# BROOKLYN STREETCAR FEASIBILITY STUDY



#### Presentation to Community Advisory Committee

December 13th, 2010 - CAC Meeting #2



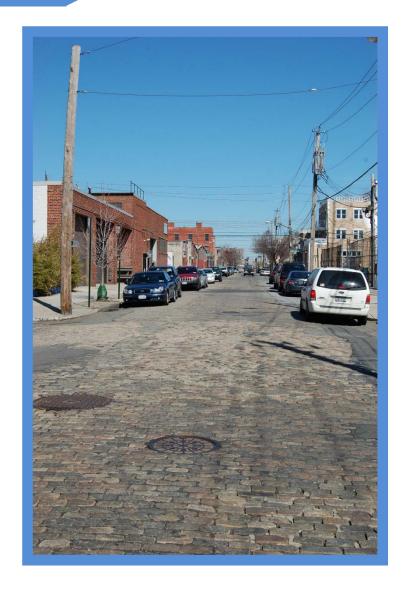






# Agenda

- Existing Conditions Summary
- Transit Demand Analysis Summary
- Case Studies Summary
- Route Alignments
- Discussion
- Next Steps



# Study Purpose

 Determine the Feasibility of a Streetcar Linking Red Hook with Surrounding Areas.







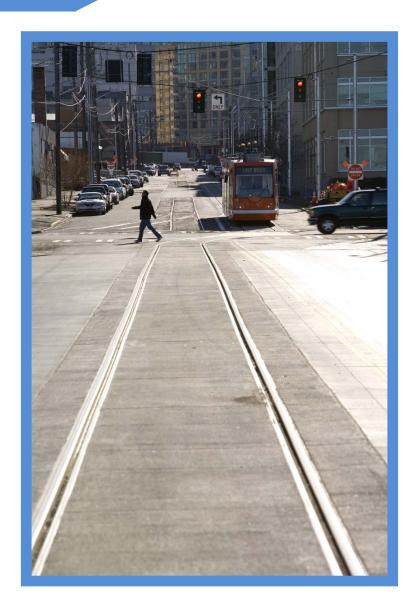
### Goals

- Identify potential alignments.
- Identify unit costs, and potential impacts (e.g. construction, utilities, traffic).
- Determine the feasibility of a streetcar in the focus area with connections to the larger study area.

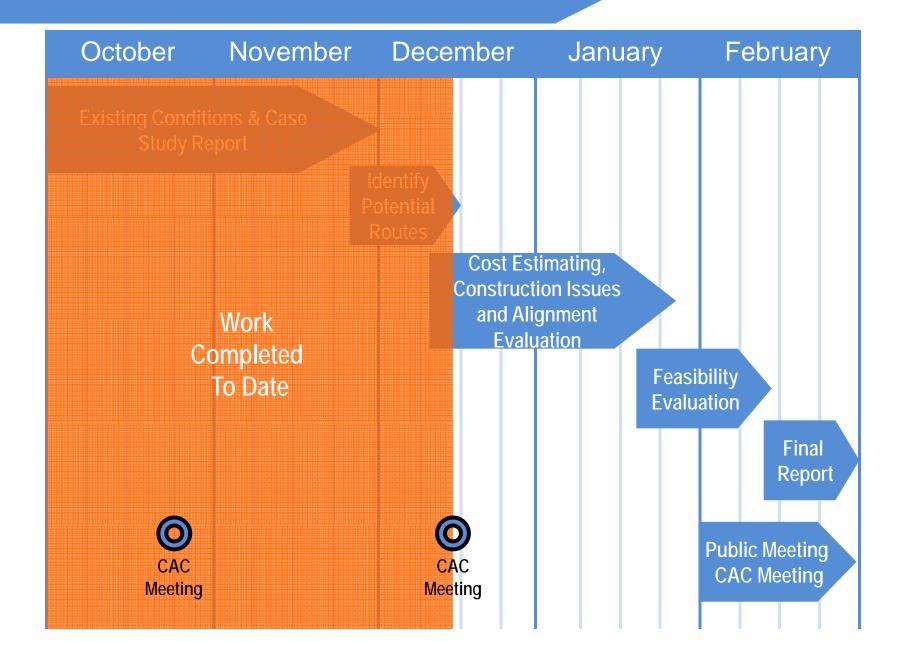


# Scope of Study

- Learn from experience of other streetcar systems
- Project transit demand in Red Hook
- Identify potential streetcar routes
- Estimate costs and identify issues for feasibility of streetcar



