

2020 DIGITAL: SAFETY, INNOVATION & SUSTAINABILITY CONFERENCE

INTRODUCING THE COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS OF THE 2020 NYCECC

PRESENTED BY

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PRESENTATION DESCRIPTION

This presentation reviews the changes to the commercial provisions of the 2016 NYC Energy Conservation Code. This course includes a summary of the substantive changes that will be made in the move from the IECC 2015 to the IECC 2018, the changes made by the New York State Fire Prevention and Building Code Council, the changes made to align with NYSERDA's NYStretch Energy Code-2020, and the local provisions adopted by the NYC Department of Buildings.



AGENDA

- 1. Code revision and committee process
- 2. Code revision impact and timeline
- 3. New provisions adopted from the 2020 ECCCNYS
- 4. New provisions adopted from the NYSERDA NYStretch Energy Code – 2020
 - 5. New provisions adopted from the NYC Department of Buildings and Advisory Committees
- Resource & Form Updates
 7. Future Codes and legislation







Code Revision & Committee Process

DEVELOPMENT OF THE 2020 NYCECC



NYCECC REVISION PROCESS

- NYS Executive Law: Building & Construction Codes
 - Carve out for municipalities with populations greater than 1 million
- NYS Energy Law: Energy Codes
 - Allows a municipality to have their own code if more
 - stringent than State's code
 - NYC LL 85 of 2009 effective July 1, 2010 established NYC's first Energy Code



NYCECC REVISION PROCESS

Local Law 32 of 2018

 DOB must adopt provisions that "bring this code up to date with the most recent model stretch code published by the New York State Energy Research and Development Authority"

 NYStretch Energy Code- 2020, published in July, 2019, targeted an aggregate energy reduction of 20% compared to ASHRAE 90.1-2013.

DOB staff participated in the development of the NYStretch Energy Code- 2020



NYCECC COMMITTEE PROCESS

- The Energy Code development is supported by two <u>Advisory</u> Committees
 - Two committees: Commercial, Residential
 - Committee members are selected from an open call
- DOB staff proposed changes, Committee members submitted changes for debate (77 Res., 260 Com.)
- Proposed bill includes changes approved by Commissioner La Rocca





Code Revision Impact & Timeline of Adoption

ALL IMPACT OF THE 2020 NYCECC



CHANGES TO THE BASE CODE

- NY State voted to adopt in September and further amended in
 - December 201
 - 2018 IECC
 - ASHRAE 90.1-2016
 - NYC Adopted
 - The NY State Energy Conservation Construction Code
 - Portions of the NYSERDA NYStretch Energy Code 2020
 - Local changes from the DOB Energy Code Committee process
 - Legacy changes from the NYCECC that should be preserved





OVERVIEW OF THE CHANGES

Net effect of adopting the 2018 IECC/ASHRAE

Commercial building efficiency increases by about 8%
 Residential efficiency increases by about 2%

Net effect of adopting the NYStretch Energy Code 2020

 Commercial building efficiency increases by about 5%
 more than the State code (approximately 13% more than ASHRAE 90.1-2013)

 Residential efficiency increases by about 19% more than the 2016 NYCECC





EFFECTIVE DATE

- The NYCECC went into effect on May 12, 2020
- DOB issued Buildings Bulletin 002–2020, clarification on when
 2020 NYCECC applies to projects
- 2016 ECC may apply if filed prior to May 12, 2020
 - Applications must be "complete" and include the following:
 - Architectural, Structural, Lighting, Energy Analysis
 - Mechanical/Boiler DOB NOW projects OK to file later
 - Approval will not occur until all disciplines reviewed/approved for Energy



NYCECC RESOURCE UPDATES

- Updated Forms
 - TR-8 FormEN-1 Form
- Rules 5000-01, 5000-02, 101-07

COMcheck (desktop only) & REScheck (desktop & web) – 2020 NYCECC Specific

Bulletins 007-2020, 008-2020, 009-2020



NYCECC RESOURCE UPDATES

- Supporting Documents How-to Guide
- Training Modules (in process)
- Available for purchase from ICC
- The integrated code is available on our website:
 - <u>https://www1.nyc.gov/site/buildings/codes/energy-</u>

