MEDICAL REQUIREMENTS FOR CHILD CARE AND NEW SCHOOL ENTRANTS
(PUBLIC, PRIVATE, PAROCHIAL, CHILD CARE CENTERS AND SCHOOLS)

ALL STUDENTS ENTERING A NEW YORK CITY SCHOOL OR CHILD CARE FOR THE FIRST TIME MUST HAVE A COMPLETE PHYSICAL EXAMINATION AND ALL REQUIRED IMMUNIZATIONS

The comprehensive medical examination must be documented on a Child Adolescent Health Examination Form (CH205) and include the following:

- Weight
- Height
- Blood Pressure
- Body Mass Index
- Vision Screening
- Hearing Screening
- Dental Screening
- Medical History
- Nutritional Evaluation
- Developmental Assessment

All students entering New York City public or private schools or child care (including Universal Pre-K classes) for the first time must submit a report of a physical examination performed within one year of school entry. Because children develop and grow so quickly at these early ages, if this initial examination is performed before the student is 5 years old, a second examination, performed between the child’s 5th and 6th birthday, is also required. Fillable CH205 forms that include the student’s pre-populated vaccination histories are available in the New York City Immunization Registry (CIR). A savable version of the pre-populated CH205 is also available in CIR and is accessible for use and updates as needed.

IMMUNIZATION REQUIREMENTS 2015–16

The following immunization requirements are mandated by law for all students between the ages of 2 months and 18 years. Children must be excluded from school if they do not meet these requirements. To be considered fully immunized, a child must have an immunization history that includes all of the following vaccines. The child's immunization record should be evaluated according to the grade he or she is attending this school year.

PROVISIONAL REQUIREMENTS

New students may enter school or child care provisionally with documentation of at least this initial series of immunizations. Once admitted provisionally, subsequent vaccines must be administered in accordance with the Advisory Committee for Immunization Practices (ACIP) “catch up” schedule for the child to be considered “in process” and remain in school (refer to www.cdc.gov/vaccines/schedules/hcp/imz/catchup.html for schedule). Alternative schedules are not acceptable. Students must complete the entire series to comply with the law. Students who have not been immunized within the provisional period must be issued an exclusion letter and excluded from school or child care until they comply with the requirements.

### Required Screening for Child Care Only

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Screening</th>
<th>Required Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Anemia Screening</td>
<td>Hematocrit and Hemoglobin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lead Screening, Assessment and Testing</td>
<td>• All children under 6 years must be assessed annually for lead exposure.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Blood lead tests are required for children at ages 1 and 2 years AND other children up to age 6 years if they are at risk of exposure OR if no lead test was previously documented.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• For more information, call the Lead Poisoning Prevention Program at 311, or visit nyc.gov/html/doh/downloads/pdf/lead/lead-guidelines-children.pdf</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### IMMUNIZATION REQUIREMENTS 2015–16

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CHILD CARE/PRE-KINDERGARTEN</th>
<th>NO. OF DOSES</th>
<th>KINDERGARTEN/GRADES 1–12</th>
<th>NO. OF DOSES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DTaP (diphtheria-tetanus-acellular pertussis) OR DTP (diphtheria-tetanus-pertussis)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>DtaP, DTP, DT, Td (tetanus-diphtheria) OR Tdap (tetanus-diphtheria-acellular pertussis)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IPV (inactivated poliovirus) or OPV (oral poliovirus)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>IPV or OPV</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MMR (measles-mumps-rubella)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>MMR</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hib (Haemophilus influenzae type b)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Hepatitis B</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Varicella</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Varicella</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Depending on their influenza vaccination history, some children may need two doses of influenza vaccine.
VACCINES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>VACCINES</th>
<th>PRE–KINDERGARTEN (Child Care, Head Start, Nursery or Pre–K)</th>
<th>KINDERGARTEN through 1</th>
<th>GRADES 2 through 5</th>
<th>GRADES 6 through 7</th>
<th>GRADES 8 through 12</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Diphtheria and Tetanus toxoid-containing vaccine and Pertussis vaccine (DTaP/DTOP/TdP)
| 4 doses or 3 doses if the 3rd dose was received at 4 years of age or older                      | 3 doses                  |
| Tetanus and Diphtheria toxoid-containing vaccine and Pertussis vaccine booster (TdP)
| 3 doses or 3 doses if the series is started at 7 years of age or older                       | 1 dose                  |
| Polio vaccine (IPV/DIPV)
| 4 doses or 3 doses if the 3rd dose was received at 4 years of age or older                      | 3 doses                  |
| Measles, Mumps and Rubella vaccine (MMR)
| 1 dose                                      | 2 doses                  |
| Measles, Mumps, Rubella and Varicella virus (MMRV)
| 1 dose                                      | 2 doses                  |
| Haemophilus influenzae type b conjugate vaccine (Hib)
| 1 to 4 doses                                | Not Applicable           |
| Pneumococcal Conjugate Vaccine (PCV)
| 1 to 4 doses                                | Not Applicable           |
| Influenza Vaccine(1)
| 1 dose                                      | 1 dose                   |

1. Demonstrated serologic evidence of measles, mumps, rubella, hepatitis B, varicella or polio (for all doses administered) antibodies is acceptable proof of immunity to these diseases. Exemptions by a physician, physician assistant or nurse practitioner that a child has had varicella disease is acceptable proof of immunity to varicella.

