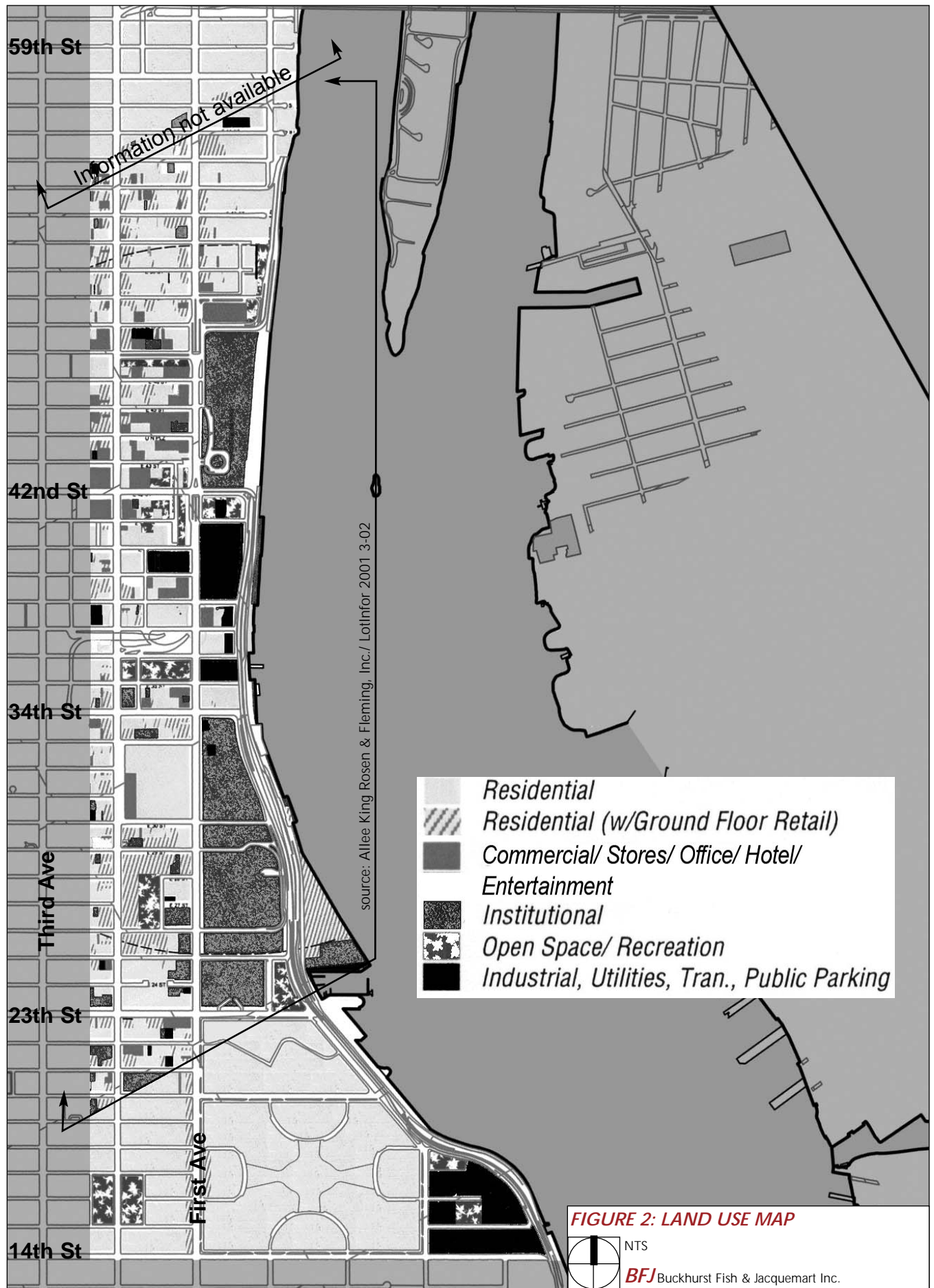
The FDR (“East River”) Drive runs along the eastern edge of the Study Area, cutting much of it off from the waterfront. However, several sections of the Study Area are decked over the Drive, including the UN campus, and several apartment buildings to the north in the Beekman Place, and Sutton Place neighborhoods.

34th Street Heliport. This commercial heliport located on the East River, with a waterfront landing pad between 32nd-33rd Streets, and parking area on the riverfront at 34th Street, provides commercial heliport service and also accommodates police/medivac helicopters.

The New York Water Taxi Ferry Terminal, located along the riverfront between 34th and 35th Streets, provides water taxi service to Brooklyn, Queens, Upper and Lower Manhattan.

The Queensboro Bridge is located between 59th and 60th Streets east of Second Avenue and extends across the East River linking Manhattan to Queens. The bridge traffic enters and exits Manhattan between First and Second Avenues, with entrance/exit roads running north and south, between First and Second Avenues south to 57th Street, and north to 62nd Street, and a tramway to Roosevelt Island along the north side of the Bridge at 59th Street.

² FINAL GENERIC ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STATEMENT in Case 01-E-0377 - Joint Petition of Consolidated Edison Company of New York, Inc. and FSM East River Associates LLC for Authority under Section 70 of the Public Service Law to Transfer Certain Real Property Located at 616 First Avenue, a Portion of 685 First Avenue, 700 First Avenue and 708 First Avenue and for Related Relief. Chapter 18-Mitigation, p. 18-2.



B. ZONING

History of Zoning Changes

Reflecting the changing land uses in the area, large sections of the Study Area in the East 20s, 30s, and 40s have been rezoned over the past several decades, to accommodate the shift from manufacturing uses to residential and commercial districts. These rezonings, shown in Table 3 below, have allowed the transformation of the area with new residential construction at a greater floor area ratio (FAR) than previously permitted. In particular, the remapping of former manufacturing districts with commercial district zoning has permitted higher-density residential uses, and resulted in development of high-rise residential buildings along First and Second Avenues between 34th and 40th Streets, built at an FAR of 12:0, including complexes such as the Corinthian and Highpoint (on the east side of First Avenue, the Rivergate, Manhattan Place and Horizon buildings were built to about 10.5 FAR).

Table 3: Zoning Changes (1981 to the Present)

Year Rezoned	Project/ Location	Original Zoning	Original FAR	New Zoning	Maximum FAR
1981	Rivergate: First Ave/34 th St	M1-5	C & M 5.0, CF 6.5	C1-9	C 2 R 10.(2 bonus)
1982	First Ave. and 36 th Street	M1-5	C & M 5.0, CF 6.5	C6-4	C&R 10.0 (2 bonus)
1983	Second Ave. 36 th to 49 th Streets	C6-4	C & R 10 (12)	C1-9 C5-2, R10	C 2 & R10 (12) C & R 10 (12) R10 (12)
1983	58 th and 59 th Sts – west of Second Ave.	C6-4 C2-5	C&R 10.0 (2 bonus) C 2	C5-2 C1-5	C&R 10.0 (2 bonus) C 2
1985	Beekman Pl. 49 th to 52 nd Streets	R10	R 10	R8B	4.0
1986	36 th to 38 th St. First Ave to FDR Drive	M3-2 M1-5 C6-4	M 2 M 5 C & R 10 (12)	C1-9	C 2 R 10 (12)
1986	First Ave. 37 th to 40 th Streets	C6-4	C & R 10 (12)	C1-9	C 2 R 10 (12)
1986	35 th to 39 th Street, Second to Madison Avenue	R7-2 R8 R10	R 0.87 to 3.44 R 0.94 to 6.02 R 10	R8B R9X	R 4 R 9
1987	East Side Rezoning First to Third Ave, 48 th to 59 th Streets	R7-2, R8 R10 C1-5, C5-2 C6-4	R 3.44, 6.02 R 10 (12) C2, 10 (12)	R8B C1-9	R 4 C 2 C & R 10 (12)
1988	Second Ave. 22 nd -23 rd St	C6-3	R 7.5. C 6, CF 10	C1-9A	R 10 (2)
1995	East Side Rezoning 15 th to 35 th St.	C1-7, C1-9, C2-5 R7-2 R8	C 2, R 6.02 C 2, R 10 (12) C 2 R 0.87 to 3.44 R 10 (12)	R8A, R8B, R7B, C1-8, C1-9, C1-9A	R 6.02, R 4, R 3 C 2, R 7.52 C 2, R 10 (12)
2001	Stuyvesant Cove	M2-3	M 2	M1-1	M 1
2001	Bellevue: 28 th to 30 th Streets	C2-5 R8	C 2 R 0.94 to 6.02	C6-2	R 6.02, C 6, CF 6.5

A study was undertaken in 1985 by Michael Parley and ESRA, the Turtle Bay Rezoning, to review contextual rezoning and R8-B midblock rezoning in the area of the East Side from 48th to 59th Street, from Third Avenue east to the River. This area was rezoned by the City Planning Commission in 1985, although the rezoning did not include the Beekman Place neighborhood that had already been rezoned, and any areas in Midtown Zoning District.

The largest rezoning effort came in 1995 when after more than five years of analysis by the East Side Rezoning Alliance (ESRA); the City Planning Commission rezoned large sections of the East Side between 15th and 35th Streets. This rezoning action was intended to preserve the smaller-scale residential character of the mid-blocks and to focus commercial growth along the avenues and designated cross-town streets. One of the zoning tools used to preserve residential scale and character was contextual zoning, which includes height limitations, and street wall requirements ensuring that new development is in keeping with the existing patterns of residential development. Not only has the East Side Rezoning protected the scale of residential neighborhoods, but it has also limited the encroachment of office uses spreading east from Midtown.

The East Side Rezoning reflected a joint effort of the local community group (ESRA) and a City agency (NYC Department of City Planning) to allow controlled growth while also protecting the existing residential fabric of the East Side. It also established, on an unprecedented scale, the widespread application of contextual zoning as a tool to preserve and protect and to allow new, compatible uses. Over time various rezonings within the study area have sought to incorporate contextual and smaller scale zones into the area, as shown on Table 3.

More recently, in 2001 a portion of the Bellevue Hospital Campus was rezoned to allow the development of 1.5 million square feet of biotechnology space in the area between 28th and 30th Streets. First Avenue and the FDR Drive were also rezoned from R8 (with a C2-5 overlay) to C6-2 to allow commercial development of up to 6.0 to 7.2 FAR with bonus (previous zoning allowed 2.0 FAR).

Existing Zoning

As illustrated on Figures 3a and 3b, the Study Area contains a variety of zoning districts, including the following residential zones:

- R7-2, which is the zoning for Stuyvesant Town and Peter Cooper Village;
- R8, mapped for residential areas in the vicinity of NYU-Bellevue medical complex;
- R10 mapped north of Beekman Place;
- R8-B contextual zoning in midblocks between First and Second Avenues.

Commercial zones, such as C5-2 are mapped in the vicinity of the United Nations, and C1-8, C1-8A, C1-7, C1-6A, C1-9, C1-9A are mapped along First and Second Avenues.

Densities range from 3.0 Floor Area Ratio (FAR) in the residential midblocks between First and Second Avenues to 10.0 or 12.0 FAR (with a bonus) for isolated areas such as the Rivergate apartment complex. Vestiges of the area's manufacturing past are also reflected in the zoning: the Con Edison Waterside and East River properties are zoned M3-2 for low density heavy industrial use.

Table 4 on the page following the zoning maps provides a list of the different zoning districts within the Study Area, with examples of the neighborhoods where these zones apply. The Study Area also includes two special zoning districts, described as follows: Special United Nations Development District (shaded areas on the map marked "U"), and Special Transit Land Use District (shaded areas on map marked "TA"). These special districts are described in more detail on the pages that follow.

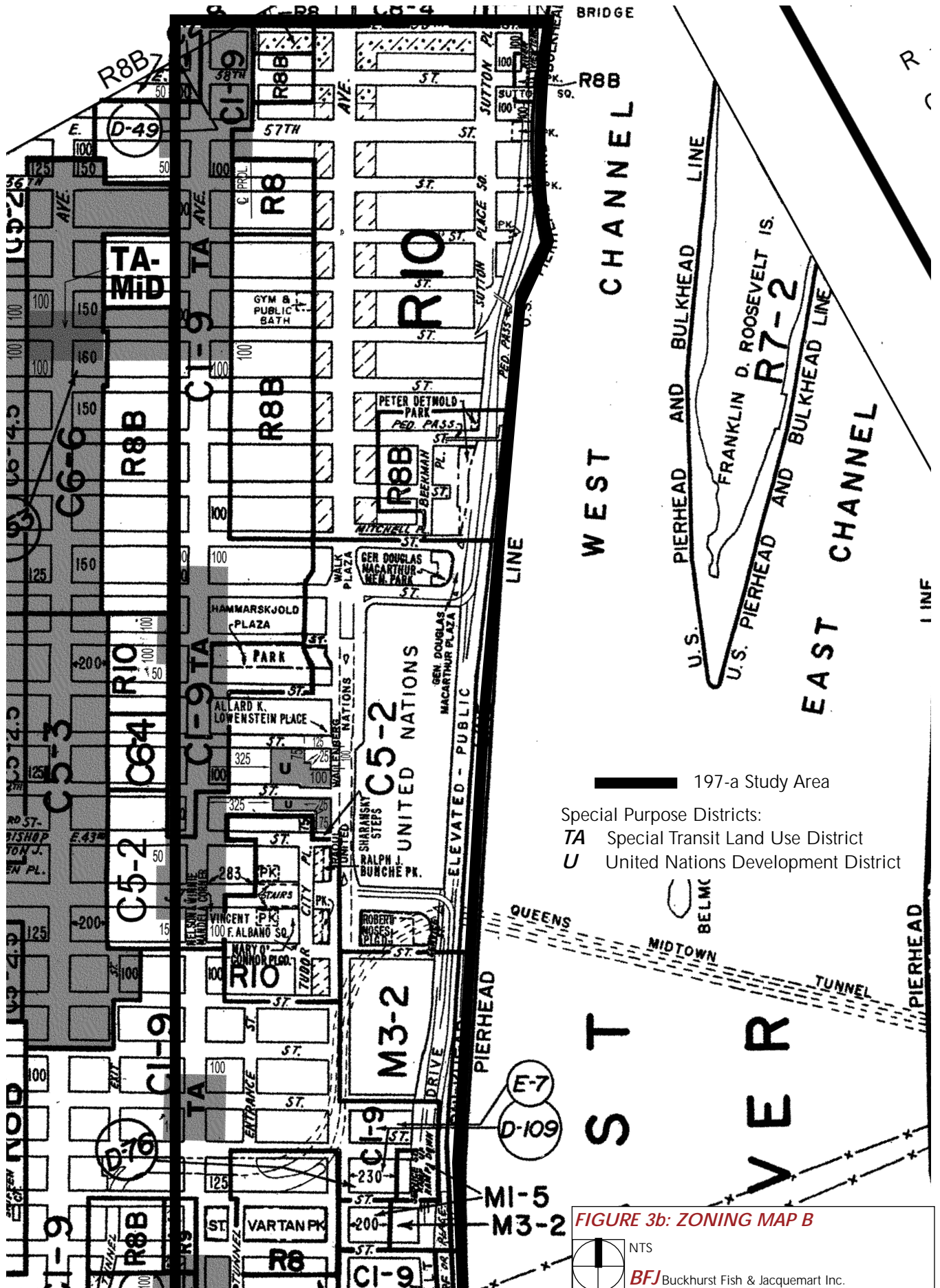


Table 4: Zoning by Neighborhood

Zoning District	Maximum FAR	Uses/Zone Type	Neighborhood
R7-2	0.87 to 3.44 residential	Medium density apartments	Stuyvesant Town
R7B	3.0 residential	General residence district, contextual district	Midblock apartments
R8	0.94 to 6.02 residential	General residence district	Kips Bay Apts.
R8A	6.02 residential	General residence district, contextual	East side of Stuyvesant Sq.
R8B	4.0 residential	General residence district, contextual	Midblock, Beekman Place, and between First and Second Ave, 22-20 th Streets, 49-55 th Streets
R10	10.0 residential (12.0 with bonus)	General residence district	Midblock, Sutton Place
C1-8	2.0 commercial, 0.99 to 7.52 residential	Local shopping and services	Second Ave., 23 rd to 29 th , east side
C1-8A	2.0 commercial, 7.52 residential	Local shopping and services, contextual district	Second Ave., 23 rd to 33 rd , west side
C1-9	2.0 commercial, 10.0 residential (12.0 with bonus)	Local shopping and services	Rivergate Apts., Manhattan Place
C1-9A	2.0 commercial, 10.0 residential (12.0 with bonus)	Local shopping and services, contextual district	23 rd , First to Second Avenues
C2-7	2.0 commercial, 0.99 to 7.52 residential	Local shopping and services with residential uses	Waterside Houses complex
C5-2	10.0 commercial (12.0 with bonus), 10.0 residential (12.0 with bonus)	Restricted central commercial district	United Nations and surrounding area
C6-2	6.0 commercial (7.2 with bonus), 0.94 to 6.02 residential	General commercial district outside CBD	Northern portion of Bellevue campus
M1-1	1.0 commercial or manufacturing	High performance light manufacturing	Stuyvesant Cove between bulkhead and pierhead
M1-5	5.0 commercial or manufacturing	High performance light manufacturing located mainly in Manhattan CBD	FDR Drive between 36 th and 37 th Streets
M3-2	2.0 commercial or manufacturing	Low performance heavy manufacturing	Former Con Edison Waterside Plant, now East River Realty Redevelopment Site

In addition to the previously described zoning districts, the Study Area includes a number of zoning overlays and the following two special districts, illustrated on the zoning maps Figures 3a and 3b.

Special Zoning Districts

1. **“U” Special United Nations Development District:** This special use district on the west side of First Avenue from East 43rd to East 45th Streets, opposite the United Nations, was established in 1970 to allow UN-related development, such as housing for personnel, hotels for visitors and delegates, meeting rooms and other facilities in the area surrounding the UN headquarters. Initially the zoning regulations were similar to those of a C5-3 district

(maximum FAR of 15, FAR of 18 with bonus). In 1980, the special district was modified by the City to limit the height of buildings within 200 feet west of First Avenue to below that of the Secretariat building, which is 505 feet high. Subsequent changes added flexibility to the range of uses and transfer of development rights among parcels in the district, but restricted the overall FAR to no more than 15.0. Three large towers have since been built in this area at One UN Plaza (Millennium UN Hotel), Two UN Plaza (housing UN Missions and related offices) and Three UN Plaza.

2. **“TA” Special Transit Land Use District:** Created in 1974 along Second Avenue in those areas where subway stations for the new Second Avenue line were anticipated, this special purpose district requires new development or enlargements to provide an easement, if requested by the NYC Transit Authority, for access to the subway underneath, and to provide light and air to the subway beneath. The district is mapped within the Study Area, on both sides of Second Avenue at the following locations, as shown on the zoning map on previous Figures 3a and 3b:

- East 15th to 14th Streets (and south of the Study Area to East 13th Street)
- East 23rd Street to 24th Street
- East 26th to midblock between East 27th and 28th Streets
- East 33rd to East 35th Streets
- East 37th to East 38th Street
- East 42nd to midblock of East 48th Street
- East 53rd Street to 59th Street (and north of the Study Area to East 61st Street)

Proposed Future Rezoning

The development of the Robert Moses Playground site for the new UNDC building will require the rezoning of that site, along with the demapping of parkland.

As part of the proposed development of the Con Edison First Avenue Properties, rezoning of the specific sites from their current industrial and commercial zoning (M1-5, M3-2, and C1-9) to residential zoning has been proposed to facilitate the development of large-scale mixed use developments.

C. URBAN DESIGN AND HISTORIC RESOURCES

The urban design components of a city neighborhood typically include the size and type of buildings, block and street patterns, streetscapes, landscaping, and dramatic features (tall or historic buildings, bridges, parks, waterfront areas) that define its visual character.

The Study Area includes many distinctive urban elements in a densely developed area: the East River waterfront, well known residential enclaves such as Tudor City, Turtle Bay, Beekman Place, and Sutton Place with historic buildings and features, Stuyvesant Square, the United Nations, and other older residential neighborhoods intermixed with more recent apartment towers and superblock housing developments, as well as two massive power plant complexes, several superblocks of hospital facilities, and neighborhood parks.

Although the larger residential and institutional developments of the past 50 years dominate portions of the Study Area, older residential neighborhoods characterize much of the area with a different character and scale, and historic value. These many elements combine to create an urban form in the Study Area that is complex and varied, and framed by several historic neighborhoods dating back over a century.

The East River Waterfront defines the eastern edge of the Study Area, as illustrated in Photos 1 and 2. The FDR Drive, the Con Edison East River Plant, Stuyvesant Cove Park, the UN School, Waterside Houses, Peter Cooper Village/Stuyvesant Town, NYU Bellevue Medical Center, the former Con Edison Waterside Plant sites, several apartment towers, the UN, and Beekman Place and Sutton Place are all located along the East River in the Study Area, with the Queensboro Bridge bounding the north end of the Study Area at 59th Street.

- **Stuyvesant Cove Park** between 18th and 23rd Streets provides open views of the East River, and the low-rise skylines of Queens and Brooklyn, and the rare urban vista of sky. See photos 3 and 4.
- **The United Nations** with an open plaza and a park cantilevered over the FDR Drive, provides an open vista of sky and riverfront visible for several blocks along First Avenue.
- **Sutton Place Park**, elevated above the FDR Drive at the south end of Sutton Place at East 54th Street, provides riverfront views looking south over the FDR Drive to the riverfront.

Views to the waterfront are more constrained in many other portions of the Study Area, where views east from along the side streets toward the East River are blocked by the elevated viaduct sections of the FDR Drive, and by large residential buildings and street walls of superblocks along the riverfront.

- From East 23rd to 34th Street, the VA Hospital, Bellevue Hospital, NYU Medical Center, and the Hunter College/Brookdale Medical Science buildings line the east side of First Avenue, obstructing many possible views to the waterfront from side streets.



Photo 1: View of East River Waterfront from 25th Street north to the Queensboro Bridge



Photo 2: Waterfront view looking north from 16th Street to the United Nations



Photo 3: View from Stuyvesant Cove Park looking north and east from 23rd Street



Photo 4: View from Stuyvesant Cove Park looking south and east from 23rd Street

Historic Neighborhoods and Features

As described in Development History, the history of the Study Area reflects the evolution of Manhattan from 17th and 18th century farms and estates, to the industrialization in the 19th and early 20th centuries, and the intensive redevelopment following World War II to accommodate a growing residential population as well as expanding institutional uses. The area includes several neighborhoods with historic buildings and features: Turtle Bay, including the United Nations and Sutton and Beekman Place neighborhoods, and Tudor City. The United Nations is also a distinctive feature of the area, both architecturally and as an international institution established for world peace and cooperation after World War II.

Turtle Bay dates back to 1639 when the Dutch governor gave two Englishmen a land grant of 40 acres along a bay on the East River. Turtle Bay was then a cove along the shoreline that protected ships from winter gales and river currents, and was important to the early commerce of Manhattan.



Picture Credit: *Turtle Bay Old & New* by Edmund T. Delaney, Barre Publishers, 1965

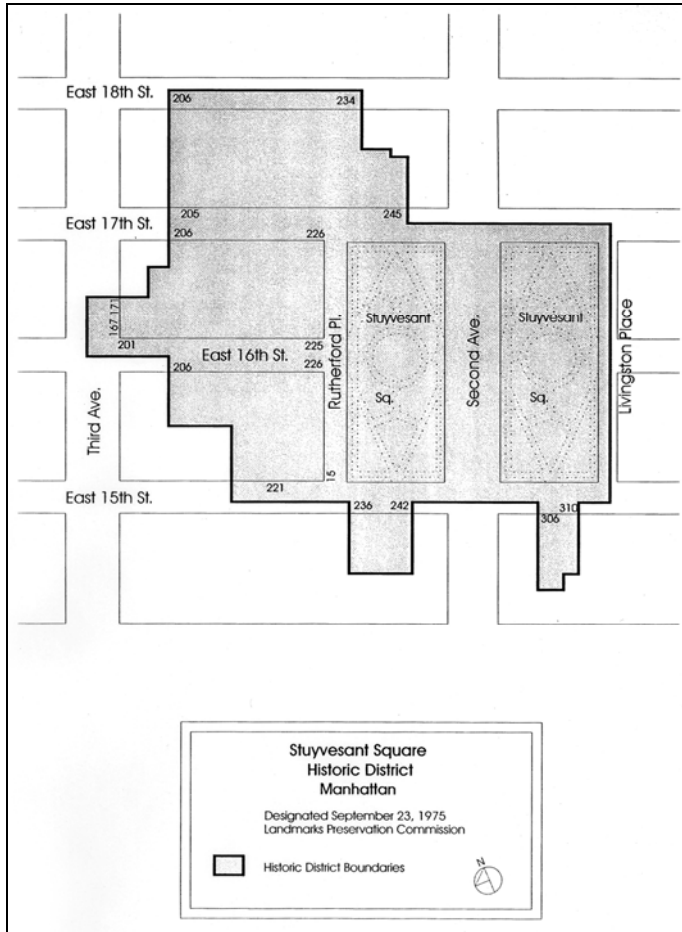
This picture illustrates Turtle Bay and Blackwell's Island in 1840, at the eastern end of present day 49th Street. In the distance is the Beekman Mansion at the present location of 51st Street and First Avenue.

By the early 19th century, shipbuilding had become a thriving industry in the area, and the Turtle Bay wharf area also included several breweries, as well as carpentry shops and mills. Slaughterhouses, cattle pens, and railroad piers were later added along this East River industrial waterfront.

The Turtle Bay Gardens Historic District is located just west of the Study Area between 48th and 49th Streets, in the midblock area between Second and Third Avenues.

Stuyvesant Square: The eastern portion of the Stuyvesant Square historic district along Second Avenue between 15th and 17th Streets is within the Study Area. See Figure 4. The Square, laid out in 1846 on land donated to the City by Peter Stuyvesant, is now a park surrounded by an original cast-iron fence.

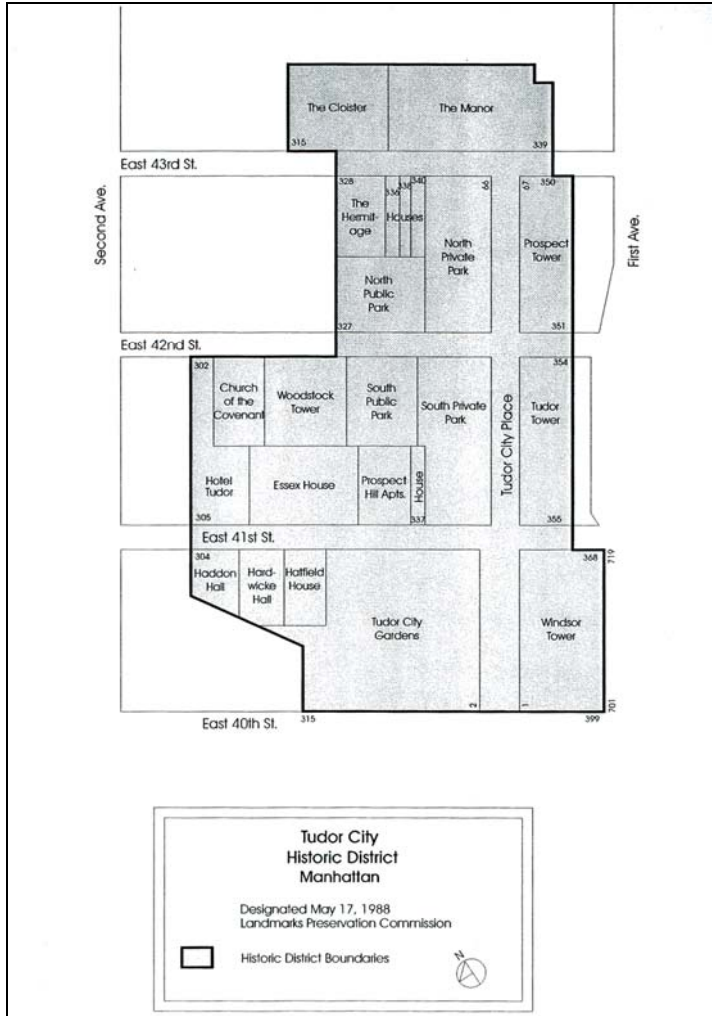
Figure 4: Stuyvesant Square Historic District



The former Society for the Lying-in Hospital, an 1899 classical revival building renovated in 1984 for apartments/ office space, is listed on the NYS and National Historic Registers.

Tudor City: consists of 12 buildings on a bluff along the west side of First Avenue from 40th and 44th Streets. The complex incorporates East 41st and 43rd Streets, which end at Tudor City Place, an interior street that spans 42nd Street. When built in 1925-28, the Tudor Revival style buildings were oriented inward to private open spaces, away from First Avenue, then a slaughterhouse district. Tudor City's 23-story towers form a high streetwall along First Avenue. Tudor City is a designated New York City Historic District, as shown on the Landmarks Preservation Commission Map.

Figure 5: Tudor City Historic District



Beekman Place, located east of First Avenue, is set around a quiet north/south street (Beekman Place) that runs between Mitchell Place and 51st Street. It features several older apartment buildings as well as UN consulates. With the exception of the 26-story Beekman Tower Hotel, a designated New York City Landmark, the building scale in Beekman Place is under 15 stories, with 4-, 5-, 6-story townhouses.

Sutton Place, located east of First Avenue between 53th and 59th Streets, is another residential enclave east of the busier main avenues of the area, with a north/south street, Sutton Place, bisecting the blocks between First Avenue and FDR Drive. Most buildings in Sutton Place do not exceed 20 stories in height, and the neighborhood includes some older townhouses.

The United Nations International Headquarters consists of the four UN buildings set in an 18-acre site with a plaza and the UN Gardens Park. The Secretariat building, a 39-story slab of glass, marble and aluminum, at 505 feet is the tallest building at the UN. The 5-story domed General Assembly building, the 6-story Conference building, and the 3-story Dag Hammarskjöld Library complete the UN campus. The large site made available for the construction of the United Nations headquarters in the late 1940s created this unique setting, unusual for a densely developed urban area like Manhattan.

Development in the vicinity of the UN along First Avenue has included several large commercial buildings housing office and hotel facilities for UN missions and related offices. These include: One UN Plaza, a 40-story skyscraper with 427 hotel rooms, and office space at 44th Street and First Avenue, looming over the adjacent U.S. Consulate building at 45th Street and First Avenue. Two and Three UN Plaza, 39- and 14-stories high, is located on opposite sides of East 44th Street.

Many of these nearby buildings exceed the height of the Secretariat building. The Trump World Tower across First Avenue at East 47th Street at 880 feet in height, is 375 feet higher than the 505-foot Secretariat building. As the world's tallest residential building, it is visible from considerable distances throughout New York City.

The 950,000-square foot United Nations Development Corporation building planned for the block between East 41st to 42nd Streets along First Avenue (a site presently occupied by Robert Moses Playground) is being designed to respect, and not exceed, the height of the Secretariat building.

The UN neighborhood also includes Dag Hammarskjöld Plaza, a public park located along 47th Street, featuring seating, plantings, and a view to the UN gardens.

Historic Buildings and Landmarks

In addition to its historic neighborhoods, the Study Area includes many notable individual buildings reflecting its history, including two designated NYC landmarks and a National Register property.

- **Beekman Tower Hotel/Panhellenic Tower, built 1929, Designated NYC Landmark 1998**
Located at the top of what was originally known as Beekman Hill (now Mitchell Place at the northeast corner of First Avenue and 48th Street), the 26-story Beekman Tower Hotel is one of the great Art Deco skyscrapers in Midtown Manhattan. Designed by John Mead Howells in 1927-29 as the Panhellenic Tower, it provided affordable housing for young women who were entering the work force in the 1920s.
- **314 East 53rd Street** is a small 2-story row house located on the south side of 53rd Street between First and Second Avenues. Constructed in 1866, this building is an example of the wooden vernacular buildings once constructed throughout Manhattan. The mansard roof,

dormers, bracketed wooden cornice and door hood, molded window enframements are features of this rare vernacular wooden building with Second Empire and Italianate details.

- **NYC ACS Children's Center Building, listed on National Register of Historic Places**

This 1907 building, designed by McKim, Mead & White as part of Bellevue Hospital, was renovated in 2001 for an adaptive reuse as an Emergency Intake Center and Training Academy for the New York City Administration for Children's Services (ACS).

Other Historic Features The study area includes numerous other buildings with historic value, although many of these are not designated landmarks. The UN Headquarters buildings, a significant example of modernist architecture, are not eligible for designation as landmarks, since they are located on UN international territory and are thereby exempt from local laws and regulations.

- **United Nations Secretariat Building**, built in 1948-50 as a 39-story slab with glass curtain walls, the Secretariat Building, set dramatically against open sky and riverfront, and isolated from other buildings of comparable height and bulk, is one of the more distinctive urban design features of the Study Area.
- **St. Vartan Cathedral**, at the northeast corner of Second Avenue and 34th Street, was built in 1968. Sheathed in limestone, the cathedral forms an L-shaped composition with an elevated entrance court.
- **Beekman Mansion and Beekman Terrace Apartments** at 51st Street and Beekman Place. Beekman Mansion, a six-story apartment house of Venetian design overlooking the water originally featured an open lawn leading to a Venetian-style dock on the River.
- **River House** 435 East 52nd Street. Built in 1931, this 26-story residential building along the East River between 52nd and 53rd Street with Georgian-Style-design features a tower with a courtyard palazzo base. Both Beekman Mansion and River House originally included private docks along the river, but those waterfront amenities were removed with the construction of the FDR Drive in 1947-49.
- **Asser Levy Place Bathhouse** was constructed in 1908 as a bathhouse – modeled on the Roman public baths – for the public. It was later converted to a gym with an outdoor pool.

Industrial Features

Industrial buildings dating back over a century characterize the First Avenue streetscape from 37th to 41st Streets. Former brewery buildings in this area have been converted to office/medical uses.

- **The Con Edison Waterside power plants**, along the east side of First Avenue between 38th and 41st Streets, were brick structures designed in the Renaissance Revival style, ranging in height from 5 to 8 stories, with large arched window openings, brick and stone detail at the base, and large stacks. Waterside No. 1 at 680 First Avenue between 38th - 39th Streets was constructed in 1902; Waterside No. 2, at 708 First Avenue between 39th - 41st Streets, was added in 1906. They were recently demolished to accommodate redevelopment plans for the site.

The block between 35th and 36th Streets (616 First Avenue) previously occupied by the Kips Bay Steam Generating Station (which was demolished in the late 1970s), and was later used to store fuel oil for the Waterside Power Plant. This block, one of the Con Edison sites proposed for redevelopment along First Avenue, has recently undergone environmental remediation.

The Con Edison lot at 685 First Avenue adjoins the Con Edison substation located just west of it, and is presently used only for parking of vehicles and construction equipment. This site has been recommended as a possible location for a building (Final GEIS for Con Edison First Avenue Properties, January 2004). CB6 has recommended that this site be available for public open space.

- **Con Edison East River Plant**, located along the FDR Drive between 14th and 17th Streets, at the south end of the Study Area, was recently repowered to accommodate the power demand resulting from the decommissioning of the Waterside Plants on First Avenue.
- **The former Kips Bay Brewery building** at 660 First Avenue, between 37th and 38th Streets, an industrial building dating back to the 19th century, has been converted to office use.

Transportation Features

- **The FDR Drive**, a 6-lane-wide-highway with elevated viaduct portions, is a dominant visual feature along the eastern edge of the study area north of 18th Street. See Photo 7.
- **Queens Midtown Tunnel Entrance Plaza** between East 36th and East 37th Streets is defined by tunnel entrances and exits, and surrounded by residential towers that contrast with the open landscape of the tunnel plaza and St. Vartan Park.
- **The Queensboro Bridge** at 59th Street visually defines the north end of the study area.

Urban Design Character

Reflecting its complex history, the Study Area is characterized by a diversity of building types and sizes, resulting in a rich variety of architectural styles and scales. Previously a major industrial area along the East Side of Manhattan, the Study Area includes power plant buildings over a century old, as well as many older residential buildings, typically 4- to 5-stories and located along the side streets, contrasting with the large-scale residential and institutional construction of the past 50 years.

Building Scale: More recent construction in the Study Area includes a number of high rise apartment towers, many of these over 40 stories. This scale, often dramatically out of character with the existing streetscape, is primarily the result of utilizing the merger of zoning lots. The following individual residential buildings over 35 stories in height in have been built in the Study Area since 1966:

Table 5: New Residential Buildings 1966-2001

Residential Development	No. of Stories	Year Built
Rivergate, 410 East 34 th Street	35	1985
300 East 34 th Street	36	1974
Manhattan Place 630 First Ave	37	1984
New York Tower 330 East 39 th St	38	1980
860-870 UN Plaza	40	1966
Horizon, 415 East 37 th Street	42	1989
Dag Hammarskjöld, 240 East 47 th St	44	1982
Excelsior Apartments, 303 East 57 th Street	47	1967
The Sovereign, 425 East 58 th Street	48	1971
100 UN Plaza Tower, 327 East 48 th Street	52	1986
Corinthian, 330 East 38 th Street	55	1987
Trump World Tower, 845 UN Plaza	72	2001

Block Patterns The block pattern of much of the Study Area between First and Second Avenues consists of the typical Manhattan street grid, with the avenues running north and south, and the narrower streets running east-west, creating rectangular shaped blocks, as shown on Figures 6A and 6B. This pattern varies along First Avenue and the FDR Drive, where the curve of the East River shoreline and the FDR Drive creates irregularly shaped blocks between 14th and 34th Streets.

A large portion of the Study Area between 14th and 48th Streets includes superblocks that eliminate many east-west streets to form large industrial, institutional and housing developments along First and Second Avenues, as shown on Figures 6A and 6B.

- Con Edison East River Plant, bounded by 14th Street, Avenue C, and FDR Drive
- Stuyvesant Town First Avenue to Avenue C, 20th to 14th Streets
- Peter Cooper Village, First Avenue to Avenue C, 20th to 23rd Streets
- East Midtown Plaza apartments, 23rd to 25th Streets, First to Second Avenues
- Waterside Houses, East of FDR Drive and north of UN School, 25th to 29th Streets
- Kips Bay Houses, First to Second Avenue, 30th to 33rd Streets
- VA Hospital Medical Center, 23rd to 25th Streets, First Avenue to Asser Levy Place
- Bellevue Hospital/Hunter College/Brookdale Medical Science Building, and Medical Examiner's Office, First Avenue to FDR Drive, 25th to 30th Streets
- NYU Hospitals Center, First Avenue to FDR Drive, 30th to 34th Streets
- Former Con Edison Waterside Site now East River Realty, 38th to 41st Streets, First Avenue to FDR Drive
- United Nations Headquarters, UN Plaza/First Avenue to East River, 42nd to 48th Streets

In addition to these superblocks, the traditional street grid pattern in the Study Area is also broken by the Queens Midtown Tunnel entrances and exits, which dominate the block bounded between First and Second Avenues, East 36th and 37th Streets. The Tunnel Approach Streets that provide midblock access routes also interrupt the street pattern, running between First and Second Avenues from 34th to 36th Streets, and 37th to 40th Streets.

Two of the Study Area's older neighborhoods, Beekman Place and Sutton Place, are named for the north/south internal streets that bisect the blocks east of First Avenue, and create quiet interior street corridors, a rarity in Manhattan. Both neighborhoods also include small park areas overlooking the river. Tudor City, a NYC historic district, also includes an interior street, Tudor City Place, with two private parks and Tudor City Gardens.

