



FAQ'S – Speed Cameras

Why use speed cameras?

Speeding kills. New York City uses a variety of methods to encourage people to drive at safe speeds, including the installation of speed humps, the narrowing of wide travel lanes, the modification of traffic control signal timing, and the Police Department's enforcement of the speed limit. Speed cameras are a technology which has been proven to save lives. When New York City began using speed cameras during specific hours in a limited number of school zones in 2014, injuries at these locations dropped 17 percent, and speeding dropped by over 60 percent.¹

Is speeding actually dangerous?

New York City reduced its speed limit to 25 MPH in order to make the city safer for pedestrians, cyclists, and drivers. While speeding has decreased, it remains a major factor in fatal crashes.

The faster a vehicle is moving, the harder it is for the driver of that vehicle to avoid a crash. And the faster a vehicle is moving when a crash occurs, the more damage is caused by the impact. Even a small difference in vehicle speed makes a big impact in terms of safety – a pedestrian who is struck by a vehicle travelling at 30 MPH is twice as likely to be killed as a pedestrian struck by a vehicle travelling at 25 MPH.²

New York City's speed camera program serves to deter drivers from exceeding the speed limit by more than ten miles, which helps prevent serious crashes from occurring.

Speeding is a problem in my neighborhood. How can I request a speed camera?

Make a complaint about speeding at nyc.gov/contactdot, using our Contact the Commissioner Form. There are a number of methods to reduce speeding, including speed cameras. NYC DOT will assess the speeding condition in your neighborhood, and evaluate the appropriate solution to remedy the condition.

How does NYC's speed camera program work?

NYC's speed camera program uses the same radar and laser technology relied upon by law enforcement to measure a vehicle's speed. If the radar finds that the vehicle is exceeding the speed limit by more than ten miles per hour, images of the vehicle are recorded along with an image of the license plate. The violation is reviewed by a trained NYC DOT staff technician for accuracy. If the technician verifies that the identified vehicle was exceeding the speed limit by more than ten miles per hour, within a school speed zone, between the hours of 6 AM and 10 PM Monday through Friday, then he or she will issue a Notice of Liability through the mail to the person to whom the vehicle is registered. The cameras do not identify individual drivers; it is the responsibility of the vehicle owner to know who is driving his or her car and to pay any fines associated with the Notice of Liability.

How many speed cameras are in operation?

The City of New York is now authorized to operate speed cameras at 750 school speed zones. NYC DOT is working to have cameras in operation at 750 locations as soon as possible.

When are the cameras issuing violations?

The City may issue a violation Monday through Friday, between the hours of 6 AM and 10 PM.

¹ NYC DOT, Automated Speed Enforcement Program Report, 2014-2019. ([LINK](#))

² Tefft, Brian C., Impact Speed and a pedestrian's risk of severe injury or death. Accident Analysis & Prevention 2013 Jan 27;50:871-8 ([LINK](#))

Where are the cameras?

The City can only use speed cameras for enforcement within school speed zones. NYC DOT uses fixed and mobile speed camera units within school speed zones to maximize the deterrent effect. When siting a camera, NYC DOT considers criteria including, but not limited to speed data, the roadway geometry, and the crash history of that school speed zone.

Why not announce speed cameras locations?

It is illegal to speed anywhere within the City of New York, but the placement of speed cameras is limited to school speed zones – streets within a quarter-mile radius of school buildings, where children are at risk walking to and from school and associated activities. In order to maintain the program’s effectiveness as a deterrent, NYC DOT generally does not post signs or otherwise announce the location of speed cameras enforcing school speed zones. You should always drive at or below the speed limit, regardless of where you are.

How much is the fine for a violation issued by a speed camera?

The penalty for a speed camera violation is fifty dollars – far less than a speeding ticket issued by a police officer.

Can a speed camera ticket lead to my insurance payment going up or to the addition of points to my driver’s license?

Unlike a traditional speeding ticket, the speed camera violation is not made part of the operating record of the person receiving the violation with the Department of Motor Vehicles nor is it used for insurance purposes. This means there are no points accrued to a driver’s license for a violation issued by a speed camera.

Do the cameras photograph every vehicle that passes by them?

No. The system takes photographs of only those vehicles that exceed the maximum speed limit by more than ten miles per hour, within a school speed zone, Monday through Friday, between the hours of 6 AM and 10 PM.

What if a ticket is issued erroneously?

NYC DOT takes a number of steps in order to avoid erroneously issuing Notices of Liability. The camera equipment is evaluated daily, so that NYC DOT can be sure the radar is collecting precise and accurate measurements. In addition, motorists do not receive a ticket unless they exceed the speed limit by more than ten miles per hour. The technology used by the system distinguishes between speeding vehicles and nearby vehicles, and will not issue a ticket if it is unclear which vehicle is exceeding the speed limit by more than ten miles per hour. The specially trained NYC DOT staff who review speed camera violations also reject every violation unless it is readily evident which vehicle was identified as exceeding the speed limit by more than ten miles per hour.

What if I wasn't driving my car when the violation occurred?

State law provides that vehicle owners are responsible for paying properly issued speed camera violations. An owner whose vehicle was stolen may provide a police report to the New York City Department of Finance when contesting the violation.

I received a ticket – now what?

The New York City Department of Finance processes the payment and adjudication of speed camera violations. You must respond to any Notice of Liability (NOL) within 30 days. [You can pay or check the status of your NOL on the Department of Finance’s website](#). Inaction will lead to late penalties and interest will be added and continue to accrue until you pay or dispute your NOL. You also risk having your vehicle booted, towed, or even seized if you ignore speed camera violations.

It is your right to challenge an NOL which you believe was issued in error. You can dispute a violation online, by mail or in person. Find out more on [Department of Finance’s “Dispute a Ticket” webpage](#) or by calling 311.

Does any private company earn more money or generate an extra fee if more speed camera violations are issued?

No. The speed camera program is administered by NYC DOT.