

# YMS Management Associates Inc.

PO Box 968  
Peck Slip Station  
New York, NY 10272-0968

## Terms and Conditions for HRA/ACS Child Care Payments

Dear Child Care Provider:

YMS Management Associates, Inc. (YMS) has been informed by the City of New York Administration for Children's Services (ACS) or Human Resources Administration (HRA) that you are enrolled as a child care program or provider in the Child Care Voucher Program. YMS assists ACS and HRA by serving under a city contract as the Child Care Voucher Program Payment Agent.

Ordinarily, your organization will become entitled to a Child Care Payment, once ACS or HRA has processed your monthly child care attendance information. ACS or HRA will offer training, instructions, and special forms for preparing the information.

Child Care Voucher Program payments will be issued by YMS. Errors, underpayments, and overpayments will be corrected by YMS, upon instructions received from ACS or HRA. Neither this letter nor this payment arrangement will make you or your organization an employee, contractor, or subcontractor of YMS, ACS, or HRA.

YMS's only responsibilities to child care programs or providers are the payment responsibilities described in this letter. The Child Care Voucher Program's local policies and procedures are developed, issued, and enforced by ACS and HRA, and YMS is not authorized to make any change or exception. YMS cannot respond to questions, suggestions, or complaints involving the Child Care Voucher Program. Letters and all other correspondence and communications involving policies and procedures, or questions, suggestions, and complaints, should be submitted directly to ACS or HRA.

Please indicate your understanding of this letter, by signing and dating below. You may make a photocopy of the form for your records. Return the original completed forms to YMS at the above address. If you have any questions, you may call the ACS Voucher Payment Unit at 212 341-3562 in regard to ACS children, or the HRA Child Care Hotline at 212 835-7610 in regard to HRA funded children.

**Before you can be paid you must complete this letter and the enclosed federal W-9 form, and return the same to the address at the top of this form.**

----- Please complete this section **Do Not Cut or Tear**-----

ANY CHILD CARE PROVIDER WHO KNOWINGLY COMMITS FRAUD AND/OR FALSIFIES ANY DOCUMENTS RELATED TO THIS PROGRAM WILL BE PROSECUTED TO THE FULL EXTENT OF THE LAW.

Provider ID Number: \_\_\_\_\_ SS/EIN Number: \_\_\_\_\_

Last Name (print): \_\_\_\_\_ First Name (print): \_\_\_\_\_

Address: \_\_\_\_\_

Date Signed: \_\_\_\_\_ Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

# YMS Management Associates Inc.

PO Box 968  
Peck Slip Station  
New York, NY 10272-0968

## Direct Deposit Authorization Form

Instructions:

1. Complete all the information below
2. Sign and date the bottom of the form
3. Make a copy of this form for your records
4. Attach a void check if you have a checking account, or a bank letter if you have a savings account
5. Return the original form, with attachments, to the address above
6. There may be a two to three pay cycle delay before the direct deposit begins. You will continue to receive checks by mail until then.

Provider ID Number: \_\_\_\_\_ SS/EIN Number: \_\_\_\_\_

Last Name (print): \_\_\_\_\_ First Name (print): \_\_\_\_\_

Address: \_\_\_\_\_

Account in the name of: \_\_\_\_\_

Depository (Bank) name: \_\_\_\_\_

Depository (Bank) address: \_\_\_\_\_

Bank Transit (Routing) Number: \_\_\_\_\_  
(found at the bottom of your check to the left of your account number)

Check and complete the appropriate section

\_\_\_\_ Checking Account: 100% Account Number: \_\_\_\_\_  
(Attach only a void check, bank letter, or specification sheet. Deposit Tickets are not accepted)

\_\_\_\_ Savings Account: 100% Account Number: \_\_\_\_\_  
(Attach only a bank letter or specification sheet. Deposit Tickets are not accepted)

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Co-Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
(If Joint Account)

I hereby authorize YMS Management Associates, Inc. (hereinafter COMPANY) to deposit any amounts owed me by initiating credit entries to my account at the financial institution (hereinafter BANK) indicated above. Further, I authorize BANK to accept and to credit any credit entries indicated by COMPANY to my account. In the event that COMPANY deposits funds erroneously into my account, I authorize COMPANY to debit my account for an amount not to exceed the original amount of the erroneous credit.