Elsewhere in the Study Area, small parks such as Stuyvesant Square, Augustus St. Gaudens, and Peter's Field located along Second Avenue between 15th and 21st Streets, Bellevue South Park at 27th Street, St. Vartan Park, Dag Hammarskjöld Plaza and McArthur Plaza along 47th Street, provide much needed open space and interrupt the standard block form.

Residential superblocks Many of the large residential developments in the Study Area incorporate open space and plazas, and redefine the street grid in certain areas.

Peter Cooper Village and Stuyvesant Town, two of the largest of the superblocks in the study area between 14th and 23rd Street, First Avenue and the FDR Drive, consist of a total of 51 slab-style buildings set at angles to the street grid, in a larger setting of playgrounds, trees, seating areas, although use of these facilities is mostly limited to their residents. Limited use private roads run through the complex. Twentieth Street divides Peter Cooper from Stuyvesant Town to the south.

Other than the UN campus with its open river views from First Avenue, most of the superblocks along First Avenue (as well as the Waterside Houses on the waterfront east of the FDR Drive) block views to the East River from the City.

Medical Superblocks: The large scale institutional features of the NYU-Bellevue medical hospital complex dominate the streetscape along First Avenue from 23rd to 34th Streets, with the Veterans Administration Hospital, Bellevue Hospital, and the NYU Medical Center along the east side of the Avenue. The NYU and Bellevue superblocks are particularly complex, and incorporate several public streets (East 26th and East 29th Streets) that serve as access roads into the medical complex to and from the East River Drive and First Avenue for ambulances and other hospital vehicles, as well as parking.

Retail Patterns: Retail patterns in the Study Area vary. First Avenue from 14th to 23rd Streets, which is largely residential in nature, includes many local shops and coffee shops along the west side of the Avenue that enlivens the streetscape with storefronts, and shops.

This retail pattern drops off north of 23rd Street, with little retail along First Avenue until 49th Street, due to the presence of hospital facilities and the UN and related buildings.

Along Second Avenue north of 23rd Street, a residential neighborhood, street level retail and restaurants are more prevalent. Overall, the retail pattern in the Study Area is limited, in contrast to the more commercially active Third Avenue further west.



Photo 5: View to Waterside No. 1 from across First Avenue at 38th Street (now demolished)



Photo 6: View south along First Avenue to Waterside No. 2 (now demolished)



Photo 7: FDR Drive viaduct at Stuyvesant Cove Park



Photo 8: View of Queensboro Bridge looking north towards Sutton Place (ODR now dismantled)



Photo 9: View of Queens Midtown entrance plaza and surrounding buildings



Photo 10: View of Queens Midtown Tunnel exit plaza west from 37th Street at First Avenue

D. TRANSPORTATION

Existing Roadways and Transportation Features

The Study Area includes several major transportation features, including two major traffic portals (the Queensboro Bridge and Queens Midtown Tunnel) that bring large numbers of vehicles into the area, as well as the FDR Drive, a highway that links to expressways to the north through the Bronx and the east to Queens and Long Island.

FDR Drive: The eastern edge of the Study Area is dominated by the East River ("FDR") Drive, a 6-lane highway built in the 1930s, with elevated viaduct portions added later. Running along the East River from Lower to Upper Manhattan, it serves as a major transportation corridor for New York City and the region, and carries approximately 175,000 vehicles per day through Lower Manhattan, and approximately 150,000 vehicles per day through midtown Manhattan.

The original FDR Drive between East 14th Street and East 42nd Street was later converted from a boulevard to a controlled-access parkway, and new elevated viaducts were constructed in the vicinity of East 18th, 23rd, 34th and 42nd Streets.

Several sections of the study area, the eastern portions of the United Nations and the Sutton Place and Beekman Place neighborhoods, are cantilevered over sections of the FDR Drive.

Current NYSDOT reconstruction work on the FDR Drive presents an opportunity to improve vehicular access to the community, reduce congestion, and do so in coordination with the redevelopment of Con Edison's Waterside properties. It is also an opportunity to provide more pedestrian access to the waterfront.

Of the various highway ramps and exits within the study area, the northbound FDR Drive exit at 42nd Street and the southbound FDR Drive exit at 15th Street raise a number of issues:

- *Northbound exit of FDR Drive at 42nd Street:* The exit starts at 36th Street at which point it separates from the FDR Drive and continues at elevation until reaching 42nd Street. The combined effect of the elevated FDR Drive and the 42nd Street exit ramp restricts pedestrian access to the waterfront from 34th Street to 42nd Street.
- *Southbound exit of FDR Drive at 15th Street:* The FDR Drive exit at 15th Street has been closed off for use by Con Edison since 2001.

The Queensboro Bridge at the north boundary of the Study Area, between 59th and 60th Streets, is one of the most traveled bridges in the world, carrying 200,000 vehicles per day and bringing a large volume of vehicles (including trucks) into the East Side. It marks the beginning of NYS Route 25, which extends 110 miles east to Orient Point, Long Island.

The Queens Midtown Tunnel (QMT) enters Manhattan below ground at East 41st Street, and runs under First Avenue south until the Tunnel Exit/Entrance Plaza area between 36th and 37th Streets. The QMT tunnel entrances and exits, as well as tunnel approach and exit streets, are located in the larger surrounding area between First and Second Avenues, 34th and 40th Streets. As the eastern extension of the Long Island Expressway, the QMT carries approximately 80,000 vehicles per day. Substantial traffic congestion occurs at peak hours in the vicinity of the tunnel exits and entrances.



Photo 11: View east to the elevated FDR Drive 42nd Street off-ramp next to United Nations



Photo 12: View of Queensboro Bridge looking east from 60th Street and Second Avenue



Photo 13: Existing decking with greenspace and trees over tunnel plaza along 37th Street

Ferry Service and Intermodal Connections

NY Watertaxi provides ferry service from 35th Street to and from Queens, Lower Manhattan, and other points. Ferry service connects with M34 bus line eastern terminus. A new ferry landing terminal is currently being planned for this location. Completion is estimated for the end of 2008.

Road Network: The Study Area contains two major avenues, First and Second Avenue. Both widen as they approach the Study Area from the north, and accommodate large volumes of traffic entering Manhattan from the Queensboro Bridge and the QMT.

First Avenue, with five traffic lanes and two parking/standing lanes, serves as a northbound arterial and is used as both a through route and by traffic from the QMT. At 41st Street, the central lanes of First Avenue enter a four lane tunnel running to 48th Street, with the remaining surface lanes, renamed UN Plaza, providing local access.

Second Avenue serves as a major southbound road and like First Avenue, also contains five lanes of traffic and two parking/standing lanes.

Five major cross-town streets (14th Street, 23rd Street, 34th Street, 42nd Street, and 57th Street) are located in the study area.

Interruptions to the Street Grid

Throughout the study area, and especially between First Avenue and the FDR Drive, there are a number of superblocks and other features that interrupt the standard street grid. As a result the Manhattan street grid effectively terminates at First Avenue in these areas, creating inefficiencies and forcing larger volumes of traffic through the Study Area. This occurs principally in two areas: the Bellevue-NYU Medical complex between 26th and 34th Streets and the Con Edison Properties between 38th and 41st Streets. Other street interruptions occur in the vicinity of housing complexes in the study area. The main interruptions to the street grid are described as follows, and illustrated on Figures 6a and 6b.

Bellevue Hospital/NYU Medical Center: With the development of First Avenue as a medical and institutional corridor, over time a large number of superblocks have been created to accommodate expanding medical facilities.

Bellevue South Urban Renewal Area: This includes several large residential superblocks between First and Second Avenue 23rd to 25th Street, and 26th to 28th Street. North of 23rd Street, the street grid interruptions include the following:

- 24th Street ends at Second Avenue, where it enters East Midtown Plaza houses.
- 26th Street east of First Avenue is a one-way, restricted access, westbound service road for the Emergency Medical Services at Bellevue. There is no access for through traffic and no means of connecting to the FDR or the waterfront esplanade.
- 27th Street terminates as a through street at Second Avenue in Henry Phipps Plaza West Houses, although a small private street runs through residential complex and terminates at First Avenue.
- 28th Street also terminates at Second Avenue, although a sidewalk easement runs through the Henry Phipps Plaza Houses to a portion of the active street terminating at First Avenue. It enters Bellevue Campus as a small turnaround, but there is no through access to FDR Drive or waterfront esplanade.
- 30th Street east of First Avenue has been demapped and is now largely occupied with temporary structures erected for the Medical Examiner. Since its closing, EMS vehicles must go to either 23rd Street or 34th Street to access the Emergency Room from the FDR Drive service road.

- 29th Street was demapped east of First Avenue and incorporated as part of the Bellevue Campus, and therefore provides no means of through access.

Peter Cooper Village/Stuyvesant Town: These residential complexes occupy the area east of First Avenue between East 23rd and 14th Street, and include several private roads. Only one public street, 20th Street, runs east west through the area between the two complexes.

- East 15th through 19th Streets end at First Avenue, across from Stuyvesant Town
- East 21st and 22nd Streets end at Peter Cooper Village.
- Avenues A and B end at 14th Street at Stuyvesant Town.

Queens Midtown Tunnel: Several streets surrounding the Queens Midtown Tunnel entrance have designated turn-only or tunnel-only lanes in order to accommodate tunnel traffic. Tunnel approach streets bisect the blocks between 34th and 40th Streets, First and Second Avenues. In response to security concerns, access to the tunnel approach streets has been restricted, which has forced larger volumes of tunnel-destined traffic onto First and Second Avenues.

Con Edison Waterside Properties: The former Con Edison Waterside properties, now East River Realty, occupy the full blocks between 38th and 41st Streets, First Avenue and the FDR Drive, including the street beds of 39th and 40th Streets.

Con Edison East River Plant: This power plant complex occupies the area from 14th to 17th Street, Avenue C to the FDR Drive. Fifteenth Street within the complex is closed off, and 16th Street provides limited access into the facility parking area and the ballfields.

United Nations Headquarters: UN buildings, plaza and gardens occupy eight acres of international land located between 42nd and 48th Streets, east of First Avenue. The UN campus includes an entrance driveway with security guardhouse, but no public streets.

The Study Area's extensive residential, institutional, and office developments, and the QMT entrances and exits and tunnel approach streets between East 36th and 40th Streets, and the Queensboro Bridge at East 59th Street, have all contributed to traffic congestion and traffic safety issues in the immediate area. Safe, convenient and efficient transportation in the Study Area is critical to the economic vitality and environmental quality of the City.

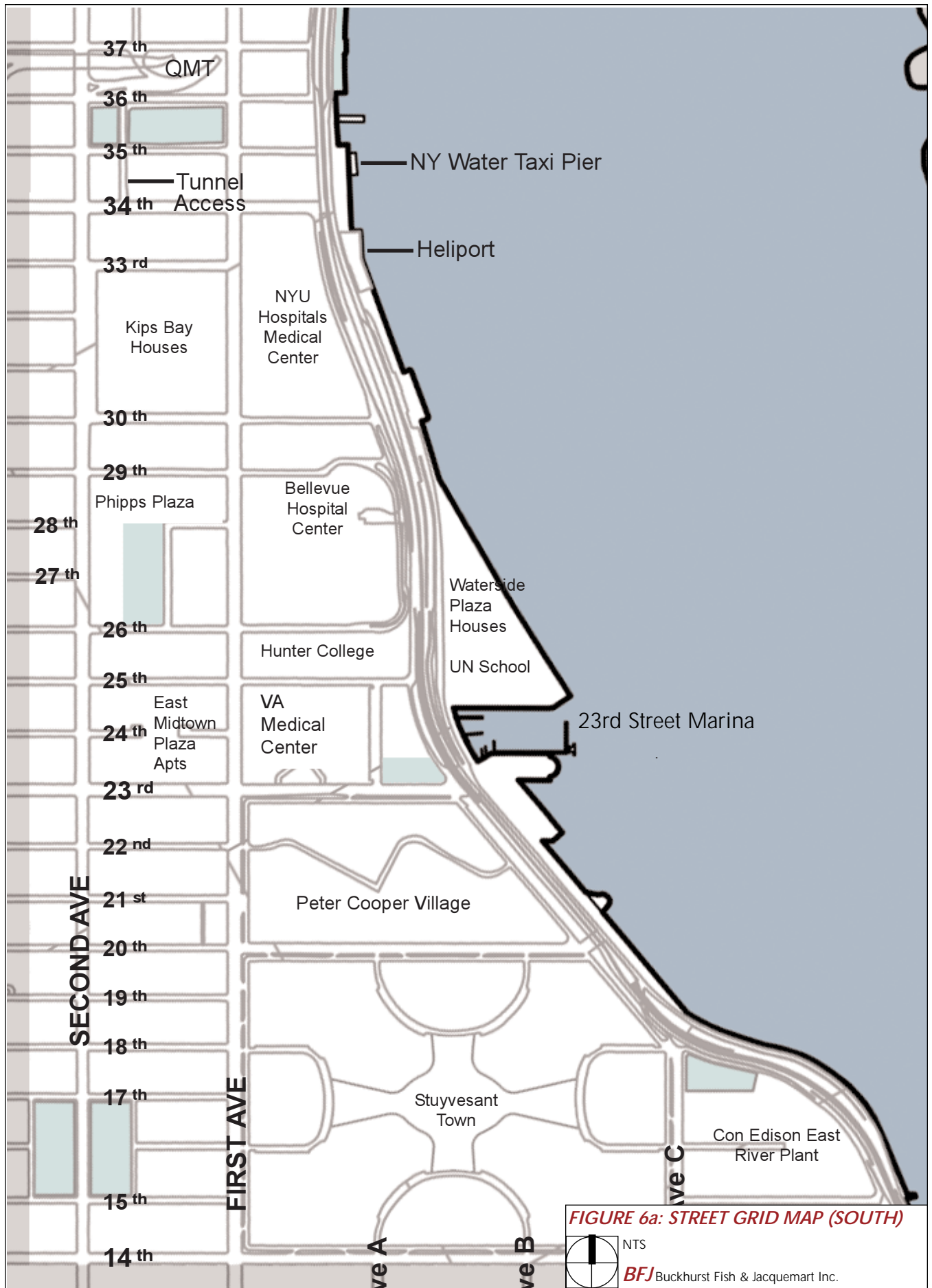
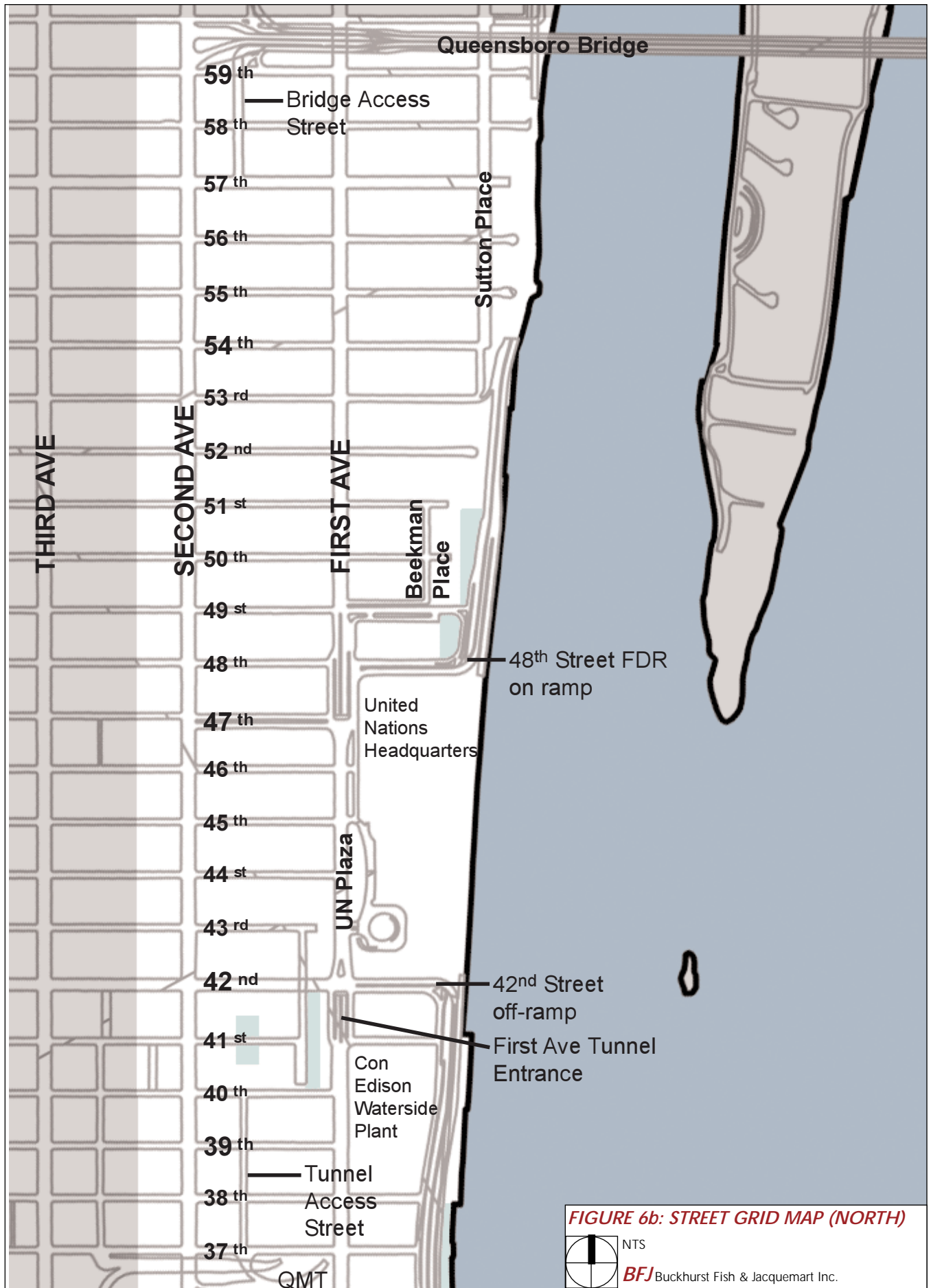


FIGURE 6a: STREET GRID MAP (SOUTH)



Parking Facilities

Unenclosed Parking: There is a number of unenclosed parking facilities in the study area, including several parking piers along the waterfront for Con Edison and the heliport, as well as parking located under the FDR viaduct. A parking area is located at 36th and Second Avenue (the site of the proposed Perl binder residential building).

Enclosed Parking: There are approximately 75³ off-street parking facilities in the study area. Most of these were constructed as accessory facilities for the many residential buildings, but today they effectively function as public parking garages. The 23rd Street Marina also includes a parking garage.

Waterfront Parking Areas

Parking adjoining Stuyvesant Cove Park is located under the FDR Drive viaduct. North of Stuyvesant Cove is several parking areas with parking directly along the waterfront, blocking waterfront access and rerouting portions of the waterfront esplanade.

Commuter Buses: The bus “layover” areas on the east side of First Avenue between 38th and 40th Streets are inadequate to accommodate the large numbers of buses.

Black Cars: Similar to the situation with the commuter buses, there are no layover areas for black cars resulting in congestion.

Sanitation Vehicles: The NYC Department of Sanitation trucks that serve Community District 6 are housed in garages located in Brooklyn. This affects trash pick-up efficiencies when the sanitation fleet is stuck in traffic.

³ New York City Department of City Planning, Transportation Division



Photo 14: View south alongside Con Edison parking pier between 38th and 41st Streets



Photo 15: View south of heliport parking along waterfront at 33rd Street

Existing Transit Systems

The existing transit systems in the Study Area consist of:

Bus Routes: a number of intensively used bus lines are routed through the Study Area, due to the proximity to the Midtown Manhattan business district. These include:

- M15 First Avenue (northbound) buses, M15 Second Avenue (southbound)
- M14 Cross-town Bus (14th Street)
- M16 Cross-town Bus on 23rd and 34th Street (to Waterside Houses)
- M23 Cross-town Bus (23rd Street)
- M27/M50 Cross-town Bus (49th and 50th Streets)
- M34 Cross-town Bus (34th Street), with terminus at East River waterfront
- M42 Cross-town Bus (42nd Street)
- M104 Bus (across 42nd Street, and north along Broadway to West 129th Street)
- M57 Cross-town Bus (57th Street)
- M31 Cross-town Bus (across 57th Street and along York Avenue north of 57th)

Subways: Although several subway lines run through the Study Area (the E and F lines along East 53rd Street to Queens, the No. 7 line along 42nd Street to Queens), none of these provide service directly to the area, since none have stations within the Study Area. The only subway station in the Study Area is the 14th Street and First Avenue stop for L line to Brooklyn. The main subway line serving the Study Area is the IRT 4, 5, and 6, which is located along Lexington and Park Avenues, west of the study area boundary.

The planned Second Avenue Subway will be located within the study area, along Second Avenue. Construction is anticipated to take 14 years.

Ferries: NY Waterways provides ferry service to Brooklyn, Queens, Lower Manhattan and New Jersey from its ferry terminal located on the East River between 34th and 35th Streets.

Helicopters: The Heliport along the East River between East 32nd and 33rd Streets is run by a private company with flights scheduled throughout the day during business hours.

Current and Ongoing and Planned Transportation Projects in Study Area

FDR Drive Reconstruction Projects

Given the age of the FDR Drive, which dates back to the 1930s, and the large volumes of traffic, numerous upgrades and changes have been necessary to the original design. During the 1990s, NYSDOT reconstructed the elevated section of the FDR Drive between 14th and 34th Streets. More recent work includes the rebuilding of the 48th Street ramp to the northbound FDR Drive. The old ramp was structurally unsound and had therefore been closed in 1987. The new 435-foot elevated ramp, a four-span box-girder bridge, was built north of the existing ramp to allow space for a future pedestrian and bicycle ramp to a waterfront esplanade.

Due to their age, the elevated viaducts of the FDR Drive require renovation in many areas, and new renovation projects are being undertaken, as described below:

East 54th to East 63rd Street: The New York State Department of Transportation (NYSDOT) began work on the FDR Drive Reconstruction Project for this section of the highway in Manhattan in December 2002, to rehabilitate the three-level tiered FDR Drive structure between East 56th and East 63rd Streets. This has been largely completed. Work included repaving the at-grade (lower level) portion on the FDR Drive between 54th and 56th Streets, safety improvements to correct roadway geometry including

the addition of an acceleration lane at the 63rd Street entrance, and new drainage, signage, and lighting. This 3-level tiered section of the FDR Drive carries northbound traffic on the lower level and southbound traffic on the middle level, with parkland and private gardens built over portions of the highway. To accommodate the traffic disruption due to this construction project, NYSDOT constructed a temporary Outboard Detour Roadway (ODR) in the East River adjacent to the highway to replace the FDR Drive travel lanes that will be closed during construction, as described previously in Chapter 2. This has been largely dismantled.

East 25th to East 42nd Street: NYSDOT also plans to rebuild the FDR Drive viaduct from East 25th Street north to East 42nd Street. In addition to replacing the viaduct and entrance-exit ramps, the project is to provide new grade-separated pedestrian access to the riverfront, a riverfront esplanade and a two-way bicycle lane. Several alternatives are currently being studied, including the construction of a vehicular tunnel along the FDR Drive right-of-way. Design work for the project is underway and expected to continue through 2006, with completion of the project currently scheduled for 2009.

Proposed Second Avenue Subway Construction

MTA New York City Transit is proposing to construct a new subway on Second Avenue, extending from 125th Street to Lower Manhattan, to help improve mobility and reduce crowding on the various transit routes on the East Side of Manhattan including the Lexington Avenue subway. Five stations are planned for the Study Area, to be located along both sides of Second Avenue at 55th Street, 42nd Street, 34th Street, 23rd Street, and 14th Street.

Construction of the subway tubes in the Study Area is to be accomplished by tunneling rather than the more disruptive cut and cover method (which involves digging from street level down and planking over the excavation so traffic that can continue over portions of the Avenue). Cut and cover construction will be required for the stations in the Study Area, extending for several blocks along Second Avenue in the vicinity of each of the following stations in the study area: East 55th Street station, East 42nd Street station, East 34th Street station, East 23rd Street station, East 14th Street station.

E. OPEN SPACE AND WATERFRONT ACCESS

Community District 6 has the lowest ratio of open space per capita of any community district in Manhattan. This open space deficit is particularly pronounced in the Study Area, where new residential development has increased the area's population in recent years, and in some instances threatens to eliminate existing open space. Since much of the most valued (and well used) open space is located along or in close proximity to the East River waterfront, access to this waterfront is a major issue for the Study Area.

Consistent with its complexity, the Study Area has a variety of open space resources, including two waterfront parks (Stuyvesant Cove Park and Glick Park) that form part of the esplanade along the East River, St. Vartan Park adjacent to the Queens Midtown tunnel entrance plaza, open space areas created as part of the United Nations (the UN Gardens and Dag Hammarskjöld Plaza), various playgrounds and tot lots, small neighborhood parks in Beekman Place and Sutton Place, and interior parks in Tudor City and Phipps Plaza Housing, and a garden at Bellevue Hospital. In addition, the numerous large residential and institutional buildings in the area have created a number of privately-owned open space areas which are accessible to the public, although typically small in size.

Much of the Study Area (the blocks located east of First Avenue between 14th and 59th Streets), as indicated on the map on the following page, is located within the New York City Coastal Zone. Any development in the Coastal Zone is subject to consistency review under *The New Waterfront Revitalization Program*.

Waterfront Plans

The improvement of public access to the East River waterfront has long been an important goal of Community Board 6 and other local organizations in the Study Area. As early as 1990, Community Board 6 adopted broad policies for waterfront open space and access that were later cited in the 1997 Comprehensive Manhattan Waterfront Plan. The City has developed policies and plans addressing waterfront access throughout the City, and specifically for the east side of Manhattan. These plans have included:

A Greenway Plan for New York City, 1993, NYC Department of City Planning (DCP). The Greenway Plan's goal of creating 350 miles of greenway throughout the City includes the Manhattan Waterfront Greenway, a continuous 32-mile pathway around the borough. Over the last ten years, several City and State agencies have built portions of the Manhattan Greenway and are presently working on connecting the existing portions. The 32-mile borough trail will provide cyclists, joggers and pedestrians with a continuous route that includes over 23 miles of waterfront pathways and will facilitate access to over 1,500 acres of parkland throughout the borough. The latest phase of the Plan seeks to connect existing waterfront segments, create new waterfront pathways and, where necessary, on-street routes to serve as interim links between the waterfront paths in Manhattan.

Plan for The Manhattan Waterfront, NYC Comprehensive Waterfront Plan, 1993, NYCDGP.

This plan addressed detailed studies of waterfront areas ("reaches") in Manhattan and makes specific recommendations for the various reaches. The East Side (Reach 1) includes the Study Area waterfront, and presents recommendations for improved connections to and from the waterfront, esplanade construction, and creation of improved access at specific cross streets, including pedestrian bridges, requiring esplanades in new development or use of City-owned waterfront property.

Recommendations of the Comprehensive Waterfront plan for the Study Area included:

- a new pedestrian overpass at 41st Street
- a new esplanade between 38th and 41st Street, and an interim link to 42nd Street

- conversion of the Pier at 35th Street to public use
- relocation of Water Club parking lot to an area under the FDR Drive
- additional ferry terminals along the waterfront
- an esplanade around the perimeter of the UN School
- widen the path at the Con Edison facility at 15th Street.

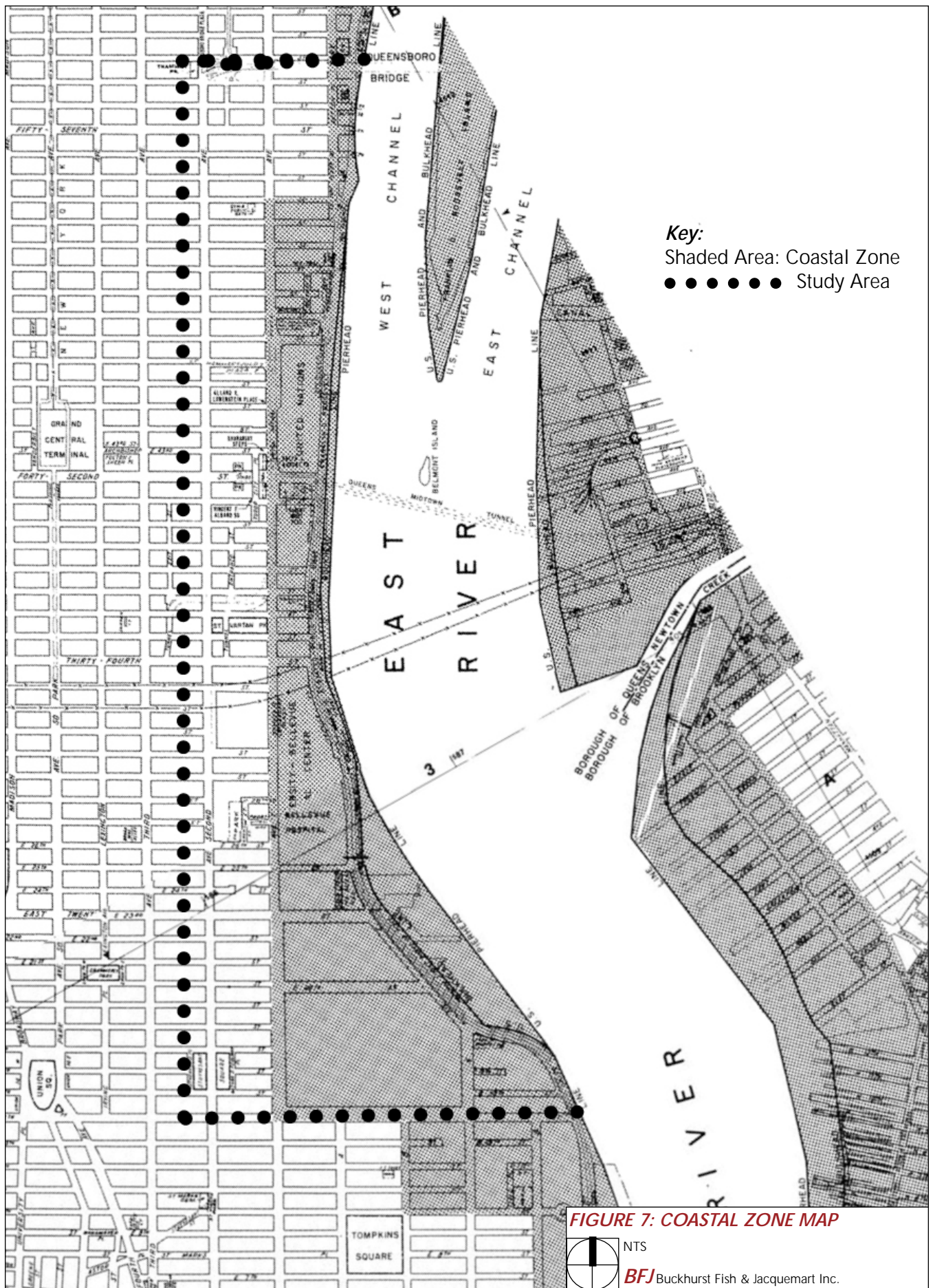
As of this writing, the only recommendation of this plan that has been implemented is the widening of the path at the Con Edison facility at 15th Street.

East River Bikeway and Esplanade Master Plan Report, 1996, NYC Economic Development Corporation, describes a continuous bikeway and esplanade running the length of the East River, from the Battery to East 125th Street, and lists plans and concerns for the area from the Battery to East 63rd Street. It divides the East River waterfront from the Battery to East 63rd Street into 10 segments and examines the characteristics, challenges, and possibilities for each one. The *Report* includes design guidelines for mixed-use paths, on-street bike lanes, and plants and architectural elements along the path. Many of the plans outlined in the *East River Bikeway and Esplanade Master Plan Report* have been implemented.

The New Waterfront Revitalization Program, NYC Department of City Planning, 2002, addresses New York City's waterfront policies and consistency review process for projects located within the New York State coastal zone and requiring a local, state, or federal discretionary action. Local discretionary actions, including those subject to land use (ULURP), environmental (CEQR) and Board of Standards and Appeals (BSA) review procedures, are reviewed for consistency with the WRP policies. A proposed action or project is considered consistent with the WRP when it would not substantially hinder and, where practicable, will advance one or more of the ten WRP policies, dealing with: (1) residential and commercial redevelopment; (2) water-dependent and industrial uses; (3) commercial and recreational boating; (4) coastal ecological systems; (5) water quality; (6) flooding and erosion; (7) solid waste and hazardous substances; (8) public access; (9) scenic resources; and (10) historical/cultural resources.

Applicable Coastal Zone policies for development in the Study Area include:

- Policy 8.1 Preserve, protect, and maintain existing physical, visual and recreational access to the waterfront;
- Policy 8.2 Incorporate public access into new public and private development where compatible with the proposed land use and coastal location;
- Policy 9.1 Protect and improve visual quality associated with New York City's urban context and the historic and working waterfront;
- Policy 10.1 Retain and preserve designated historic resources, and enhance resources significant to the coastal culture of New York City.



Stuyvesant Cove 197-a Plan, 1997, Community Board 6: Sponsored by Manhattan Community Board 6 and adopted by the City Council on March 13, 1997, this plan provides a policy framework to guide the creation of public open space along the waterfront between 18th and 23rd Streets, with connections to the East River Park to the south. It was successfully implemented with the creation of the Stuyvesant Cove park.

The Comprehensive Manhattan Waterfront 197-a Plan: Manhattan Borough President's Office, includes a series of site-specific recommendations to guide the future use and improvement of the borough's entire waterfront, identified constraints to waterfront access, and made specific recommendations for improvements to the East River waterfront esplanade from East 14th to East 59th Street, including:

- UN School to provide an esplanade easement around the school's perimeter;
- Clear signage indicating a public waterfront esplanade along the East River;
- Water Club esplanade, a public amenity required for the Water Club restaurant to remain open even when yachts are temporarily moored at the restaurant;
- Move Water Club parking inland under FDR Drive between 30th and 33rd Streets;
- Map 27th Street between First Avenue and FDR Drive as a public street, and create an overpass to the FDR Drive at that location;
- Create a safe access easement along the 34th Street heliport's perimeter or elsewhere at the site;
- Reduce the number of helicopter flights at the 34th Street heliport to minimize the noise and safety impacts to nearby residential, recreational, and hospital uses.

East River Science Park (Cooper Eckstut): A plan was developed for the Bellevue Hospital/NYU Medical Center campus to address future improvements with the redevelopment of the hospital complex. These include the re-establishment of 29th Street through the hospital, creation of attractive open spaces, and continuation of north-south pedestrian circulation, and improvements of views and access through the campus between the waterfront and First Avenue.

Public Open Space Resources in the Study Area are identified on the map on the next page, and described in the following pages. These resources include:

- **Stuyvesant Cove Park**, a two-acre waterfront park along the East River between 18th and 23rd Streets, includes seating areas, an environmental education center in a solar-powered building, bike paths and walkways with extensive landscaping, and a fishing area. The park was the result of the 1997 Stuyvesant Cove 197-a Plan by Community Board 6.
- **East River Esplanade Park ("Glick Park")**, located along the East River between 36th and 38th Streets, provides seating areas at two levels, with a combination of seat walls and ledges, and trees.
- **St. Vartan Park:** located between 35th and 36th Streets, First and Second Avenue, features basketball courts, playground, a wading pool, seating areas, and other recreational facilities. The park is divided by the tunnel entrance street that runs between 34th and 36th Streets between First and Second Avenues.
- **Robert Moses Playground:** a 1.34-acre park managed by the NYC Department of Parks and Recreation, is located on the block between First Avenue, the FDR Drive, and 41st and 42nd Streets, and includes the ventilation building for the Queens Midtown Tunnel. It is currently sought as a development site for a new United Nations building. This park and playground area includes active recreational open space, basketball and handball courts, plus benches and a dog run along 42nd Street.

- **John J. Murphy Park ("Murphy Brothers Playground"):** located at the north of the Con Edison Plant at Avenue C and 17th Street is a public park with a basketball court, a playground and seating area, adjoining the ballfields within the Con Edison Plant.
- **Con Edison Ballfields:** located along the south side of 16th Street within the Con Edison East River Plant, and are used by children's local baseball and soccer teams.
- **Dag Hammarskjöld Plaza Park:** This block-long public space along 47th Street, between Second and First Avenues, has traditionally served as a staging area for demonstrations, and is popular with workers and tourists as a lunch spot. Acquired by the City of New York in 1948, the park was named Dag Hammarskjöld Plaza in 1961. In 1997 the plaza underwent reconstruction, including the planting and dedication of the Katharine Hepburn Garden on the south side of the park. The park was expanded by a half-acre to the north by narrowing the roadway to create an improved visual link to the United Nations. It includes six fountains in the garden area, granite seating walls, and a center promenade with two rows of benches with trees.
- **Ralph J. Bunche Park:** includes a 0.23 acre seating area with stairway leading down from Tudor City, along the west side of UN Plaza between 42nd and 43rd Streets, features a Peace Form One, a stainless steel obelisk by Daniel LaRue Johnson, and the Sharansky Steps.
- **United Nations North Gardens:** 8 acres of gardens located between 45th and 48th Streets, between First Avenue and the East River. This area is not City parkland, since it is within UN international territory. These landscaped gardens with riverfront promenade views and sculptures were previously accessible to the public, but have been closed for security reasons for several years.
- **Asser Levy Place Bath House, Recreation Center and Park:** has 1.83 acres of playground space and a recreation center with indoor and outdoor pools, gym and exercise room.
- **Stuyvesant Square Park:** includes 4-acres and a playground between 15th and 17th Streets, Rutherford Place and Livingston Place, bisected by Second Avenue.
- **JHS 104 Playground ("Peter's Field"):** This playground adjoining Simon Baruch Junior High School 104, is used for basketball and other school athletic activities, and is also available to the public.
- **Augustus St. Gaudens Playground:** a 0.643-acre playground located between 19th and 20th Street on the east side of Second Avenue, adjoining P.S. 40.
- **Bellevue South Playground:** This 1.593-acre park located east of the Phipps Plaza West Apartments between 26th and 28th Streets, First and Second Avenues, includes play areas, a basketball court, and an open pathway running east-west through the park along the route of East 27th Street.
- **General Douglas MacArthur Playground:** located along the FDR Drive between 48th and 49th Streets, behind 860/870 UN Plaza, features a play area with swings, slides, sandbox, sprinkler and water fountain, and chess tables and benches.
- **Peter Detmold Park (Beekman Place):** a staircase leads down from the end of 51st Street off Beekman Place, to Peter Detmold Park along the FDR Drive from 49th to 51st Street. The park features seating, a garden and dog run, maintained by the community. A footbridge crosses over the park and FDR Drive connecting to a short esplanade along the River.

- **Sutton Place:** includes a series of small parks overlooking the East River at the eastern terminuses of 55th, 56th, 57th and 58th Streets. The park at 57th Street features the Wild Boar statue, a sandbox, and benches with riverfront views.

Privately-owned Public Open Space Resources in 197-A Study Area

In addition to public open space areas, the Study Area includes a number of private open spaces accessible to the public; many created to provide zoning bonuses for new residential construction. Some include public amenities such as play areas, fountains, and seating areas. Many are simply small seating areas, with few other public amenities. Many of these existing open spaces in the study area are defined as “marginal”, and provide only a small amount of open space.