2. Diphtheria and tetanus toxoids and acellular pertussis (DTaP) vaccine. (Minimum age: 6 weeks):
   a. Children starting the series on time should receive a 5–dose series of DTaP vaccine at ages 2, 4, 6, 15 through 18 months, and 4 years of age or older. The fourth dose may be received as early as age 12 months, provided at least six months have elapsed since the third dose. However, the fourth dose of DTaP need not be repeated if it was administered at least four months after the third dose of DTaP. The final dose in the series must be received on or after the fourth birthday and at least six months after the previous dose.
   b. If the fourth dose of DTaP was administered at age 4 years or older, the fifth (booster) dose of DTaP vaccine is not necessary.
   c. For children born on or after 1/1/2005, doses of DT and Td to meet the immunization requirement for diphtheria–tetanus–containing vaccine.

3. Tetanus and diphtheria toxoids and acellular pertussis (Tdap) vaccine. (Minimum age: 7 years):
   a. Students 11 years of age or older entering grades six through 12 are required to have one dose of Tdap. A dose received at 7 years of age or older will meet the requirement.
   b. Students without Tdap who are 10 years old in grade six are in compliance until they turn 11 years of age.

   a. Children starting the series on time should receive a series of IPV at ages 2, 4, 6 through 18 months, and 4 years of age or older. The final dose in the series must be received on or after the fourth birthday and at least six months after the previous dose.
   b. For students who received their fourth dose before August 7, 2010, four doses separated by at least four weeks is sufficient.
   c. If both OPV and IPV are administered as part of a series, a total of four doses should be administered regardless of the child’s current age.

5. Measles, mumps, and rubella (MMR) vaccine. (Minimum age: 12 months):
   a. The first dose of MMR vaccine must be received on or after the first birthday. The second dose must be received at least 28 days (four weeks) after the first dose to be considered valid.
   b. Students in grades kindergarten through 12 must receive two doses of measles-containing vaccine, two doses of mumps-containing vaccine and at least one dose of rubella-containing vaccine.

6. Hepatitis B vaccine
   a. One dose may be given at birth or anytime thereafter. Dose two must be received at least four weeks (28 days) after dose one. Dose three must be at least eight weeks after dose two AND at least 16 weeks after dose one AND no earlier than 24 weeks of age.
   b. Two doses of adult hepatitis B vaccine (recombIVax) received at least four months apart at age 11 through 15 years will meet the requirement.
   c. Administration of a total of four doses of hepatitis B vaccine is permitted when a combination vaccine containing hepatitis B is administered after the birth dose. This fourth dose is often necessary to ensure that the last dose in the series is given after 24 weeks of age.

7. Varicella (Chickenpox) vaccine. (Minimum age: 12 months):
   a. The first dose of varicella vaccine must be received on or after the first birthday.
   b. Two doses of varicella vaccine are required for students in grades kindergarten, 1, 6 and 7.
   c. For further information, refer to the PCV chart available in the School Survey Instruction Booklet at www.health.ny.gov/prevention/immunization/schools/.

8. Haemophilus influenzae type b conjugate vaccine (Hib).
   a. Children starting the series on time should receive Hib vaccine at ages 2, 4, 6, and 12 through 18 months of age.
   b. If two doses of Hib vaccine are received before 12 months of age, only three doses are required with dose three at 12 through 15 months of age and at least eight weeks after dose two.
   c. If dose one is received at ages 12 through 14 months of age, only two doses are required with dose two at least eight weeks after dose one.
   d. If dose one is received at 15 months of age or older, only one dose is required.
   e. Hib vaccine is not required for children 5 years of age or older.

   a. Children starting the series on time should receive PCV vaccine at ages 2, 4, 6, and 12 through 15 months of age. The final dose must be received at age 12 through 15 months of age.
   b. Unvaccinated children 7 through 11 months of age are required to receive two doses, at least four weeks apart, followed by a third dose at 12 through 15 months.
   c. Unvaccinated children 12 through 15 months of age are required to receive two doses at least eight weeks apart.
   d. If one dose of vaccine is received at 24 months of age or older, no further doses are required.
   e. For further information, refer to the PCV chart available in the School Survey Instruction Booklet at www.health.ny.gov/prevention/immunization/schools/.

10. Influenza Vaccine
    a. All children 6 months through 59 months of age enrolled in New York City's Family Health Services (NYCFS) programs (Child Care, Head Start, Nursery, or Pre–K) must receive one dose of influenza vaccine between July 1 and December 31 of each year. Some children may need two doses of influenza vaccine, depending on their prior influenza vaccination history. Please refer to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (cdc.gov) and New York City Department of Health (nyc.gov/health) websites, or check the child’s immunization record in the Citywide Immunization Registry for additional information and guidelines.

For further information contact:
New York State Department of Health, Bureau of Immunization, Room 649, Corning Tower ESP Albany, NY 12237, 518–473–4437
New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene, Program Support Unit, Bureau of Immunization, 42–09 28th Street, 5th Floor, LIC, NY 11101, 347–396–2433.
Office of School Health Citywide Contact Number (all districts): 347–396–4720

Rev 5/15