This authority is to remain in full force and effect until COMPANY has received written notification from me to terminate in such time and in such manner as to afford COMPANY and BANK a reasonable time to act on it.

Date Signed: \_\_\_\_\_ Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

## Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

**Give form to the  
requester. Do not  
send to the IRS.**

<b>Please print or type</b>	Name (See <b>Specific Instructions</b> on page 2.)	
	Business name, if different from above. (See <b>Specific Instructions</b> on page 2.)	
	Check appropriate box: <input type="checkbox"/> Individual/Sole proprietor <input type="checkbox"/> Corporation <input type="checkbox"/> Partnership <input type="checkbox"/> Other ▶ .....	
	Address (number, street, and apt. or suite no.)	Requester's name and address (optional)
City, state, and ZIP code		

<p><b>Part I Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)</b></p> <p>Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. For individuals, this is your social security number (SSN). <b>However, for a resident alien, sole proprietor, or disregarded entity, see the Part I instructions on page 2.</b> For other entities, it is your employer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see <b>How to get a TIN</b> on page 2.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> If the account is in more than one name, see the chart on page 2 for guidelines on whose number to enter.</p> <table style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">Social security number</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">      +          </td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">or</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">Employer identification number</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">      +          </td> </tr> </table>	Social security number	+	or	Employer identification number	+	<p>List account number(s) here (optional)</p> <hr/> <p><b>Part II For U.S. Payees Exempt From Backup Withholding</b> (See the instructions on page 2.)</p>
Social security number						
+						
or						
Employer identification number						
+						

**Part III Certification**

Under penalties of perjury, I certify that:

- The number shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for a number to be issued to me), **and**
- I am not subject to backup withholding because: (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b) I have not been notified by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest or dividends, or (c) the IRS has notified me that I am no longer subject to backup withholding, **and**
- I am a U.S. person (including a U.S. resident alien).

**Certification instructions.** You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that you are currently subject to backup withholding because you have failed to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real estate transactions, item 2 does not apply. For mortgage interest paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to an individual retirement arrangement (IRA), and generally, payments other than interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the Certification, but you must provide your correct TIN. (See the instructions on page 2.)

<b>Sign Here</b>	<b>Signature of U.S. person ▶</b>	<b>Date ▶</b>
------------------	-----------------------------------	---------------

**Purpose of Form**

A person who is required to file an information return with the IRS must get your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN) to report, for example, income paid to you, real estate transactions, mortgage interest you paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, or contributions you made to an IRA.

**Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person** (including a resident alien), to give your correct TIN to the person requesting it (the requester) and, when applicable, to:

- Certify the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued).
- Certify you are not subject to backup withholding, or
- Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt payee.

**If you are a foreign person, use the appropriate Form W-8.** See Pub. 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Corporations.

**Note:** If a requester gives you a form other than Form W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

**What is backup withholding?** Persons making certain payments to you must withhold and pay to the IRS 31% of such payments under certain conditions. This is called "backup withholding." Payments that may be subject to backup withholding include interest, dividends, broker and barter exchange transactions, rents, royalties, nonemployee pay, and certain payments from fishing boat operators. Real estate transactions are not subject to backup withholding.

If you give the requester your correct TIN, make the proper certifications, and report all your taxable interest and dividends on your tax return, payments you receive will not be subject to backup withholding. **Payments you receive will be subject to backup withholding if:**

- You do not furnish your TIN to the requester, or
- You do not certify your TIN when required (see the Part III instructions on page 2 for details), or
- The IRS tells the requester that you furnished an incorrect TIN, or
- The IRS tells you that you are subject to backup withholding because you did not report all your interest and dividends on your tax return (for reportable interest and dividends only), or

5. You do not certify to the requester that you are not subject to backup withholding under 4 above (for reportable interest and dividend accounts opened after 1983 only).