Waterfront Access and the East River Greenway

The completion of the Manhattan Waterfront Greenway within the Study Area is an important goal of the 197-a Plan, and requires the improvement of many links described in the NYC Manhattan Waterfront Greenway Plan. Existing waterfront parks and esplanade areas within the Study Area provide some open space amenities. Due to the area’s complexity, the presence of the FDR Drive, parking areas, and the other facilities that line the waterfront, many sections of the Greenway are interrupted and public access to the waterfront esplanade is limited. The FDR Drive, with elevated viaduct and at-grade highway segments, makes access to the waterfront esplanade difficult and even hazardous for pedestrians, creating physical and visual barriers in many areas.

Places where pedestrians can safely cross the FDR Drive in the Study Area are limited to the pedestrian overpass bridges at 25th and 51st Streets, and the pedestrian tunnel providing access underneath the FDR Drive viaduct at 37th Street.

Signalized pedestrian crossings are also available under the viaduct at 18th, 20th, 23rd, 34th and 35th Streets, but do not provide the same level of safety as overpass bridges.



FIGURE 8a: PARKS AND OPEN SPACE



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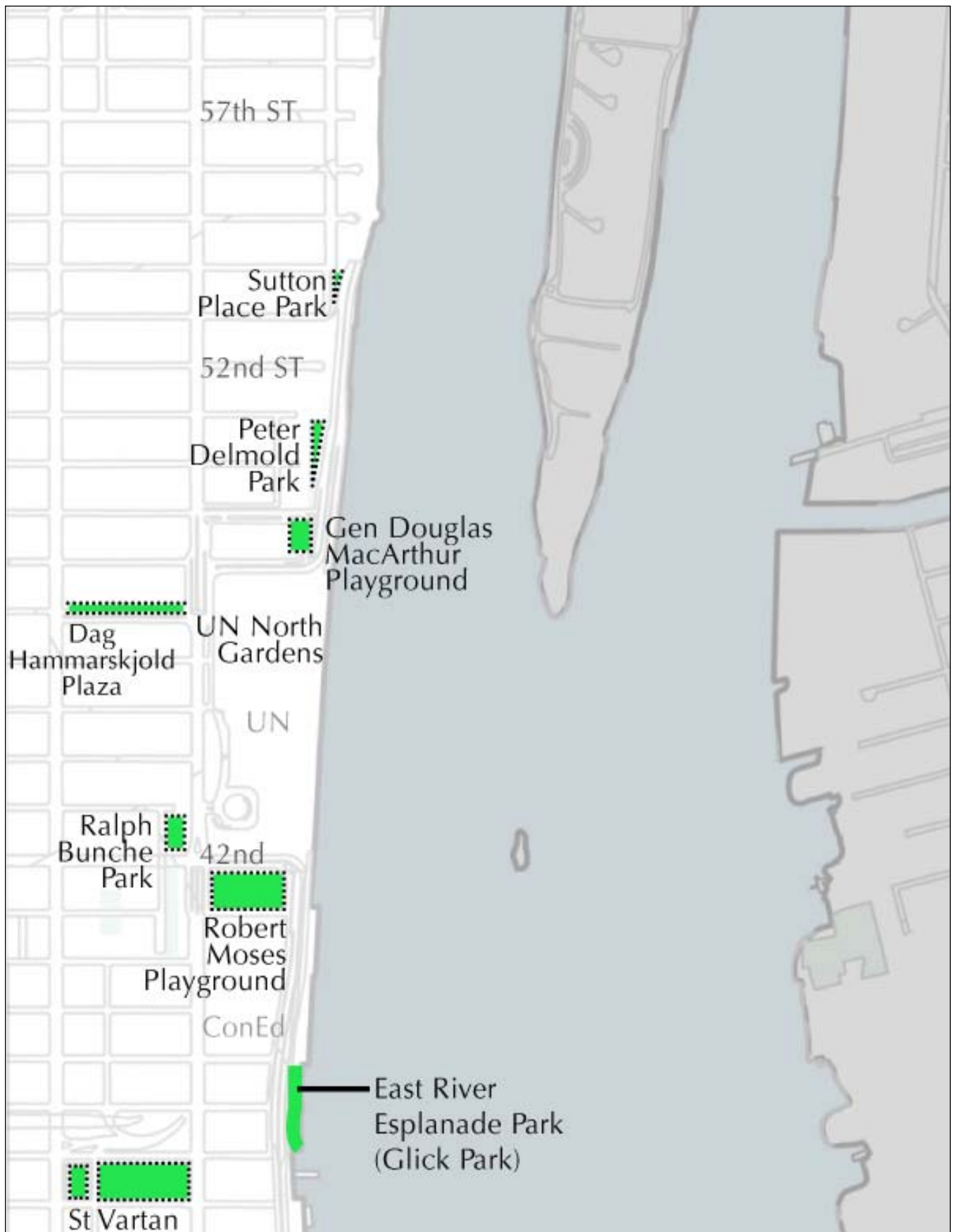


FIGURE 8b: PARKS AND OPEN SPACE



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Photo 16: View through Stuyvesant Cove Park looking south



Photo 17: Southeast view through East River Esplanade ("Glick") Park



Photo 18: View of Robert Moses Playground and the tunnel ventilation building, looking east to 42nd Street and First Avenue



Photo 19: View through John J. Murphy Park northeast to FDR Drive at 18th Street



Photo 20: Ballfields, view south from 16th Street within Con Edison East River Plant



Photo 21: View into General Douglas MacArthur Playground from 48th Street



Photo 22: Pedestrian overpass bridge at East 25th Street, view from Waterside Plaza



Photo 23: Pedestrian underpass from Glick Park at 37th Street

The Manhattan Waterfront Greenway begins at Battery Park in Lower Manhattan and runs along the FDR Drive north to the East River Park between Jackson Street and 14th Street. Portions of the East River Greenway have been completed in the Study Area, although many segments still need to be improved and connected, and a number of impediments removed.

The completion of this Greenway has been the subject of numerous planning studies, including the Comprehensive Manhattan Waterfront Plan of 1997, which contains overall planning principles and a series of site-specific recommendations to guide the improvement of Manhattan's entire waterfront, including the East River waterfront from East 14th Street to East 59th Streets in the Study Area, where there are numerous impediments to a continuous waterfront esplanade.

The Greenway in the Study Area begins just north of the East River Park and is described below and in the following figures.

From 13th to 15th Street, the esplanade heads north of East River Park past the Con Edison pier. This section has been reconstructed to allow a wider path and improved connection between the East River Park and the esplanade, although sections of the path still remain narrow, as illustrated in the photos on the following pages.

North of the East River Park and the Con Edison pier, the esplanade proceeds along a waterfront promenade east of the FDR Drive, and connects at 18th Street to Stuyvesant Cove Park and proceeds north to East River Esplanade Park. The path narrows alongside the Con Edison pier building, heading north to 15th Street.

North of 15th Street, the esplanade proceeds along a walkway directly along the waterfront, just east of the FDR Drive. This section features a few benches and plantings.

North of 16th Street the esplanade widens as it approaches Stuyvesant Cove Park. Vehicle parking in this area is provided under the Viaduct from 18th to 23rd Street.

North of Stuyvesant Cove Park at 23rd Street is a gasoline station, parking garage and marina. The Greenway runs inland alongside these facilities, then proceeds north past the UN School.

From East 25th Street to East 30th Street, the esplanade runs inland along the service road for the Waterside Plaza Houses and the Water Club restaurant. Waterside Plaza Houses once provided public access to the waterfront via an esplanade around the complex that runs along the river. However, the public access was later sealed off for security reasons and remains closed. See Photos 24 and 25.

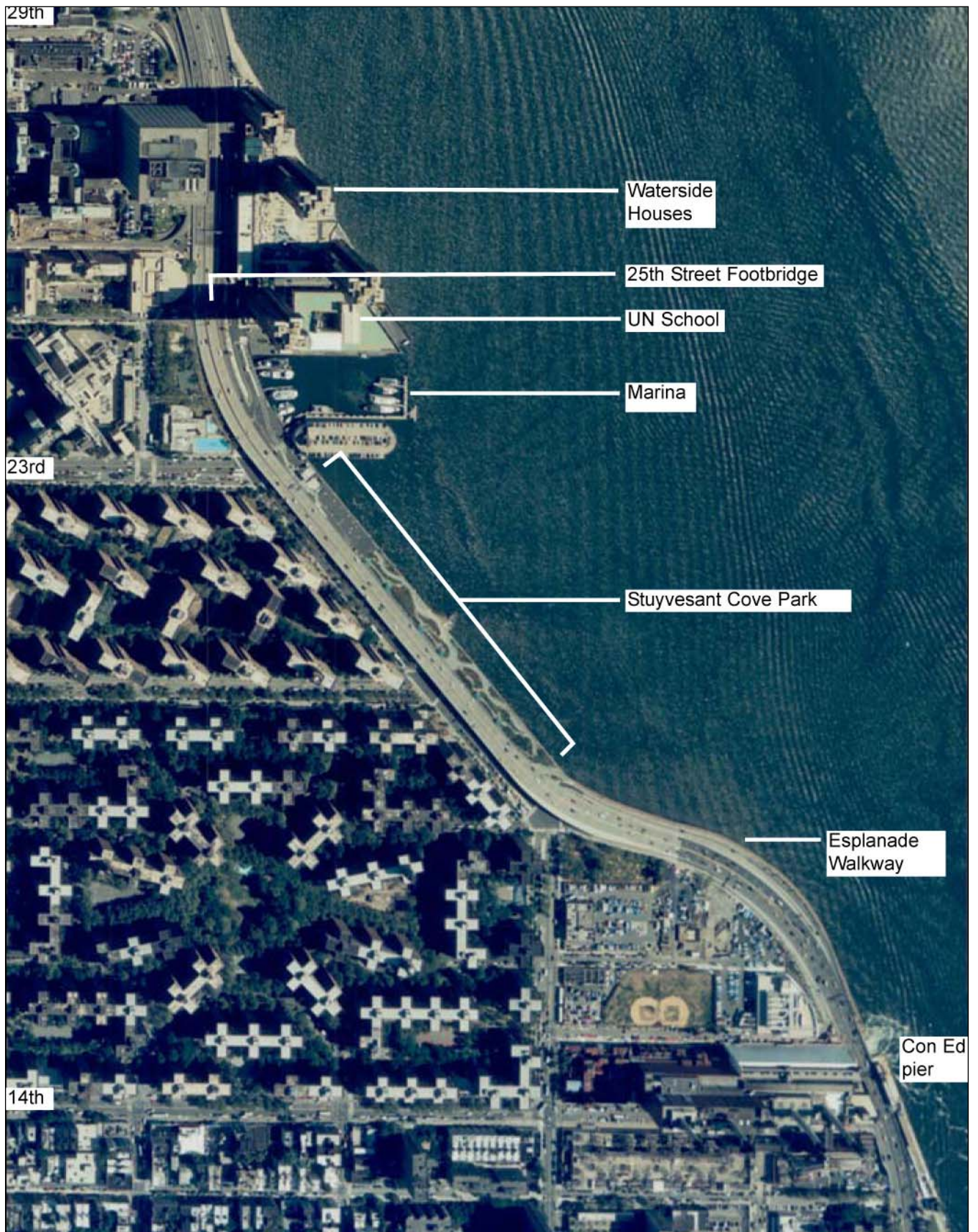


FIGURE 9: EAST RIVER WATERFRONT 14th TO 30th STREET



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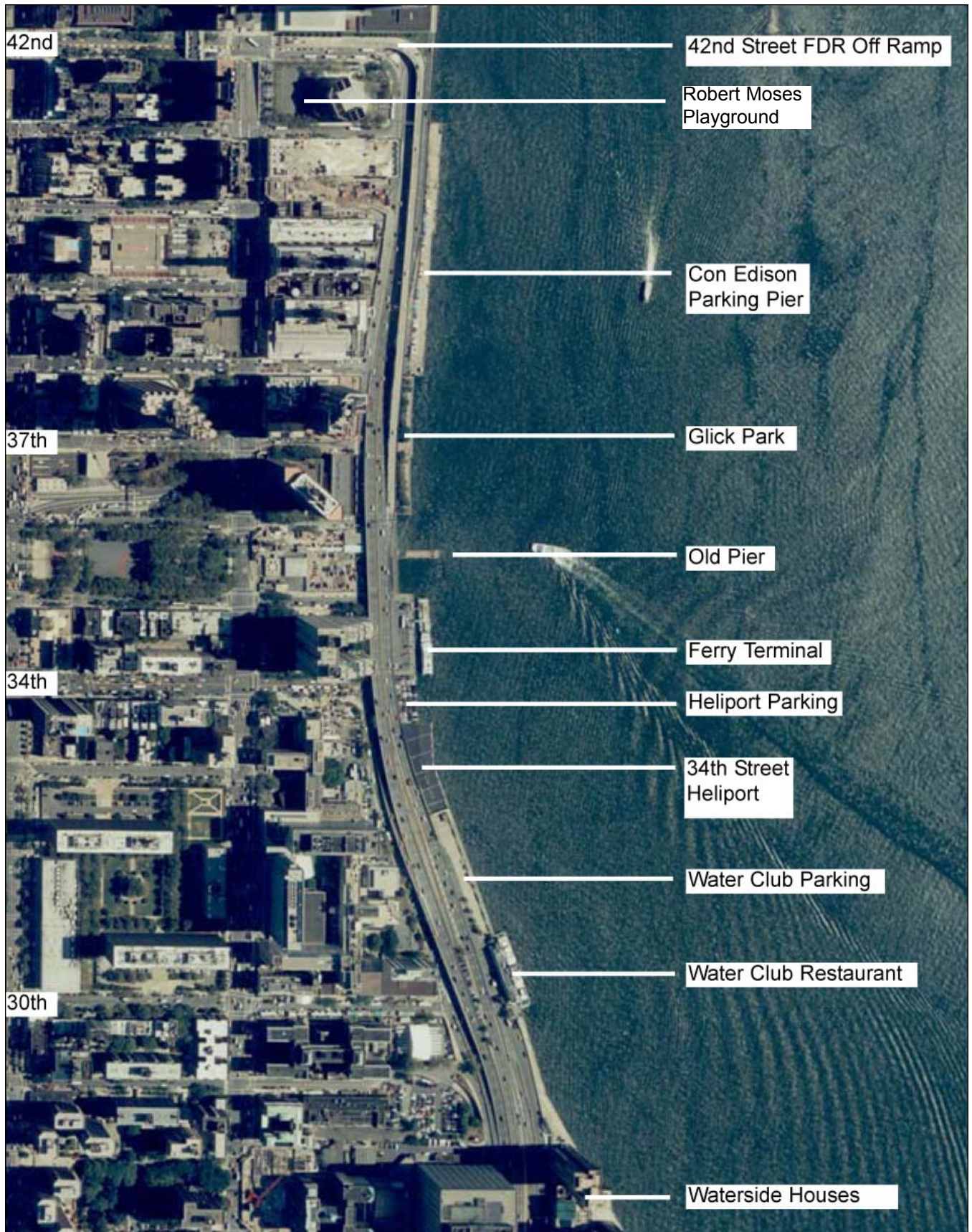
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Photo 24: Service road alongside Waterside Plaza, with M-16 bus stop



Photo 25: View south to closed walkway at Waterside Plaza



**FIGURE 10: EAST RIVER WATERFRONT
29th TO 44th STREET**



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At East 30th Street, the East River Greenway continues along the service road past the Water Club restaurant and its parking lot. The esplanade in this area includes some plantings and benches and abuts the Water Club parking area. The Water Club has a special permit to maintain the waterfront walkway, but overall maintenance has been generally poor. The walkway continues north toward the parking area for the heliport along the River between 32nd to 33rd Streets. This parking area requires the Greenway path to move inland, around the lot and under the viaduct, eliminating the esplanade along the waterfront.

The esplanade then loops around the heliport parking area, which is enclosed in chain link fencing, and proceeds under the FDR Drive viaduct to complete the link. Additional parking is also located along the waterfront at 34th Street, north of the heliport.

North of this parking area is the NY Water Taxi ferry terminal at 35th Street. North of the ferry terminal, the esplanade proceeds past an old pier, as it heads toward the East River Esplanade Park (also known as "Glick Park"). This pier is planned as the future location of a new ferry terminal that is to replace the existing landing at 35th Street.

The East River Esplanade Park ("Glick Park"), located along the waterfront between 36th and 38th Streets, features landscaping and benches. The waterfront esplanade in this area ends at the north end of East River Esplanade Park at 38th Street. North of the esplanade park a roadway runs past the Con Edison parking pier between 38th and 41st Street, utilized by vehicles as well as pedestrians.

The Con Edison parking pier cuts off the esplanade at 38th Street, and there is no pedestrian access to the waterfront north of that pier until the 51st Street footbridge crossing the FDR Drive from Sutton Place. No waterfront esplanade exists along the East River between 42nd and 48th Streets, where the UN Headquarters are cantilevered over the at-grade FDR Drive. For security reasons, no public paths are allowed on or along UN property.

General Douglas MacArthur Plaza is located along the FDR Drive between 48th and 49th Streets, but provides no access to the waterfront in this area.

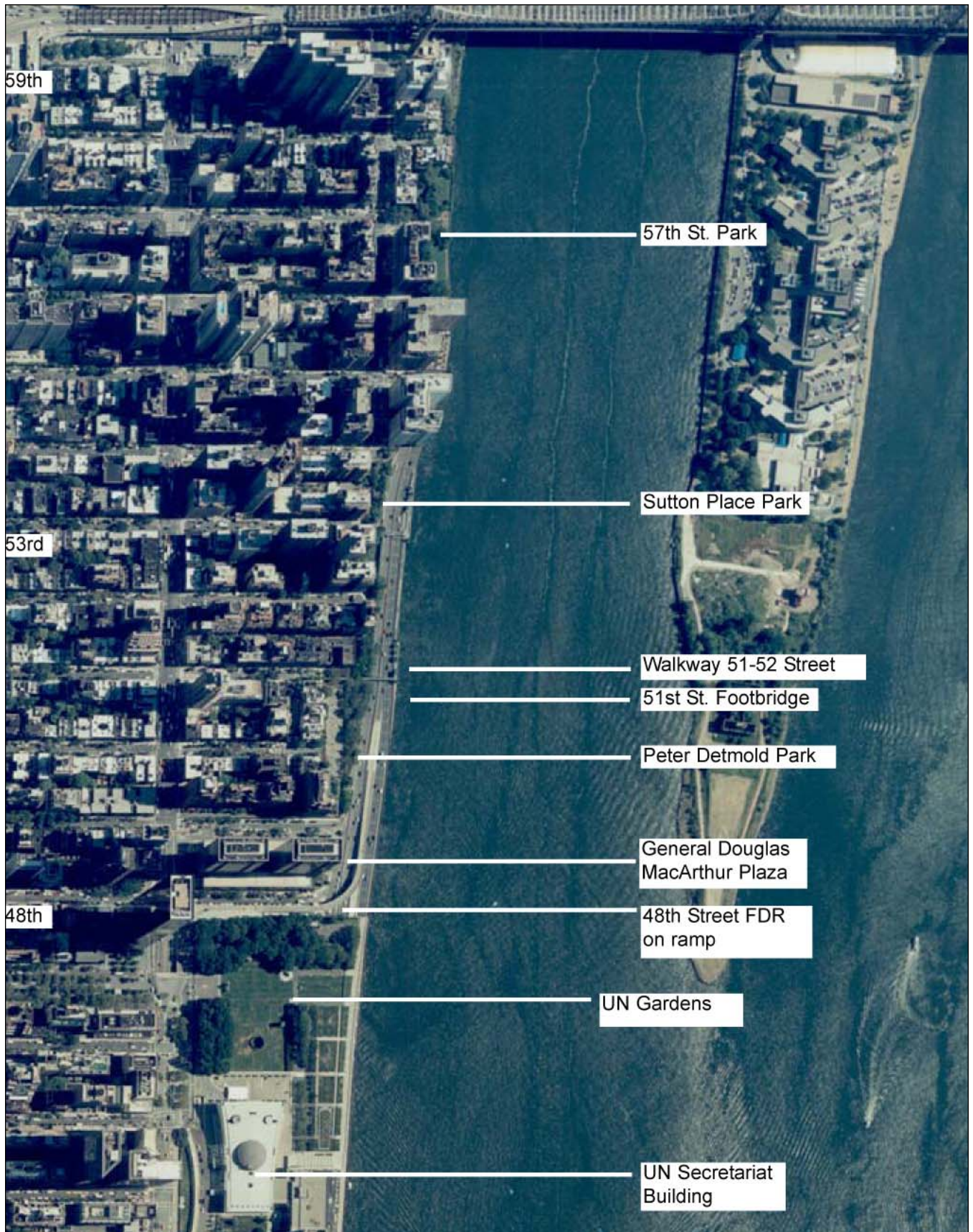
The 51st Street pedestrian footbridge from Beekman Place at 51st Street, crosses over Peter Detmold Park and FDR Drive, connecting to a waterfront walkway from 51st to 52nd Streets.

As with General Douglas MacArthur Plaza, Peter Detmold Park is separated from the waterfront by the FDR Drive. No connections to the waterfront exist north of 52nd Street, and the FDR Drive runs under the eastern end of the Sutton Place neighborhood.

Sutton Place Park on Sutton Place South between 53rd and 54th Streets provides views of the East River and FDR Drive, but no access to the waterfront.

One Sutton Place Gardens is a private park located on a cantilever over the FDR Drive between 56th and 57th Streets. There has been considerable discussion about lack of public access to this open space area, provided to One Sutton Place in compensation for the taking of private land along the River during the FDR Drive construction.

Sutton Place Park at East 57th Street adjoins the private gardens, as shown in the photo. It is one of several Sutton Place public parks at the east ends of 55th, 56th, 57th, 58th Streets, all cantilevered over the FDR Drive.



**FIGURE 11: EAST RIVER WATERFRONT
43rd TO 59th STREET**



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Photo 26: Esplanade North of 30th Street, alongside parking area for Water Club



Photo 27: Esplanade veering inland around heliport parking area and under the viaduct



Photo 28: Roadway alongside parking pier ending at 41st Street

CHAPTER 4: RECOMMENDATIONS

A. LAND USE AND ZONING RECOMMENDATIONS

a. United Nations (See April 2003 CB6 resolution re: 197a Plan):

- i. Provide for the needs of United Nations without significantly displacing or disrupting the surrounding neighborhoods.
- ii. In the future, it is hoped that there will be no expansion of the United Nations beyond the proposed UNDC building or the existing UN office buildings. The UN Space Needs Study (the "Habib Study") undertaken by NYCEDC indicated no significant growth in UN office requirements. However, any sale of the three UNDC buildings to private developers should give priority to UN-related uses consistent with the UN mission such as consulates, non-profit UN-related organizations and commercial uses related to the UN.

b. Con Edison Waterside:

Con Edison received consent from the Public Service Commission (PSC) to sell four of its sites in May 2004 to East River Realty. As part of the consideration, a GEIS was prepared under SEQRA that analyzed the impact of a concept for the overall plan for the sites rather than a specific project plan for a redevelopment. Community Board 6 provided extensive testimony on the GEIS; and asked the PSC to impose conditions on the disposition of the properties (see CB resolution dated September 2003).

Community Board 6 did not support the Generic EIS for the Con Edison Waterside properties, and looks forward to reviewing a full site specific EIS under City Environmental Quality Review (CEQR).

- i. The redevelopment of the Con Edison Waterside properties should maintain the history and character of the area and its predominantly residential neighborhoods. The new development should respect the scale and importance of the United Nations buildings.
- ii. 39th and 40th Streets in the Con Edison Waterside complex should be remapped or easements provided and the view corridors to the waterfront restored. By remapping or through easements, the street grid would be restored and allow for public access. Furthermore, remapping the street would not allow for floor area generated from the streets and would require building envelopes to be measured from the streets. This would allow development that is in compliance with zoning. Alternatively, easements should be provided in the former roadbeds of 39th and 40th Streets that would be treated as a street for zoning purposes (including FAR, height and setback) and would provide pedestrian and vehicular access.
- iii. The bulk of future development should be capped to be consistent with the precedent of previous development north of 34th Street along the east side of First Avenue - as exemplified by the Rivergate, Manhattan Place, and Horizon apartment buildings. The bulk of those buildings average approximately 10.5 FAR, an FAR that was granted by special permit from the City Planning Commission.

c. Bellevue Campus (See October 2001 CB6 resolution):

On November 21, 2001, the City Planning Commission approved the development of the East River Science Park, a scientific research facility on the surplus Bellevue Hospital property located between former East 28th and East 30th streets east of First Avenue. The final approved plan provides for three

individual bio-tech research buildings that would retain the view corridor along former East 29th and East 30th streets from First Avenue. Access to the site, pedestrian and vehicular, would be provided from former East 29th and 30th streets. The revised plan “allows for separation of vehicular and pedestrian circulation” by creating a plaza level at the elevation of First Avenue. The plaza level would consist of main entrances to the buildings; 46,600 square feet of public open space extending from First Avenue to the eastern end of the private service road along the FDR Drive; “allow for future pedestrian connection over the FDR Drive to the waterfront if this section of the FDR Drive is relocated to grade”; and a better north-south connection between NYU School of Medicine and Bellevue Hospital Center at the plaza level through a pedestrian bridge over East 30th Street and via stairs and a ramp on the south side of the project. In view of this plan, and EDC’s recent RFP, CB6 makes the following recommendations as regards zoning for the NYU Medical Center and the overall master plan for the East River Science Park (consistent with ESRA’s 1991 study and as described on Figure 21 and 22):

- i. Consider mapping as a Special Hospital Use District (including Bellevue Hospital Center, NYU Medical Center and VA Hospital), as recommended by 1991 ESRA study, to conform to current hospital and hospital-related uses, and provide parameters for additional development. CB6 believes that the existing R-8 zoning is inadequate to cater to the Medical Center and Hospital uses and results in an ad hoc form of planning. This can be seen in the number of discretionary approvals required over the years for the East River Science Park including zoning map changes (from R-8 to C districts) and Section 74-48 special permit applications to allow medical research facilities. As an alternative, the Special Hospital Use District will provide a comprehensive set of zoning and urban design controls – in effect a master plan (similar to the Special Battery Park City District) - that will overlay the existing R-8 zoning and provide greater zoning flexibility, reducing the potential and need for discretionary approvals.
- ii. Improve future development of the Bellevue campus by implementing the Cooper Eckstut Study for the East River Science Park (see Figures 20 and 21), for the northern portion of the Bellevue Campus, including the following recommendations which were not incorporated in the final plan as approved by City Planning. It is understood that since the recommendations of this Plan were originally drafted, alterations to the East River Science Park have proceeded including demolition of the laundry building and site preparation for the construction of two new buildings on the south side of 29th Street that will be aligned with the ACS building:
 - The foot prints of Buildings 2 and 3, and the garage located below the plaza (as approved located along the western edge of the private roadway) should be shifted westwards (see Figure 20). This would allow for a wider pedestrian walkway along the private roadway than currently provided (see Figure 21). CB6 notes that plans for Building 2 are filed and do not allow for a widened pedestrian walkway.

d. Education (See September 2002 CB6 resolution re: Con Ed DGEIS):

- i. Community Board 6 strongly encourages the the City’s Division for Child Care and Head Start (CCHS) to monitor day-care demand and availability of slots in CD 6. When reviewing proposals for new child care development, CCHS should encourage the construction of day care facilities in new private office and residential developments.
- ii. Community Board 6 acknowledges that the Educational Construction Fund is in the process of planning the redevelopment of P.S. 59 that would increase school capacity from 350 to 760 seats. Community Board 6 also strongly suggests that the redevelopment of the Con Edison site include a feasibility study for location of a new pre-K to Grade 5 school, as suggested by Schools District 2, in view of limited existing school space and the potential influx of new students.
- iii. More generally, Community Board 6 recommends the Department of Education conduct a feasibility study for the location of new school construction in the Study Area.

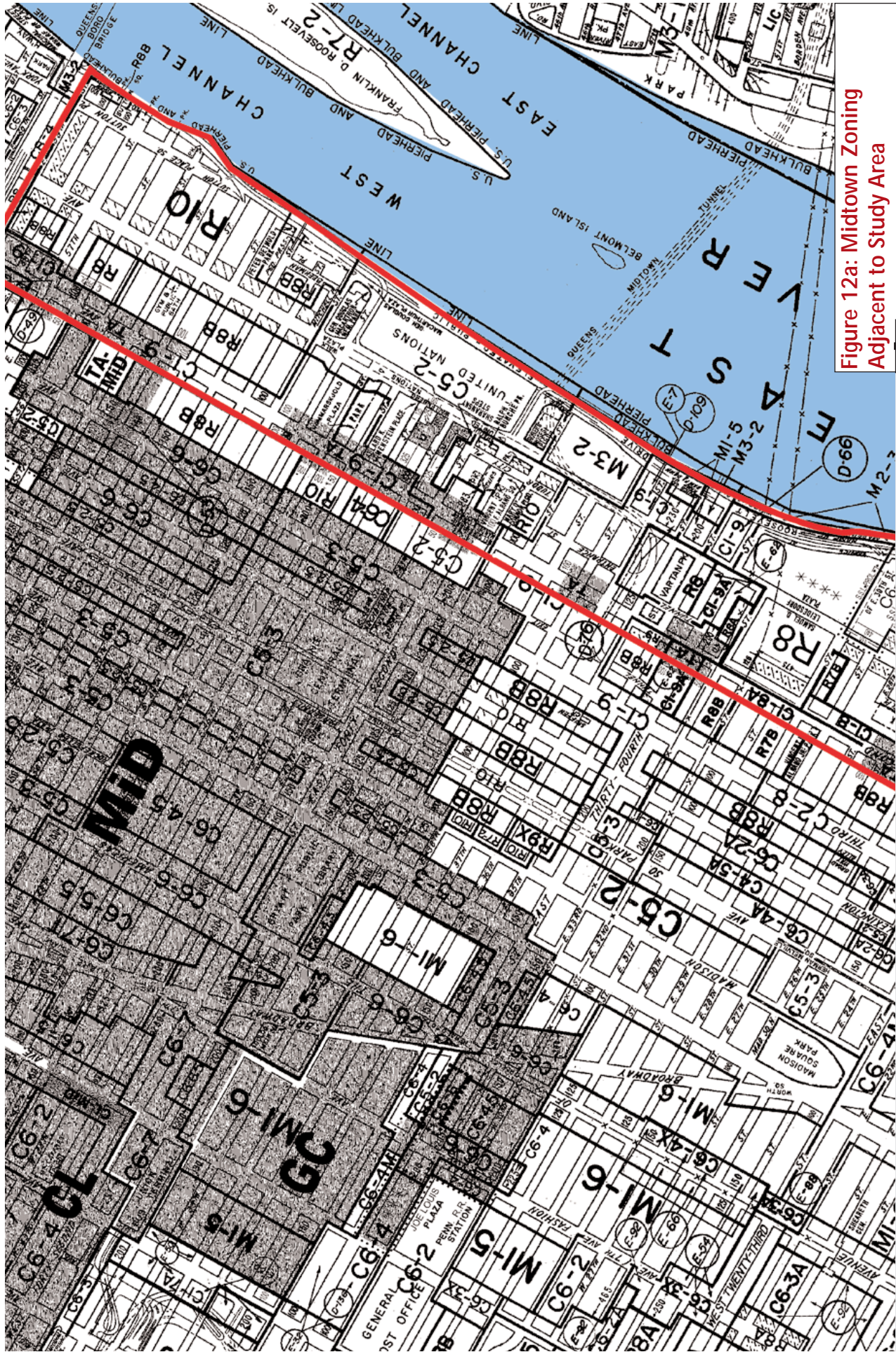
e. Housing (See Sept 2002 CB6 resolution re: Con Ed DGEIS in Appendix C):

Given the well-documented shortage of affordable housing within the Study Area and CB6 as a whole (see Appendix D for data), CB6 proposes the following:

- i. Encourage permanent affordable housing and discourage demolition or conversion to market rates of affordable housing in the Study Area (such as Mitchell Lama).
 - ii. Encourage low and moderate income housing in new developments in the Study Area. Such housing is to be permanent and cannot be converted to market rate.
- f. Community Facilities (See Feb 99 resolution re: Zoning Loopholes in Appendix):**
- i. Eliminate zoning preferences for community facilities in the Study Area. This is in response to out-of-scale additions to schools and other community facilities, particularly in midblock locations. CB6 believes that the avenues are more appropriate to accommodate larger community facility additions. Larger-scale buildings on the avenues is both consistent with City policy and more appropriate for high traffic-generating uses such as community facilities:
 - Eliminate larger floor area ratios for community facilities in R7 and R8 districts;
 - Eliminate all rear yard encroachments in midblock locations;
 - Rewrite community facilities definitions to distinguish between wide and narrow street locations to allow greater density on wide streets compared to narrow streets.
- g. Central Business District (See April 03 CB6 resolution re 197a Plan in Appendix):**
See the Figure 12 NYC zoning map of Midtown Central Business District (MiD).
- i. Develop policy for rezoning that prohibits any additional high-density office development east of the midline between Second and Third Avenues in order to:
 - Prevent the Midtown central business district from moving further east;
 - Preserve existing residential neighborhoods;
 - Encourage additional residential development where possible.
- h. Public Access Zoning (See Figures 13, 14 and 15):**

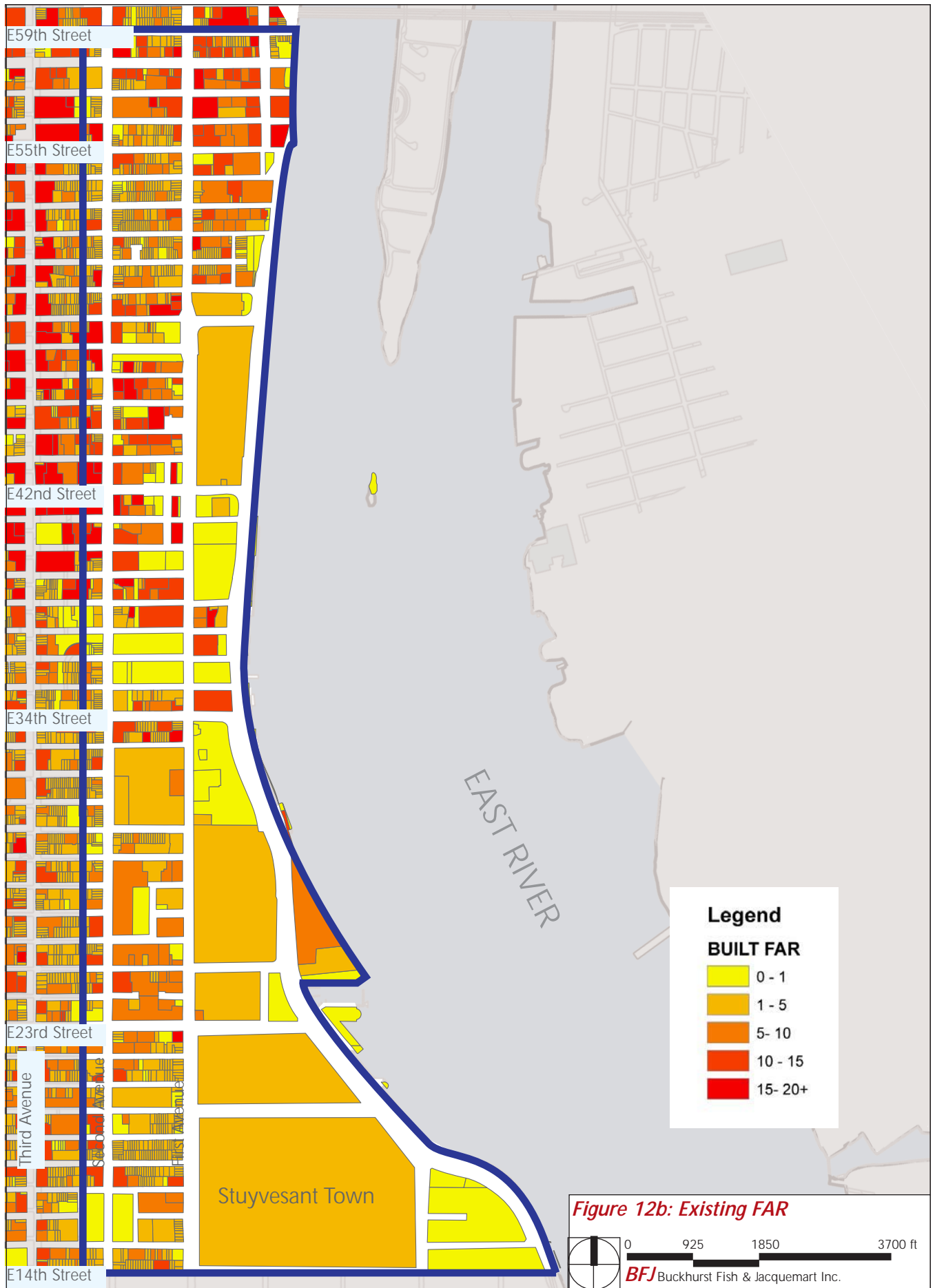
There are unique accessibility problems in Community District 6 principally created by the presence of the FDR Drive, such as the extreme narrowness of the waterfront sites, the lack of north-south continuity, and obstacles such as parking lots, piers, and the heliport at 34th Street. The existing zoning regulations including plaza bonuses and open space requirements are insufficient to address these conditions, and new development will place an even greater demand on the area's limited open space resources. Therefore, in order to address these conditions, Community Board 6 recommends the creation of a new Special Public Access District which allows elective contributions to a fund for mapped on-site and off-site public improvements as follows:

- i. Designate the area from First Avenue to the waterfront and from 14th to 59th Streets as a Special Public Access District (see Figure 13) to fulfill the public access, recreation and open space needs and water-related uses of Community District 6. See Section B. Waterfront Esplanade and Open Space Recommendations for a description of these improvements and Figures 14 and 15 for a map of the recommended on-site and off-site public improvements. Within the Special District, an additional floor area bonus may be allowed on any zoning lot that provides elective public open space improvements as described on Figures 14 and 15. An additional bonus would be allowed for the inclusion of affordable housing. This bonus mechanism would supersede the underlying FAR bonus provisions.