conservation-code.page







New Provisions

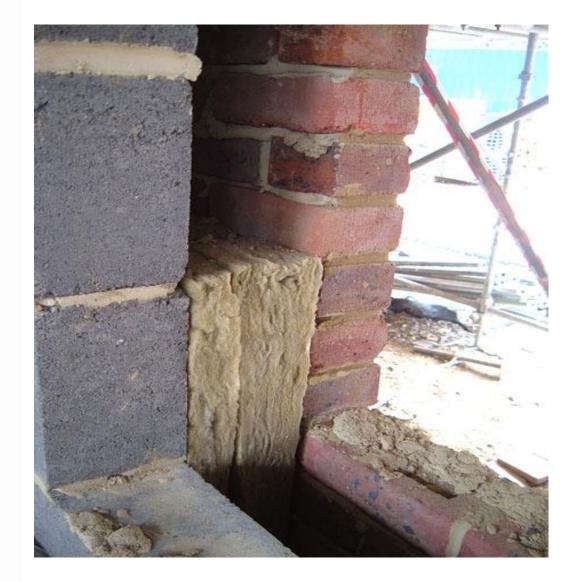
ADOPTED FROM THE 2020 ECCCNYS

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CHANGES FROM THE 2018 IECC

- Changes for the Envelope
 - All heated slabs must be insulated with R-5 insulation
 - Clarified when and how air-spaces may be included in assembly u-factor calculations





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CHANGES FROM THE 2018 IECC

- Changes HVAC Equipment
 - Reorganization of HVAC provisions, minimal changes

 Increased small residential-size furnace efficiency

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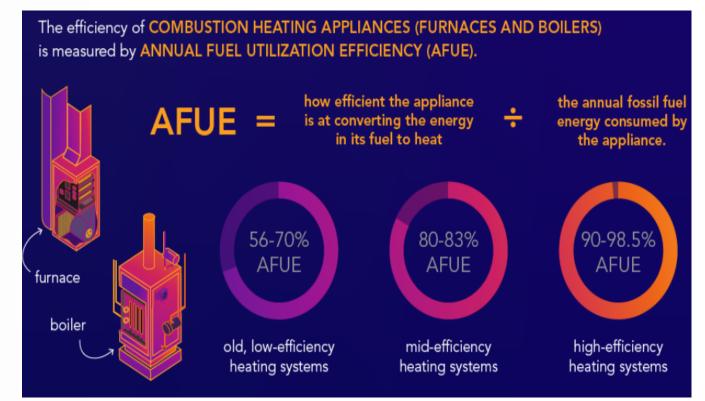


Photo source: https://www.energy.gov/articles/energy-saver-101-infographic-home-heating



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CHANGES FROM THE 2018 IECC

Changes in economizer requirements:

Economizers are required on certain systems:

 Individual systems > 54,000 Btu/h (4.5 tons) serving other than Group R occupancies

Systems without economizers cannot exceed 300,000 Btu/h (25 tons) or 20% of the total supply capacity

Individual systems > 270,000 Btu/h (22.5 tons) serving Group R occupancies

Systems without economizers cannot exceed 1,500,000 Btu/h (125 tons) or 20% of the total supply capacity

New exception for cooling equipment having 20% efficiency improvement over the Code minimum values





CHANGES FROM THE 2018 IECC

- Aligning requirements with ASHRAE 90.1:
 - Hotel Guestroom occupancy controls on temperature & ventilation
 - Vestibule controls:
 - Heating set-point limited to 60°F
 - Cooling set-point limited to 85°F
 - Integral heating systems in vestibules must shut-off heating when outdoor air temperature > 45°F



CHANGES FROM THE 2018 IECC

 Lighting changes
 90% high-efficacy fixtures in all dwelling units

> Auto-controls on outdoor parking areas (NY State change)



Photo source: US Department of Energy: Energy Saver Program



CHANGES FROM ASHRAE 90.1-2016

Changes for the Envelope

Requires Envelope verification on all projects

Similar to NYCECC required Air Barrier Continuity Plan

More stringent requirements for fenestration

Reduced U-factor & SHGC (0.36)

CHANGES FROM ASHRAE 90.1-2016

Changes to HVAC/Power/Other

- Economizer Fault Detection & Diagnostics
 - Required metering of chiller plant electricity and efficiency