Certain payees and payments are exempt from backup withholding. See the Part II instructions and the separate **Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9.**

**Penalties**

**Failure to furnish TIN.** If you fail to furnish your correct TIN to a requester, you are subject to a penalty of \$50 for each such failure unless your failure is due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

**Civil penalty for false information with respect to withholding.** If you make a false statement with no reasonable basis that results in no backup withholding, you are subject to a \$500 penalty.

**Criminal penalty for falsifying information.** Willfully falsifying certifications or affirmations may subject you to criminal penalties including fines and/or imprisonment.

**Misuse of TINs.** If the requester discloses or uses TINs in violation of Federal law, the requester may be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

## Specific Instructions

**Name.** If you are an individual, you must generally enter the name shown on your social security card. However, if you have changed your last name, for instance, due to marriage without informing the Social Security Administration of the name change, enter your first name, the last name shown on your social security card, and your new last name.

If the account is in joint names, list first and then circle the name of the person or entity whose number you enter in Part I of the form.

**Sole proprietor.** Enter your individual name as shown on your social security card on the "Name" line. You may enter your business, trade, or "doing business as (DBA)" name on the "Business name" line.

**Limited liability company (LLC).** If you are a single-member LLC (including a foreign LLC with a domestic owner) that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner under Treasury regulations section 301.7701-3, **enter the owner's name on the "Name" line.** Enter the LLC's name on the "Business name" line.

**Caution:** A disregarded domestic entity that has a foreign owner must use the appropriate Form W-8.

**Other entities.** Enter your business name as shown on required Federal tax documents on the "Name" line. This name should match the name shown on the charter or other legal document creating the entity. You may enter any business, trade, or DBA name on the "Business name" line.

### Part I—Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box.

If you are a resident alien and you do not have and are not eligible to get an SSN, your TIN is your IRS individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN). Enter it in the social security number box. If you do not have an ITIN, see **How to get a TIN** below.

If you are a sole proprietor and you have an EIN, you may enter either your SSN or EIN. However, the IRS prefers that you use your SSN.

If you are an LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner (see **Limited liability company (LLC)** above), and are owned by an individual, enter your SSN (or "pre-LLC" EIN, if desired). If the owner of a disregarded LLC is a corporation, partnership, etc., enter the owner's EIN.

**Note:** See the chart on this page for further clarification of name and TIN combinations.

**How to get a TIN.** If you do not have a TIN, apply for one immediately. To apply for an SSN, get Form SS-5, Application for a Social Security Card, from your local Social Security Administration office. Get Form W-7, Application for IRS Individual Taxpayer Identification Number, to apply for an ITIN or Form SS-4, Application for Employer Identification Number, to apply for an EIN. You can get Forms W-7 and SS-4 from the IRS by calling 1-800-TAX-FORM (1-800-829-3676) or from the IRS's Internet Web Site at [www.irs.gov](http://www.irs.gov).

If you do not have a TIN, write "Applied For" in the space for the TIN, sign and date the form, and give it to the requester. For interest and dividend payments, and certain payments made with respect to readily tradable instruments, generally you will have 60 days to get a TIN and give it to the requester before you are subject to backup withholding on payments. The 60-day rule does not apply to other types of payments. You will be subject to backup withholding on all

such payments until you provide your TIN to the requester.

**Note:** Writing "Applied For" means that you have already applied for a TIN or that you intend to apply for one soon.

### Part II—For U.S. Payees Exempt From Backup Withholding

Individuals (including sole proprietors) are not exempt from backup withholding. Corporations are exempt from backup withholding for certain payments, such as interest and dividends. For more information on exempt payees, see the separate instructions for the Requester of Form W-9.