**Figure 12a: Midtown Zoning
Adjacent to Study Area**





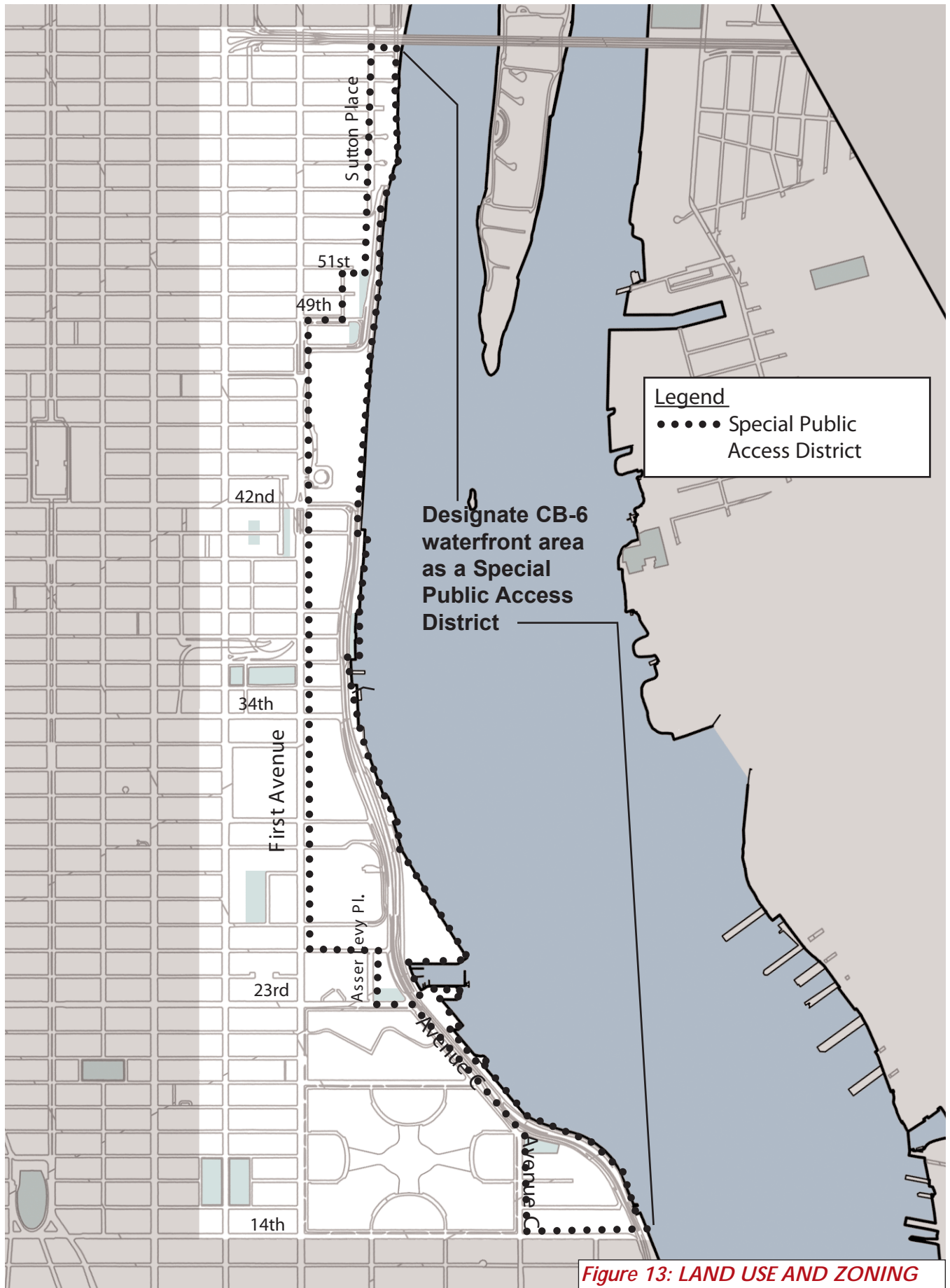


Figure 13: LAND USE AND ZONING

B. WATERFRONT ESPLANADE AND OPEN SPACE RECOMMENDATIONS

The presence of the FDR Drive along the entire Community Board 6 East River waterfront has created unique conditions including limited public access and visual and physical barriers to the waterfront. To improve public access to the waterfront, the following actions are required:

a. Complete Waterfront Esplanade (See April 1989, April 1999 CB6 resolutions re: Land Use Policy):

- i. Explore with Con Edison, NYCDOT and NYSDOT opportunities to widen the Esplanade between 13th and 15th Streets by replacing the existing pump with a smaller pump thereby widening the Con Ed Pier “choke point.”
- ii. Construct a new pedestrian bridge over the FDR Drive at 16th Street (See Feb 2001 CB6 resolution re: Con Ed Repowering). It is recognized that pedestrian bridges are costly and would have to be constructed in phases. They also may need approvals from City or State agencies. The priorities are bridges at 39th and 40th Streets. Other bridges are outlined below.
- iii. Improve Waterfront Esplanade between 23rd and 42nd Streets:
 - Explore alternatives to relocate the skyport parking on the pier at 23rd Street;
 - In coordination with the reconstruction and redesign of the FDR Drive, explore possibility to provide pedestrian bridges across from Bellevue Hospital to Waterside Houses at 27th and 29th Streets. CB6 encourages the City to coordinate with NYSDOT on the design of the highway at this location to facilitate a pedestrian bridge. This could be achieved if the elevated section of FDR Drive was lowered or relocated to grade;
 - Upgrade existing pedestrian bridge at 25th Street to make it handicapped accessible;
 - Re-open the illegally closed gate allowing waterfront access around Waterside Houses;
 - Improve area around ferry landing at 35th Street (CB6 supports plan for ferry landing);
 - Explore alternatives to relocate the waterfront parking at 34th Street and on the Con Edison parking pier between 38th and 41st Streets;
 - Create smaller neighborhood piers for water taxis at 23rd and 42nd Streets.
- iv. Extend esplanade north from East River Esplanade Park to proposed esplanade at 42nd St:
 - Provide crossings at deck of Con Edison site from 35th and 36th Streets to East River Esplanade Park if NYSDOT chooses to tunnel the FDR Drive.
 - With the re-alignment of the FDR Drive and the shortening or removal of the 42nd Street ramp, NYC DOT and NYS DOT should explore the feasibility of pedestrian bridges over the FDR Drive at 39th, 40th, and 41st Streets. Amongst the pedestrian bridges recommended in this Plan, these are a priority.¹
- v. As mitigation for the construction of the proposed new UN tower at Robert Moses Playground²:
 - Provide esplanade along east edge of United Nations, outboard of the FDR Drive, with connections to Glick Park at 37th Street and to the north at 48th Street,
 - Provide pedestrian access to waterfront at 42nd and 48th Streets via bridges (see Figure 15).
- vi. Provide an additional pedestrian bridge over the FDR Drive at 54th Street.

¹ Construction of bridges at 39th, 40th and 41st Streets requires agreements from NYCDOT and NYSDOT; an easement on the west side of the Con Ed Waterside property; a re-alignment of the FDR Drive at that location; a shortening or elimination of the 42nd Street northbound FDR exit ramp.

² UNDC has proposed an esplanade as mitigation for the loss of the Robert Moses Park site and that East River Realty (Con Ed/Waterside) has said they would build an esplanade from 38th to 41st streets.

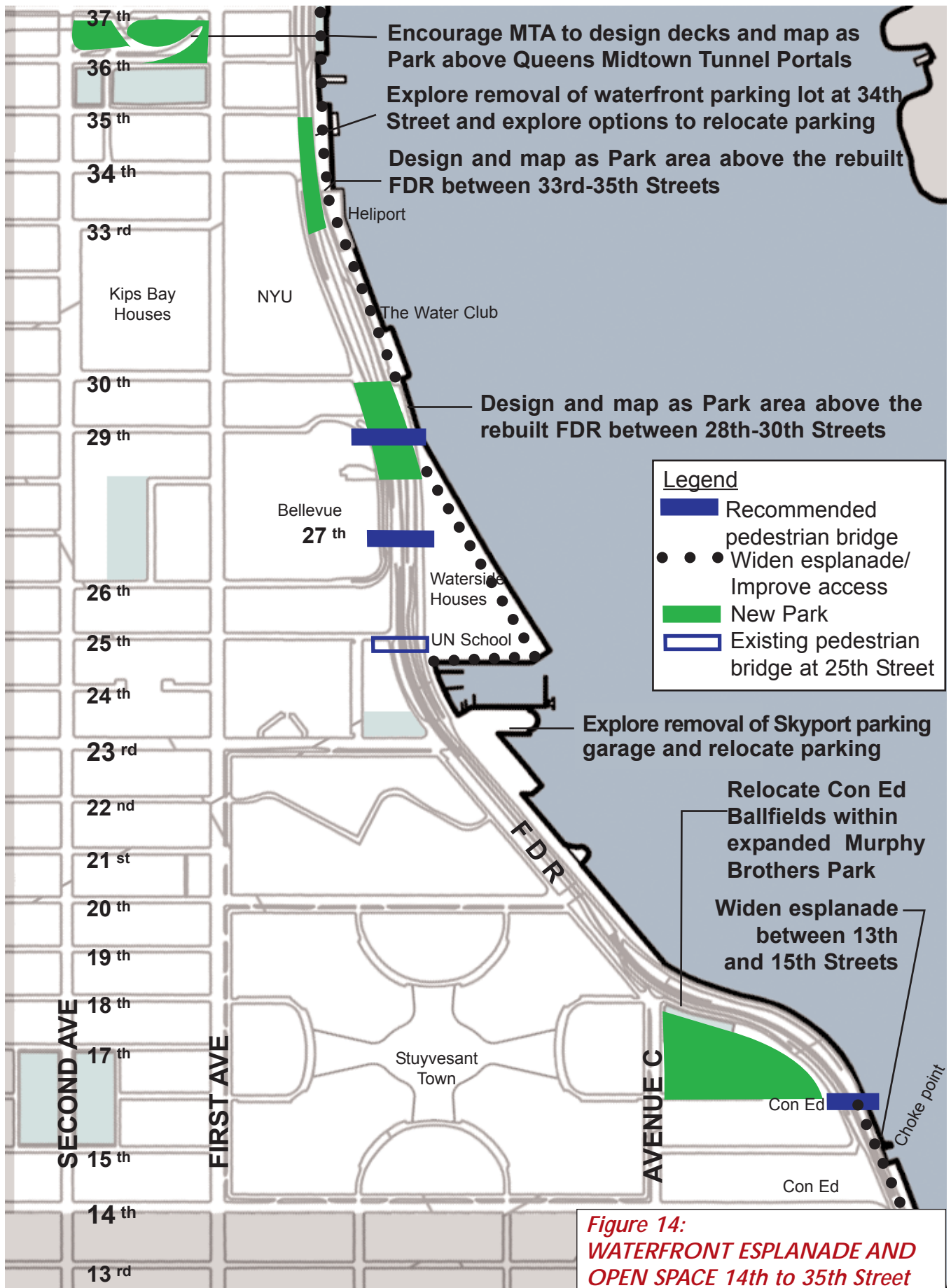
- vii. Consider providing a narrow esplanade walkway between 53rd and 63rd Streets on a cantilever on the outboard side of the existing FDR Drive.
- viii. New esplanade/greenway should accommodate pedestrians, joggers, cyclists, and skaters.

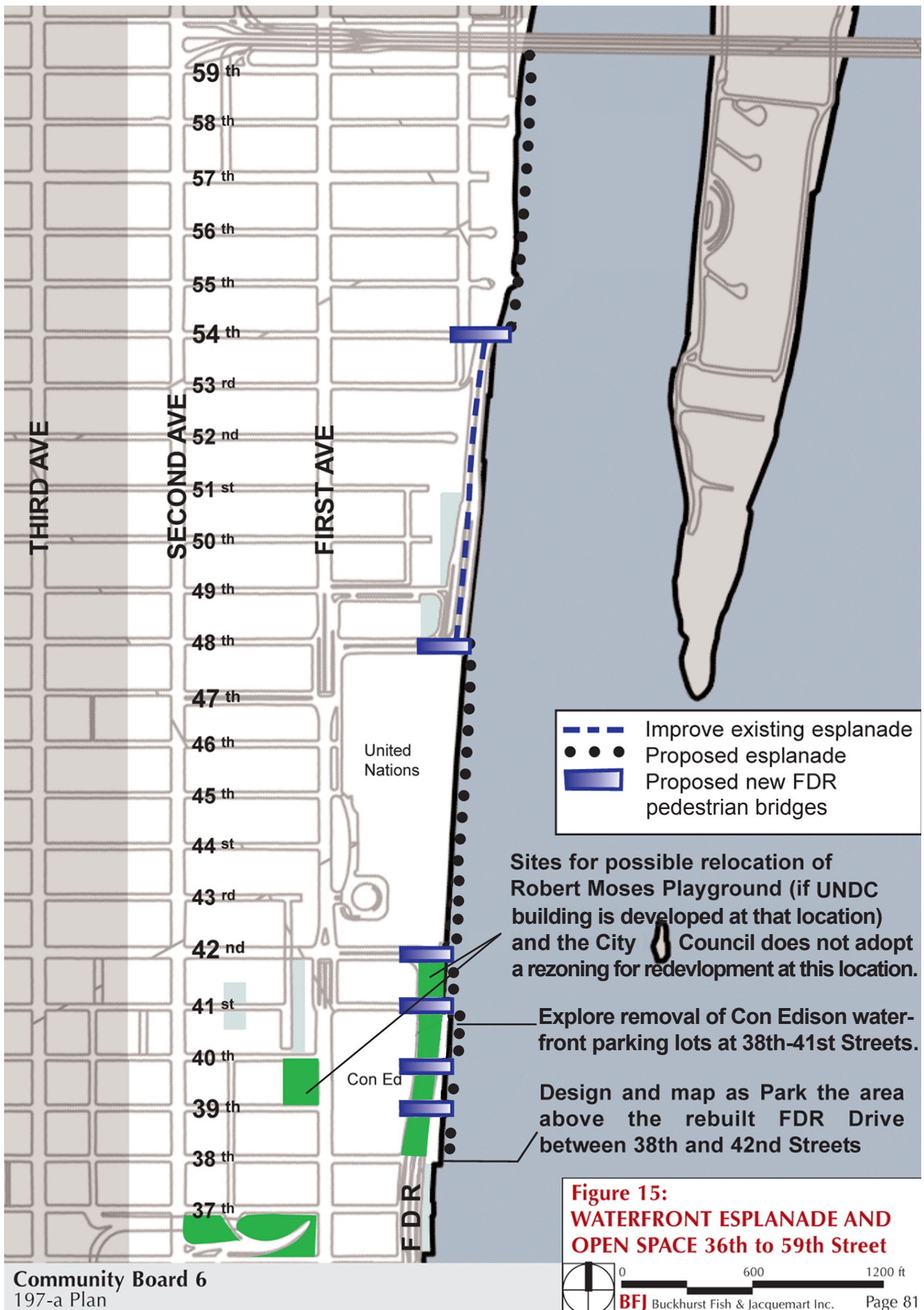
b. Open Space:

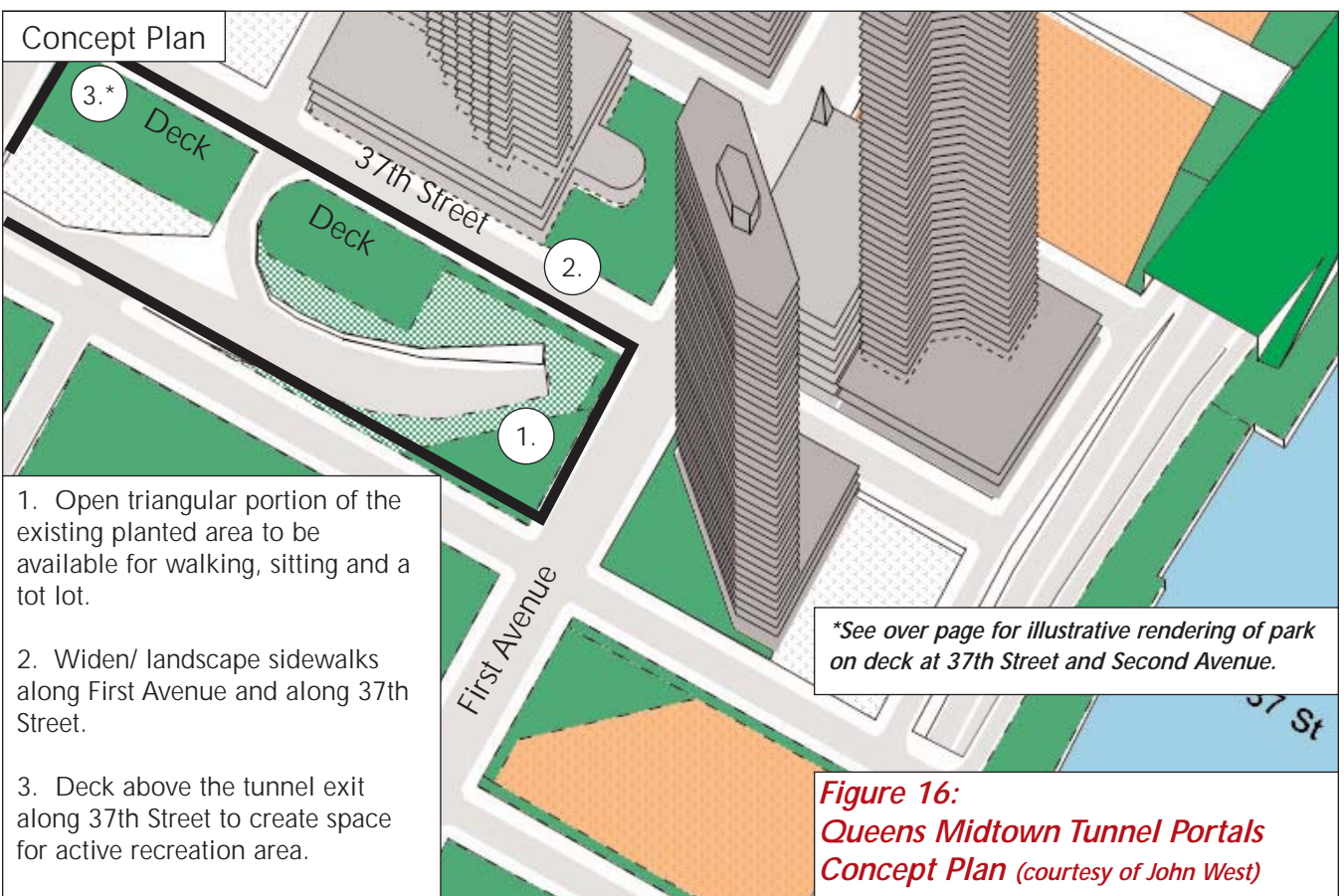
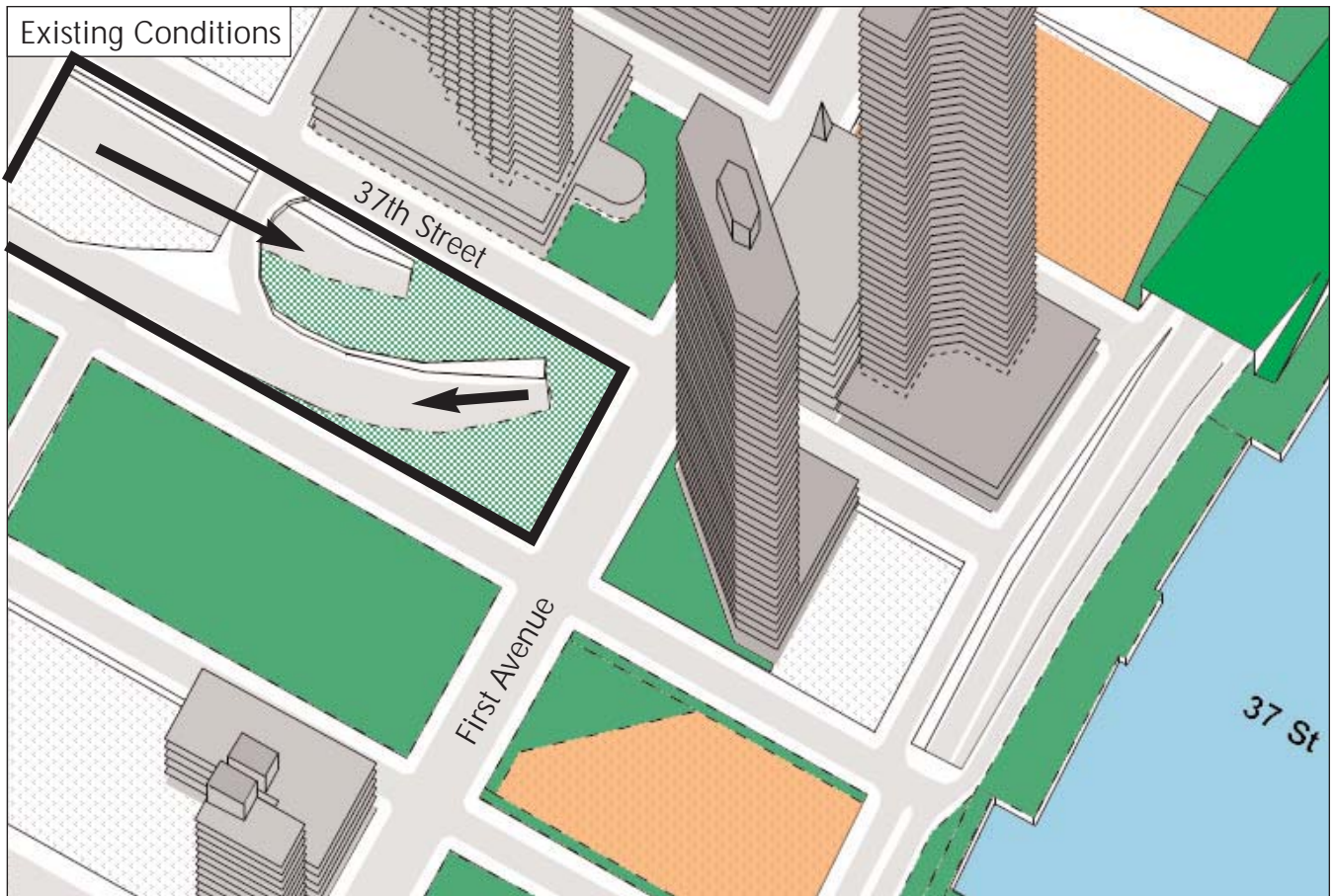
Manhattan Community District 6 has a substantial open space deficit. This will worsen with the proposed construction staging for the Second Avenue Subway in St. Vartan Park, the FDR Drive reconstruction at the East River Esplanade Park, and the increasing amount of new development proposed at such sites as Con Ed Waterside and the Perl binder building. To address these open space deficits, Community Board 6 makes the following open space recommendations:

- i. The City should acquire open space at Con Edison East River Plant for a new expansion of Murphy Brothers Park to include relocated ballfields, as per BFJ January 2001 report (See February 2001 CB6 resolution re: Con Ed Repowering).
- ii. Encourage the MTA (with DPR and DOT) to consider designing and mapping park decks above Queens Midtown Tunnel Portals as part of the ongoing Second Avenue Subway Outreach process³ (See Figures 16 and 17).
- iii. FDR Drive Reconstruction Opportunities:
 - Study the possibility of designing and mapping a park on a deck above FDR Drive between 38th and 42nd Streets. Construction of a deck requires agreements from NYCDOT and NYSDOT; an easement on the west side of the Con Ed Waterside property; a realignment of the FDR Drive at that location; a shortening or elimination of the 42nd Street northbound FDR exit ramp.
 - Explore the possibility of designing and mapping a park on a deck above FDR between 28th and 30th Streets in coordination with remapping of 29th Street. This would require the relocation of an elevated section of the FDR to grade as part of the State's ongoing reconstruction of the FDR. These improvements should also be coordinated with the Bellevue reconstruction, as recommended by City Planning Commission-approved plan for the East River Science Park (see Figures 20 and 21).
- iv. Encourage public acquisition for open space for such developments such as the Bellevue/East River Park Science Park Plan, the replacement of Robert Moses Playground, and the Con Edison Waterside redevelopment.
- v. CB6 notes that large-scale projects such as East River Science Park, Con Edison Waterside and the proposed UNDC building provide open space. However, CB6 encourages increased open space mitigation for large-scale development projects such as Bellevue, Con Edison Waterside, and the proposed UNDC building. In the event that the UN consolidation project seeks to utilize Robert Moses Park and legislative enabling measures are approved, it is recommended that a replacement park be created within the immediate community. This might include designating 685 First Avenue for active recreation assuming the City Council does not adopt a rezoning for redevelopment at this location.

³ The improvement of the existing landscaped area above the Queens Midtown tunnel portal presents an opportunity for decking and a new park.







1. Open triangular portion of the existing planted area to be available for walking, sitting and a tot lot.

2. Widen/ landscape sidewalks along First Avenue and along 37th Street.

3. Deck above the tunnel exit along 37th Street to create space for active recreation area.

Figure 16:
Queens Midtown Tunnel Portals
Concept Plan (courtesy of John West)

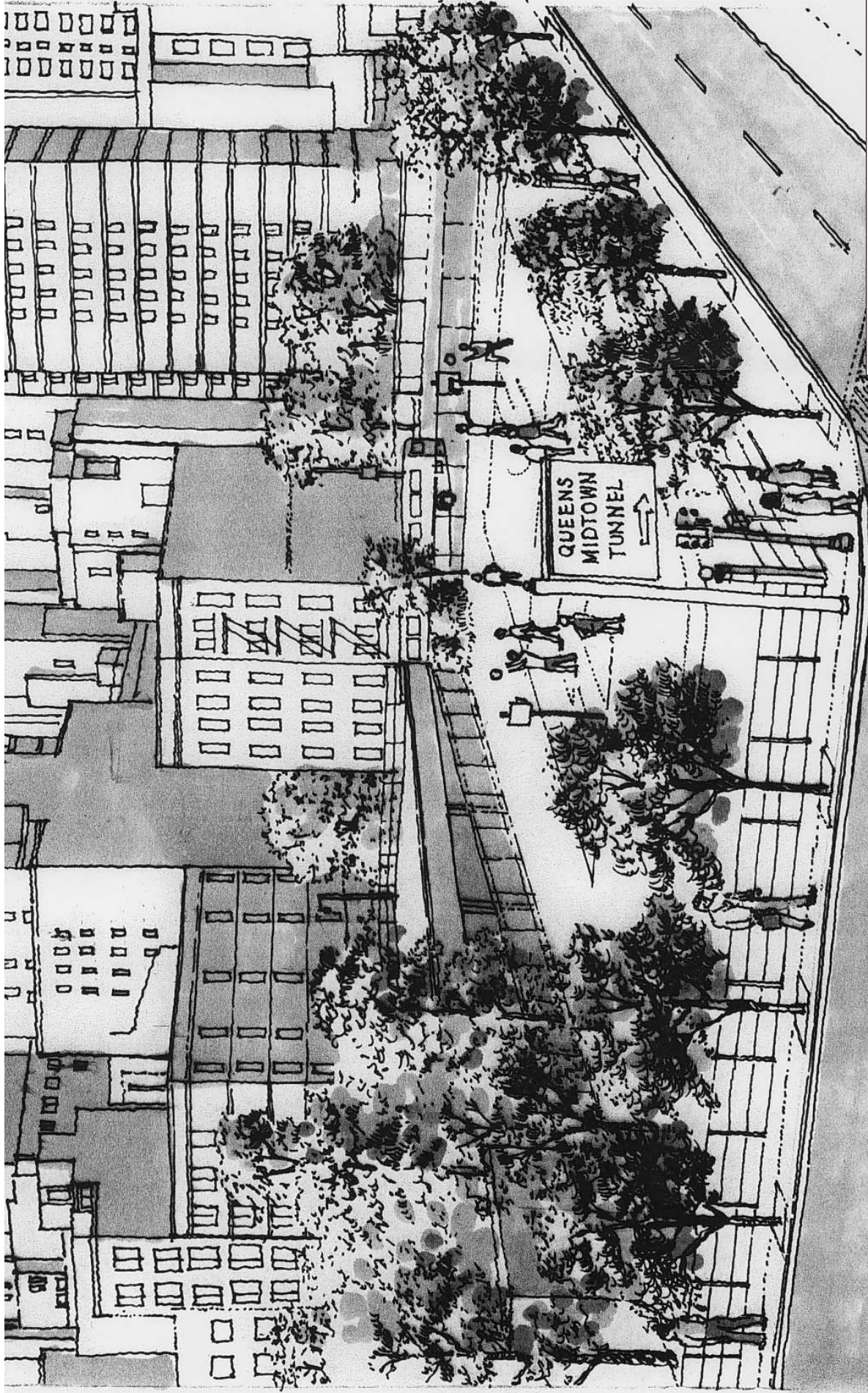


Figure 17: Illustration of Concept Plan for QMT Portals (looking west at 37th Street and Second Avenue)



C. URBAN DESIGN AND PRESERVATION RECOMMENDATIONS

a. Urban Design/Architecture

- i. As an overall policy, Community Board 6 encourages the mapping of contextual zoning districts to maintain residential character of neighborhoods and restrict zoning lot mergers (4/2003 CB 6 Resolution: 197-a Plan).
- ii. Map tower-on-the-base zoning districts to maintain existing street wall character along avenues and restrict zoning lot mergers where appropriate (see April 2003 Resolution on 197-a Plan), as occurred with the Trump Building on First Avenue at 48th Street.

b. Remap Demapped Streets within Study Area (see April 2003 CB 6 resolution)

- i. Extend public streets to the waterfront in order to:
 - Disperse large-scale development;
 - Create waterfront access/views;
 - Recapture the waterfront for public use with improved access;
 - Limit FAR, and ensure height and setback controls;
 - Preserve the Manhattan street grid.

c. Bellevue Recommendations (See October 2001 CB6 resolution)

- i. See recommendation A. c. ii. Also see attached Figures 20 and 21, which illustrate the specifics of these design recommendations for the Bellevue Hospital site. It is understood that since the recommendations of this Plan were originally drafted, alterations to the East River Science Park have proceeded including demolition of the laundry building and site preparation for the construction of two new buildings on the south side of 29th Street that will be aligned with the ACS building.

d. Con Edison First Avenue Properties Recommendations

See also recommendation A. b.

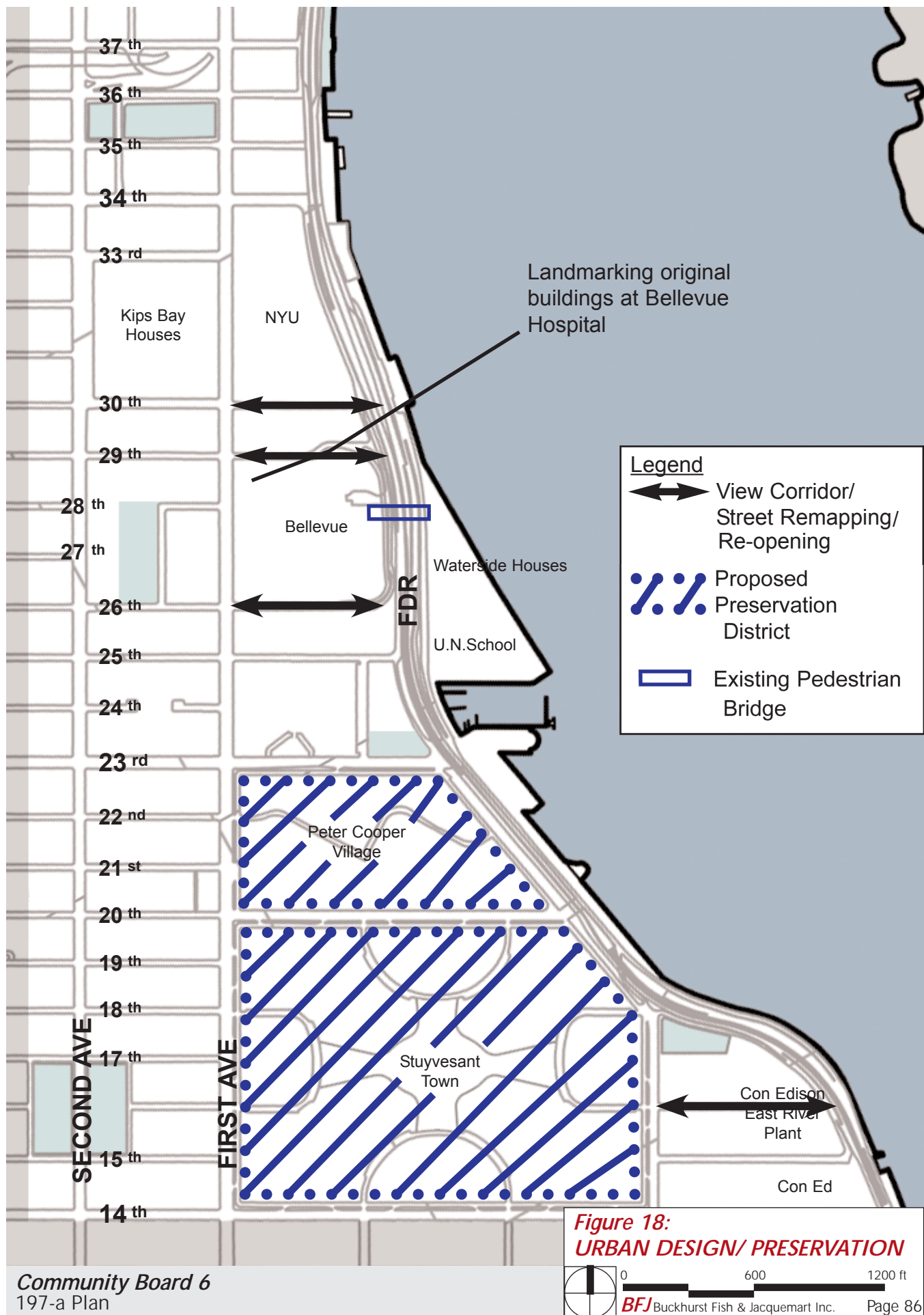
- i. Consider large-scale residential development special permit with the following conditions:
 - Limit bulk and density;
 - Extend both 39th and 40th Streets east across the First Avenue Properties site;
 - Limit height of new development to no more than 400 feet to respect the scale of the 503-foot high UN Secretariat building;
 - Limit the height of development at 685 First Avenue in order not to cast shadows on Tudor City Parks.
 - Create large easily accessible public spaces on portions of the site, as mitigation for the large-scale development of the First Avenue Properties;
 - Require ground floor retail on First Avenue to accommodate the needs of local residents and enhance pedestrian activity along the Avenue;
 - Provide overlook parks along the FDR Drive;
 - Complete a continuous esplanade along the East River waterfront from 34th to 42nd Street.

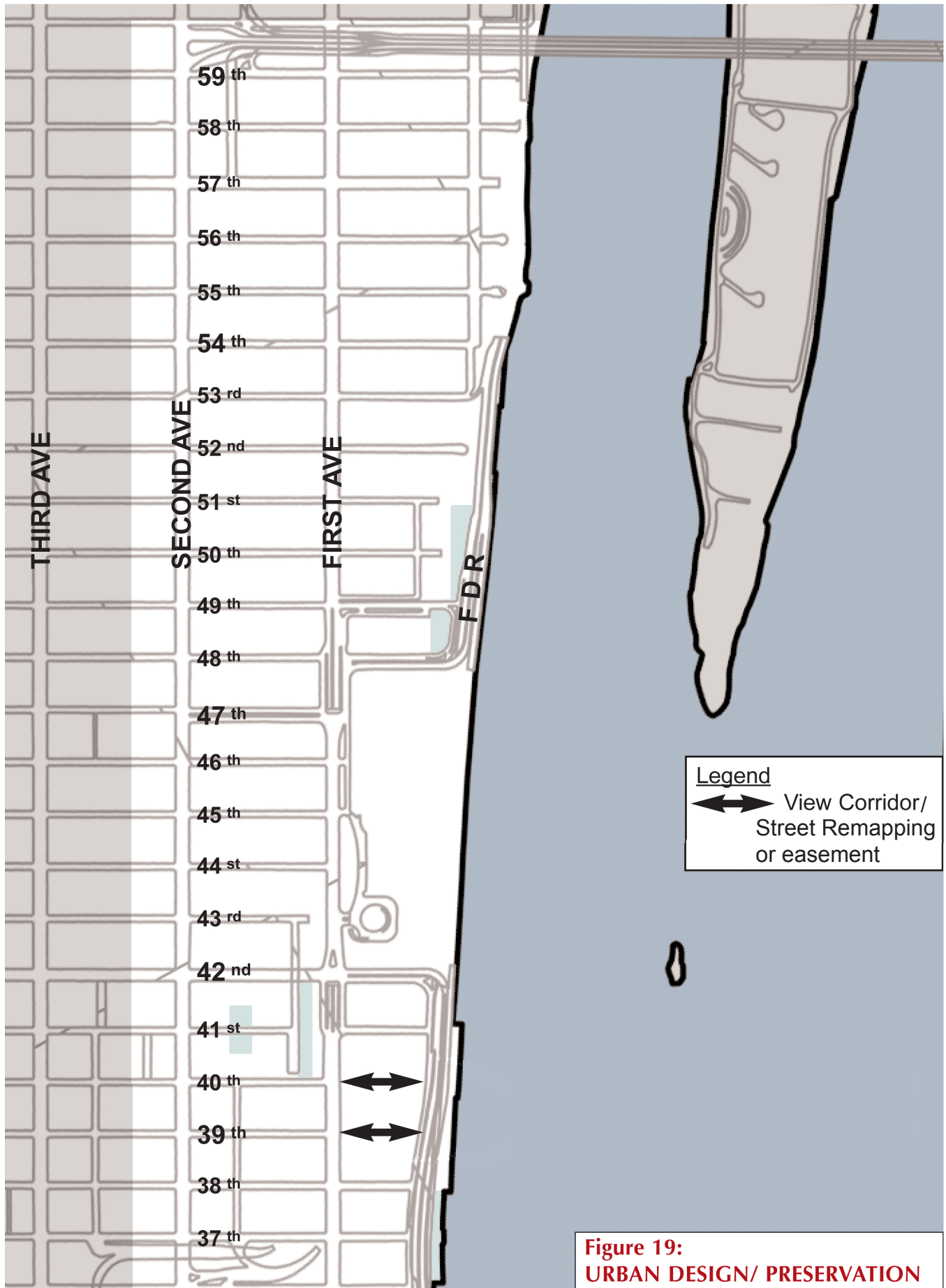
e. Landmarking

- i. Explore tools for preserving the integrity, built character and urban design qualities of Stuyvesant Town and Peter Cooper Village (see CB 6 Resolution April 1991 and March 2005). Options may include placement on the National Register of Historic Places, or designation as a NYC landmark (see Figure 18). One of the preservation options that may be considered is the designation of Stuyvesant Town and Peter Cooper Village as a Special Planned Community Preservation District. This special zoning district was adopted in 1974 and was designed "to preserve communities which are superior examples of town-planning or large-scale development; to preserve and protect the character and integrity of the communities which by their existing site plan, pedestrian and vehicular circulation systems, balance between buildings and open space arrangement and landscaping add to the quality of urban life; to preserve and protect the variety of neighborhoods and communities that presently exist which contribute greatly to the uniqueness and livability of the city; to maintain and protect the environmental quality that these communities offer to their residents and the city-at-large; and to guide the future development within these areas consistent with the existing character, quality and amenity of the Special District." The intention is to protect the open space and built character of these historic communities and to protect Stuyvesant Town and Peter Cooper Village from new development. This is especially prescient as both developments were recently sold. (City Planning Commission Report, June 1974)
- ii. Consider landmarking remaining original buildings at Bellevue Hospital, such as the Psychiatric and ACS buildings, as well as other buildings in order to preserve the historic character and campus setting of the hospital.

f. United Nations

- i. In the event that a UN consolidation project seeks to utilize Robert Moses Park and legislative enabling measures are approved, it is recommended that a replacement park should be considered in the immediate vicinity as a replacement for the existing playground.
- ii. In addition, CB6 supports the fact that UNDC has proposed an esplanade located generally from 41st to 51st streets and CB6 believes that this is appropriate mitigation for the proposed UN Building.