### Schedule



# Study Area

Legend Subway Station

Red Hook / Focus Area

#### Focus Area Demographics

- Population
  - 50% Decline from Peak in 1950
  - 4.7% Increase from 2000 to 2010 (est.)
- Relatively Low Employment Density (Compared to Study Area)
- Low Median Household Income
- 47% Hispanic/Latino
- 41% Black / African American

	PE	RSONS PER SQUA	PERCENT CHANGE					
LOCATION	1990	2000	2010	1990-2000	2000-2010			
Focus Area	12,497.	55 11,770.47	12,323.56	-5.8%	4.7%			
Study Area	27,280.0	29,541.97	31,880.37	8.3%	7.9%			
Sources: 1990 and 2000 data from U.S. Bureau of the Census; 2010 estimates from ESRI.								

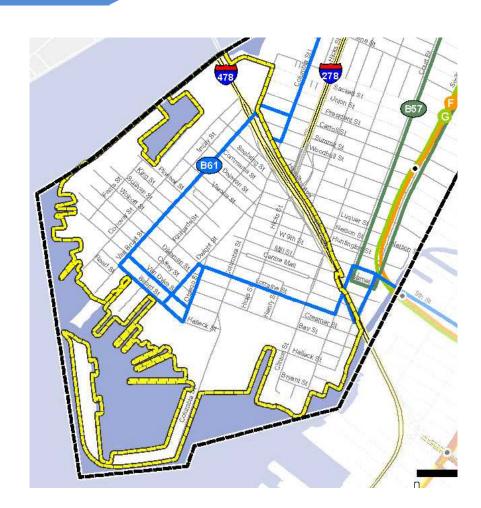
		EMPLOYEES PER SQUARE MILE		
	LOCATION	2000		
	Focus Area	6,274.13		
	Study Area	49,071.97		
Sources:	2000 data from U.S. Bureau of the Census			

LOCATION	1989	1999	2010	PERCENT CHANGE 1989-1999	PERCENT CHANGE 1999-2010
Focus Area	\$15,571	\$15,928	\$19,417	2%	22%
Study Area	\$38,203	\$51,164	\$65,631	34%	28%

Sources: 2000 U.S. Census; ESRI. All values in 2010 dollars, based on US Bureau of Labor Statistics, Consumer Price Index (CPI)

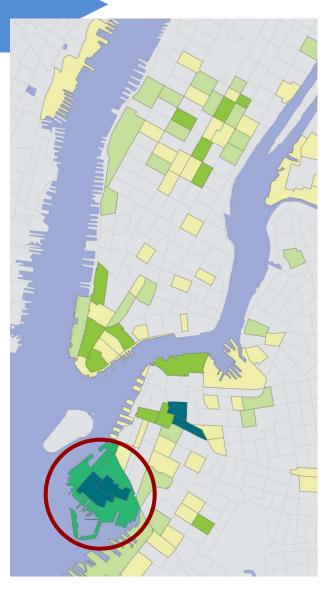
#### Focus Area Existing Transit Service

- Transit Service
  - B61 Bus
    - 17,583 Average Weekday Riders
    - 8 Minute AM Peak Headway
  - Nearby Subway Station at Smith/9<sup>th</sup> Street (F, G)
- Transit Issues
  - No Subway Service Within Focus Area
  - Long Travel Time to Downtown Brooklyn
  - Perceived Lack of Bus Reliability



Focus Area Journey to Work

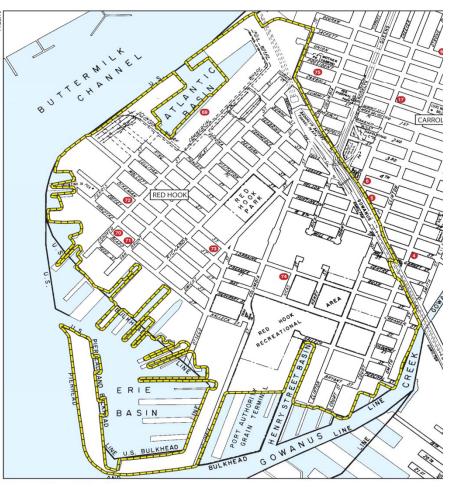
- Red Hook Residents Commute to:
  - Red Hook:
    - 15 %
  - Downtown Brooklyn:
    - 11 %
  - Downtown Manhattan:
    - 13 %
  - Midtown Manhattan:
    - 14 %
  - Other:
    - 47 %
- Red Hook Employees Have Dispersed Origins