If you are exempt from backup withholding, you should still complete this form to avoid possible erroneous backup withholding. Enter your correct TIN in Part I, write "Exempt" in Part II, and sign and date the form.

If you are a nonresident alien or a foreign entity not subject to backup withholding, give the requester the appropriate completed Form W-8.

### Part III—Certification

To establish to the withholding agent that you are a U.S. person, or resident alien, sign Form W-9. You may be requested to sign by the withholding agent even if items 1, 3, and 5 below indicate otherwise.

For a joint account, only the person whose TIN is shown in Part I should sign (when required).

1. **Interest, dividend, and barter exchange accounts opened before 1984 and broker accounts considered active during 1983.** You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

2. **Interest, dividend, broker, and barter exchange accounts opened after 1983 and broker accounts considered inactive during 1983.** You must sign the certification or backup withholding will apply. If you are subject to backup withholding and you are merely providing your correct TIN to the requester, you must cross out item 2 in the certification before signing the form.

3. **Real estate transactions.** You must sign the certification. You may cross out item 2 of the certification.

4. **Other payments.** You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification unless you have been notified that you have previously given an incorrect TIN. "Other payments" include payments made in the course of the requester's trade or business for rents, royalties, goods (other than bills for merchandise), medical and health care services (including payments to corporations), payments to a nonemployee for services, payments to certain fishing boat crew members and fishermen, and gross proceeds paid to attorneys (including payments to corporations).

5. **Mortgage interest paid by you, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, qualified state tuition program payments, IRA or MSA contributions or distributions, and pension distributions.** You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

### Privacy Act Notice

Section 6109 of the Internal Revenue Code requires you to give your correct TIN to persons who must file information returns with the IRS to

report interest, dividends, and certain other income paid to you, mortgage interest you paid, the acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, or contributions you made to an IRA or MSA. The IRS uses the numbers for identification purposes and to help verify the accuracy of your tax return. The IRS may also provide this information to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation, and to cities, states, and the District of Columbia to carry out their tax laws.

You must provide your TIN whether or not you are required to file a tax return. Payers must generally withhold 31% of taxable interest, dividend, and certain other payments to a payee who does not give a TIN to a payer. Certain penalties may also apply.

## What Name and Number To Give the Requester

For this type of account:	Give name and SSN of:
1. Individual	The individual
2. Two or more individuals (joint account)	The actual owner of the account or, if combined funds, the first individual on the account <sup>1</sup>
3. Custodian account of a minor (Uniform Gift to Minors Act)	The minor <sup>2</sup>
4. a. The usual revocable savings trust (grantor is also trustee)	The grantor-trustee <sup>1</sup>
b. So-called trust account that is not a legal or valid trust under state law	The actual owner <sup>1</sup>
5. Sole proprietorship	The owner <sup>3</sup>
For this type of account:	Give name and EIN of:
6. Sole proprietorship	The owner <sup>3</sup>
7. A valid trust, estate, or pension trust	Legal entity <sup>4</sup>
8. Corporation	The corporation
9. Association, club, religious, charitable, educational, or other tax-exempt organization	The organization
10. Partnership	The partnership
11. A broker or registered nominee	The broker or nominee
12. Account with the Department of Agriculture in the name of a public entity (such as a state or local government, school district, or prison) that receives agricultural program payments	The public entity

<sup>1</sup> List first and circle the name of the person whose number you furnish. If only one person on a joint account has an SSN, that person's number must be furnished.

<sup>2</sup> Circle the minor's name and furnish the minor's SSN.

<sup>3</sup> You must show your individual name, but you may also enter your business or "DBA" name. You may use either your SSN or EIN (if you have one).

<sup>4</sup> List first and circle the name of the legal trust, estate, or pension trust. (Do not furnish the TIN of the personal representative or trustee unless the legal entity itself is not designated in the account title.)

**Note:** If no name is circled when more than one name is listed, the number will be considered to be that of the first name listed.