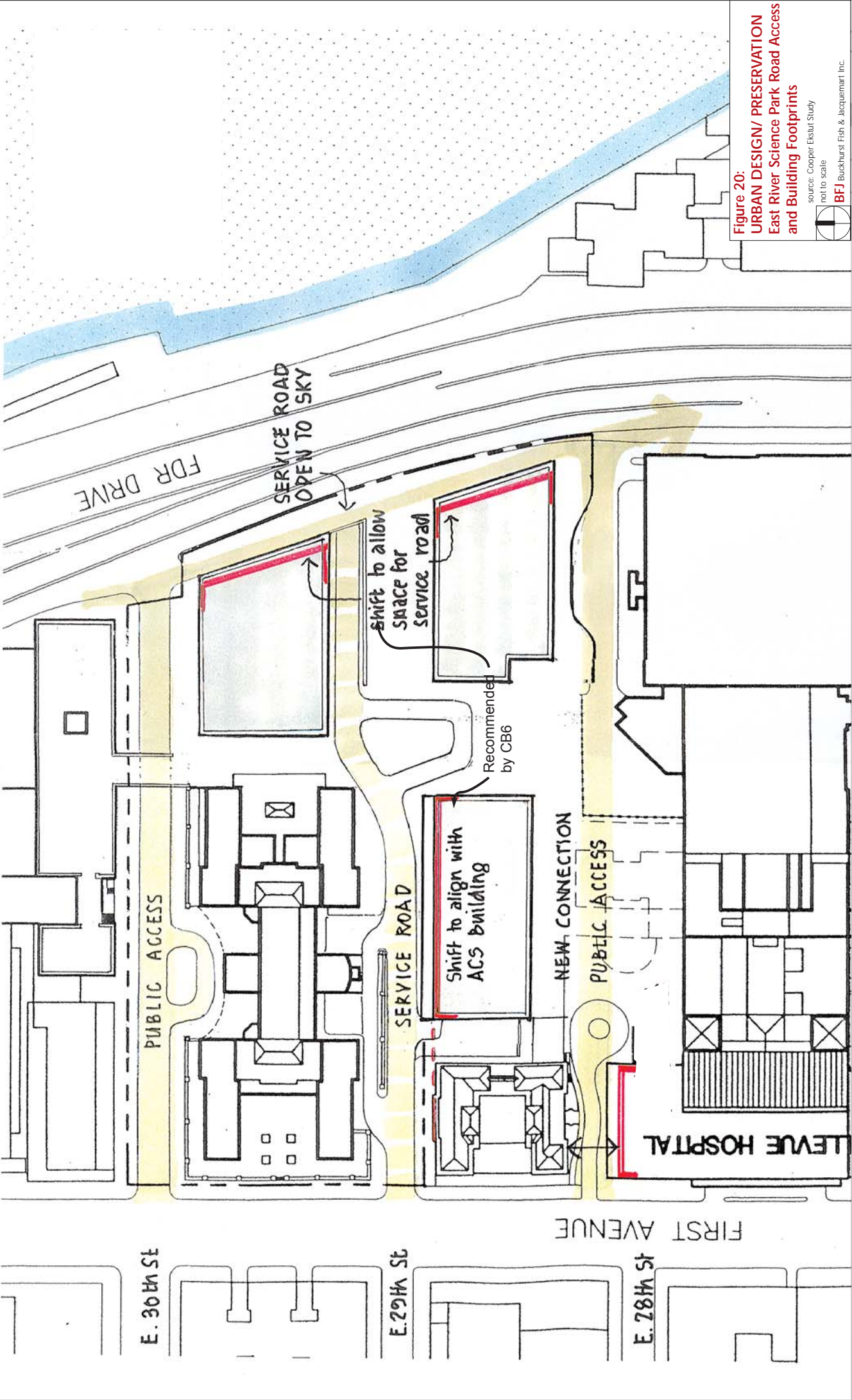


Figure 20:
URBAN DESIGN/ PRESERVATION
East River Science Park Road Access
and Building Footprints
source: Cooper East Study
not to scale
BFJ Buckhurst Fish & Jacquemart Inc.

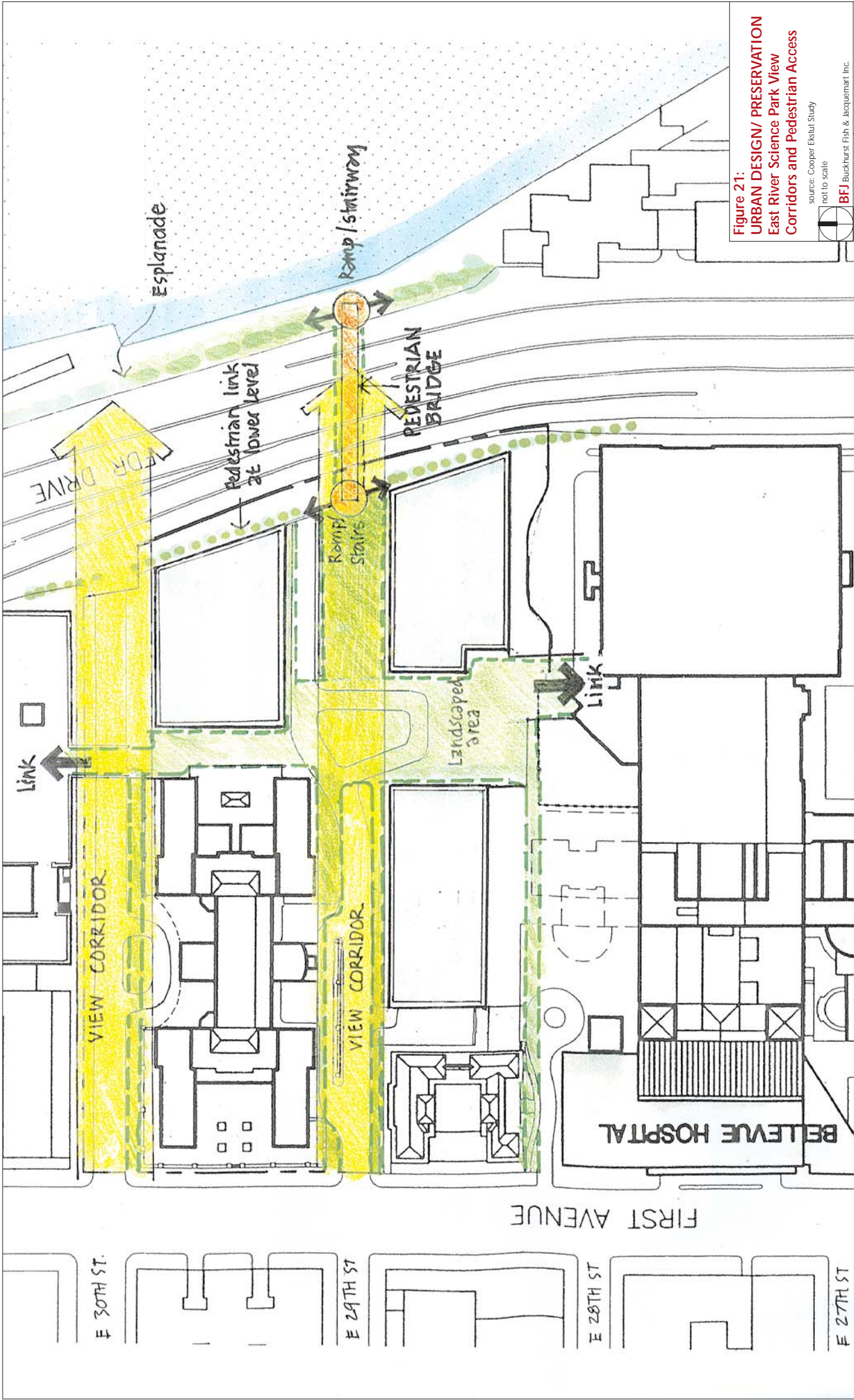


Figure 21:
 URBAN DESIGN/ PRESERVATION
 East River Science Park View
 Corridors and Pedestrian Access

source: Cooper Ekstut Study
 not to scale

BFJ Buckhurst Fish & Jacquemart Inc.

D. STREETS AND TRANSPORTATION RECOMMENDATIONS**a. Streets and Pedestrians (see April 2003 CB 6 resolution):**

- i. Provide more and improved pedestrian access to the waterfront.
- ii. Consistent with CB6 policy of restoring the street grid, reducing superblocks and providing access to the waterfront, the following streets should be remapped or reopened at Con Edison Waterside Properties and the Bellevue/NYU Medical Center campus:
 - As a priority remap or re-open 16th Street east of Avenue C, and 27th, 39th and 40th Streets east of First Avenue.
 - In the long-term remap or re-open 26th, 29th and 30th Streets (east of First Avenue).
 - In the case of 39th and 40th Streets, as an alternative to remapping, easements should be provided in the former roadbeds that would be treated as a street for zoning purposes (including FAR, height and setback) and would provide pedestrian and vehicular access.
- iii. In the long-term, CB6 recommends that the Department of City Planning and DOT continue to work with the community to determine placement of traffic calming measures at the most appropriate side street locations, including neckdowns and wider sidewalks, and creation of landscaping treatment.
- iv. Develop uniform standards for security barriers or other security measures (landscaping, street furniture) within the Study Area.

b. Subways (see December 2001, January 2002, May 2002 CB 6 resolutions):

- i. Community Board 6 endorses the identified locations for Second Avenue Subway stations and station entrances at 14th, 23rd, 34th, 42nd and 55th Streets.
- ii. Provide pedestrian transfer via underground tunnel from Second Avenue Subway station stop to No. 7 line at Grand Central Station, and from 55th Street station to E and V Lines at 53rd Street Station.
- iii. Add an Avenue A entrance to the First Avenue/14th Street station on the L Line.

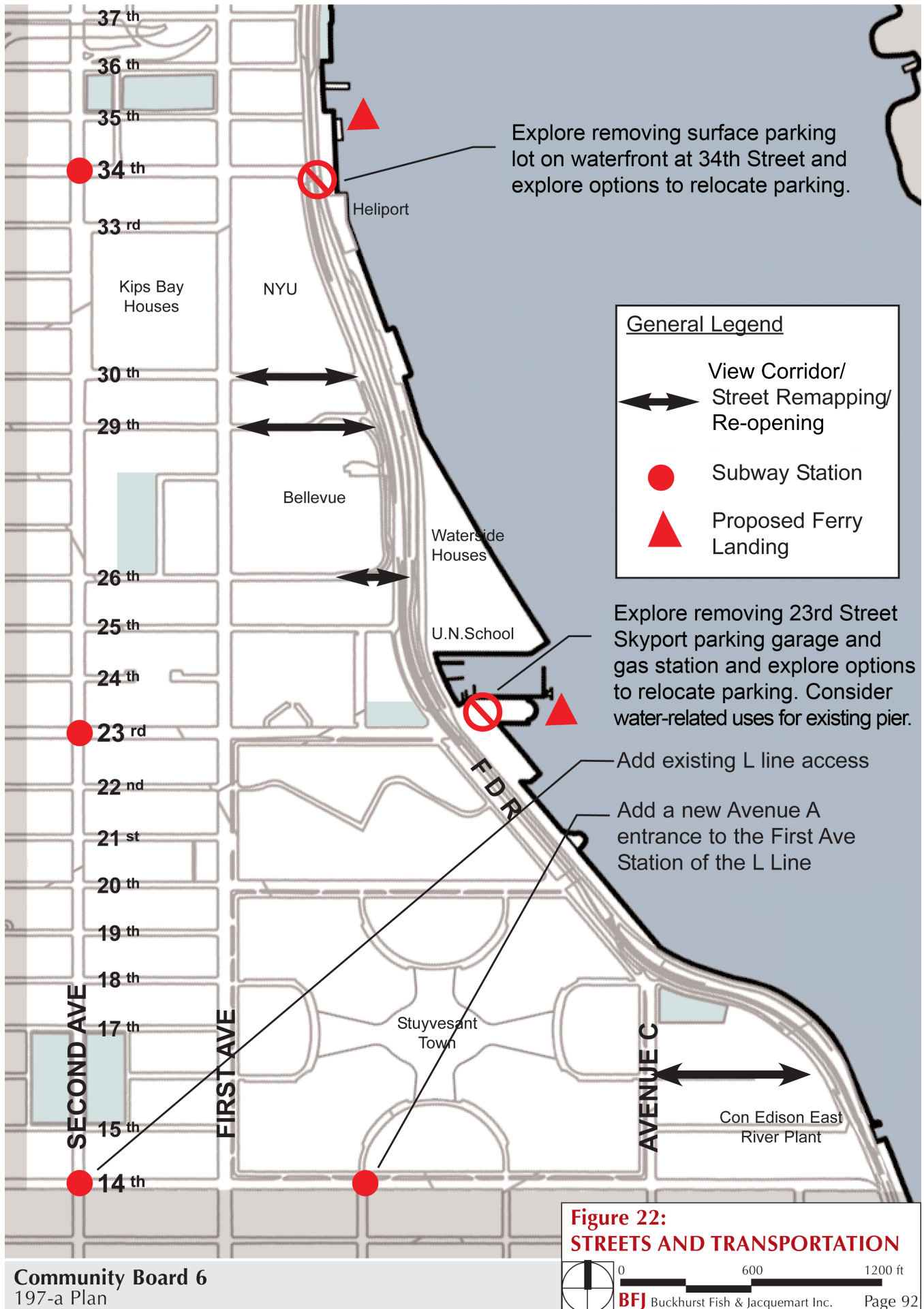
c. Buses, Taxis and Limousines (see April 2003 CB 6 resolution):

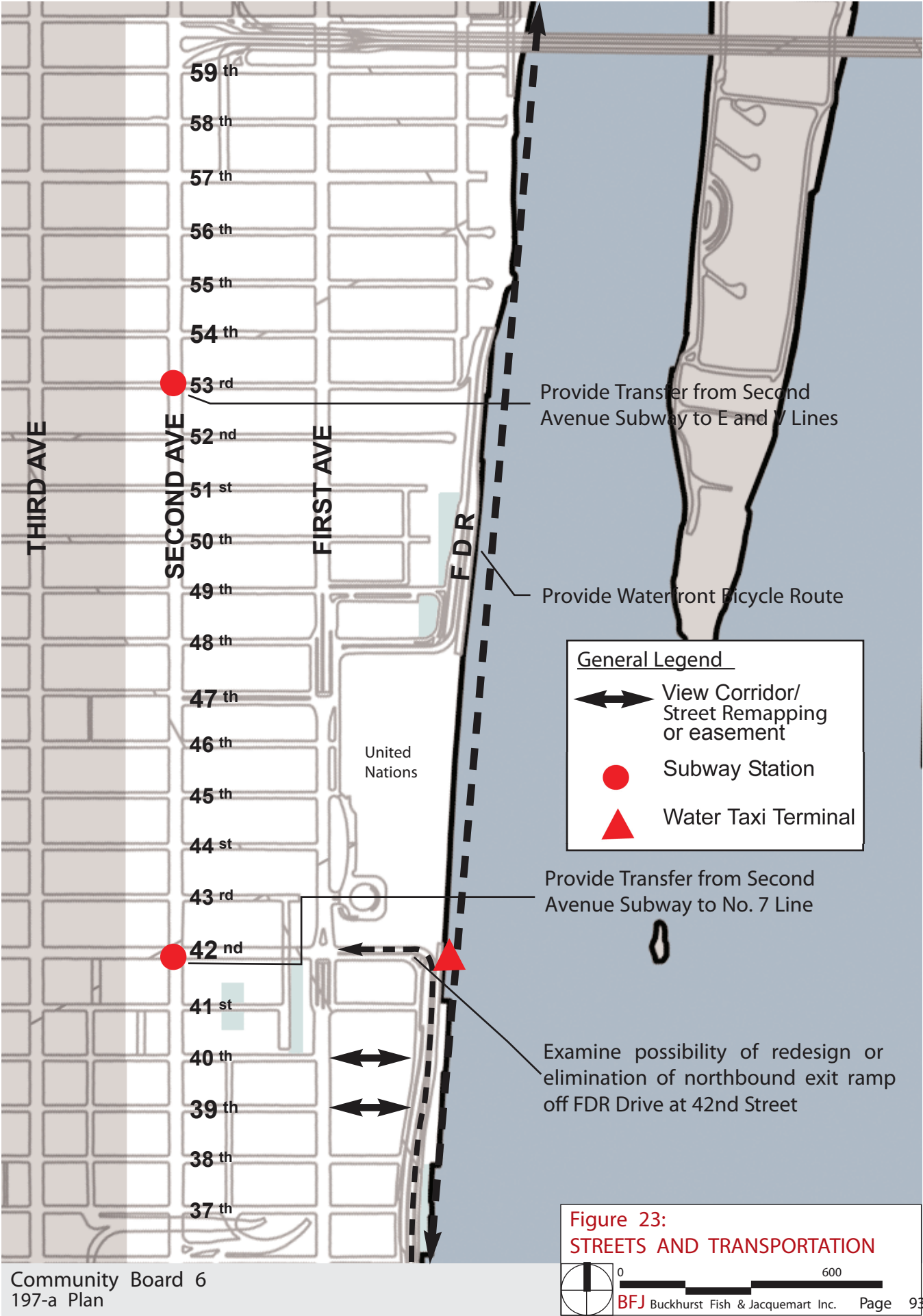
- i. Re-route buses and create/relocate bus stops to support new development in Study Area.
- ii. Locate bus stops with a view to facilitating intermodal transfer points among buses, ferries, the subway and water taxis at 23rd, 34th and 42nd Streets.
- iii. Explore sites for black car and bus layovers, parking and rest stops.

d. Parking (see April 2003 CB 6 resolution):

- i. Explore alternatives to relocate all parking located directly on the waterfront such as 34th Street lot, the 23rd St. Skyport parking garage, and the Con Edison parking pier at 38th to 41st Streets.

- ii. CB6 recommends that Article I, Chapter 3 of the Zoning Resolution be amended to change accessory parking in R10 districts within the Study Area from up to 20% of apartment units to 10%. This will provide a disincentive for new residential developments to illegally convert accessory parking garages to commercial, public parking garages contributing to traffic and congestion in the area.
- e. Helicopters, Ferries, and Intermodal Transfer Points (see April 2003 CB 6 resolution):**
- i. The heliport should allow a continuous and safe waterfront esplanade.
 - ii. The City's Waterfront Task Force Development should consider the design of intermodal transfer points between buses, ferries, subway, water taxis at 23rd, 34th and 42nd Streets.
- f. FDR Drive:**
- i. Create pedestrian bridges over the FDR Drive to contribute to pedestrian access to the waterfront.
 - ii. Study the feasibility of the redesign or elimination of the northbound exit ramp off the FDR Drive at 42nd Street to allow greater access to the waterfront, improve ferry intermodality and increase security.
- g. Bicycles:**
- i. CB 6 endorses a network of dedicated and safe bicycle routes.
 - ii. Encourage bicycle parking in private garages within the Study Area.





CHAPTER 5: SUGGESTED IMPLEMENTATION

The following four charts suggest responsibility for implementing the recommendations outlined in the preceding chapter.

A. LAND USE AND ZONING

Recommendation (See Chapter 4 for details)	Responsibility for Implementation	Timeframe
a. United Nations		
i. Provide for needs of UN without significantly displacing or disrupting the surrounding neighborhoods	United Nations Development Corporation	short-term
ii. There should be no further expansion of the UN beyond the new UN or existing UNDC buildings	New York City Department of City Planning	long-term
b. Con Edison Waterside		
i. The redevelopment of Con Edison Waterside should maintain the history and character of the area and respect the scale of the UN buildings	New York City Department of City Planning FSM East River Associates LLC	short-term
ii. Remap the 39th and 40th streets within the Con Edison complex	New York City Department of City Planning	
iii. Cap the bulk of future development to be consistent with previous First Avenue development north of 34th street	New York City Department of Transportation New York City Department of City Planning	
c. Bellevue Campus		
i. Map as a Special Hospital Use District as recommended by ESRA study in February 1991	New York City Department of City Planning NYU School of Medicine	long-term
ii. Implement Cooper Eckstut Study of East River Science Park for northern portion of Bellevue Campus		
d. Education		
i. Encourage Agency for Child Development and Administration Children's Services (ACS) to require the provision of day-care as necessary in new residential and office developments	Agency for Child Development, Administration Children's Services (ACS)	long-term
ii. Encourage Department of Education to study the feasibility and location of a new pre-K to Grade 5 school at the Con Edison site	New York City Department of Education	
iii. Department of Education should conduct a feasibility study for the location of new school construction in the Study Area.	New York City Department of Education	
e. Housing		
i. Encourage permanent affordable housing and discourage demolition or conversion of affordable housing	HPD	long-term
ii. Encourage low and moderate income housing in new developments	HPD	
f. Community Facilities		
i. Eliminate zoning preferences for community facilities in Study Area	New York City Department of City Planning	long-term
g. Central Business District		
i. Develop policy for rezoning that prohibits any commercial development east of the midline between Second and Third Avenues in order to prevent the Midtown central business district from moving further east; preserve existing residential neighborhoods; and to encourage additional residential development where possible	New York City Department of City Planning	long-term
h. Public Access Zoning		
i. Designate the area from First Avenue to the waterfront and from 14th to 59th Streets as a Special Public Access District	New York City Department of City Planning	long-term

B. WATERFRONT AND OPEN SPACE

Recommendation (See Chapter 4 for details)	Responsibility for Implementation	Timeframe
<p>a. Complete Waterfront Esplanade</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. Widen the esplanade between 13th and 15th Streets ii. Construct a pedestrian bridge at 16th Street over FDR iii. Improve esplanade between 23rd and 42nd Streets: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Remove skyport parking pier at 23rd Street; Provide new pedestrian bridges from Bellevue to Waterside at 27th and 29th Streets Re-open the gate (illegally closed) allowing waterfront access at Waterside (short-term) Improve area around ferry landing at 35th Street (short-term) Eliminate the waterfront parking lot at 34th Street and on the Con Ed pier between 38th-41st Streets (short-term) Close the Heliport at 32nd-33rd Streets (short-term); Create smaller neighborhood piers for water taxis at 23rd, 34th and 42nd streets iv. Extend esplanade north from East River Esplanade Park to proposed esplanade at 42nd Street including crossings at 35th and 36th street to East River Esplanade Park. Also provide pedestrian bridges over FDR at 39th, 40th and 41st streets. v. Provide esplanade along eastern edge of United Nations, with connections to the south at 37th Street and to the north at 48th Street vi. Provide pedestrian access to waterfront at 42nd and 48th streets as mitigation for new UN building. vii. Provide an additional pedestrian bridge at 54th Street over the FDR Drive. viii. Consider providing an esplanade between 53rd and 63rd Streets on outboard side of FDR Drive. ix. New esplanade/greenway should accommodate quiet spaces as well as pedestrians, joggers, cyclists and skaters. 	<p>New York City Department of City Planning, New York City Department of Parks and New York City Economic Development Corporation</p>	<p>long-term (unless otherwise stated)</p>
<p>b. Open Space</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. Expand Murphy Brothers Park as per BFJ report. ii. Design and map park decks above Queens Midtown Tunnel Portals. iii. FDR Reconstruction Opportunities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Design and map park on deck above rebuilt FDR between 38th and 42nd Streets as part of the redevelopment of the Con Edison site Design and map park on deck above FDR between 28th and 30th Streets in coordination with remapping of 29th Street and highway reconstruction. iv. Encourage public acquisition for open space for such developments as the Bellevue/ East River Science Park Plan, the replacement of Robert Moses Playground and the Con Edison waterside redevelopment v. Encourage increased open space mitigation for large-scale development projects such as Bellevue, Con Edison Waterside and the proposed UNDC building. 	<p>New York City Department of Parks and Recreation New York City DOT New York State DOT</p> <p>New York City Department of Parks and Recreation New York City Department of City Planning</p>	<p>short-term long-term long-term</p> <p>short-term short-term</p>

C. URBAN DESIGN AND PRESERVATION

Recommendation (see Chapter 4 for details)	Responsibility for Implementation	Timeframe
a. Urban Design/Architecture <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. Encourage the mapping of contextual zoning districts to maintain residential character of neighborhoods and restrict zoning lot mergers ii. Map tower-on-the-base zoning districts to maintain existing street wall character along avenues and restrict zoning lot mergers where appropriate 	New York City Department of City Planning New York City Council	long-term
b. Remap all Demapped Streets <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. Extend public streets to the waterfront 	New York City Department of City Planning New York City DOT	short-term and long-term
c. Bellevue/NYU Medical Center <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. See Recommendation A. c. ii. and Figures 20 and 21 	New York City Department of City Planning NYU School of Medicine	short-term
d. Con Edison First Avenue Properties <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. Consider large-scale residential development special permits with conditions. See Section 3. C. d 	Public Service Commission FSM East River Associates LLC New York State Department of Transportation New York City Department of Parks and Recreation New York City Department of City Planning	short-term
e. Landmarking <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. Consider preservation options for Stuyvesant Town and Peter Cooper Village ii. Consider landmarking remaining original buildings at Bellevue Hospital iii. Consider adaptive re-use and/or landmarking of the Con Edison Waterside Generating Stations 1 and 2 	New York City Landmarks Preservation Commission New York State Historic Preservation Office	long-term
f. United Nations <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. Develop new esplanade outboard of the UN connecting to the existing esplanade to the north and south, as partial mitigation for new UNDC building at Robert Moses Playground. Consider an active use park in the immediate vicinity as a replacement for the existing playground. 	United Nations Development Corporation (UNDC)	short-term

D. STREETS AND TRANSPORTATION

Recommendation (See Chapter 4 for details)	Responsibility for Implementation	Timeframe
a. Streets <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. Provide more and improved access to waterfront ii. Provide street access and remapping incorporating proposals at Con Edison Waterside properties and the Bellevue/NYU Medical Center Campus <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Remap and extend 16th Street Remap 26th, 29th, 30th, 39th and 40th Streets iii. Conduct a study for traffic calming measures in CB6 iv. Develop uniform standards for security barriers (including bollards) or other security measures (landscaping, street furniture) 	New York City DOT Con Edison NYU School of Medicine New York City DOT New York City Department of City Planning Public Service Commission FSM East River Associates LLC New York State Department of Transportation New York City Department of City Planning	long-term
b. Subways/Commuter Rail <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. Endorsement of 2nd Ave. Subway stations at 14th, 23rd, 34th, 42nd and 55th streets ii. Provide pedestrian transfer via underground tunnel from Second Avenue Subway station stop to No. 7 line at Grand Central Station, and from 55th Street station to E and V Lines at 53rd iii. Add an Avenue A entrance to the First Avenue/14th Street station on the L Line 	Metropolitan Transportation Authority Metropolitan Transportation Authority Metropolitan Transportation Authority	long-term
c. Buses, Taxis and Limousines <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. Re-route buses to support new developments ii. Locate bus stops with a view to facilitating inter-modal transfer iii. Explore sites for black car and commuter bus layovers, parking and rest stops 	Metropolitan Transportation Authority Metropolitan Transportation Authority New York City Department of Transportation	long-term
d. Parking <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. Eliminate waterfront parking ii. Amend Zoning Resolution text to change accessory parking in R10 districts 	New York City Department of City Planning	long-term
e. Helicopters, Ferries, and Intermodal Transfer Points <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. Eliminate Heliport at 34th Street ii. Develop waterfront to accommodate intermodal transfer points 	New York City Economic Development Corporation	long-term
f. FDR Drive <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. Create pedestrian bridges over the FDR Drive to contribute to pedestrian access to the waterfront ii. Relocate southbound exit of FDR Drive from 15th to 14th Street and re-open 14th Street east of Avenue C iii. Study feasibility of eliminating northbound exit ramp at 42nd Street 	New York State DOT New York State DOT New York State DOT	long-term
g. Bicycles <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. Create network of dedicated and safe bicycle routes ii. Encourage bicycle parking in garages iii. Study the feasibility of making permanent the current outboard roadway (ODR) or other pedestrian/bikeway options which would connect 53rd Street to 63rd Street outboard of the FDR Drive 	New York City DOT New York City DOT New York City DOT	long-term

APPENDIX A: 197a Plan Goals

According to subsection 4.020b of Section 197a of the New York City Charter: “A plan shall set forth goals, objectives, purposes, policies or recommendations that are within the legal authority of the City to undertake.” The following items are recommendations by Community Board 6 that concern the United Nations. While physically part of New York City, the UN is located on sovereign land which is not technically part of New York City and therefore recommendations concerning the UN are not within the legal authority of the City to undertake. Community Board 6 acknowledges this fact and urges the City to seek ways in which to work cooperatively with the UN achieve the following two goals:

- Encourage City’s partnership with UN International School to provide outboard access around the school (while recognizing UNIS security concerns);
- Where feasible on UN sovereign land, enable public access to the UN Park (CB 6 resolution April 1991).

Additional items that are beyond the authority of the City include:

- Any new buildings within the Special Public Access District should provide waterfront mitigation and maintenance (see previous section A. Land Use and Zoning Recommendations, h. Public Access Zoning, h.i).

Con Edison, East River Generating Station

- In the long-term, Con Edison must secure the East River Generating Station. This will allow the City to relocate southbound exit of FDR Drive from 15th Street to 14th Street and re-open 14th Street east of Avenue C, restoring the street grid and public access.

Heliport at 34th Street

- Community Board 6 supports elimination of the heliport at 34th Street.

APPENDIX B:

Evidence of Public Participation

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Community Board 6 Board Resolutions

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Public Hearing – 197-a Plan

Ellen Imbimbo, Chair of the 197-a Plan Sub-committee stated that after six-months of considerable effort by the Sub-Committee, the 197-a Plan has come to fruition. She then introduced the consultants Frank Fish and Bonnie Braine of Buckhurst, Fish & Jaquemart. Before the consultants conducted the slide presentation, Ellen asked Ed Rubin, Chair of the Land Use Committee, to make a few comments.

Ed gave a brief history on the Community Board's decision to develop a 197-a Plan. Over the last few years the Land Use, Transportation and Parks Committees have reviewed proposals for a number of major development projects. They have consisted of the proposed United Nations building and its mitigation, the replacement for Robert Moses Park, the Con Edison site redevelopment, the East River Science Park at Bellevue Hospital, construction of the Second Avenue Subway; the reconstruction of the FDR Drive, (59th Street and 34th Street areas), the 34th Street Heliport reconstruction and the new Ferry Terminal. With all of this proposed redevelopment and the number of agencies involved, it was apparent that many agencies were unaware of efforts by other agencies. At this point CB6 decided that an overall concept was needed for the area on the eastside of Manhattan from Second Avenue over to the East River, where many of these projects are under development. It was at this point that CB6 decided to do a 197-a Plan.

At about the same time Assembly Member Sanders decided to convene a meeting of all city and state agencies. At this meeting, the city agreed they would coordinate all efforts by their agencies under the aegis of the Dept. of City Planning (DCP). Nevertheless, CB6 thought that an overall concept and vision was needed to provide DCP with CB6's thoughts on what would represent sensible development. In addition, CB6 hoped the 197-a Plan would be a framework and would be presented in a non-controversial manner, so that the various agencies would be encouraged to provide their input. The City Charter enables 197-a Plan as a way of allowing community boards to present their views on development concepts for their community, and would set important parameters which would help shape zoning, land use, urban design, the locations of parks,

and the way the transportation system is developed to accommodate change.

Since so many of these major development projects were imminent CB6 wished to develop and adopt a plan quickly, despite the fact that DCP may take up to 2 years for its work. Thus, CB6 is asked to approve a 197-a Plan that on June 9, 2004 which would represent its official statement.

Ellen commented that summary copies of the 197-a Plan, which had been handed out to the board members incorporates the transportation and open space needs. It is CB6's statement about its vision for the future development of this study area. It is astonishing to realize that here in midtown Manhattan there is still room for as much development as is being proposed.

Frank Fish thanked Irene Perveri, Chair of the East Side Rezoning Alliance, for its work in providing the funding for the 197-a Plan.

Frank stated that he met on numerous occasions with the 197-a Subcommittee in the development of the plan. He said the study area comprises 100' west of Second Avenue over to the East River, stretching from 14th to 59th Streets. This area has a population that is bigger than most towns in New York City and New York State legislation allows every town or municipality to develop what is called a comprehensive plan. He stated that CB6's 197-a Plan is a comprehensive plan, a so-called "master" plan for our community. Frank mentioned the very significant new proposals and developments, reiterating those mentioned by Ed Rubin.

Mr. Fish then reviewed, through a slide presentation, the proposed recommendations for the 197-a Plan.

Comments

Ellen commented that the recommendations integrate the work that the board has done over a long period of time, and many of the suggestions incorporated in the 197-a Plan are already Board policies, reflected in adopted resolutions. Therefore, the 197-a Plan recommendations will be our integrated comprehensive community vision. The resolution will be discussed during the business session of the meeting.

- Q. Bill Oddo-** will there be an opportunity to discuss the graphics during the business session?
- A. Ellen Imbimbo-**Yes. Everything is in the handout in your package.

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Toni Carlina - District Manager

FAX

To: Ellen Imbimbo Fax # 212-345-4832
From: Tane # of Pages
including cover 4
Date: 5-17-04
Subject: Requested info on 197-a Plan MTCs

NOTES:

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Timothy McGinn
Chair

Toni Carlina
District Manager

197-a Plan MTGS.

2004 May 5th

April 4th + 21st

March 3rd

Feb. 4th

Jan. 7th

2003 Dec 3rd

Nov. 4th

Oct. 1st

Sept. 3rd

Aug. none - cancelled

Land Use Committee
Of
Manhattan Community Board Six

RECEIVED
APR 03 2003
CB6M

Manhattan Community Board Six Scope for 197a Plan

3 April 2003

This draft is intended to establish the content and geographical extent of a 197a plan to be prepared for and by Community Board Six.

This 197a plan will be, in a sense, the collected work of Community Board Six. It is based on the deliberations and investigations of the board in response to the many planning issues that it has considered over the years. These are recorded in resolutions and consultant reports. The plan draws from this history its lessons and policies and organizes them as a comprehensive set of proposals and policies to guide the future of Community District Six.

Although the 197a plan applies in general to the entire district, in a physical sense it applies to the portions in which change is anticipated. This includes the entire waterfront between 14 and 59 Streets and in some areas, such as stations for the Second Avenue subway, it extends to the west of Second Avenue. Anticipated changes in the district include the rebuilding of portions of the FDR Drive, the redevelopment of parts of the Bellevue Hospital and NYU Medical Center campus, the decommissioning and redevelopment of Con Edison's Waterside properties, a new building for the United Nations, the construction of the Second Avenue subway, the establishment of a more robust ferry system including intermodality at 23, 34, and 42 Streets, and the incremental implementation of a continuous waterfront esplanade and other public open spaces.

This is a time of great possibilities for Community District Six and for New York City. Seldom does so much change occur at once in a concentrated and mature urban place. Seldom is there such potential for 1 + 1 to equal 3 or more. The risk, of course, is that the proponents of each project will narrowly circumscribe their scope and fail to engage productively with the adjacent projects. Community Board Six finds itself in the special position of seeing the forest as well as the trees and offers this 197a plan as an invitation to constructive cooperation.

Streets

To make the best use of the streets, highways, and riverfront in Community District Six for its neighborhoods and for the City.

Remap missing and demapped streets:

- 40 and 39 Streets east of First Avenue for visual and pedestrian access to the waterfront and for access to buildings to be developed on the Con Ed site. (See reso. re: Con Edison DGEIS, Sep 02.)
- 30 Street east of First Avenue to ensure its continued use as a street for access to the FDR Drive and to Bellevue. (See reso. re: CB6 Statement on Bellevue Disposition by HHC, Oct 01.)
- 29 Street east of First Avenue for visual and pedestrian access to the waterfront and for access to buildings to be developed on the Bellevue site. (See reso. re: CB6 Statement on Bellevue Disposition by HHC, Oct 01, and reso. re: East River Science Park – Land Disposition & Zoning Changes, Nov 01.)
- 28 Street east of First Avenue. (See reso. re: CB6 Statement on Bellevue Disposition by HHC, Oct 01.)
- 27 Street east of First Avenue. (See: Bellevue Comprehensive Plan by Westermann-Miller Associates, Dec 73.)
- 26 Street east of First Avenue
- 16 Street east of Avenue C for visual and pedestrian access to the waterfront and for access to the "Con Ed" ball fields. (See reso. re: To Adopt the Buckhurst, Fish & Jaquemart Report re the Con Edison Proposed Repowering at 14 Street, Feb 01.)

Highway access:

- Relocate the southbound exit of the FDR Drive from 15 Street to 14 Street to bring traffic directly to the wide cross-town street and allow the use of 15 Street for Con Ed. (See reso. re: To Adopt the Buckhurst, Fish & Jaquemart Report re the Con Edison Proposed Repowering at 14 Street, Feb 01.)
- Examine the feasibility of eliminating the northbound exit from the FDR Drive at 42 Street to facilitate access to the waterfront and because it is frequently closed for UN security needs.
- Develop an integrated traffic and highways plan with City and State DoT recognizing new development proposals including the new building for the United Nations, Con Edison's Waterside properties, and the Bellevue/NYU campus.

Traffic Calming:

- Narrow roadways and widen sidewalks, for example 33 and 30 Streets adjacent to Kips Bay, to provide more space for pedestrians and trees and to slow local traffic.
- Bulb sidewalks at crosswalks, particularly on residential side streets, to make crossing easier, provide space for street furniture, and slow local traffic.

Street Furniture:

- Review existing regulations to require adequate pedestrian circulation space around sidewalk cafes, bus stop shelters, subway station entrances, newsstands, and other street furniture.
- Review existing regulations to better organize and locate newspaper honor boxes.
- Establish standards for the size and fencing of tree beds, for consistency of pedestrian ramps at intersections, for the design of telephone booths and other street furniture, for fencing at areaways and cellar stairs, and for other features that effect the usefulness, safety, and amenity of our streets.

Open Space

To increase the amount of useful, active and passive, public open space serving residents, workers, and visitors in Community District Six, which is uniquely challenged in this respect.

Parks

- Relocate the "Con Ed" ball fields to the larger area on the north side of 16 Street, adjacent to Murphy Park, and map as park. (See reso. re: To Adopt the Buckhurst, Fish & Jaquemart Report re the Con Edison Proposed Repowering at 14 Street, Feb 01.)
- ✓ • Develop and map as park part of the block west of First Avenue between 36 and 37 Streets containing the portals of the Queens Midtown Tunnel.
- ✓ • Develop and map as park a deck above a rebuilt FDR Drive between 42 and 38 Streets, in coordination with the remapping of 40 and 39 Streets and the development of the Con Ed properties.
- ✓ • Develop and map as park median space above the FDR Drive between 35 and 33 Streets if the FDR Drive is rebuilt as an underpass at 34 Street.
- ✓ • Develop and map as park a deck above a rebuilt FDR Drive between 28 and 30 Streets, in coordination with the remapping of 29 Street and the development of part of the Bellevue campus.
- ✓ • Relocate Robert Moses Park to 685 First Avenue or another suitable nearby location if a new building for the United Nations is to be built on Moses Park.
- Consider public acquisition and development of critical open space, paid for through general public funds, rather than relying on new development to provide open space which is often inadequate in return for buildings that are often disproportionately tall. (See: Reactions of Community Board Six to the Strategic Policy Statement from the Borough President's Office, 15 Oct 90.)

On-site and Off-site Open Space:

- Provide on- and off-site public open space as part of the development of Con Edison's Waterside properties to help mitigate the increased density and serve the existing and new population.
- Provide on- and off-site public open space as part of the redevelopment of the Bellevue/NYU campus to help mitigate the increased density and serve the existing and new population.
- Provide on- and off-site public open space as part of the development of new facilities for the United Nations to help mitigate the increased density and serve the existing and new population.