Place of Employment, Focus Area Residents
2000 Census

Focus Area Economic Development / Existing Zoning

- Economic Development Potential Shaped by Existing zoning and Public Policy
  - Waterfront
    - Part of the Industrial business Zone (IBZ) and Significant Maritime and Industrial Area
    - Zoned for Manufacturing (Residential not Permitted)
  - Central Upland Areas
    - Zoned for Medium Density Residential (R5 and R6)
    - Limited Potential for Increased Density Under Existing Zoning
- Planned Development
  - Less Planned Development in Focus Area than in Larger Study Area
  - Mixed-Use Redevelopment of 160 Imlay Street
  - Few Other Small Developments, Mainly Residential



**Recently-Completed and Planned Development Projects** 

• Questions / Discussion

Objective

- Project Transit Demand for Red Hook Focus Area with New Streetcar Service :
  - **Step One** Establish Existing Transit Demand in Focus Area
  - **Step Two** Estimate Increase in Transit Use that can be Expected with Streetcar
  - **Step Three** Factor in Additional Ridership Attributable to Currently Planned Growth

Step One - Existing Transit Demand

NYCT Passenger boardings for all B61 and former B77 bus stops in Red Hook

27.9%\* of Average Daily Boardings at Smith/9<sup>th</sup> Street subway station minus transfers Weekday Bus Boardings Within Focus Area = 2,738

+

Subway Boardings from Focus Area = 1,114

=

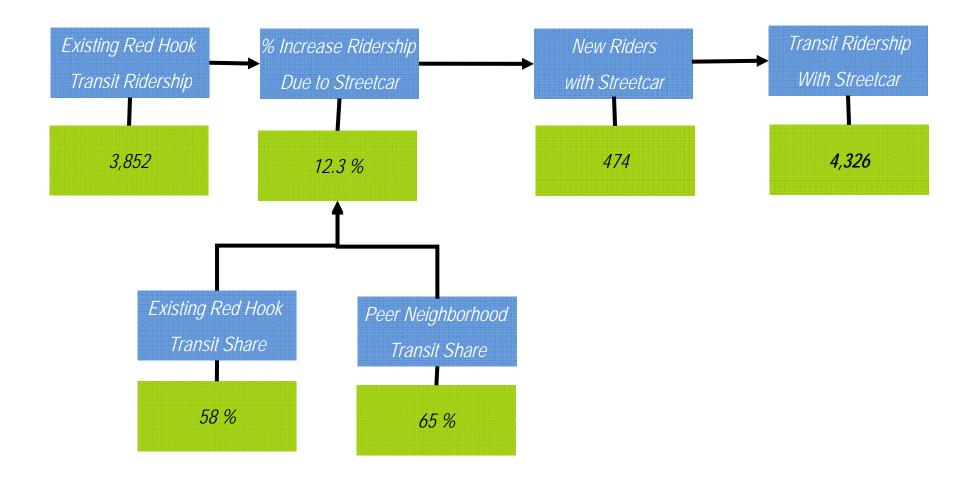
Total Weekday Transit Boardings from Focus Area = 3,852

\*27.9% is proportion of Red Hook population living within ½ mile catchment area of Smith/9<sup>th</sup> Station

Step Two -Estimate Increase

- Existing Red Hook Transit Share 58%
  - Source = 2000 Census JTW
- Peer Neighborhoods Transit Share 65%
  - Peer Neighborhoods are parts of Bedford-Stuyvesant and Greenpoint served by G train only
  - G Train serves as Proxy for Future Streetcar (Lower frequency rail service with connections to higher–frequency subway lines)

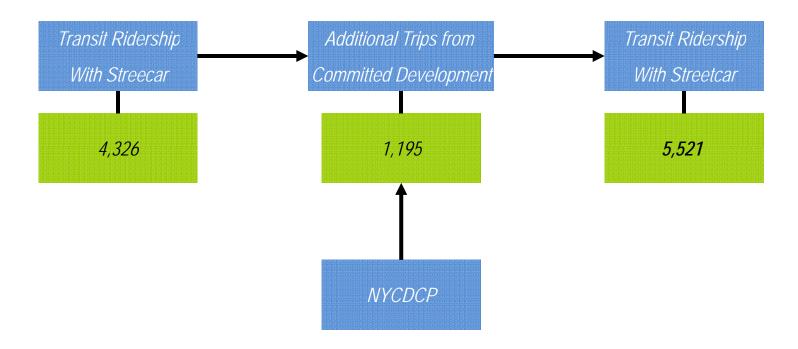
Step Two – Estimate Increase



Step Three - Additional Demand from Development

- Developed With Input from NYCDCP
- Trip Generation Rates:
  - CEQR Technical Manual
  - Study Area EIS documents
- Total Developments 2010-2015
  - 166 Residential Units
  - 15,000 Square Feet of Office
  - 5,000 Square Feet Community Facilities