New efficiency requirements: Pool Dehumidifiers,
 Dedicated Outdoor Air System

Expanded requirements for HVAC-R alterations



CHANGES FROM ASHRAE 90.1-2016

- Changes to HVAC/Power/Other (continued)
 - Elevators to list Usage category & Energy efficiency class (staging for future addition of elevator efficiency requirements)
- Hotel guest room ventilation occupancy control
- All controls requirements updated to 'Capable of and configured to'

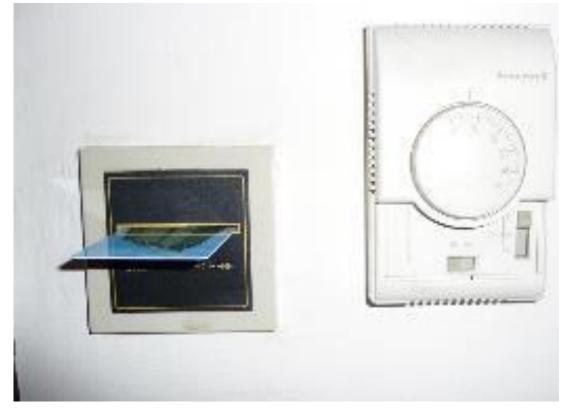


Photo source: US Department of Energy Building Energy Codes Program



CHANGES FROM ASHRAE 90.1-2016

Changes to Lighting
 – Reduced interior lighting power

- Space-by-space –
 26% overall reduction
 - Building area 34% overall reduction
 - Retail display allowance reduced 25%
- Decorative allowance reduced 25%





CHANGES FROM ASHRAE 90.1-2016

Changes to Lighting

- Reduced exterior lighting power
 - Average of 30% reduction
 - Increased parking area lighting controls

Interior alterations must comply with occupancy, scheduled shutoff, daylighting controls, and bi-level switching

 Exterior lighting alteration must comply with photosensor and scheduled shutoff controls







New Provisions

ADOPTED FROM THE NYSERDA NYSTRETCH ENERGY CODE - 2020

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CHANGES FROM THE NYSTRETCH CODE

Changes to envelope:

- More stringent insulation requirements
- More stringent fenestration requirements
 - Mandatory thermal break for balconies and parapets
- Air barrier commissioning on buildings <a>>>>>10,000 square feet, similar to Air Barrier Continuity Plan



NEW INSULATION TABLES

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Roofs
— R-33ci, above deck (from R-30ci)

    – R-53, attic and other (from R-38)

Above-grade walls

    R-11.2ci, mass – all other (from R-9.5ci)

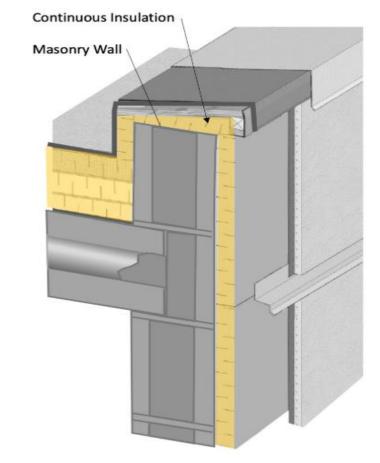
 — R-13.25ci, mass – Group R (from R-11.4ci)
- R-13+R-8.5ci, metal framed – (from R-13+R-7.5ci)
Floors above unconditioned space
 — R-14.6ci (all other), R-16.7ci (Group R) – (from R-10ci)
Heated slabs
— R-20 for 48" below + R-5 full slab – (from R-15 for 48")
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NEW REQUIREMENTS FOR BALCONIES + PARAPETS

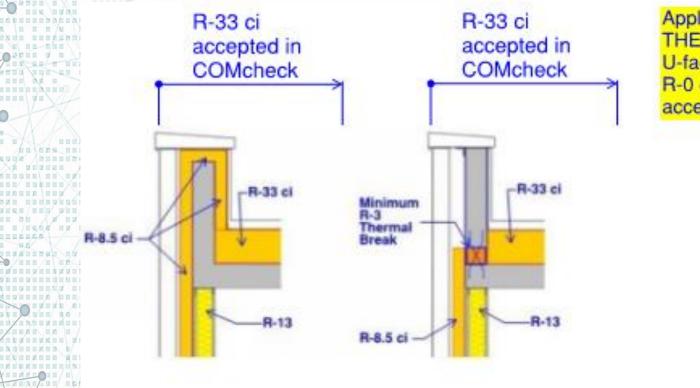
- For new construction, all balconies and parapets are required to mitigate thermal bridging
- Two options for prescriptive compliance:
 - Parapet & balcony have continuous insulation with an R-value equivalent the adjacent wall
 - Example Parapet above a Metal wall with R-13 + R-8.5ci, must be fully
 - insulated (i.e. wrapped with insulation) with an R-8.5ci
 - Parapet & balcony incorporate a thermal break of minimum R-3