Esplanade:

- ✓ • Complete a continuous esplanade along the entire riverfront of Community District Six, linking esplanades to the north and south, and having frequent and convenient access from the adjoining neighborhoods, ideally at every cross-town street. (See: Land Use Policy – CB#6, 25 Apr 89.)
- ✓ • Widen the esplanade between 13 and 15 Streets to better connect East River Park and Stuyvesant Cove Park, probably in conjunction with reconfiguring the Con Ed fueling pier, moving the southbound exit of the FDR Drive from 15 to 14 Street, and adding a pedestrian bridge spanning the FDR Drive at 16 Street. (See reso. re: To Adopt the Buckhurst, Fish & Jaquemart Report re the Con Edison Proposed Repowering at 14 Street, Feb 01.)
- ✓ • Improve and complete the esplanade between 23 and 34 Streets, including a way around the UN School, pedestrian bridges spanning the FDR Drive at 27 Street between Bellevue and Waterside and at 29 Street, a ferry landing at 23 Street, and improvements to the Water Club and the heliport.
- ✓ • Extend the esplanade at Glick Park, between 36 and 38 Street, north to connect to 42 Street and improve it south to 34 Street, providing street crossings at 35 and 36 Streets, pedestrian bridges over the FDR Drive at 39, 40, and 41 Streets, an improved ferry landing near 34 Street, a new ferry landing at 42 Street, considering both interim improvements and long term improvements coordinated with the rebuilding of the FDR Drive, the development of the Con Ed properties and the development of a new building for the United Nations.
- ✓ • Provide an esplanade past the United Nations between 42 and 48 Streets, including pedestrian access at 42 and 49 Streets and possibly through the UN grounds near 46 Street. This might be provided as a density-ameliorating amenity to mitigate the development of a new building for the United Nations and as an open space alternative to mitigate the access restrictions resulting from the increased security of the United Nations grounds.
- ✓ • Improve the esplanade between 48 and 54 Streets, including a pedestrian bridge across the FDR Drive at 54 Street.
- ✓ • Provide an esplanade between 54 and 60 Streets.

- All sections of the esplanade should be designed to include commodious circulation space for pedestrians, joggers, skaters, and bicyclists as well as quiet, contemplative spaces.

Transportation To improve transportation systems serving Community District Six and the City.

Second Avenue Subway:

- Locate stations to serve Community District Six at 14 Street, 23 Street, 34 Street, 42 Street, and 54 Street. (See resos. re: 2 Avenue Subway Alignment Recommendation – 54 Street Vicinity, Dec 01, and re: 2 Avenue Subway Station Alignment in the vicinity 23 Street, 34 Street, and 42 Street, Jan 02, and re: Proposed 14 St. Station on the Second Avenue Subway, May 02.)
- Locate station entrances to provide convenient access. For the 14 Street station place entrances at the northeast and northwest corners of 14 Street (omitting any recommendation as to south of the center of 14 Street) and the southeast and southwest corners of 15 Street. For the 23 Street station place entrances at all four corners of 23 Street and as close to the south side of 27 street as possible. For the 34 Street station place entrances at all four corners of 34 Street. For the 42 Street station place entrances at midblock between 40 and 41 Streets, at all four corners of 42 Street, and as close to the south side of 45 Street as possible. For the 54 Street station place entrances at all four corners of 53 Street, all four corners of 55 Street, and all four corners of 57 Street. (See resos. re: 2 Avenue Subway Alignment Recommendation – 54 Street Vicinity, Dec 01, and re: 2 Avenue Subway Station Alignment in the vicinity 23 Street, 34 Street, and 42 Street, Jan 02, and re: Proposed 14 St. Station on the Second Avenue Subway, May 02.)
- At the 42 Street station include a mechanically assisted pedestrian connection to Grand Central Terminal and a transfer with the IRT 7 line. (See reso. re: 2 Avenue Subway Station Alignment in the vicinity 42 Street, Jan 02.)

Existing Subways:

- Consider adding an Avenue A entrance to the First Avenue station of the L service on 14 Street.

Buses:

- Route buses to best serve Community District Six, making adjustments in the medium term to respond to new development, such as Con Edison's Waterside properties, and in the longer term, to the introduction of the Second Avenue subway.
- Locate bus stops to allow convenient transfers with other buses, with subways, and with ferries.

Helicopters:

- Consider how to minimize the conflict between the noise of helicopters and the use of nearby open space and buildings, particularly along the waterfront.
- Make the 34 Street heliport only for emergencies and/or relocate it to the Bellevue/NYU campus.

Ferries:

- Provide frequent ferry landings, perhaps at each wide cross town street and/or cross town bus route to allow convenient access to ferry service, particularly at 34 and 42 Streets and, when feasible, at 23 Street.

Tour Buses:

- Parking? See Sanitation Vehicles, below.

Black Cars:

- Layovers, parking?

Taxis:

- Rest facilities?

Sanitation Vehicles:

- Consider whether a sanitation garage is feasible within Community District Six. Would a location between 16 and 17 Streets between Avenue C and the FDR Drive be feasible? Could such a facility, located underground, accommodate tour and commuter buses during the day while the sanitation vehicles are working? Could the roof, located at street level, be used for active recreation for team sports?

Commuter Buses:

- Parking? See Sanitation Vehicles, above.

Bicycles:

- Provide a network of bicycle routes, including dedicated lanes and a complete waterfront route with detours around portions of the waterfront that are not yet accessible.
- Provide parking for bicycles both on street and in garages.

Commuter and Inter-city Railroads

- Reconstruction of the emergency egress stairs and ventilation towers at First Avenue and 33 Streets for the East River tunnels for Pennsylvania Station.

Land Use

To achieve appropriate mixes, locations, and densities of activities so as to maintain the predominantly residential character of Community District Six while accommodating specialized nonresidential uses including Bellevue/NYU and the United Nations so as to accomplish the best use of land within the district.

United Nations:

- Provide for the space needs of the United Nations without displacing or disrupting the neighborhood in which it resides.

Con Edison Waterside Properties:

- Provide for the redevelopment of Con Edison's Waterside properties in ways that maintain the history and character of the area, complement the adjacent residential neighborhoods, and respect the United Nations.

Bellevue Campus:

- Map as a Special Hospital District as recommended by ESRA study in February 1991 in order to provide for the space needs of Bellevue/NYU without displacing or disrupting the neighborhood in which it resides. (See reso. Apr 91.)

Education:

- Provide additional schools, including probably a pre-K through 5 facility as part of the redevelopment of Con Edison's Waterside properties. (See reso. re: Con Edison DGEIS, Sep 02.)

Housing:

- Ensure a mixture of housing in the community, including 20% of the apartments to be affordable in the redevelopment of Con Edison's Waterside properties. (See reso. re: Con Edison DGEIS, Sep 02.)
- New affordable housing should be integrated in the same buildings and on the same floors as market rate housing, and the demolition or conversion of affordable housing should be discouraged. (See: Land Use Policy – CB#6, 25 Apr 89.)
- Programs should be crafted to provide affordable housing for the life of the property, not for the term of the incentive.

Community Facilities:

- Provide for state-of-the-art day care facilities.
- Eliminate the larger floor area ratios for community facilities in R7 and R8 districts. (See reso. re: Zoning Loopholes, Feb 99.)
- Eliminate rear yard encroachments – the full extension into the rear yard below 23 feet by a community facility use. (See reso. re: Zoning Loopholes, Feb 99.)
- Redefine community facility uses, such as medical offices, religious buildings, and social service clinics, to distinguish between wide and narrow street locations. (See reso. re: Zoning Loopholes, Feb 99.)

Central Business District:

- Craft a policy for rezoning east of Third Avenue to ensure that commercial office development does not extend east into and displacing the residential neighborhoods of Community District Six.

Preservation To retain buildings and spaces of aesthetic, historic, or cultural significance that enhance the character and interest of Community Board Six's neighborhoods.

Stuyvesant Town and Peter Cooper Village:

- Map as Special Planned Community as recommended by ESRA study in 1991. (See reso. Apr 91.) Stuyvesant Town is particularly well planned and also vulnerable to development.

Bellevue Hospital:

- Consider remaining original buildings for designation as landmarks.

Waterside Generating Stations One and Two:

- Consider for designation as landmarks.
- Identify economically viable reuses.

United Nations:

- Where feasible, enable public access to park, esplanade, and playground.

Urban Design To conserve the character of the existing built urban fabric and to shape it to make the public realm more informative and pleasurable.

Contextual Development:

- Map additional contextual zoning districts to maintain the existing built character of streets and Avenues that have not yet been so protected. (See: Land Use Policy – CB#6, 25 Apr 89.)
- Map additional tower-on-a-base zoning districts to maintain the existing built character of streets and avenues that have not yet been so protected.
- Not allow additional height or zoning floor area for community facility uses in order to avoid excessively large buildings that would violate the established scale and character of existing neighborhoods.
- Remap missing and demapped streets to ensure that buildings are subject to zoning height and setback and street-wall requirements.

Bellevue:

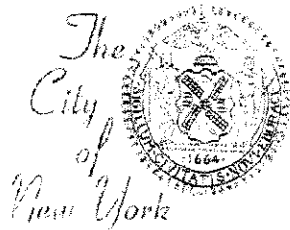
- Consider how to ensure that the redevelopment of the Bellevue/NYU campus is as good as it can be. (See reso. re: Response to request for expressions of interest (RFEI) by the Economic Development Corporation (EDC) in conjunction with the Health and Hospitals Corporation (HHC) for the redevelopment of surplus portions of the Bellevue Hospital Center between East 28 and 30 Streets, Dec 99, and reso. re: Bellevue Hospital Campus Proposal, Nov 85, with 12 point addendum.)

Con Edison Waterside Properties:

- Consider a large-scale residential special permit to ensure that the public spaces and the envelopes of new buildings on Con Edison's Waterside properties are compatible with the existing urban fabric.

United Nations:

Consider a special zoning district or other rules to ensure that buildings adjacent to the grounds of the United Nations, including the building proposed on Robert Moses Park and those proposed on the Con Edison properties, are respectful in terms of height, shape, and scale, particularly with reference to the height and symbolism of the Secretariat.

**MANHATTAN COMMUNITY BOARD SIX**

866 United Nations Plaza – Ste. 308, New York, NY 10017

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e-mail mn06@cb.nyc.govWeb site cb6manyc.org**March 2005**Carol A. Schachter
*Chair*Toni Carlina
District Manager

Re: Nomination of Stuyvesant Town and/or Peter Cooper Village, individually or jointly, as Special Planned Community Preservation District (s).

Whereas, Stuyvesant Town, a planned superblock residential community is bounded by East 14th Street, Avenue C, the Franklin D. Roosevelt Service Road (a/k/a Avenue C), East 20th Street and First Avenue, in Community Board 6 (CB6), Manhattan, and

Whereas, Peter Cooper Village is, similarly, a planned superblock residential community of about nine square blocks, estimated as being 19 acres, bounded by East 20th Street, the Franklin D. Roosevelt Drive Service Road (a/k/a Avenue C), East 23rd Street and First Avenue, in CB6, and

Whereas, planning and approval for the construction of Stuyvesant Town began in (approximately) 1941, approval by the Board of Estimate was granted in 1943, in some measure as a shunt clearance project that included tax abatements as part of a public - private funding partnership, and

Whereas, Stuyvesant Town is comprised of 35 buildings (up to 14 stories high) on a 30 square block, 72 acre site, with 8755 apartments designed for a population of approximately 24,000, with garage space for 3000 cars with the buildings occupying about 23 percent of the super-block site, and

Whereas, Cooper was fully privately funded, but was similarly built as a planned community (1945 - 1949), and is 21 buildings, with 2495 apartments, from 12 to 15 stories high with a population estimated at between 5000 and 6500 persons, and

Whereas, the New York City Planning Commission (CPC) is responsible for zoning Special Planned Community Preservation Districts (SPCPD) within New York City, and

Whereas, the criteria for designation as a SPCPD is to promote and protect superior examples of town planning or large-scale development and to protect the character and integrity of these unique communities, and

Whereas, Stuyvesant and Cooper, individually or jointly, comprise a unique community and have a quality of significance in American architecture and culture, possess integrity of location, design, setting, and materials, have significance which cumulatively exceeds the total of the components, and consist of buildings and open space arrangement, harmonious scale that adds to the quality of urban life, and

Whereas, CB6 has received widespread support for SPCPD designation for Stuyvesant Town and Peter Cooper from elected officials including Congress Member Carolyn Maloney, State Senator Thomas Duane, State Assembly Member Steve Sanders, and City Council Member Eva Moskowitz; from groups including the East Side Rezoning Alliance, the Stuyvesant Town/Peter Cooper Village Tenants Association, and from many area residents, and

Whereas, Community Board 6 in it's recent resolution for a 197-a Plan support such a designation for Stuyvesant Town and Peter Cooper Village, now

Therefore be it

Resolved, that Stuyvesant Town, a planned superblock residential community, bounded by East 14th Street, Avenue C, the Franklin D. Roosevelt Service Road (a/k/a Avenue C), East 20th Street and First Avenue, in the view of Community Board 6 (CB6), Manhattan, meets the understood criteria of the New York City Planning Commission, and so should be designated as a Special Planned Community Preservation District, and **be if further**

Resolved, that Peter Cooper Village, similarly a planned superblock residential community, bounded by East 20th Street, the Franklin D. Roosevelt Drive Service Road (a/k/a Avenue C), East 23rd Street and First Avenue, also in CB6, and similarly, in the opinion of CB6, meets the criteria for designation of the New York City Planning Commission as a Special Planned Community Preservation District, and should be so designated.

VOTE: 19 in Favor 9 Opposed 1 Abstention 0 Not Entitled



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Timothy McGinn
Chair

Toni Carlina
District Manager

JUNE 2004

RE: 197-A Plan

WHEREAS, there is an extraordinary number of large-scale development projects within Community Board 6 currently being planned, such as a new UN building, the redevelopment of the Con Edison site, relocation of Robert Moses Park, building the Second Avenue Subway, reconstruction of the FDR Drive, a new heliport and ferry terminal at 34th Street, among others and

WHEREAS, Community Board 6 values its residential community and its scale and its contribution to the life of the City, and

WHEREAS, Community Board 6 also values the institutions that exist within its borders, its sense of place and the history of the area as it evolved over time, while recognizing the need for change and renewal, and

WHEREAS, Community Board 6 wishes to enlarge and preserve to the maximum extent possible its open space, its street grid, quality of life, and enjoyment of the waterfront which contribute to the enhancement of life in our Board area, and

WHEREAS, under the City Charter Community Board 6 has the opportunity to express its vision for the community incorporating all these values as the cited projects and others mature and develop and

WHEREAS, Community Board 6 hired a consultant Buckhurst, Fish, Jacquemart to develop a 197-A Plan for the area west of Second Avenue over to the East River under its direction and has worked for many months to document the Board's vision and hone its view of the future, now therefore be it

RESOLVED, that Community Board 6 adopts the June 2004 197-A Plan and its Recommendations dated June 2004 as a statement of policy for future action which will be transmitted to City Planning for its consideration, and be it further

RESOLVED, that Community Board 6 urges the City Planning Commission to adopt the 197-A Plan as presented and to incorporate the Plan and Recommendations into its planning for the Community Board 6 area covered by the study, and be it further

RESOLVED, that Community Board 6 urges its elected officials to join Community Board 6 in this effort so that, to the maximum extent possible this vision will become reality.

VOTE: 36 in Favor 0 Opposed 1 Abstention 0 Not Entitled



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Timothy McGinn
Chair

March 2004

Toni Carlina
District Manager

Re: The Adaptive Reuse of Waterside One and Two Generating Plants

Whereas CB6 has commented in detail on the DGEIS prepared for the disposition of the Con Ed Waterside Generating Station; and

Whereas the CB6 resolution commenting on the DGEIS stated in item 6 of the third Resolve ": That the portions of the Waterside Generating Station built at the beginning of the 1900's not be destroyed before a serious and fair analysis of their reuse has been performed". (see attached resolution); and

Whereas the FGEIS is complete, and there has not been a "serious and fair analysis" of Waterside 1 or Waterside 2 in the FGEIS, or by the proposed developer, East River Realty; and

Whereas CB6 has taken the position that an analysis of the adaptive reuse of the two historic generating stations could result in an interesting mix of uses at the site, a more creative massing of buildings with varied scale, and the preservation of a piece of the remaining historic East River industrial zone; and

Whereas the Municipal Arts Society believes that the power plants meet the eligibility requirements for the National Register of Historic Places, (see attached letter from Frank Sanchis); and

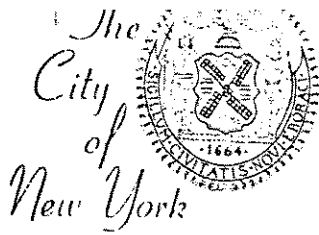
Whereas Andrew Dolkart of Columbia University has written of the significance of the Waterside power plants (See Attached letter); now

Therefore be it

Resolved that CB6 urges the Public Service Commission to acknowledge the omission of a serious and fair analysis of the adaptive reuse of Waterside 1& 2 from the FEIS and to remedy this defect prior to its adoption and the approval of sale of the Con Ed Properties, and be further

Resolved that the Department of City Planning give serious consideration to the adaptive reuse of Waterside One and Waterside Two when considering the rezoning of Con Ed Waterside site.

VOTE: 30 in Favor 1 Opposed 0 Abstention 0 Not Entitled



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Timothy McGinn
Chair

Toni Carlina
District Manager

April 2003

RE: 197-a Plan for areas of CB6 east of 2nd Avenue.

WHEREAS, in response to the many planning issues that it has considered over the years and related land use issues Community Board Six has clearly expressed a consistent commentary, recorded in its resolutions and the related projects and reports, that could prove useful in guiding the future of Community District Six; and

WHEREAS, the Charter of the City of New York provides for the preparation and adoption of 197a Plans to state the policies and goals of a community and inform the decisions of public and private actors; and

WHEREAS, there are many public and private investments currently being contemplated for Community District Six, particularly along First and Second Avenues and the Waterfront, which would each benefit from the synergy that a comprehensive plan could impart; and

WHEREAS, none of the proponents of the projects nor any of the agencies that need to approve these changes to the district seem disposed to prepare a comprehensive plan; and

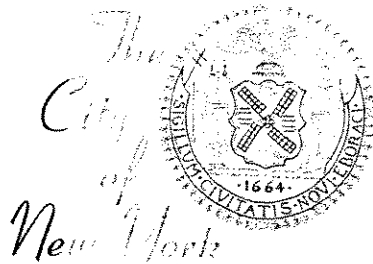
WHEREAS, the Land Use Committee has prepared an outline of a possible scope for a 197a Plan; now

THEREFORE, be it

RESOLVED, that Community Board Six undertakes to prepare and seek adoption of a 197a Plan for Community District Six and to this end:

1. Each committee of the community board will participate in its areas of responsibility,
2. The Land Use Committee will search for and recommend to the Board a consultant to assist with the 197a Plan,
3. The Board will seek appropriate funds to compensate the consultant and to pay other costs of the preparation of the plan,
4. The Board will form a 197a Plan Subcommittee of the Land Use Committee, including representation of other committees, to work with the consultant, to coordinate with the Department of City Planning and other agencies, to draft a plan for approval by the Board and to advocate for adoption of the 197a Plan,
5. The Board will request staff assistance from the Department of City Planning as is provided for the preparation of 197a plans.

Passed: 33 in Favor 1 Opposed 0 Abstention 0 Not Entitled



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Mark Adams Taylor
Chair

Toni Carlina
District Manager

September 2002

Con Edison Subcommittee of Land Use Committee and Other Committees of Manhattan Community Board Six

Re: Con Edison DGEIS

Whereas, in response to New York State's program to deregulate the electric industry Con Edison proposed in 1998 to dispose of its steam system, including the Waterside and East River Generating Stations, to a new operator and to dispose of three sites along First Avenue between 35 and 41 Streets, specifically 708 First Av, 685 First Av, and 616 First Av, for redevelopment, and in 1999 modified its proposal so as to retain the steam system, relocate power generation from Waterside to East River, and add Waterside to the properties to be disposed of for redevelopment; and

Whereas, in furtherance of this plan Con Edison applied in September 1999 (under Article X of the Public Service Law, case # 99-F-1314) to "repower" the East River Generating Station at 14 Street, applied in March 2001 (under Section 70 of the Public Service Law, case # 01-E-0377) to dispose of the Waterside properties to FSM East River Associates LLC for redevelopment, expects to apply in late 2002 or early 2003 (under the Uniform Land Use Review Procedure) to rezone the Waterside properties, and may apply to decommission Waterside when its generating capacity has been replaced at East River; and

Whereas, recognizing that absent the opportunity to sell the Waterside properties Con Edison would have little incentive to relocate power generation from Waterside, business activities from 708 First Ave. and parking from the garage on the bottom three floors of 708 First Av and parking lots on the river front and at 616 and 685 First Av, most of which seems to be intended to go to the East River Generating Station and adjacent properties along the East River near 14 Street, Community Board Six in a November 1999 resolution and consistently since then has argued that all of these actions are inextricably interrelated and must be considered together rather than segmented, in order to best understand their consequences and opportunities; and

Whereas, concurrent significant land use and transportation proposals within the ambit of Con Edison's project include:

1. The redesign and reconstruction of the 34 Street Viaduct and the rehabilitation of the FDR Drive between 25 and 42 Streets and, eventually, in the vicinity of 14 Street,
2. A gaggle of proposed buildings for the Bellevue/NYU campus,

3. The East Side Access project to bring LIRR service to Grand Central Terminal,~
4. The design and the continuation of construction of the Second Avenue Subway,
5. An effort, by the Economic Development Corporation, to anticipate the future needs of the United Nations in the community,
6. The expansion of East River ferry service, including the reconfiguration of the ferry landing and bus stop at 34 Street,
7. The completion of Stuyvesant Cove Park,
8. The redevelopment of various sites such as the south side of 34 Street between Second and Third Avenues and the west side of Second Avenue between 36 and 37 Streets;

And

Whereas, the Public Service Commission is likely to consider its decision as to the disposition of the Waterside properties through its institutional lens in terms of the value of the site for the production of energy compared to applying the proceeds of its sale to repaying investment and subsidizing operations; and

Whereas, Con Edison and FSM East River Associates LLC may intend the generic environmental analysis for the application for the disposition of the Waterside properties to also serve, with supplementation, for site specific environmental analysis of the rezoning application; and

Whereas, the Public Service Commission on or about 18 June 2002 released for comment a draft generic environmental impact statement concerning Con Edison's proposal to sell to FSM East River Associates LLC its Waterside properties; and

Whereas, the Public Service Commission may permit Con Edison to dispose of some or all of its properties at Waterside and may attach appropriate conditions to such disposition to protect the public interest; and

Whereas, although absent the anticipated rezoning application one can but adumbrate many of the impacts and possible mitigations of this project that may arise during the Uniform Land Use Review Procedure review of such an application; now

Therefore, be it

Resolved, that Community Board Six offers testimony on the following aspects of the DGEIS in keeping with the attached statements and resolutions:

- Land Use, Zoning, and Public Policy (DGEIS Section 2)
-- by Land Use Committee
- Socioeconomic Conditions (DGEIS Section 3)
-- by Housing and Homeless Services Committee
- Community Facilities and Services – Police (DGEIS Section 4)
-- by Public Safety, Environment, and Human Rights Committee

- Community Facilities and Services – Fire (DGEIS Section 4)
-- by Public Safety, Environment, and Human Rights Committee
- Community Facilities and Services – Schools (DGEIS Section 4)
-- by Youth and Education Committee
- Community Facilities and Services – Day Care (DGEIS Section 4)
-- by Youth and Education Committee
- Open Space and Recreation Facilities (DGEIS Section 5)
-- by Parks, Landmarks, and Cultural Affairs Committee
- Historic and Archaeological Resources – Architecture (DGEIS Section 7)
-- by Parks, Landmarks, and Cultural Affairs Committee
- Urban Design and Visual Resources (DGEIS Section 8)
-- by Land Use Committee
- Neighborhood Character (DGEIS Section 9)
-- by Land Use Committee
- Hazardous Materials (DGEIS Section 10)
-- by Public Safety, Environment, and Human Rights Committee
- Infrastructure – Electromagnetic Fields (DGEIS Section 11)
-- by Public Safety, Environment, and Human Rights Committee
- Traffic and Parking (DGEIS Section 12)
-- by Transportation Committee
- Pedestrians and Transit (DGEIS Section 13)
-- by Transportation Committee
- Air Quality (DGEIS Section 14)
-- by Public Safety, Environment, and Human Rights Committee
- Noise (DGEIS Section 15)
-- by Public Safety, Environment, and Human Rights Committee
- Coastal Zone Management (DGEIS Section 16)
-- by Transportation Committee and Parks, Landmarks, and Cultural Affairs Committee
- Alternatives – 6 FAR (DGEIS Section 19)
-- by Land Use Committee
- Alternatives – Adaptive Waterside Reuse (DGEIS Section 19)
-- by Land Use Committee

And be it further

Resolved, that Community Board Six asks the Public Service Commission to recognize the impacts described in this testimony and to consider alternatives and mitigation that would address these impacts; and be it further

Resolved, that Community Board Six recommends that, in the public's interest, the Public Service Commission impose the following conditions on the disposition of Con Edison's Waterside properties:

1. That 39 and 40 Streets between First Avenue and the FDR Drive service road be disposed of to the City to be remapped and used as streets,
2. That if space is needed along the east edge of the properties for the improvement of the FDR Drive it be provided to the New York State Department of Transportation,
3. That if a portion of the site is needed for office space or other purposes by the United Nations it be offered to the United Nations Development Corporation,
4. That there be commitments to provide off-site public open space including:
 - i. The esplanade between 38 and 42 Streets
 - ii. The esplanade between 13 and 15 Streets
 - iii. Enlarged and relocated ball fields between 16 and 18 Streets
 - iv. A deck over the FDR Drive between 38 and 41 Streets
 - v. Parks at the Queens Midtown Tunnel access block,
5. That school space be provided, probably pre-K through 5,
6. That the portions of the Waterside Generating Station built at the beginning of the 1900s not be destroyed before a serious and fair analysis of their reuse has been performed,
7. That the heights of new buildings be limited to 400 feet,
8. That the total zoning floor area of the project be substantially less than is being applied for,
9. That parking be limited to accessory parking and to approximately ten spaces per 100 apartments rather than the 20 spaces per 100 apartments currently allowed by the Zoning Resolution,
10. That 20 percent of the total apartments in the project be affordable under the 80:20 program, which qualifies the project for 421a real estate tax abatement,
11. That a portion of the disposition proceeds be set aside by the Public Service Commission to pay for such mitigation as off-site open space, the school, and historic restoration; and

And be it further

Resolved, that Community Board Six requests assurance that the scope of the environmental review of the anticipated rezoning application will not be limited or constrained by the environmental review of the application to the Public Service Commission.

PASSED: 34 in Favor, 0 Opposed, 1 Abstention, 2 Not Entitled



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MAY 2002

3a.

RE: Proposed 14th St. Station on the Second Avenue Subway

WHEREAS, the Metropolitan Transportation Authority/New York City Transit (MTA/NYCT) has requested the opinion of Community Board 6, Manhattan, on the alignment of a station within the board area, in the vicinity of East 14th Street for the proposed Second Avenue subway, for the Draft Environmental Impact Statement (DEIS), now in preparation; and

WHEREAS, this station on the new subway line is expected to have a construction impact from 800 to 1000 feet and platform of about 650 feet (three to four blocks long); and

WHEREAS, East 14th Street and Second Avenue is a significant cross-town surface transportation and pedestrian artery, a commercial and residential hub including local and regional economic activity, hospitals and medical facilities, and is both a point of origin and destination, essentially 24 hours a day; and

WHEREAS, there is a substantial residential population immediately north of 14th Street and east of First Avenue; and

WHEREAS, this station will serve as a transfer to/from the Carnarsie (L) line of the BMT, a major part of the subway system; and

WHEREAS, Stuyvesant Square Park, a designated New York City landmark, is on the north side of 15th Street, from Nathan D. Perlman to Rutherford Places; and

WHEREAS, policy and issues concerning access to the Second Avenue subway on the south side of, and south of, East 14th Street is for the deliberations of our colleagues on Community Board 3; now

THEREFORE, be it

RESOLVED, that Community Board 6, Manhattan, urges the Metropolitan Transportation Authority/New York City Transit (MTA/NYCT) to provide access to the proposed Second Avenue subway on the north side of 14th Street on both sides of Second Avenue; and be it further

RESOLVED, that similarly, access to the Second Avenue Subway should be provided from the south side of 15th Street from both sides of Second Avenue; and be it further

RESOLVED, design and construction of this station, and with all stations and components of the Second Avenue subway, will meet or exceed the standards of the Americans With Disabilities Act and will focus aggressively on issues of passenger safety and security.

PASSED: 38 in Favor, 1 Opposed, 1 Abstention, 0 Not Entitled

CITY OF NEW YORK
COMMUNITY BOARD SIX MANHATTAN

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January 2002

RE: RESTORATION WEEKEND SERVICE TO SIXTH AVENUE FROM THE 53rd STREET—THIRD AVENUE STATION OF THE INDEPENDENT SUBWAY

WHEREAS, the Metropolitan Transportation Authority/New York City Transit (MTA/NYCT) has made changes to the service at the 53rd Street and Third Avenue of the Independent subway (the only station fully within Community Board 6, Manhattan, at this time), beginning December 16, 2001; and

WHEREAS, these operational changes ended the 24 hour/7 day a week "F" 6th Avenue (Manhattan) service from this station and replaced it with the "V" service, which does not operate on weekends; and

WHEREAS, users of this station no longer have weekend access directly to Sixth Avenue and to lower Manhattan and Brooklyn; now

THEREFORE, be it

RESOLVED, Community Board 6, Manhattan, calls upon the Metropolitan Transportation Authority/New York City Transit to restore direct weekend service to Sixth Avenue, Manhattan, from the 53rd Street and Third Avenue station of the Independent subway.

PASSED: 37 in Favor, 0 Opposed, 0 Abstentions, 0 Not Eligible

CITY OF NEW YORK COMMUNITY BOARD SIX MANHATTAN

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January 2002

RE: 2ND AVENUE SUBWAY STATION ALIGNMENT IN THE VICINITY 23rd STREET

WHEREAS, the Metropolitan Transportation Authority / New York City Transit (MTA/NYCT) has requested the opinion of Community Board 6, Manhattan, on the alignment of a station within the board area, in the vicinity of East 23rd Street, for the proposed Second Avenue subway, for the Draft Environmental impact Statement; now in preparation; and

WHEREAS, 23rd Street is a major cross-town surface transportation and pedestrian artery; and

WHEREAS, east of Second Avenue has major residential concentrations both north and south of 23rd Street; and

WHEREAS, north of 23rd Street has a high density of medical and health care facilities running north along First Avenue and which should be accessible 24 hours a day, seven days a week; and

WHEREAS, between Second and Third Avenues, on and around 23rd Street, has a major concentration of educational institutions; now

THEREFORE, be it

RESOLVED, that the 23rd Station of the proposed Second Avenue subway be accessible from all four corners; and be it further

RESOLVED, that the north end of the station be as close to 27th Street as is practicable, so as to accommodate the 27th Street pedestrian way serving Bellevue Hospital; and be it further

RESOLVED, that in the design and construction of this station, and with all stations and components of the Second Avenue subway, that standards of the Americans With Disabilities Act will be complied with and similarly design will focus aggressively on passenger safety and security.

PASSED: 36 in Favor, 0 Opposed, 1 Abstentions, 0 Not Eligible

CITY OF NEW YORK

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January 2002

RE: 2ND AVENUE SUBWAY STATION ALIGNMENT IN THE VICINITY 34th STREET

WHEREAS, the Metropolitan Transportation Authority / New York City Transit (MTA/NYCT) has requested the opinion of Community Board 6, Manhattan, on the alignment of a station within the board area, in the vicinity of East 34th Street, for the proposed Second Avenue subway, for the Draft Environmental impact Statement (DEIS), now in preparation, and

WHEREAS, 34th Street is a major surface transportation pedestrian artery; and

WHEREAS, there is a substantial existing and growing residential population and significant medical and hospital uses along 34th Street east of Second Avenue; now

THEREFORE, be it

RESOLVED, that the 34th Street Station of the proposed Second Avenue subway have a major, center loading station, on the southeast corner of East 34th Street, and access from all four corners; and be it further

RESOLVED, that in the design and construction of this station, and with all stations and components of the Second Avenue subway, that standards of the Americans With Disabilities Act will be met and design will focus aggressively on passenger safety and security.

PASSED: 36 in Favor, 0 Opposed, 1 Abstentions, 0 Not Eligible

CITY OF NEW YORK

COMMUNITY BOARD SIX MANHATTAN

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January 2002

RE: 2ND AVENUE SUBWAY STATION ALIGNMENT IN THE VICINITY 42nd ST.

WHEREAS, the Metropolitan Transportation Authority/New York City Transit (MTA/NYCT) has requested the opinion of Community Board 6, Manhattan, on the alignment of a station within the board area, in the vicinity of East 42nd Street for the proposed Second Avenue subway, for the Draft Environmental Impact Statement (DEIS), now in preparation; and

WHEREAS, each of the stations on the new subway line are to be about 650 feet (between three to four blocks long); and

WHEREAS, East 42nd Street and Second Avenue is a major surface cross-town transportation artery, a major commercial and residential hub, including the United Nations Secretariat complex, and is both a point of origin and destination, essentially 24 hours a day; and

WHEREAS, there is an enormous residential population immediately north and south of 42nd Street and, in the near future, the expected addition of a major residential and/or office population south of 40th Street along First Avenue; and

WHEREAS, this station will serve as an access to Grand Central Terminal and as a connection to the 7 line of the Interborough Rapid Transit (IRT), both major elements of the City's rail transportation network; now

THEREFORE, be it

RESOLVED, that Community Board 6, Manhattan urges the Metropolitan Transportation Authority / New York City Transit (MTA/NYCT) to plan the southern most access to the 42nd Street station of the proposed Second Avenue subway on the south side of East 41st Street (between 40th and 41st Streets) on both sides of Second Avenue; and be it further

RESOLVED, that all four corners at 42nd Street and Second Avenue have access to the station; and be it further

RESOLVED, that the northern most access to the 42nd Street station be between 44th and 45th Streets, as close to 45th Street as is practicable, and accessible from both sides of Second Avenue; and be it further

RESOLVED, that direct access to Grand Central Terminal be examined, with special attention being directed to some form of "people mover" and a transfer to the 7 line of the Interborough Rapid Transit; and be it further

RESOLVED, that in the design and construction of this station, and with all stations and components of the Second Avenue subway, that standards of the Americans With Disabilities Act will be met and design will focus aggressively on passenger safety and security.

PASSED: 36 in Favor, 0 Opposed, 1 Abstentions, 0 Not Eligible

CITY OF NEW YORK

COMMUNITY BOARD SIX MANHATTAN

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November 2001

RE: East River Science Park—Land Disposition & Zoning Changes
(See C010708, C010709, C010712, C010713)

WHEREAS, at the July 11th community board meeting, Community Board Six voted to support the application seeking a zoning map change from R8 & R8 (C2-5) to C6-2 which permits commercial laboratories; and

WHEREAS, the applicant also requested that three other actions which sought permission to allow scientific research laboratory uses and parking garages at the rezoned site and authorization to dispose of property from HHC to EDC; and

WHEREAS, the community board did not support the three applications specific to the proposed development at the site because the board felt that it was premature to develop any portion of the Bellevue campus without an overall physical plan; and

WHEREAS, subsequent to the July 11th board resolution and vote, the applicant, the NYU School of Medicine (NYUSOM), retained the services of an architectural and planning firm, Ehrenkrantz, Ekstut & Kuhn (EEK) to develop a revised plan for the East River Science Park which sought to integrate that site within the entire Bellevue campus by providing a rational framework for development as well as a connection to the NYUSOM and hospital campus to the north; and

WHEREAS, Community Board Six worked closely with EEK in the development of such a physical plan; and

WHEREAS, the NYUSOM agreed to revise their ULURP application to reflect the planning goals developed by EEK, and to work with Community Board Six and other relevant city agencies, including HHC and Bellevue Hospital in order to implement the plan on the remainder of the Bellevue campus; and

WHEREAS, the plan developed by EEK takes a substantial step towards the establishment of a rational framework for future development of the Bellevue campus; and

WHEREAS. The NYU School of Medicine (NYUSOM) on August 17, 2001 has written a memorandum to Community Board Six agreeing to the following:

1. An easement or similar requirement for public access for the full term of its lease with the NYC Economic Development Corporation for East 29th Street, as it is developed, as part of the East River Science Park, as well as a north-south Street from East 30th Street at the north to the southern boundary of the East River Science Park; and
2. NYUSOM will agree in its lease with EDC that any modification to the project plan to increase the building footprint, building envelope, or floor area will be subject to a new ULURP; and

3. NYUSOM will provide CB6 with a site plan depicting phasing of buildings and amenities such as open space planned for each phase; and
4. NYUSOM will work with CB6 and others to explore with Bellevue Hospital, Health and Hospitals Corporation and relevant city agencies, the feasibility of developing East 28th Street as an emergency vehicle access to the Bellevue Hospital Emergency Room.; and

WHEREAS, the NYUSOM revised ULURP Plan does not indicate a possible future bridge connection at the end of former East 29th Street over the FDR Drive to the East River waterfront, including future access to the bridge from the street below; and

WHEREAS, the street below the eastern edge of the East River Science Park appears to be under the proposed deck above, and it will be a bleak and dangerous place unless the area is further developed in conjunction with the plaza above; and

WHEREAS, the revised ULURP plan indicates a weak and indirect connection to the Bellevue Hospital campus; now

THEREFORE, be it

RESOLVED, that Community Board Six rescinds its previous opposition to the East River Science Park and now gives conditional support for all four actions sought in the amended ULURP applications subject to the following resolves:

1. A Zoning Map amendment from R8 & R8(C2-5) to C6-2 to permit commercial laboratories and allow the applicant to seek a special permit to allow scientific and research facilities in C6-2.
2. The disposition of city owned property from the Dept. of Administrative Services to the Economic Development Corporation.
3. A special permit for scientific and research and development facilities pursuant to section 74-48 of the Zoning Resolution.
4. A special permit for accessory parking garages for 720 cars pursuant to section 13-561 of the Zoning Resolution; and be it further

RESOLVED, that Community Board Six requests that all city agencies directly involved with the future use and operation of the Bellevue Hospital medical complex, including Bellevue Hospital, HHC, and the NYUSOM, work cooperatively with Community Board Six towards the implementation of the planning principles developed in the EEK plan for the remaining parts of the Bellevue campus south of the East River Science Park. This includes the extension of the mid-block "street" to the south, studying the feasibility of utilizing East 28th Street as the primary access road for the Bellevue Hospital emergency room, and linking the campus to the East River promenade by bridging over the FDR Drive at East 29th Street; and be it further

RESOLVED, that Community Board Six have the following matters referred to the board for review and approval:

- A) All modifications to the approved ULURP plan whether deemed a minor or major modification,
- B) Any enhancements to the ULURP plan, including the delineation of public, usable open space, a detailed landscape plan, East 29th Street, the north-south pedestrian street and its connection to the Bellevue Hospital Campus, and the service street below,
- C) A detailed description of the public "street" easement for East 29th Street; and be it further

RESOLVED, that the revised ULURP plan indicate a future connection to the East River Promenade.