Step Three – Additional Demand from Development



Current Red Hook Transit Trips (3,852)

+

Projected Additional Trips Attributable to Streetcar (474)

+

Transit Trips from New Development (1,195)

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5,521 Total
Transit Trips 
→ 43% Increase

- Peer Studies Show that Reliable Streetcar Operation with Economic Development Strategies Results in Ridership Gains:
  - Philadelphia Negligible Growth
     Due to Unreliable Operations and
     No Land Use Plan
  - Toronto = 15% (Highly Built Out Corridor)
  - Seattle = 19% In 1 Year (New Neighborhoods)
  - San Francisco = 300% (Dense CBD Corridor with very large tourism component)

- Initial Peer Neighborhood Analysis Indicates a 12 % Growth in Red Hook Transit Ridership Because of Streetcar
- Additional Growth in Transit Ridership Expected Because of Committed Developments in Red Hook
- Streetcar Impact on Economic Development could Yield Additional Ridership Growth, but Only if Combined with Complementary Measures
- Next Step Factor in Areas outside of Red Hook based on Chosen Alignment(s)

Questions / Discussion

# Selected Systems



Portland, OR



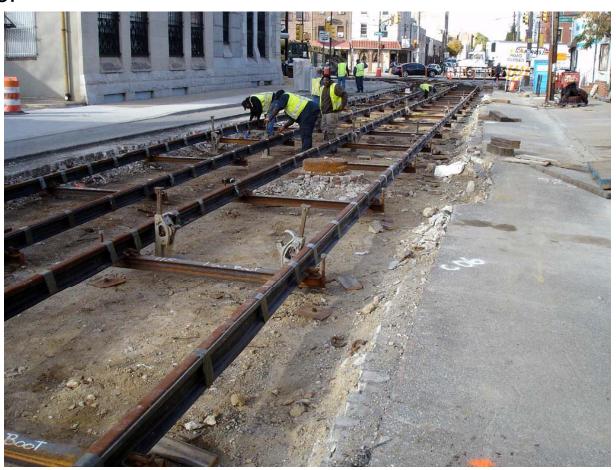
Seattle, WA



Philadelphia, PA

Lesson's Learned

 Early Utility Coordination with Both Public/Private Entities is a Key Factor



#### Lesson's Learned

- Portland and Seattle Demonstrate Increased Development Within Two to Three Blocks of the Route Can Occur with Complementary Incentives
- Portland and Seattle Demonstrate that Streetcar Ridership can Build from First Year of Operation
- Philadelphia Shows that not all Streetcar Systems Yield Ridership Increases



#### Lesson's Learned

- Integration with Existing Bus and Subway Should be an Integral Part of System Planning
  - Fare and Transfer Integration
  - Physical Connections



LRT and Bus Interaction, Portland

#### Lesson's Learned

- Streetcar Tracks Can Pose Bicycle Safety Concerns
- Design Elements Should be Developed to Minimize Impacts to Bike Network
- Balance Bike, Transit, Pedestrian, Resident, and Business Needs