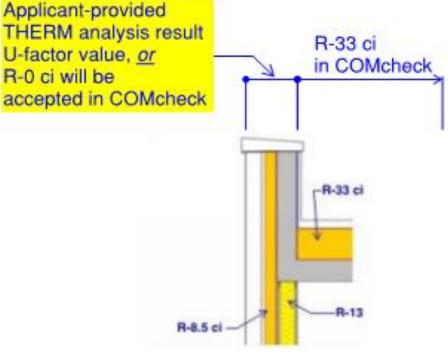




NEW REQUIREMENTS FOR BALCONIES + PARAPETS

Trade-off allowed Example of COMcheck input







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CHANGES FROM THE NYSTRETCH CODE

Changes to HVAC/Power

Requirements for regenerative drive elevators
 Commercial kitchen equipment efficiencies



Photo source: <u>www.energystar.gov</u>



Changes from the NYStretch Code

- Changes to the Lighting/Other
 - Reduced LPD for interior/exterior lighting
 - Occupancy sensors for corridors and egress illumination
 - Whole building fuel-metering requirements
 - High-efficiency option required for ASHRAE compliance path (new Appendix I)



Photo source: Lighting Resource Guide, <u>www.energycodes.gov</u>,



CHANGES FROM THE NYSTRETCH CODE

Changes for energy modeling path — Envelope backstop for buildings greater than 25,000 square feet

- ComCheck req. for
 - verification, in addition to EN1 Form
- Source energy or energy cost are allowable metrics for compliance
- Clarification that
- Clarification that cogeneration systems may only take savings from recovered energy



Photo source: US Department of Energy





New Provisions

ADOPTED FROM THE NYC DEPARTMENT OF BUILDINGS & ENERGY CODE ADVISORY COMMITTEES

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CHANGES FROM THE CITY

- Changes to the envelope
 - Require documenting unmitigated thermal bridges in the envelope
 - Add default u-factors for proposed spandrel panel assemblies
 - More stringent fenestration U-factor requirements
 - More commercial buildings to perform air leakage testing
 - 10,000 to 50,000 sqft up to 75 feet in height
 - Remove air curtain exception when vestibules are required





NEW FENESTRATION REQUIREMENTS

U-factors now material dependent

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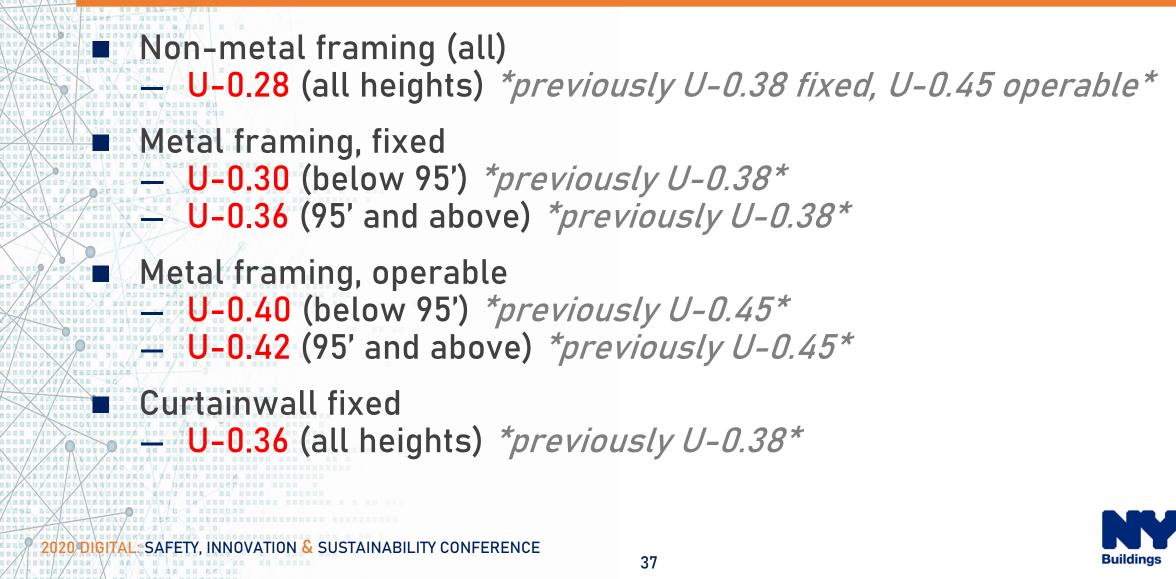
More stringent requirements below 95 feet — Windows at higher elevations on a building require more structural support (i.e. framing)