PASSED: 28 in Favor, 4 Opposed, 4 Abstentions, 1 Not Eligible

CITY OF NEW YORK

COMMUNITY BOARD SIX MANHATTAN

866 United Nations Plaza, Ste. 308 Phone: (212) 319-3750 Fax: (212) 319-3772 E-Mail: CB6MGOV@AOL.com
New York, NY 10017

OCTOBER 2001

RE: CB6 Statement on Bellevue Disposition by HHC

WHEREAS, the New York City Health and Hospitals Corporation proposes to transfer to the City of New York the northern two blocks of the Bellevue Hospital campus (generally bounded by First Avenue, 30th Street, the FDR Drive, and 28th Street) so that the City, through its Economic Development Corporation may dispose of the property for redevelopment and has scheduled a hearing on the subject for Thursday, October 18, 2001 at 6:00 pm at the Bellevue Hospital Center; and

WHEREAS, in November 1985, in response to a previous plan to dispose of this portion of the Bellevue campus, Community Board Six resolved "... that until a strategic plan has been developed for the Health and Hospitals Corporation as a whole and for Bellevue within the Corporation, it is premature to dispose of any of the Bellevue campus" and 16 years later Community Board Six is still unaware of any such plan; and

WHEREAS, in the absence of such a plan it is difficult to understand how the disposition of nearly half of its campus benefits Bellevue and the provision of health care in New York City; and

WHEREAS, the Economic Development Corporation and its selected sponsor of the redevelopment, the New York University School of Medicine, belatedly engaged Ehrenkrantz Eckstut & Kuhn who have, during the last two months, sketched a promising physical plan for the Bellevue/NYU campus which includes, among other things, the following features:

- Rebuilding 29th Street as a street providing pedestrian and vehicular access to the buildings that will flank it and rising slightly from First Avenue to the FDR Drive so as to allow extension in the future spanning the FDR Drive and providing pedestrian access to the esplanade along the East River,
- Building a midblock pedestrian way, at the level of First Avenue, providing north-south pedestrian circulation between NYU, via an open pedestrian bridge spanning 30th Street, and Bellevue and a substantial landscaped public open space in the heart of the campus,
- Creating a midblock service street, below the pedestrian way, for access to parking and to loading docks,
- Providing convenient pedestrian circulation along the east edge of the property and to the future pedestrian bridge at the foot of 29th Street,
- Maintaining 30th Street, which was demapped and is part of the site, as a street; and

WHEREAS, these features are generally consistent with the goals of the community but, because they are limited to the portion of the campus that is to be disposed of, do not include:

- Reestablishing 28th Street, at a width adequate for safe and convenient pedestrian and vehicular traffic, to serve the existing and new buildings, to provide better ambulance access to Bellevue's emergency room, to provide a convenient driveway to New Bellevue, and to encourage the existing and planned buildings on either side of the street to face each other rather than turn their backs on each other,
- Extending the connections at the ends of the midblock pedestrian way to provide effective formal access to NYU and to Bellevue,
- Extending the midblock service street to connect to 28th Street; and

WHEREAS, the current investments planned for the Bellevue / NYU campus, including Bellevue's new 200,000 square foot ambulatory care building, the Medical Examiner's new 320,000 square foot DNA lab, and NYU's new 180,000 square foot research building, if properly planned and coordinated are an opportunity to synergistically improve the campus; now

THEREFORE, be it

RESOLVED, that Community Board Six, in the apparent absence of a strategic plan for Bellevue, objects to the disposition of any part of the Bellevue campus; however, if the disposition proceeds without such a plan; be it further

RESOLVED, that Community Board Six believes that Ehrenkrantz Eckstut & Kuhn has identified a good physical plan for the Bellevue/NYU campus and requests that all of the agencies involved in the campus cooperate in the context of that plan so as to best realize all of the potential benefits of the redevelopment of the center of the campus, including not only the elements that will be developed on the property that is to be disposed of but also the reestablishment of 28th Street, provision of space for facilities which a strategic plan may identify as needed by Bellevue, extension of the midblock service street to connect with 28th Street, creation of attractive open spaces and continuation of the north-south pedestrian circulation to link the various parts of the campus, and views and access through the campus between the waterfront and the upland neighborhoods at every street; and be it further

RESOLVED, that with respect to the proposed disposition Community Board Six recommends specifically:

1. that the boundary of the property to be disposed of be relocated from the south edge of the former laundry building southward approximately 50 feet to align with the south face of the R & S building and the north edge of a reestablished 28th Street so that the north façade of the building that is planned between 28th and 29th Streets just east of the R & S building can be moved south to align with the south edge of 29th Street; and be it further
2. that the area of 30th Street (which although it appears to be a normal City street was demapped and is part of the campus) be disposed of to the City for use as a street rather than as part of the project site and be remapped as a City street.

PASSED: 32 in Favor, 2 Opposed, 0 Abstentions, and 2 not eligible

CITY OF NEW YORK

COMMUNITY BOARD SIX MANHATTAN

330 East 26th Street, New York, NY 10010-1997 Phone (212) 679-0907 Fax (212) 683-3749

FEBRUARY 2001

RE: To Adopt the Buckhurst, Fish & Jacquemart Report re the Con Edison Proposed Repowering at 14th Street.

WHEREAS, on behalf of Community Board Six and East Midtown Coalition for Sensible Development and in consultation with Community Board Three, East River Environmental Coalition, and Downtown Residents for Community Empowerment, a report paid for in part by an allocation of \$15,000 from the intervenor fund, titled *East River Repowering Project: Land Use Issues and Opportunities Report, January 2001* has been prepared by Buckhurst, Fish and Jacquemart; and

WHEREAS, Buckhurst, Fish and Jacquemart studied land use, zoning, and transportation issues in the vicinity of the East River Generating Station and the interconnection of steam lines; and

WHEREAS, the report recommends in phase one:

1. Consolidation and enlargement of community public recreation space in the area north of 16th Street,
2. Consolidation of Con Edison facilities in the area south of 16th Street,
3. Pedestrian access from 16th Street to the esplanade along the East River as near to the axis of 16th Street as is possible,
4. A much improved esplanade along the East River between 13th and 15th Streets by modifying the Con Edison fueling dock,
5. A landscaped median in Avenue C and improved crosswalks,
6. Screening of the transformer yard south of 14th Street,
7. Additional street trees and landscaping,

And in phase two, in conjunction with the projected rebuilding of the FDR Drive:

8. Relocation of the southbound exit of the FDR Drive from 15th Street to 14th Street,
9. Demapping of 15th Street between the FDR Drive and Avenue C to consolidate and enlarge the Con Edison campus between 14th and 16th Streets,
10. Extension of the landscaped median in Avenue C from 15th Street to 14th Street,
11. Relocation of the northbound exit of the FDR Drive to widen the esplanade along the East River near 16th Street and allow the pedestrian bridge from 16th Street to be located at 16th Street; and

WHEREAS, Buckhurst, Fish and Jacquemart is to be complimented on the perceptiveness of its vision and the reasonableness of its recommendations; now

THEREFORE, be it

RESOLVED, that Community Board Six adopts *East River Repowering Project: Land Use Issues and Opportunities Report, January 2001* prepared by Buckhurst, Fish and Jacquemart with the additional recommendations that:

1. The entire area north of 16th Street between the FDR Drive and Avenue C be mapped as a park in order to ensure its permanent public benefit as a community recreation area,
2. With the understanding that the East River facility is to be fueled by gas rather than oil, the fueling dock between 13th and 15th Street be eliminated, or greatly reduced, allowing a commodious esplanade between the East River Park and the Stuyvesant Cove Park,
3. With the understanding that the fueling dock can be removed, modified, or relocated so as to allow not only a proper esplanade but a wider right of way for the FDR Drive, the possibility of a full interchange between the FDR Drive and 14th Street be examined; and be it further

RESOLVED, that the remaining intervenor funds be sought to be made available to support Buckhurst, Fish and Jacquemart in assisting Con Edison, Community Board Six, and other interested parties and agencies to examine the opportunities identified in *East River Repowering Project: Land Use Issues and Opportunities Report, January 2001* and in this resolution; and be it further

RESOLVED, that Community Board Six expresses its great gratitude to Buckhurst, Fish and Jacquemart for its generosity in performing so great a scope of work and producing so thoughtful and comprehensive a report given the limited financial resources that were available to them.

PASSED: 30 in Favor, 0 Opposed, 0 Abstentions, 0 Present but not eligible to vote

CITY OF NEW YORK COMMUNITY BOARD SIX MANHATTAN

330 East 26th Street, New York, NY 10010-1997 Phone: (212) 679-0907 Fax: (212) 683-3749

OCTOBER 2000

RE: Con Edison

WHEREAS, Community Board Six, Community Board Three, East Midtown Coalition for Sensible Development, East River Environmental Coalition, and Downtown Residents for Community Empowerment applied to the New York State Public Service Commission for intervenor funds to study the effects on the community of the "repowering" of the East River Generating Station proposed by Con Ed; and

WHEREAS, from the \$300,000 of intervenor funds that are available, \$15,000 has been awarded to Community Board Six and East Midtown Coalition for Sensible Development to study land use, zoning, and transportation issues in the vicinity of the East River Generating Station and the interconnection of steam lines and \$243,000 has been awarded to Community Board Three and East River Environmental Coalition to study alternatives to the proposed repowering, impacts on air quality, health, environmental justice, and interconnections other than steam; and

WHEREAS, of the firms that were approached to study land use, planning and design issues, Buckhurst Fish and Jacquemart agreed to make a proposal and were interviewed at the May 3rd meeting of the Con Edison Subcommittee of the Land Use Committee of Community Board Six; and

WHEREAS, those in attendance at the interview, including members of Community Board Six and representatives of other interested groups, felt that Buckhurst Fish and Jacquemart proposed a creative and responsible approach to the issues and is well qualified to do the work; and

WHEREAS, Buckhurst Fish and Jacquemart has satisfactorily performed previous studies of Riverwalk and Airport Access for Community Board Six; and

WHEREAS, Buckhurst Fish and Jacquemart has revised its proposal to focus its efforts on the immediate vicinity of the East River Generating Station and to reduce the scope of its initial effort from the \$50,000 to \$75,000 proposed to the \$15,000 awarded and to include a preliminary investigation of steam interconnection issues; now

THEREFORE, be it

RESOLVED, that Community Board Six recommends that Buckhurst Fish and Jacquemart be engaged to study land use, zoning, and transportation issues in the vicinity of the East River Generating Station and the interconnection of steam lines as authorized by the New York State Public Service Commission.

PASSED: 39 in Favor, 0 Opposed, 1 Abstention, and 0 Present but not eligible to vote

CITY OF NEW YORK COMMUNITY BOARD SIX MANHATTAN

330 East 26th Street, New York, NY 10010-1997 (212) 679-0907 Fax 683-3749

DECEMBER 1999

RE: RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR EXPRESSIONS OF INTEREST (RFEI) BY THE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION (EDC) IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE HEALTH AND HOSPITALS CORPORATION (HHC) FOR THE REDEVELOPMENT OF SURPLUS PORTIONS OF THE BELLEVUE HOSPITAL CENTER BETWEEN EAST 28TH – 30TH STREETS

WHEREAS, the EDC has issued an RFEI in November 1999 for the disposition of portions of the north end of the Bellevue Hospital campus including the former Psychiatric Building, the former Laundry Building, and two adjacent parking areas, which requires submissions from interested developers on December 22, 1999; and

WHEREAS, Community Board Six in 1985 and 1986 participated with the Division of Real Property (DRP) in efforts to plan for the disposal of portions of the north end of the Bellevue campus; and

WHEREAS, Community Board Six on November 13, 1985, adopted a resolution with regard to the Bellevue Hospital Campus proposal with an addended twelve point list of planning and design goals (see attached), and many of the goals are relevant today; and

WHEREAS, the DRP in 1986 issued an RFEI for the northern portions of the Bellevue campus called "The Kips Bay Site" as part of a two stage solicitation of developers interested in the site. The second stage invited developers that adequately addressed the City's concerns for the site, to respond to a Request for Proposal (RFP); and

WHEREAS, the goal of the RFP was to select a developer who offered a proposal "which most thoroughly addresses the City's land use and design concerns" as well as the largest return on revenue, a developer was not selected, and the RFP was abandoned; and

WHEREAS, the Kips Bay RFEI had a large component of affordable hospital staff housing as a condition of the RFEI; and

WHEREAS, the HHC is a public benefit corporation and thus has a SEQR requirement to conduct a health care needs assessment to determine if the north part of the Bellevue campus is surplus property and therefore not needed by Bellevue Hospital; and

WHEREAS, neither the City of New York, nor the Department of City Planning has developed a long range plan for the "hospital zone" from East 23rd Street to East 34th Street, from First Avenue to the East River; and

WHEREAS, Community Board Six has not been consulted prior to the issuance of the current RFEI and therefore has had no input as to the appropriate community response to the planning or urban design goals and objectives for the disposition of the site; and

WHEREAS, the current RFEI permits the EDC and HHC to designate a developer without resorting to a second stage RFP; and

WHEREAS, the Psychiatric Building is a structure designed by the renowned architectural firm of McKim, Mead & White, and is on the New York State and Federal Registers as an historic structure; now

THEREFORE, BE IT

RESOLVED, that Community Board Six objects to the potential designation of a developer solely as a result of the RFEI, and requests that the EDC conduct a two stage process with a follow up RFP for acceptable developers; and be it further

RESOLVED, that HHC conduct a health care needs assessment as required under SEQRA and submit the results to Community Board Six to review prior to designation of a developer; and be it further

RESOLVED, the EDC and/or the Department of City Planning conduct a planning and urban design study for the "hospital zone" between East 23rd Street and East 34th Street, from First Avenue to the East River, in order to determine the best and most compatible land uses for the area; and be it further

RESOLVED, that EDC consult with Community Board Six at all stages of the planning process, as well as prior to the selection of a developer and the specific uses proposed; and be it further

RESOLVED, that the highest priority for the selection of a developer be given to the developer "which most thoroughly addresses the City's land use and design concerns" as originally proposed in the DRP in 1986; and be it further

RESOLVED, that the architecturally important Psychiatric building exterior be preserved.

PASSED: 27 IN FAVOR, 0 OPPOSED, 1 ABSTENTION, 0 PRESENT BUT NOT ELIGIBLE TO VOTE

CITY OF NEW YORK

COMMUNITY BOARD SIX MANHATTAN

330 East 26th Street, New York, NY 10010-1997 (212) 679-0907 Fax: 683-1749

APRIL 1999

**RE: "ZONING LOOPHOLES" DISTRIBUTION TO MANHATTAN
COMMUNITY BOARDS AND BOROUGH BOARD REFERRAL**

WHEREAS Community Board Six passed a resolution on 16 February 1999 which authorized the board to coordinate its efforts to implement the recommendations contained in the discussion document, "Zoning Loopholes" (rev. 27 Jan '99), prepared by Edward Rubin and John West; and

WHEREAS the Resolution calls on the Department of City Planning to review the recommendations contained in the document and to modify the Zoning Resolution to allow future development to better conform to neighborhood character, and

WHEREAS Community Board Six wishes to reach out to the other Manhattan community boards and have them suggest possible revisions to the Zoning Resolution which would reflect the unique qualities of their respective board areas as well as the quality of life issues which can be addressed in the Zoning Resolution; and

WHEREAS the preparation of a complete list of Manhattan community board concerns should be discussed and prepared at the Borough Board prior to a formal submission to the Department of City Planning for discussion and implementation by the department and the City Planning Commission, now

THEREFORE BE IT

RESOLVED that Community Board Six requests that the Manhattan community boards review the discussion document, "Zoning Loopholes" (rev. 27 Jan. '99), and develop lists of additional text and map modifications to the Zoning Resolution which would reflect the specific contextual and quality of life concerns of the respective Manhattan community boards, and

BE IT FURTHER

RESOLVED that Community Board Six calls on the Land Use Committee of the Manhattan Borough Board to coordinate the discussion and preparation of a general list of zoning issues contained in the Zoning Resolution which, if modified, would allow future development to better conform to neighborhood character and enhance the quality of life in our respective communities.

**PASSED: 36 IN FAVOR, 0 OPPOSED, 0 ABSTENTIONS AND 0 PRESENT BUT
NOT ELIGIBLE TO VOTE**

Draft Rev. #1: 27 January 1999

Zoning Loopholes

Prepared by: Edward Rubin
John West

1. Enact new Community Facility regulations which:
 - A) Eliminate the larger floor area ratios permitted for community facilities in R7 & R8 districts.
 - B) Eliminate rear yard encroachments (full extension into the rear yard below twenty three feet).
 - C) Redefine community facility uses such as medical offices, religious buildings, social service clinics, etc., particularly as it pertains to mid block locations.
2. Create a new R9 equivalent district in lieu of R10 for avenue locations in order to protect avenue tenements and other low rise structures.
3. In 10 FAR districts, eliminate all bonuses, particularly the plaza bonus.
4. The sale of development rights through zoning lot mergers which adds more than ten percent to the allowable floor area of the building portion of the site must require a Special Permit from the City Planning Commission.
5. Prohibit all transfers of development rights across district boundaries except by special permit.
6. Limit the sale of air rights over public buildings such as schools, police and fire stations, etc. Require ULURP for any such sale of air rights over public buildings.
7. Require tower on a base provisions at all C1-9 & C2-8 locations regardless of the distance from a wide street.
8. When a park exists continuously on one side of a narrow street, the street shall be considered a wide street for zoning purposes.
9. All avenue and wide street zones shall be mapped to a maximum depth of one hundred feet.
10. At all locations where the zoning permits ten FAR residential development on the entire block, rezone the mid blocks to contextual R7, R8, or R9.
11. Limit tower floor plates to no less than 30 percent of the buildable portion of the zoning lot

CITY OF NEW YORK

COMMUNITY BOARD SIX MANHATTAN

330 East 26th Street, New York, NY 10010-1997 (212) 679-0907 Fax 683-3749

FEBRUARY 1999

RE: ZONING LOOPHOLES

WHEREAS overbuilding on the East Side of Manhattan as well as other areas of the city is a serious problem affecting the quality of life of its residents, and

WHEREAS overbuilding affects sunlight, increases pedestrian and vehicular traffic, wind conditions at the street, the type and quality of commercial establishments, air quality, public safety, and other quality of life issues, and

WHEREAS the Zoning Resolution was written in 1961 and is in serious need of an overhaul, and

WHEREAS the discussion document, "Zoning Loopholes" has identified text and map provisions in the Zoning Resolution which generate excessive buildable floor area and inappropriate development, and

WHEREAS correcting these text and map sections contained in the Zoning Resolution will eliminate many of the zoning provisions which cause inappropriate and out of context buildings, and

WHEREAS "Zoning Loopholes" is meant as a discussion document for Zoning Resolution reforms, and in particular, raises the following eleven points:

1. Enact new Community Facility regulations which:
 - A. Eliminate the larger floor area ratios permitted for community facilities in R7 & R8 districts.
 - B. Eliminate rear yard encroachments (full extension into the rear yard below twenty-three feet).
 - C. Redefine community facility uses such as medical offices, religious buildings, social services clinics, etc., particularly as it pertains to mid block locations.

2. Create a new R9 equivalent district in lieu of R10 for avenue locations in order to protect avenue tenements and other low-rise structures.
3. In 10 FAR districts, eliminate all bonuses, particularly the plaza bonus.
4. The sale of development rights through zoning lot mergers which adds more than ten percent to the allowable floor area of the building portion of the site must require a Special Permit from the City Planning Commission.
5. Prohibit all transfers of development rights across district boundaries except by special permit.
6. Limit the sale of air rights over public buildings such as schools, police and fire stations, etc. Require ULURP for any such sale of air rights over public buildings.
7. Require tower on a base provisions at all C1-9 & C2-8 locations regardless of the distance from a wide street.
8. When a park exists continuously on one side of a narrow street, the street shall be considered a wide street for zoning purposes.
9. All avenue and wide street zones shall be mapped to a maximum depth of one hundred feet.
10. At all locations where the zoning permits ten FAR residential development on the entire block, rezone the mid blocks to contextual R7, R8, or R9.
11. Limit tower floor plates to no less than 30 percent of buildable portion of the zoning lot, now

THEREFORE BE IT,

RESOLVED that Community Board Six call on the Department of City Planning to review the list of "Zoning Loopholes" which identify text and map provisions which cause inappropriate and excessively large development potentials, and modify the Zoning Resolution to allow future development to better conform to neighborhood character, and

BE IT FURTHER,

RESOLVED that Community Board Six is authorized to coordinate its efforts to implement the removal of these "Zoning Loopholes" with other community boards and civic associations concerned with neighborhood quality and character, and zoning or development issues, and

PASSED: 30 IN FAVOR, 0 OPPOSED, 1 ABSTENTION AND 0 PRESENT BUT NOT ELIGIBLE TO VOTE

CITY OF NEW YORK

COMMUNITY BOARD NO. 6 MANHATTAN

330 East 26 Street, New York, N.Y. 10010-1997 (212) 679-0907

APRIL 1991

RE: ESRA REPORT ON COMMUNITY BOARD 6 SOUTH

WHEREAS, ESRA (East Side Rezoning Alliance), which now has a membership of 18 community organizations, was established in 1985 to achieve appropriate rezoning throughout the Community Board 6 area; and

WHEREAS, during the last three years ESRA, in consultation with Michael Kwartler and Associates, has prepared a study of the area approximately bounded by 14th Street, Park Avenue, 34th Street, and the East River, and has recently issued a report on that work; and

WHEREAS, the report presents a balanced plan for preservation and development that respects existing neighborhood character, including existing and proposed landmark districts and buildings, and recognizes the dearth of public open space in the area; and

WHEREAS, the report proposes rezoning most of the study area using contextual districts, a special planned community preservation district, and a hospital facilities district and includes recommendations concerning inclusionary housing and the limitation of zoning lot mergers; and

WHEREAS, in some instances, the report includes a range of recommendations reflecting the views of ESRA and Michael Kwartler and Associates; and

WHEREAS, in December, 1987, Community Board 6 supported, by a vote of 28 in favor, 2 opposed, and 2 abstaining, the rezoning from C6-3 to C1-9A of the east side - but not the west side - of Second Avenue between a half block north of 23rd Street and a half block south of 22nd Street in order to allow the economic redevelopment of the East End Temple site, now

THEREFORE, be it

RESOLVED, that Community Board 6 supports the ESRA report of Community Board 6 South: A Preservation and Development Plan, including the following recommendations (ii), (iii) and (v) which do not agree with the Michael Kwartler & Associates recommendations:

- (i) that the area at Second Avenue and 23rd Street remain C1-9A;

- (ii) that Third Avenue between 23rd and 34th Streets be rezoned C2-7A and C1-8A;
- (iii) that Irving Place between 15th and 18th Streets be rezoned R8B;
- (iv) that affordable housing provided under inclusionary housing be located within the same community board or one half mile of the development providing the affordable housing; and
- (v) that the area between 14th and 23rd Streets be rezoned C1-8A on Third Avenue; and be it further

RESOLVED, that Community Board 6 urges ESRA to submit its report to the Department of City Planning, and be it further

RESOLVED, that Community Board 6 requests the Department of City Planning to quickly initiate comprehensive zoning map and text changes to implement all of the recommendations of the report.

38 in favor, 0 opposed, 0 abstentions and 0 abstentions for cause.

CITY OF NEW YORK

COMMUNITY BOARD NO. 6 MANHATTAN

330 East 26 Street, New York, N.Y. 10010 (212) 679-0907

APPENDIX G
March 18, 1987

Re: Comments on proposed regulations pursuant to Section 421 (A) of the Real Property Tax Law

WHEREAS, the New York City Council has authorized the adoption of regulations to continue 421(a) tax incentive benefits for developers who build or have built or rehabilitated below market rate housing; and

WHEREAS, the Department of Housing Preservation and Development (HPD) has proposed regulations and published them for comment; and

WHEREAS, the proposed regulations permit the benefit to be give to market rate housing projects in the core area of Manhattan, i.e., between 14th and 96th Streets, for construction of below market rate housing outside the core; and

WHEREAS, the CB6 area is directly affected by these regulations;

THEREFORE, be it

RESOLVED, that CB6 submits the following comments for consideration by HPD:

1. CB6 has a consistent policy of opposition to 421(a) tax exemptions for luxury residential and commercial buildings, believing that exemptions are neither necessary nor desirable for development in our board area. Our participation in this comment process in no way alters or repudiates that position, but does reflect our desire to see that the greatest benefit possible be derived from the program once it is instituted.
2. As currently drafted, the regulations do not permit the offsite affordable units to be located inside the core area of Manhattan (the "geographic exclusion area"). CB6 favors maintaining an economic mix among residents of our area. Therefore, we recommend that the regulations be changed so as to encourage, rather than prohibit, selection of local sites for the below market housing.
3. We understand that HPD is trying to ensure that each building can maintain itself and build a reserve, and that the figures suggested are for maximum incomes and rents. Nevertheless we are concerned that the actual rents in the below market units will be too high. Since the regulations already use 80 percent of the median income of the metropolitan area, instead of the lower median of the City, we oppose also raising the maximum rent to 30 percent of income from the traditional 25 percent, and we favor a tiered system with the greater number of units available to households with the lower incomes at the lower rents.

In addition, we are aware that the Pratt Institute Center for Community and Environmental Development has stated in its comments that "initial rents of approximately half those proposed ... would still be sufficient to cover the ongoing maintenance and operating costs of a well managed low income rental or coop building". We urge HPD to consider the Pratt comments and figures carefully and to adjust rents downward wherever possible.

CITY OF NEW YORK

COMMUNITY BOARD NO. 6 MANHATTAN

330 East 26 Street, New York, N.Y. 10010 (212) 679-0907

4. To ensure that the targeted community is reached, and the benefits protected, we favor using New York City Housing Authority waiting lists as the primary source of tenants for the below market units, and we ask that the below market rents remain stabilized after the 421(a) exemption expires.
5. We propose that the Northern Boundary of the core area be extended to 116th Street.
6. We propose that the abatement period be limited to 10 years.

Carried: 34 in favor, 1 against, 2 abstaining (Reiss for cause)

CITY OF NEW YORK

COMMUNITY BOARD NO. 6 MANHATTAN

330 East 26 Street, New York, N.Y. 10010 (212) 679-0907

APPENDIX A

March 11, 1987

Re: Inclusionary Housing Program

WHEREAS, New York City is in the throes of an acknowledged housing crisis which diminishes our greatness and humanity; and

WHEREAS, the Mayor has indicated the solving of this crisis to be his number one priority; and

WHEREAS, he has mandated that the City Planning Commission and its Department of City Planning, a policy-making agency, join the operating agencies in solving this crisis; and

WHEREAS, the tools available to the City Planning Commission to solve the housing crisis are limited to the provisions and legalities of the Zoning Resolution; and

WHEREAS, the City Planning Commission can set a tone and direction for the operating agencies; and

WHEREAS, the building of nothing but luxury housing in Manhattan and the resultant gentrification of many Manhattan neighborhoods is causing a loss of diversified neighborhoods; and

WHEREAS, therefore, the Department of City Planning has proposed an Inclusionary Housing Program (Inclusionary Zoning) as an **experiment** in trying to promote and encourage the building of affordable housing units; and

WHEREAS, following the initial proposal of the Inclusionary Housing Program, the City Planning Commission invited and considered comments from affected Community Boards; and

WHEREAS, in response to those comments, the City Planning Commission has proposed changes in the Inclusionary Housing Program so as to address many of the concerns voiced by the Community Boards; and

WHEREAS, Community Board 6 had identified eight concerns regarding the original proposal; and WHEREAS, seven of those concerns have been met in part or in whole -- with the exception of reducing the half-mile radius; and

WHEREAS, it is the sense of Community Board 6 that the proposal as revised is still an imperfect but worthwhile experiment in the ongoing effort to increase the number of affordable housing units;

THEREFORE, be it

CITY OF NEW YORK

COMMUNITY BOARD NO. 6 MANHATTAN

330 East 26 Street, New York, N.Y. 10010 (212) 679-0907

RESOLVED, that Community Board 6 Manhattan supports the Inclusionary Housing Program as revised; and be it further

RESOLVED, that the City Planning Commission is requested to consider the following points in connection with the Inclusionary Housing Program:

1. That those units which generate the bonus be subject to Rent Stabilization, but that Rent Stabilization be applied in a manner that will not deprive the beneficiaries of the Inclusionary Housing Program of the intended benefits of that program; and
2. That the Department of Housing Preservation & Development implement appropriate guidelines to insure that the affordable units remain occupied by low and moderate income tenants, and not by tenants whose incomes rise substantially above low and moderate levels; and
3. That at any review of this program a reduction of the half-mile radius once again be considered but under no circumstances should this radius ever be increased.

COMMUNITY BOARD NO. 6 MANHATTAN

Appendix C

031185

November 13, 1985

Re: Bellevue Hospital Campus Proposal

WHEREAS, Bellevue is a world-class institution providing health-care on the leading edge of the medical profession to the President of the United States as well as to the indigent population of New York and serves the entire Metropolitan area; and

WHEREAS, it is the understanding of Community Board 6 that housing for the nursing staff is needed as a recruitment and retention tool, without which the hospital operates at a disadvantage expending needless recruitment dollars to hire nurses; and

WHEREAS, it is also Community Board 6's understanding that housing is needed as a recruitment tool for the doctors on the house staff, without which Bellevue will lose some of its attractiveness as a training institution of choice and therefore threaten its position as one of the great medical institutions in this city; and

WHEREAS, we have been advised by Arthur D. Little, the consultant hired by the Bellevue Site Planning Task Force, of which Community Board 6 is a member, that there has been no long-range plan established for Bellevue Hospital and that strategic planning is needed for the Health and Hospitals Corporation and is required to determine Bellevue's immediate and future health-care and land use needs; and

WHEREAS, in anticipation of the city's proposed disposition of 2 million square feet of the remaining 2.8 million square feet of development rights; be it

RESOLVED, that Community Board 6 urges that until a strategic plan has been developed for the Health and Hospitals Corporation as a whole and for Bellevue within the Corporation, it is premature to dispose of any of the Bellevue Campus.

Should it be determined as a result of the strategic planning for the Health and Hospitals Corporation and for Bellevue that there is surplus land on the Bellevue Campus, Community Board 6 recommends that no more than 1.8 million square feet of development rights be disposed of, retaining 1 million square feet of development rights for Bellevue's future needs---those needs which would arise beyond the time limit of the strategic planning.

Community Board 6 recommends that the development of the 1.8 million square feet of development rights:

1. Include 1,000 units of less-than-market rate housing---with the first priority on this housing to satisfy Bellevue's needs for staff housing.
2. Provide for a more efficient hospital plant and infrastructure.
3. Be developed consistent with the twelve planning and design goals listed in the ADDENDUM to this resolution.
4. That the development not exceed or violate the current zoning.

COMMUNITY BOARD NO. 6 MANHATTAN

5. That consideration be given to the right of first refusal on the market rate housing to the Bellevue staff.

BE IT FURTHER,

RESOLVED, to encourage the maximum creativity amongst the development community responding to the proposed disposition and to permit input from the affected community organizations and the Community Board, Community Board 6 requests that the Division of Real Property (DRP) issue the request for responses to this proposed disposition as an RFEI (Request for Expressions of Interest) rather than the normal RFP (Request for Proposals).

CARRIED: 35 in favor, 1 against, 0 abstaining.

COMMUNITY BOARD NO. 6 MANHATTAN

ADDENDUM

RESOLVED, that the following goals be satisfied in any plan, disposition or redevelopment of the Bellevue campus:

1. That adequate land area and floor area be reserved for future expansion of Bellevue;
2. That the "new" Bellevue building and access to it become more visible from First Avenue;
3. That the identity and location of Bellevue be re-established on First Avenue - perhaps by replacing the existing parking garage with an entry plaza and re-establishing the entrance through the center of the facade of the old hospital that would be visible once again;
4. That obsolete space still occupied by Bellevue be replaced by efficient new or rehabilitated space;
5. That to the greatest possible extent existing buildings be reused rather than demolished, specifically preservation and rehabilitation of the Psychiatric Building;
6. That the location and shape of new buildings and open spaces be coordinated so as to visually define public spaces and circulation and to relate to the neighboring urban context;
7. That, although buildings may contain more than one use, streets and public areas serving the hospital be distinct from those serving other uses.
8. That existing and new streets and their fronting buildings be designed with consideration of lighting, visibility, lobbies, service, parking, ground floor uses, and other factors to be interesting and safe;
9. That the amount of useful and attractive public open space or parks be increased along with provision for continuing operation and maintenance;
10. That the redevelopment of the campus avoid both the reality and the appearance of excessive density; including abiding by the R8 zoning; remembering that the "streets" are not excluded; providing enough buildable land that the new buildings do not seem excessively large; and preparing urban design controls to minimize the apparent bulk of new buildings.
11. That uses and circulation be planned to minimize traffic conflicts both on the campus and in the adjacent neighborhood, including the routing of emergency vehicles and the generation of new trips, such as laundry trucks and visitor or staff parking, and
12. That Community Board 6's policy of access --- visual and/or physical --- to the East River waterfront be met where practical.

APPENDIX C: Correspondence

Correspondence with City Agencies	Page
Honorable George Pataki, New York State Governor	1
New York City Department of City Planning	2
New York City Department of Education	3
New York City Department of Mental Health and Hygiene	4
New York City Department of Parks and Recreation	6
New York City Department of Transportation	9
New York City Economic Development Corporation	10
New York City Landmarks Preservation Commission	11
New York City Transit Authority	12
Local Community Groups	13

See following pages for letters and responses received.



MANHATTAN COMMUNITY BOARD SIX

866 United Nations Plaza – Ste. 308, New York, NY 10017

Phone: (212) 319-3750 Fax: (212) 319-3772

E-mail mancb6@verizon.net

Ellen L.

Timothy McGinn
Chair

Carol A. Schachter
First Vice Chair

Claude L. Winfield
Second Vice Chair

Harry Edward Ursillo
Secretary

Beatrice Disman
Treasurer

April 14, 2003

Toni Carlina
District Manager

Hon. George Pataki
The Governor
The Executive Chamber
Capital
Albany, NY 12224

Re: 197-a Plan for areas of CB6, east of 2nd Avenue

Dear Governor Pataki:

Enclosed please find a resolution passed by Community Board Six concerning the above captioned matter.

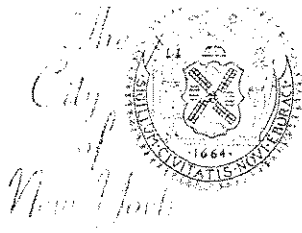
If there are any questions pertaining to this resolution, please contact the Board Office at (212) 319-3750

Sincerely,

Toni Carlina
District Manager

Encl.
cc:

Hon. C. Virginia Fields
Hon. Carolyn Maloney
Hon. Liz Krueger
Hon. Tom Duane
Hon. Steve Sanders
Hon. Richard Gottfried
Hon. Jonathan Bing
Hon. Gifford Miller
Hon. Margarita Lopez
Hon. Christine Quinn
Hon. Eva Moskowitz



MANHATTAN COMMUNITY BOARD SIX

866 United Nations Plaza – Ste. 308, New York, NY 10017

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Web site cb6mnyc.org

Timothy McGinn
Chair

Carol A. Schachter
First Vice Chair

Claude L. Winfield
Second Vice Chair

Harry Edward Ursillo
Secretary

Beatrice Disman
Treasurer

Toni Carlina
District Manager

March 3, 2004

Amanda M. Burden
Chair
Department of City Planning
22 Reade Street
New York, NY 10007

Dear Ms. Burden:

This letter is to inform you that Manhattan Community Board No. 6, under the authority granted to it by Section 197-a of the Charter of the City of New York, intends to submit a community plan, *Community Board 6: Planning for Second Avenue to the Waterfront*, about mid-year 2004.

We appreciate the help and guidance given by City Planning staff during our preliminary discussions. Our 197-a committee expects to complete the plan and present it at a public hearing within the next several months.

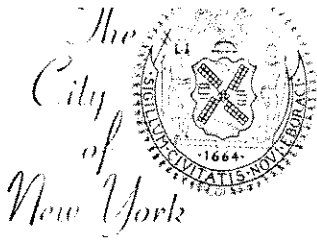
We look forward to your continuing cooperation in this matter.

Sincerely,

Timothy J. McGinn
Chair

Toni Carlina
District Manager

Cc. Ellen Imbimbo ✓
Ed Rubin



MANHATTAN COMMUNITY BOARD SIX

866 United Nations Plaza – Ste. 308, New York, NY 10017

Phone: (212) 319-3750 - Fax: (212) 319-3772

E-mail: mancb6@verizon.net

Web site: cb6mny.org

Timothy J. McGinn
Chair

June 24, 2004

Toni Carlina
District Manager

Carol A. Schachter
First Vice Chair

Claude L. Winfield
Second Vice Chair

Harry Edward Ursillo
Secretary

Beatrice Disman
Treasurer

Mr. Joel L. Klein
Chancellor
NYC Department of Education
52 Chambers St.
New York, NY 10007

Dear Chancellor Klein:

This letter is to notify your agency that Manhattan Community Board 6, under the authority granted to it by Section 197-a of the NYC Charter requests that your agency review and offer comments on the Board's 197-a Plan, which was adopted by Community Board 6 at its meeting on June 9, 2004 (see enclosed CD, and attached appendices).

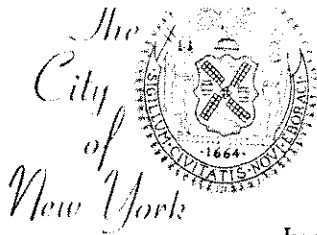
The study area includes 14th to 59th Streets, from just west of Second Avenue over to the East River. The area under study is one in which there is a remarkable amount of activity. The proposed new UN building, the development of the Con Edison site in the 30's along First Avenue, the new Second Avenue Subway, and the reconstruction of the FDR Drive afforded an unprecedented opportunity for Community Board 6 to develop its vision for the area in one Plan. Although we may deal with your agency on an ongoing basis, we want all the City agencies involved in these projects to be aware of our Plan and Recommendations. We very much welcome the comments of your agency and request that we receive them by **July 31, 2004**.

Please call us if you have any questions. Thanking you in advance,

Sincerely,

Timothy McGinn
Chair, CB6

Ellen Imbimbo
Chair, 197-a Plan Sub-Committee
Land Use Committee



MANHATTAN COMMUNITY BOARD SIX

866 United Nations Plaza – Ste. 308, New York, NY 10017

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Web site: cb6mny.org

June 24, 2004

Timothy J. McGinn
Chair

Carol A. Schachter
First Vice Chair

Claude L. Winfield
Second Vice Chair

Harry Edward Ursillo
Secretary

Beatrice Disman
Treasurer

Mr. Thomas R. Frieden
Commissioner
The Department of Public Health
125 Worth St.
New York, NY 10013

Toni Carlina
District Manager

Dear Commissioner Frieden:

This letter is to notify your agency that Manhattan Community Board 6, under the authority granted to it by Section 197-a of the NYC Charter requests that your agency review and offer comments on the Board's 197-a Plan, which was adopted by Community Board 6 at its meeting on June 9, 2004 (see enclosed CD, and attached appendices).

The study area includes 14th to 59th Streets, from just west of Second Avenue over to the East River. The area under study is one in which there is a remarkable amount of activity. The proposed new UN building, the development of the Con Edison site in the 30's along First Avenue, the new Second Avenue Subway, and the reconstruction of the FDR Drive afforded an unprecedented opportunity for Community Board 6 to develop its vision for the area in one Plan. Although we may deal with your agency on an ongoing basis, we want all the City agencies involved in these projects to be aware of our Plan and Recommendations. We very much welcome the comments of your agency and request that we receive them by **July 31, 2004**.