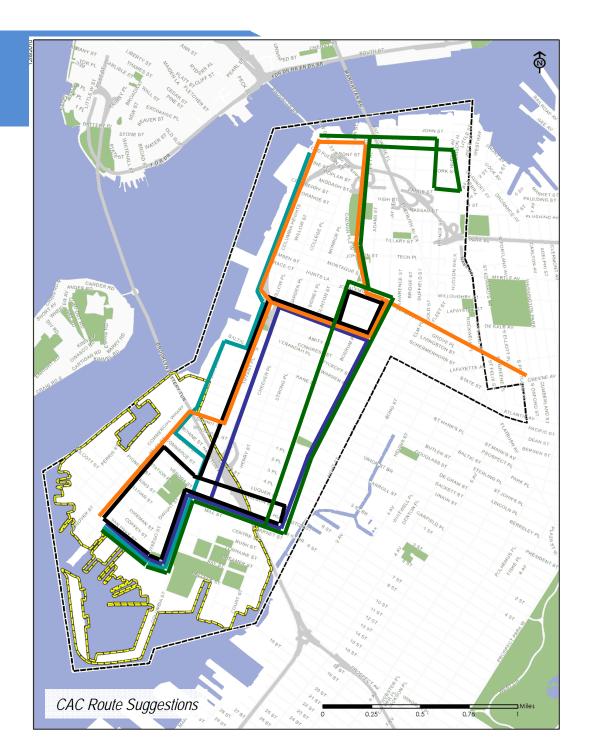


• Questions / Discussion

Community Input

 Google Map Tool

 Other Written and Drawn Suggestions



**Key Considerations** 

Serve Major Trip Generators

Street Cross Sections

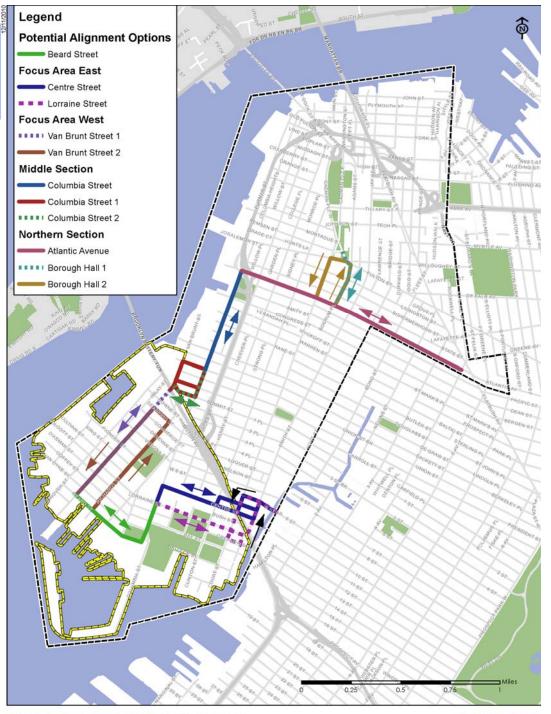
Provide Transit Connections

**Future Consideration** 

### Service areas not considered at this time:

- Brooklyn Bridge Park
- DUMBO
- Hicks
- Smith/Court

# Alignment Options



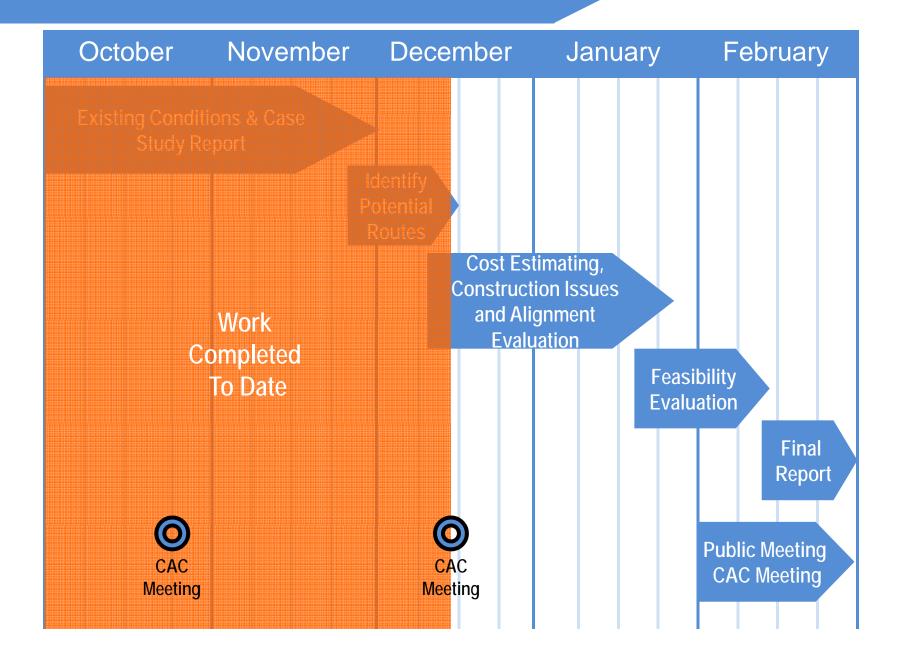
**Evaluation Methodology** 

#### Goals:

- Improve Transportation Mobility
- Provide Economic opportunity and investment and Enhance the Community Character
- Maintain Traffic and Delivery Access
- Minimize Adverse Impacts on the Built and Natural Environment
- Minimize Streetcar Capital and Operating Costs and Impacts

• Questions / Discussion

### Schedule



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