Each window unit with a portion of the window above 95 feet may comply with 95 foot requirement

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Buildings

NEW FENESTRATION REQUIREMENTS



NEW DEFAULT SPANDREL U-FACTORS

Projects with spandrel panels in the design have two options to determine U-factor:

- 1. Use Table C402.1.4.2 to determine effective U-factor of spandrel, based on the following:
 - Frame type
 - Spandrel Panel
 - R-value of insulation between framing
 - 2. If the assembly is not found in the table, then a THERM Analysis is required. Some examples of assemblies not in the table, are:
 - Assemblies with backpans
 - Assemblies with no insulation



NEW DEFAULT SPANDREL U-FACTORS

TABLE C402.1.4.2 EFFECTIVE U-FACTORS FOR SPANDREL PANELS^a

	CRANDEL BANG	RATED R-VALUE OF INSULATION BETWEEN FRAM MEMBERS						
FRAME TYPE	SPANDREL PANEL	R-4	R-7	R-10	R-15	R-20	R-25	R-30
	Single glass pane, stone, or metal panel	0.242	0.222	0.212	0.203	0.198	0.195	0.193
Aluminum without Thermal Break ^b	Double glass with no low- e coatings	0.233	0.218	0.209	0.202	0.197	0.194	0.192
	Triple or low-e glass	0.226	0.214	0.207	0.200	0.196	0.194	0.192
	Single glass pane, stone, or metal panel	0.211	0.186	0.173	0.162	0.155	0.151	0.149
Aluminum with Thermal Break ^c	Double glass with no low- e coatings	0.200	0.180	0.170	0.160	0.154	0.151	0.148
	Triple or low-e glass	0.191	0.176	0.167	0.159	0.153	0.150	0.148
	Single glass pane, stone, or metal panel	0.195	0.163	0.147	0.132	0.123	0.118	0.114
Structural Glazing ^d	Double glass with no low- e coatings	0.180	0.156	0.142	0.129	0.122	0.117	0.114
	Triple or low-e glass	0.169	0.150	0.138	0.127	0.121	0.116	0.113
No framina or lanulation in	Single glass pane, stone, or metal panel	0.148	0.102	0.078	0.056	0.044	0.036	0.031
No framing or Insulation is Continuous [®]	Double glass with no low- e coatings	0.136	0.097	0.075	0.054	0.043	0.035	0.030
	Triple or low-e glass	0.129	0.093	0.073	0.053	0.042	0.035	0.030

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EXPANDED AIR BARRIER TESTING

- Expanded mandatory
 blower door testing for
 small buildings
- Allow R-2 Buildings to follow an alternative
 - testing procedure, using sampling of dwelling units and a threshold of 0.3 cfm/enclosure area (Section R402.4.1.3).

Area of Building (sqft)	Height of Building	2020 NYCECC Air Leakage Requirement
< 10,000	Any	Visual Inspection
<u>≻</u> 10,000 to 25,000	<u>≺</u> 75 ft	Blower door test
≥ 10,000 to 25,000	> 75 ft	ABC Plan or Blower door test
25,000 to < 50,000	<u>≺</u> 75 ft	Blower door test
25,000 to < 50,000	≻ 75 ft	ABC Plan or Blower door test
<u>≻</u> 50,000	any	ABC Plan or Blower door test



What is a thermal bridge?