Please call us if you have any questions. Thanking you in advance,

Sincerely,

Timothy McGinn
Chair, CB6

Ellen Imbimbo
Chair, 197-a Plan Sub-Committee
Land Use Committee

THE CITY OF NEW YORK
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE
OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER



125 WORTH STREET, CN-28
NEW YORK, NY 10013
NYC.GOV/HEALTH

RECEIVED

AUG 19 2004

CB6M

THOMAS R. FRIEDEN, M.D., M.P.H.
COMMISSIONER
TEL (212) 788-5261
FAX (212) 964-0472

August 16, 2004

Timothy McGinn, Chair
Ellen Imbimbo, Chair, 197-a Plan Sub-Committee
Land Use Committee
Manhattan Community Board Six
866 United Nations Plaza, Ste. 308
New York, NY 10017

Dear Mr. McGinn and Ms. Imbimbo:

Thank you for your letter of June 24, 2004, and copy of Community Board Six's adopted 197-a Plan. At this time, the New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene does not offer any comment, but I appreciate having been given the opportunity to review the Plan.

Good luck in your plans for the continued improvement of the East Side of Manhattan.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Thomas R. Frieden".

Thomas R. Frieden, M.D., M.P.H.
Commissioner

TRF/dk



MANHATTAN COMMUNITY BOARD SIX

866 United Nations Plaza - Ste. 308, New York, NY 10017

Phone: (212) 319-3750 - Fax: (212) 319-3772

E-mail: mancb6@verizon.net

Web site: cb6mny.org

Timothy J. McGinn
Chair

June 24, 2004

Carol A. Schachter
First Vice Chair

Claude L. Winfield
Second Vice Chair

Harry Edward Ursillo
Secretary

Beatrice Disman
Treasurer

Mr. Adrian Benepe
Commissioner
Dept. of Parks & Recreation
The Arsenal
New York, 10021

Toni Carlina
District Manager

Dear Commissioner Benepe:

This letter is to notify your agency that Manhattan Community Board 6, under the authority granted to it by Section 197-a of the NYC Charter requests that your agency review and offer comments on the Board's 197-a Plan, which was adopted by Community Board 6 at its meeting on June 9, 2004 (see enclosed CD, and attached appendices).

The study area includes 14th to 59th Streets, from just west of Second Avenue over to the East River. The area under study is one in which there is a remarkable amount of activity. The proposed new UN building, the development of the Con Edison site in the 30's along First Avenue, the new Second Avenue Subway, and the reconstruction of the FDR Drive afforded an unprecedented opportunity for Community Board 6 to develop its vision for the area in one Plan. Although we may deal with your agency on an ongoing basis, we want all the City agencies involved in these projects to be aware of our Plan and Recommendations. We very much welcome the comments of your agency and request that we receive them by **July 31, 2004**.

Please call us if you have any questions. Thanking you in advance,

Sincerely,

Timothy McGinn
Chair, CB6

Ellen Imbimbo
Chair, 197-a Plan Sub-Committee
Land Use Committee



City of New York
Parks & Recreation

The Arsenal
Central Park
New York, New York 10021

Adrian Benepe
Commissioner

Joshua R. Laird
Chief of Planning

(212) 360-3402
joshua.laird@parks.nyc.gov

July 30, 2004

Mr. Timothy McGinn & Ms. Ellen Imbimbo
Manhattan Community Board 6
866 United Nations Plaza, Suite 308
New York, NY 10017

RECEIVED

AUG - 2 2004

CB6M

Dear Mr. McGinn and Ms. Imbimbo,

Thank you for giving the New York City Department of Parks and Recreation (Parks) the opportunity to review the 197-A plan for Community Board 6. We commend your efforts, and are pleased to see that we share many of the same priorities for waterfront access and park improvements in this reach of the East River waterfront. Please see our comments below.

- **East River Esplanade**

The 197-A plan recommends the completion of a continuous waterfront esplanade along the entire CB6 waterfront. As you know, the creation of a continuous esplanade is a very high priority for the City and for the Parks Department. We will continue to work with NYSDOT, EDC, DCP, the UN, and CB6 to make this vision a reality. We concur with CB6 that making the current FDR outboard detour roadway permanent could provide a good opportunity to continue the esplanade, and further study of this scenario is desirable.

- **Open Space Acquisition**

Recognizing the lack of parkland in CB6, in general we support the goal of acquiring new land for public open space.

- **Queens Midtown Tunnel Opportunities**

We have spoken to the MTA about the possibility of creating park decks over the mouth of the Queens Midtown Tunnel as mitigation for the Second Avenue Subway alienation at St. Vartan Park. The MTA's preliminary feedback has been that this is not advisable due to security and venting constraints.

- **FDR Drive Reconstruction**

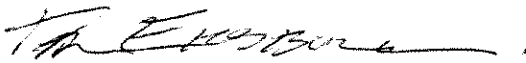
The 197-A plan recommends the creation of new parks in conjunction with the FDR Drive reconstruction. We support this goal in concept, although jurisdiction of new open spaces will need to be determined by Parks, DCP, and SDOT on a case-by-case basis.

- **Robert Moses Playground**

We are working intently with the UNDC and others to ensure that adequate mitigation is provided if the Robert Moses Playground ballfield is taken for the UN Consolidation Building. With the help of CB6, we have developed a plan that replaces the area of the park threefold. We look forward to a continued dialog on this issue as the project advances through the State Legislature and into more detailed design.

Please feel free to call me with any questions at (212) 360-3493.

Sincerely,



Paul Ersboll

cc:

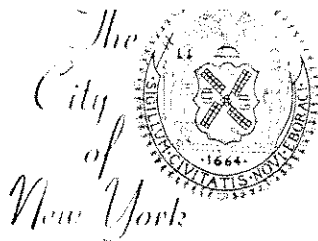
William Castro

Joshua Laird

Bob Redmond

Jennifer Hoppa

Johanna Freeman



MANHATTAN COMMUNITY BOARD SIX

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Phone: (212) 319-3750 - Fax: (212) 319-3772

E-mail: mancb6@verizon.net

Web site cb6mny.org

Timothy J. McGinn
Chair

June 24, 2004

Toni Carlina
District Manager

Carol A. Schachter
First Vice Chair

Claude L. Winfield
Second Vice Chair

Harry Edward Ursillo
Secretary

Beatrice Disman
Treasurer

Ms. Iris Weinshall
Commissioner
Department of Transportation
40 Worth St.
New York, NY 10013

Dear Commissioner Weinshall:

This letter is to notify your agency that Manhattan Community Board 6, under the authority granted to it by Section 197-a of the NYC Charter requests that your agency review and offer comments on the Board's 197-a Plan, which was adopted by Community Board 6 at its meeting on June 9, 2004 (see enclosed CD, and attached appendices).

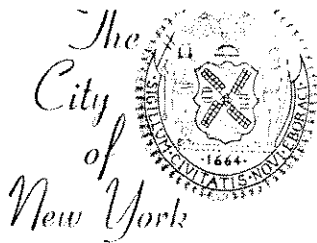
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Please call us if you have any questions. Thanking you in advance,

Sincerely,

Timothy McGinn
Chair, CB6

Ellen Imbimbo
Chair, 197-a Plan Sub-Committee
Land Use Committee



MANHATTAN COMMUNITY BOARD SIX

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Web site cb6mny.org

Timothy J. McGinn
Chair

June 24, 2004

Toni Carlina
District Manager

Carol A. Schachter
First Vice Chair

Claude L. Winfield
Second Vice Chair

Harry Edward Ursillo
Secretary

Beatrice Disman
Treasurer

Mr. Andrew Alper
Commissioner
NYC Economic Development Corp.
110 William St.
New York, NY 10038

Dear Commissioner Alper:

This letter is to notify your agency that Manhattan Community Board 6, under the authority granted to it by Section 197-a of the NYC Charter requests that your agency review and offer comments on the Board's 197-a Plan, which was adopted by Community Board 6 at its meeting on June 9, 2004 (see enclosed CD, and attached appendices).

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Please call us if you have any questions. Thanking you in advance,

Sincerely,

Timothy McGinn
Chair, CB6

Ellen Imbimbo
Chair, 197-a Plan Sub-Committee
Land Use Committee

**MANHATTAN COMMUNITY BOARD SIX**

866 United Nations Plaza - Ste. 308, New York, NY 10017

Phone: (212) 319-3750 - Fax: (212) 319-3772

E-mail: mn06@cb.nyc.govWeb site cb6mny.org**Carol A. Schachter**
*Chair***Claude L. Winfield**
*First Vice Chair***Lyle Frank**
*Second Vice Chair***Harry Edward Ursillo**
*Secretary***Beatrice Disman**
Treasurer

November 2, 2005

Toni Carlina
*District Manager***Mr. Robert B. Tierney**
Chair
Landmarks Preservation Commission
1 Center Street 9th Floor
New York, NY 10017

Dear Mr. Tierney:

This letter is to notify your agency that Manhattan Community Board Six, under the authority granted to it by Section 197-a of the NYC Charter requests that your agency review and offer comment on the Board's 197-a Plan, which was adopted by Community Board 6; see enclosed Plan on CD.

This study area includes 14th to 59th Streets, from just west of Second Avenue over to the East River. The area under study is one in which there is a remarkable amount of activity. The proposed new UN building, the development of the Con Edison site in the 30's along First Avenue, the new Second Avenue Subway, and the reconstruction of the FDR Drive afforded an unprecedented opportunity for Community Board 6 to develop its vision for the area in one Plan. Although we may deal with your agency on an ongoing basis, we want all the City agencies involved in these projects to be aware of our Plan and recommendations. We very much welcome the comments of your agency and request that we receive them as soon as possible.

Please call if you have any questions. Thanking you in advance.

Yours truly,

Handwritten signature of Carol A. Schachter.

Carol A. Schachter
Chair, CB6

Handwritten signature of Ellen Imbimbo.

Ellen Imbimbo
Chair, 197-a Plan Sub-Committee
Land Use Committee

Enc.

**MANHATTAN COMMUNITY BOARD SIX**

866 United Nations Plaza - Ste. 308, New York, NY 10017

Phone: (212) 319-3750 - Fax: (212) 319-3772

E-mail: mn06@cb.nyc.govWeb site: cb6mny.org**Carol A. Schachter**
*Chair***Claude L. Winfield**
*First Vice Chair***Lyle Frank**
*Second Vice Chair***Harry Edward Ursillo**
*Secretary***Beatrice Dismar**
*Treasurer***Toni Carlini**
District Manager

November 2, 2005

Mr. Lawrence G. Reuter
President
MTA New York City Transit
2 Broadway
New York, NY 10004

Dear Mr. Reuter:

This letter is to notify your agency that Manhattan Community Board Six, under the authority granted to it by Section 197-a of the NYC Charter requests that your agency review and offer comment on the Board's 197-a Plan, which was adopted by Community Board 6; see enclosed Plan on CD.

This study area includes 14th to 59th Streets, from just west of Second Avenue over to the East River. The area under study is one in which there is a remarkable amount of activity. The proposed new UN building, the development of the Con Edison site in the 30's along First Avenue, the new Second Avenue Subway, and the reconstruction of the FDR Drive afforded an unprecedented opportunity for Community Board 6 to develop its vision for the area in one Plan. Although we may deal with your agency on an ongoing basis, we want all the City agencies involved in these projects to be aware of our Plan and recommendations. We very much welcome the comments of your agency and request that we receive them as soon as possible.

Please call if you have any questions. Thanking you in advance.

Yours truly,

Carol A. Schachter
Chair, CB6**Ellen Imbimbo**
Chair, 197-a Plan Sub-Committee
Land Use Committee

Enc.

OCT 08 2003

CB6M

October 8, 2003

(Community Group Contact)

Subject:

Community Board 6 – Proposed 197-A Plan

*This letter went
out Oct. 9th
to the attached
list*

Dear :

As you know, our community – especially Second Avenue and east – is under tremendous pressure from a range of proposed projects: the Second Avenue subway, a proposed new UN building, the Con Edison site, and reconstruction of the FDR Drive.

Community Board 6 has hired a consultant, Buckhurst, Fish, Jacquemart to develop a concept plan for the area of our Community Board. The plan will focus on land use, transportation, open space and urban design. When completed in 6-8 months, we are hoping the plan and its elements will be adopted by the City Planning Commission for additional study and eventual incorporation into New York City codes.

The 197-A Subcommittee of the Land Use Committee will be overseeing the plan as it develops and will meet the first Wednesday of every month right before the Land Use Committee meeting. We invite you to name a liaison to the Subcommittee so that you can be represented at the meetings, and can receive reports on the work of the Subcommittee. We welcome your feedback.

Please let us know the name of your designate and watch the Land Use agenda for the next meeting of the 197-A Subcommittee. We look forward to seeing your representative there.

Sincerely,

Ellen Imbimbo

Chair,

197-A Subcommittee of the Land Use Committee

COMMUNITY ORGANIZATIONS IN THE BOARD SIX AREA

Beekman Place Association

30 Beekman Place
New York, NY 10022
Buddy Radisch

Bellevue South Community Assoc.

40 Waterside Plaza, #31-A
New York, NY 10010
Maxine McIntosh

East Side Rezoning Alliance

50 Park Avenue
New York, NY 10016
Irene Peveri

East 22nd Street Block Assoc.

60 Gramercy Park
New York, NY 10010
Edith Charlton

East Midtown Coalition for Sensible Development

527 3rd Avenue, Box 39
New York, NY 10016
Edan Unterman

East Midtown Plaza

320 East 25th St., #2CC
New York, NY 10010-3140
Jerrold Fox

Friends of Dag Hammarskjold Plaza

847 Second Ave. #129
New York, NY 10017
Mike Butler

Friends of St. Varten Park

P.O. Box 1106
Murray Hill Station
New York, NY 10016
Roxie Cherishian

Gramercy Neighborhood Associates

P.O. Box 678
Madison Square Station
Nordal McWethy

Gramercy Park Block Association

23 Gramercy Park South
New York, NY 10003
Arlene Harrison

Manhattan East Community Assoc.

415 East 37th Street
New York, NY 10016
Fred Arcaro

no

Murray Hill Neighborhood Assoc.

36 East 36th Street, Box Roof 8
New York, NY 10016
Steve Weingrad
<http://www.murrayhill.org>

Phipps Plaza East Tenants Association

485 Second Avenue
New York, NY 10016

no

Stuyvesant Cove Park Association

P.O. Box 178
New York, NY 10009
Marty Barrett
www.Stuyvesantcove.org

Stuyvesant Park Neighborhood Association

P.O. Box 1320
Cooper Station
New York, NY 10003
Carol Schachter

no

Stuyvesant Town Tenants Association

525 East 14th Street
New York, NY 10009
Al Doyle

Sutton Area Community

405 East 54th Street
New York, NY 10022
Mary Claire Bergin
New York, NY 10159

Tudor City Associaton

5 Tudor Place
New York, NY 10017
George Brown

Turtle Bay Association

224 East 47th Street
New York, NY 10017
William Curtis
<http://tutlebay-nyc.org>

APPENDIX A: 197a Plan Goals

According to subsection 4.020b of Section 197a of the New York City Charter: “A plan shall set forth goals, objectives, purposes, policies or recommendations that are within the legal authority of the City to undertake.” The following items are recommendations by Community Board 6 that concern the United Nations. While physically part of New York City, the UN is located on sovereign land which is not technically part of New York City and therefore recommendations concerning the UN are not within the legal authority of the City to undertake. Community Board 6 acknowledges this fact and urges the City to seek ways in which to work cooperatively with the UN achieve the following two goals:

- Encourage City’s partnership with UN International School to provide outboard access around the school (while recognizing UNIS security concerns);
- Where feasible on UN sovereign land, enable public access to the UN Park (CB 6 resolution April 1991).

Additional items that are beyond the authority of the City include:

- Any new buildings within the Special Public Access District should provide waterfront mitigation and maintenance (see previous section A. Land Use and Zoning Recommendations, h. Public Access Zoning, h.i).

APPENDIX B:

Evidence of Public Participation

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Community Board 6 Board Resolutions

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APPENDIX C: Correspondence

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New York City Department of Transportation	9
New York City Economic Development Corporation	10
New York City Landmarks Preservation Commission	11
New York City Transit Authority	12
Local Community Groups	13

See following pages for letters and responses received.



MANHATTAN COMMUNITY BOARD SIX

866 United Nations Plaza – Ste. 308, New York, NY 10017

Phone: (212) 319-3750 Fax: (212) 319-3772

E-mail mancb6@verizon.net

Ellen L.

Timothy McGinn
Chair

Carol A. Schachter
First Vice Chair

Claude L. Winfield
Second Vice Chair

Harry Edward Ursillo
Secretary

Beatrice Disman
Treasurer

April 14, 2003

Toni Carlina
District Manager

Hon. George Pataki
The Governor
The Executive Chamber
Capital
Albany, NY 12224

Re: 197-a Plan for areas of CB6, east of 2nd Avenue

Dear Governor Pataki:

Enclosed please find a resolution passed by Community Board Six concerning the above captioned matter.

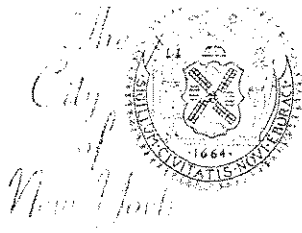
If there are any questions pertaining to this resolution, please contact the Board Office at (212) 319-3750

Sincerely,

Toni Carlina
District Manager

Encl.
cc:

Hon. C. Virginia Fields
Hon. Carolyn Maloney
Hon. Liz Krueger
Hon. Tom Duane
Hon. Steve Sanders
Hon. Richard Gottfried
Hon. Jonathan Bing
Hon. Gifford Miller
Hon. Margarita Lopez
Hon. Christine Quinn
Hon. Eva Moskowitz



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Web site cb6mnyc.org

Timothy McGinn
Chair

Carol A. Schachter
First Vice Chair

Claude L. Winfield
Second Vice Chair

Harry Edward Ursillo
Secretary

Beatrice Disman
Treasurer

Toni Carlina
District Manager

March 3, 2004

Amanda M. Burden
Chair
Department of City Planning
22 Reade Street
New York, NY 10007

Dear Ms. Burden:

This letter is to inform you that Manhattan Community Board No. 6, under the authority granted to it by Section 197-a of the Charter of the City of New York, intends to submit a community plan, *Community Board 6: Planning for Second Avenue to the Waterfront*, about mid-year 2004.

We appreciate the help and guidance given by City Planning staff during our preliminary discussions. Our 197-a committee expects to complete the plan and present it at a public hearing within the next several months.

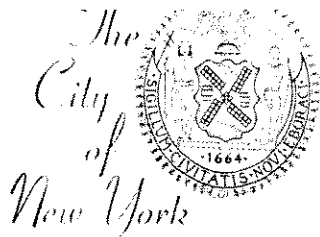
We look forward to your continuing cooperation in this matter.

Sincerely,

Timothy J. McGinn
Chair

Toni Carlina
District Manager

Cc. Ellen Imbimbo ✓
Ed Rubin



MANHATTAN COMMUNITY BOARD SIX

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E-mail: mancb6@verizon.net

Web site cb6mny.org

Timothy J. McGinn
Chair

June 24, 2004

Toni Carlina
District Manager

Carol A. Schachter
First Vice Chair

Claude L. Winfield
Second Vice Chair

Harry Edward Ursillo
Secretary

Beatrice Disman
Treasurer

Mr. Joel L. Klein
Chancellor
NYC Department of Education
52 Chambers St.
New York, NY 10007

Dear Chancellor Klein:

This letter is to notify your agency that Manhattan Community Board 6, under the authority granted to it by Section 197-a of the NYC Charter requests that your agency review and offer comments on the Board's 197-a Plan, which was adopted by Community Board 6 at its meeting on June 9, 2004 (see enclosed CD, and attached appendices).

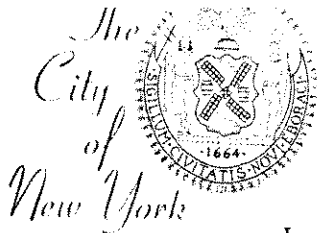
The study area includes 14th to 59th Streets, from just west of Second Avenue over to the East River. The area under study is one in which there is a remarkable amount of activity. The proposed new UN building, the development of the Con Edison site in the 30's along First Avenue, the new Second Avenue Subway, and the reconstruction of the FDR Drive afforded an unprecedented opportunity for Community Board 6 to develop its vision for the area in one Plan. Although we may deal with your agency on an ongoing basis, we want all the City agencies involved in these projects to be aware of our Plan and Recommendations. We very much welcome the comments of your agency and request that we receive them by **July 31, 2004**.

Please call us if you have any questions. Thanking you in advance,

Sincerely,

Timothy McGinn
Chair, CB6

Ellen Imbimbo
Chair, 197-a Plan Sub-Committee
Land Use Committee



MANHATTAN COMMUNITY BOARD SIX

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E-mail: mancb6@verizon.net

Web site: cb6mny.org

June 24, 2004

Timothy J. McGinn
Chair

Carol A. Schachter
First Vice Chair

Claude L. Winfield
Second Vice Chair

Harry Edward Ursillo
Secretary

Beatrice Disman
Treasurer

Mr. Thomas R. Frieden
Commissioner
The Department of Public Health
125 Worth St.
New York, NY 10013

Toni Carlina
District Manager

Dear Commissioner Frieden:

This letter is to notify your agency that Manhattan Community Board 6, under the authority granted to it by Section 197-a of the NYC Charter requests that your agency review and offer comments on the Board's 197-a Plan, which was adopted by Community Board 6 at its meeting on June 9, 2004 (see enclosed CD, and attached appendices).

The study area includes 14th to 59th Streets, from just west of Second Avenue over to the East River. The area under study is one in which there is a remarkable amount of activity. The proposed new UN building, the development of the Con Edison site in the 30's along First Avenue, the new Second Avenue Subway, and the reconstruction of the FDR Drive afforded an unprecedented opportunity for Community Board 6 to develop its vision for the area in one Plan. Although we may deal with your agency on an ongoing basis, we want all the City agencies involved in these projects to be aware of our Plan and Recommendations. We very much welcome the comments of your agency and request that we receive them by **July 31, 2004**.

Please call us if you have any questions. Thanking you in advance,

Sincerely,

Timothy McGinn
Chair, CB6

Ellen Imbimbo
Chair, 197-a Plan Sub-Committee
Land Use Committee

THE CITY OF NEW YORK
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE
OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER



125 WORTH STREET, CN-28
NEW YORK, NY 10013
NYC.GOV/HEALTH

RECEIVED

AUG 19 2004

CB6M

THOMAS R. FRIEDEN, M.D., M.P.H.
COMMISSIONER
TEL (212) 788-5261
FAX (212) 964-0472

August 16, 2004

Timothy McGinn, Chair
Ellen Imbimbo, Chair, 197-a Plan Sub-Committee
Land Use Committee
Manhattan Community Board Six
866 United Nations Plaza, Ste. 308
New York, NY 10017

Dear Mr. McGinn and Ms. Imbimbo:

Thank you for your letter of June 24, 2004, and copy of Community Board Six's adopted 197-a Plan. At this time, the New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene does not offer any comment, but I appreciate having been given the opportunity to review the Plan.

Good luck in your plans for the continued improvement of the East Side of Manhattan.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Thomas R. Frieden".

Thomas R. Frieden, M.D., M.P.H.
Commissioner

TRF/dk



MANHATTAN COMMUNITY BOARD SIX

866 United Nations Plaza - Ste. 308, New York, NY 10017

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E-mail: mancb6@verizon.net

Web site: cb6mny.org

Timothy J. McGinn
Chair

June 24, 2004

Toni Carlina
District Manager

Carol A. Schachter
First Vice Chair

Claude L. Winfield
Second Vice Chair

Harry Edward Ursillo
Secretary

Beatrice Disman
Treasurer

Mr. Adrian Benepe
Commissioner
Dept. of Parks & Recreation
The Arsenal
New York, 10021

Dear Commissioner Benepe:

This letter is to notify your agency that Manhattan Community Board 6, under the authority granted to it by Section 197-a of the NYC Charter requests that your agency review and offer comments on the Board's 197-a Plan, which was adopted by Community Board 6 at its meeting on June 9, 2004 (see enclosed CD, and attached appendices).

The study area includes 14th to 59th Streets, from just west of Second Avenue over to the East River. The area under study is one in which there is a remarkable amount of activity. The proposed new UN building, the development of the Con Edison site in the 30's along First Avenue, the new Second Avenue Subway, and the reconstruction of the FDR Drive afforded an unprecedented opportunity for Community Board 6 to develop its vision for the area in one Plan. Although we may deal with your agency on an ongoing basis, we want all the City agencies involved in these projects to be aware of our Plan and Recommendations. We very much welcome the comments of your agency and request that we receive them by **July 31, 2004**.

Please call us if you have any questions. Thanking you in advance,

Sincerely,

Timothy McGinn
Chair, CB6

Ellen Imbimbo
Chair, 197-a Plan Sub-Committee
Land Use Committee



City of New York
Parks & Recreation

The Arsenal
Central Park
New York, New York 10021

Adrian Benepe
Commissioner

Joshua R. Laird
Chief of Planning

(212) 360-3402
joshua.laird@parks.nyc.gov

July 30, 2004

Mr. Timothy McGinn & Ms. Ellen Imbimbo
Manhattan Community Board 6
866 United Nations Plaza, Suite 308
New York, NY 10017

RECEIVED

AUG - 2 2004

CB6M

Dear Mr. McGinn and Ms. Imbimbo,

Thank you for giving the New York City Department of Parks and Recreation (Parks) the opportunity to review the 197-A plan for Community Board 6. We commend your efforts, and are pleased to see that we share many of the same priorities for waterfront access and park improvements in this reach of the East River waterfront. Please see our comments below.

- **East River Esplanade**

The 197-A plan recommends the completion of a continuous waterfront esplanade along the entire CB6 waterfront. As you know, the creation of a continuous esplanade is a very high priority for the City and for the Parks Department. We will continue to work with NYSDOT, EDC, DCP, the UN, and CB6 to make this vision a reality. We concur with CB6 that making the current FDR outboard detour roadway permanent could provide a good opportunity to continue the esplanade, and further study of this scenario is desirable.

- **Open Space Acquisition**

Recognizing the lack of parkland in CB6, in general we support the goal of acquiring new land for public open space.

- **Queens Midtown Tunnel Opportunities**

We have spoken to the MTA about the possibility of creating park decks over the mouth of the Queens Midtown Tunnel as mitigation for the Second Avenue Subway alienation at St. Vartan Park. The MTA's preliminary feedback has been that this is not advisable due to security and venting constraints.

- **FDR Drive Reconstruction**

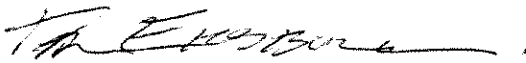
The 197-A plan recommends the creation of new parks in conjunction with the FDR Drive reconstruction. We support this goal in concept, although jurisdiction of new open spaces will need to be determined by Parks, DCP, and SDOT on a case-by-case basis.

- **Robert Moses Playground**

We are working intently with the UNDC and others to ensure that adequate mitigation is provided if the Robert Moses Playground ballfield is taken for the UN Consolidation Building. With the help of CB6, we have developed a plan that replaces the area of the park threefold. We look forward to a continued dialog on this issue as the project advances through the State Legislature and into more detailed design.

Please feel free to call me with any questions at (212) 360-3493.

Sincerely,



Paul Ersboll

cc:

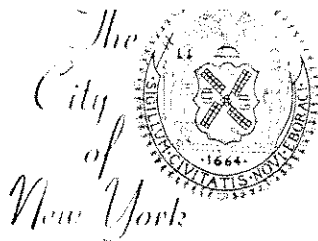
William Castro

Joshua Laird

Bob Redmond

Jennifer Hoppa

Johanna Freeman



MANHATTAN COMMUNITY BOARD SIX

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Phone: (212) 319-3750 - Fax: (212) 319-3772

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Web site cb6mny.org

Timothy J. McGinn
Chair

June 24, 2004

Toni Carlina
District Manager

Carol A. Schachter
First Vice Chair

Claude L. Winfield
Second Vice Chair

Harry Edward Ursillo
Secretary

Beatrice Disman
Treasurer

Ms. Iris Weinshall
Commissioner
Department of Transportation
40 Worth St.
New York, NY 10013

Dear Commissioner Weinshall:

This letter is to notify your agency that Manhattan Community Board 6, under the authority granted to it by Section 197-a of the NYC Charter requests that your agency review and offer comments on the Board's 197-a Plan, which was adopted by Community Board 6 at its meeting on June 9, 2004 (see enclosed CD, and attached appendices).

The study area includes 14th to 59th Streets, from just west of Second Avenue over to the East River. The area under study is one in which there is a remarkable amount of activity. The proposed new UN building, the development of the Con Edison site in the 30's along First Avenue, the new Second Avenue Subway, and the reconstruction of the FDR Drive afforded an unprecedented opportunity for Community Board 6 to develop its vision for the area in one Plan. Although we may deal with your agency on an ongoing basis, we want all the City agencies involved in these projects to be aware of our Plan and Recommendations. We very much welcome the comments of your agency and request that we receive them by **July 31, 2004**.

Please call us if you have any questions. Thanking you in advance,

Sincerely,

Timothy McGinn
Chair, CB6

Ellen Imbimbo
Chair, 197-a Plan Sub-Committee
Land Use Committee



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Web site cb6mny.org

Timothy J. McGinn
Chair

June 24, 2004

Toni Carlina
District Manager

Carol A. Schachter
First Vice Chair

Claude L. Winfield
Second Vice Chair

Harry Edward Ursillo
Secretary

Beatrice Disman
Treasurer

Mr. Andrew Alper
Commissioner
NYC Economic Development Corp.
110 William St.
New York, NY 10038

Dear Commissioner Alper:

This letter is to notify your agency that Manhattan Community Board 6, under the authority granted to it by Section 197-a of the NYC Charter requests that your agency review and offer comments on the Board's 197-a Plan, which was adopted by Community Board 6 at its meeting on June 9, 2004 (see enclosed CD, and attached appendices).

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Please call us if you have any questions. Thanking you in advance,

Sincerely,

Timothy McGinn
Chair, CB6

Ellen Imbimbo
Chair, 197-a Plan Sub-Committee
Land Use Committee

**MANHATTAN COMMUNITY BOARD SIX**

866 United Nations Plaza - Ste. 308, New York, NY 10017

Phone: (212) 319-3750 - Fax: (212) 319-3772

E-mail: mn06@cb.nyc.govWeb site cb6mny.org**Carol A. Schachter**
*Chair***Claude L. Winfield**
*First Vice Chair***Lyle Frank**
*Second Vice Chair***Harry Edward Ursillo**
*Secretary***Beatrice Disman**
Treasurer

November 2, 2005

Toni Carlina
*District Manager***Mr. Robert B. Tierney**
Chair
Landmarks Preservation Commission
1 Center Street 9th Floor
New York, NY 10017

Dear Mr. Tierney:

This letter is to notify your agency that Manhattan Community Board Six, under the authority granted to it by Section 197-a of the NYC Charter requests that your agency review and offer comment on the Board's 197-a Plan, which was adopted by Community Board 6; see enclosed Plan on CD.

This study area includes 14th to 59th Streets, from just west of Second Avenue over to the East River. The area under study is one in which there is a remarkable amount of activity. The proposed new UN building, the development of the Con Edison site in the 30's along First Avenue, the new Second Avenue Subway, and the reconstruction of the FDR Drive afforded an unprecedented opportunity for Community Board 6 to develop its vision for the area in one Plan. Although we may deal with your agency on an ongoing basis, we want all the City agencies involved in these projects to be aware of our Plan and recommendations. We very much welcome the comments of your agency and request that we receive them as soon as possible.

Please call if you have any questions. Thanking you in advance.

Yours truly,

Handwritten signature of Carol A. Schachter.

Carol A. Schachter
Chair, CB6

Handwritten signature of Ellen Imbimbo.

Ellen Imbimbo
Chair, 197-a Plan Sub-Committee
Land Use Committee

Enc.

**MANHATTAN COMMUNITY BOARD SIX**

866 United Nations Plaza - Ste. 308, New York, NY 10017

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E-mail: mn06@cb.nyc.govWeb site: cb6mny.org**Carol A. Schachter**
*Chair***Claude L. Winfield**
*First Vice Chair***Lyle Frank**
*Second Vice Chair***Harry Edward Ursillo**
*Secretary***Beatrice Disman**
*Treasurer***Toni Carlini**
District Manager

November 2, 2005

Mr. Lawrence G. Reuter
President
MTA New York City Transit
2 Broadway
New York, NY 10004

Dear Mr. Reuter:

This letter is to notify your agency that Manhattan Community Board Six, under the authority granted to it by Section 197-a of the NYC Charter requests that your agency review and offer comment on the Board's 197-a Plan, which was adopted by Community Board 6; see enclosed Plan on CD.

This study area includes 14th to 59th Streets, from just west of Second Avenue over to the East River. The area under study is one in which there is a remarkable amount of activity. The proposed new UN building, the development of the Con Edison site in the 30's along First Avenue, the new Second Avenue Subway, and the reconstruction of the FDR Drive afforded an unprecedented opportunity for Community Board 6 to develop its vision for the area in one Plan. Although we may deal with your agency on an ongoing basis, we want all the City agencies involved in these projects to be aware of our Plan and recommendations. We very much welcome the comments of your agency and request that we receive them as soon as possible.

Please call if you have any questions. Thanking you in advance.

Yours truly,

Carol A. Schachter
Chair, CB6**Ellen Imbimbo**
Chair, 197-a Plan Sub-Committee
Land Use Committee

Enc.

OCT 08 2003

CB6M

October 8, 2003

(Community Group Contact)

Subject:

Community Board 6 – Proposed 197-A Plan

*This letter went
out Oct. 9th
to the attached
list*

Dear :

As you know, our community – especially Second Avenue and east – is under tremendous pressure from a range of proposed projects: the Second Avenue subway, a proposed new UN building, the Con Edison site, and reconstruction of the FDR Drive.

Community Board 6 has hired a consultant, Buckhurst, Fish, Jacquemart to develop a concept plan for the area of our Community Board. The plan will focus on land use, transportation, open space and urban design. When completed in 6-8 months, we are hoping the plan and its elements will be adopted by the City Planning Commission for additional study and eventual incorporation into New York City codes.

The 197-A Subcommittee of the Land Use Committee will be overseeing the plan as it develops and will meet the first Wednesday of every month right before the Land Use Committee meeting. We invite you to name a liaison to the Subcommittee so that you can be represented at the meetings, and can receive reports on the work of the Subcommittee. We welcome your feedback.

Please let us know the name of your designate and watch the Land Use agenda for the next meeting of the 197-A Subcommittee. We look forward to seeing your representative there.

Sincerely,

Ellen Imbimbo

Chair,

197-A Subcommittee of the Land Use Committee

COMMUNITY ORGANIZATIONS IN THE BOARD SIX AREA

Beekman Place Association

30 Beekman Place
New York, NY 10022
Buddy Radisch

Bellevue South Community Assoc.

40 Waterside Plaza, #31-A
New York, NY 10010
Maxine McIntosh

East Side Rezoning Alliance

50 Park Avenue
New York, NY 10016
Irene Peveri

East 22nd Street Block Assoc.

60 Gramercy Park
New York, NY 10010
Edith Charlton

East Midtown Coalition for Sensible Development

527 3rd Avenue, Box 39
New York, NY 10016
Edan Unterman

East Midtown Plaza

320 East 25th St., #2CC
New York, NY 10010-3140
Jerrold Fox

Friends of Dag Hammarskjold Plaza

847 Second Ave. #129
New York, NY 10017
Mike Butler

Friends of St. Varten Park

P.O. Box 1106
Murray Hill Station
New York, NY 10016
Roxie Cherishian

Gramercy Neighborhood Associates

P.O. Box 678
Madison Square Station
Nordal McWethy

Gramercy Park Block Association

23 Gramercy Park South
New York, NY 10003
Arlene Harrison

Manhattan East Community Assoc.

415 East 37th Street
New York, NY 10016
Fred Arcaro

Murray Hill Neighborhood Assoc.

36 East 36th Street, Box Roof 8
New York, NY 10016
Steve Weingrad
<http://www.murrayhill.org>

Phipps Plaza East Tenants Association

485 Second Avenue
New York, NY 10016

Stuyvesant Cove Park Association

P.O. Box 178
New York, NY 10009
Marty Barrett
www.Stuyvesantcove.org

Stuyvesant Park Neighborhood Association

P.O. Box 1320
Cooper Station
New York, NY 10003
Carol Schachter

Stuyvesant Town Tenants Association

525 East 14th Street
New York, NY 10009
Al Doyle

Sutton Area Community

405 East 54th Street
New York, NY 10022
Mary Claire Bergin
New York, NY 10159

Tudor City Associaton

5 Tudor Place
New York, NY 10017
George Brown

Turtle Bay Association

224 East 47th Street
New York, NY 10017
William Curtis
<http://tutlebay-nyc.org>

APPENDIX D:

Documentation of Need for Affordable Housing

Community District 6

Documented Need for Affordable Housing (data summarized by Urbanomics)

Indicators of poverty drawn from the 2000 decennial census were analyzed for the Census tracts that make up Community District 6 in order to illustrate the demand for affordable housing in the CD. The results numbers were then compared to the known existing supply of subsidized housing units from both HUD's low-income housing tax credit (LIHTC) and New York City Housing Authority's (NYCHA) stock. The difference between the two is an estimate of the unmet need.

Indicators of Poverty in CD 6		
	Total	%
Total Population	144,022	
Persons in Poverty	11,227	7.8%
Retired (65-74)	866	7.7%
Elderly (75 and Older) in Poverty	688	6.1%
Total Households	88,864	
Households in Poverty	6,525	7.3%
Families Households	949	1.1%
Non-Family Households	5,576	6.3%
Rental Households	65,237	
More than 50% of income for rent	11,362	17.4%
40-50% of income for rent	3,918	6.0%
31-40% of income for rent	7,563	11.6%
Existing Supply of Subsidized Housing		
LIHTC* Housing Units	1,456	
NYCHA Housing Units	257	

Source: 2000 Census, *HPD housing rolls, HUD housing rolls*

*LIHTC: Low Income Housing Tax Credit

According to the 2000 Census, of the 144,022 persons living in Community District 6, 11,227 or 7.8 percent are living in poverty. Of these persons, 1,554 are retirement age, meaning the rest are most likely disabled or working poor. In terms of households, 7.3 percent of the 88,864 households in the CD are considered to be below the poverty level—of these, family households number 949 while non-family households (mainly individuals living alone) number 5,576.

Poverty Status is only one way of getting at the need for affordable housing—another key factor is the percentage of income that residents are using for rent. Rent is considered to be not affordable if it is more than 30% of the renter's income on a national basis. In CD 6, fully 17.4 percent of all renters paid more than half of their incomes for their monthly rent; a roughly equivalent number pay between 30 and 50% each month.

In 2000, in terms of households in poverty, there is demand for more than 6,000 affordable units. In terms of what is affordable on a rent to income ratio basis, there is a demand for more than 10,000 affordable apartments. Currently, there are 1,456 subsidized units using HUD's LIHTC in the Community District and 257 NYCHA apartments meeting. These units meet only a small percentage of the need.

An additional 4,812 units of affordable housing would be required to meet the need of every household in poverty as defined by the federal government. In terms of households expending more than half their income on rent, an additional 9,649 affordable units would be required to fulfill the need.