- Highly conductive material that interrupts insulation
- Area of high heat transfer
- Greatly affects thermal performance of building envelope
- The code doesn't consider the effects of most thermal bridging outside of assemblies
- Why require documentation but no performance requirements?
 This is a big change for the design community
 - First step (2020 NYCECC) is to require identification of the thermal bridges
 - Next step (2022 NYCECC) is to require that the thermal bridges are calculated correctly in the building assemblies



(continued)

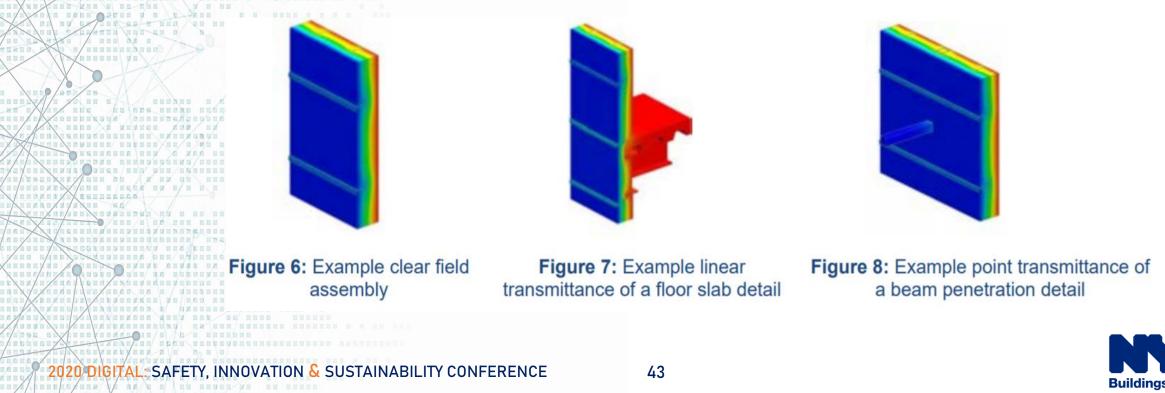
What types of projects need to provide this documentation?
 All new buildings – both commercial and residential
 All additions to buildings – both commercial and residential

Any alteration where the building envelope is part of the scope of work – both commercial and residential



NEW REQUIREMENT: Document 3 types of thermal bridging on plans

Clear Field Assemblies, Linear and Point Source



- Clear Field Assemblies
 - Clear field thermal bridges are taken into account in the assembly types found in ASHRAE 90.1 Appendix A
 - 2. Assemblies not taking U-factors from ASHRAE Appendix A must be noted as such in the drawings
 - 3. Examples include brick ties, cladding, studs
 - Point Thermal Bridges
 - Must be noted as thermal bridge on the drawings Only when a single point of 12 in² or greater (8 in² or greater in residential) penetrates the insulation
 - 2. These are not areas associated with HVAC or electrical areas within the building envelope
 - 3. An example is structural beam penetration through insulation



Linear Thermal bridges

The linear thermal bridges listed in the corresponding table (Table R402.6 or Table C402.6) must be documented in a table including the following items:

Linear thermal bridge type

Total length of each bridge throughout entire thermal envelope

 Identification of a relevant detail showing a cross-section through the thermal bridge

• Ψ -value for each thermal bridge

 \circ The $\Psi-value$ is listed in Table C402.6 or R402.6, but alternate values may be used with proper analysis (i.e. THERM)

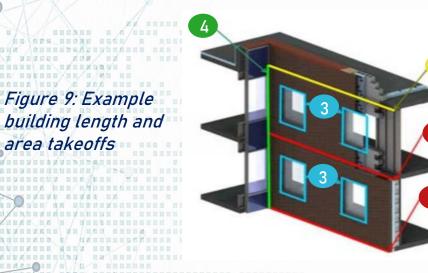
 Examples include shelf angles, slab edges, balconies, parapets, window interfaces



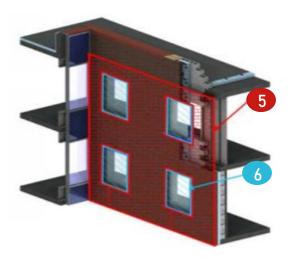


Example Documentation for Linear Thermal Bridge

Linear Thermal Bridge Type	Total Length	Detail Location	Ψ-value
Balcony	260 feet	A-450	0.50
Fenestration Perimeter	1074 feet	A-452	0.32
Shelf Angle	83 feet	A-500	0.41



- 1. Parapet Length
- 2. Slab Lengths
- 3. Wall to Window **Transition Lengths**
- 4. Corner Length
- 5. Opaque Brick Wall Ar
- 6. Glazing Area





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area takeoffs

CHANGES FROM THE CITY

Changes to HVAC/Other Update HVAC efficiency tables to include all ASHRAE-regulated equipment at the current Federal efficiency standards

Modifications to the "Additional Energy Efficiency Options" – removal of renewable energy

Expanded commissioning requirements for alterations



Chillers

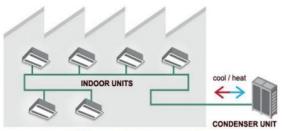




Computer Room AC



Dedicated Outdoor Air*



Variable Refrigerant Flow



Rooftop AC Units

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Heat Pumps



Cooling Towers



Resource & Form Updates

TO ALIGN WITH THE 2020 NYCECC

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Changes to TR8 Form (Admin)

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TR8: Technical Report Statement of Responsibility for Energy Code Progress Inspections This form must be typewritten

	Orient and affix BIS	X
V	Orient and affix BIS job number label here	X

House No(s) Street Name

Location Information Required for all applications.

BIN No(s)

Work on Floor(s)

2	Applicant Informati	ion Required for all applicati	ons.		
	Choose all that apply:	Design Applicant 3A, 4	Progress Inspections Applica	nt 3B-D, 5-6	
	Last Name		First Name	Middle Initial	
	Business Name			Business Telephone	
	Business Address			Business Fax-Email Address	
	City	Stat	z Zip	Mobile Telephone	
	License Type	choose one: P.E.	R.A.	License Number	



Changes to TR8 Form (Envelope)

Remove loading dock weather seals

 Add new inspection, 'Air barrier continuity plan testing'

Y	N	Progress Inspections	§5000-01(h) (1)and (2)
		Protection of exposed foundation insulation	(IA1), (IIA1)
		Insulation placement and R-values	(IA2), (IIA2)
		Fenestration and door U-factor and product ratings	(IA3), (IIA3)
		Fenestration air leakage	(IA4), (IIA4)
		Fenestration areas	(IA5), (IIA5)
		Air sealing and insulation visual-barrier — visual inspection	(IA6), (IIA6)
		Air sealing and insulation—testing barrier — testing	(IA7), (IIA7)
		Loading dock weather seals	(IIA8)
		Air barrier continuity plan testing	(IIA8)
٦		Vestibules	(IIA9)



Changes to TR8 Form (HVAC)

- Add new inspection for mandatory residential ventilation
- Desegregate piping requirements and duct requirements
- Service water heating piping design now in IB5/IIB5
 - Duct leakage testing no longer stand-alone testing requirement

Fireplaces	(IB1), (IIB1)
Ventilation and air distribution system	(IB2)
Shutoff dampers	(IIB2)
HVAC-R and service water heating equipment	(IB3), (IIB3)
HVAC-R and service water heating system controls	(IB4), (IIB4)
HVAC-R and service water piping design and insulation and sealing	(IB5), (IIB5)
Duct leakage testing, insulation and design	(IB6), (IIB6)



- Changes to TR8 Form (lighting/power)
- Change wording of 'electrical energy consumption' to incorporate all metering requirements
- Elevators lumped together with electrical motor inspection
 - Remove solar ready and replace with electric vehicle ready

	Electrical energy consumption Metering	(IC1), (IIC1)
	Lighting in dwelling units	(IIC2)
	Interior lighting power	(IC2), (IIC3)
	Exterior lighting power	(IIC4)
	Lighting controls	(IIC5)
	Electrical motors and elevators	(IIC6)
Π	Maintenance information	(ID1), (IID1)
	Permanent certificate	(ID2)
	Solar ready-Electric vehicle service equipment requirements	(ID3)



MAJOR COMcheck CHANGES

2020 NYCECC – 3 ComCheck options

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Draiget Em	uniono	90.1 (2010) Standard	Machanical	Boquiromente)			
Project Em	velope	90.1 (2013) Standard	Mechanical	Requirements				
Location		90.1 (2016) Standard						
EUU		2009 IECC		Building Envelo	pe Area Types	Interior Light		
State N	lew York	2012 IECC		Overal	Ш			
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Project Type		2020 NYStretch			Duplicat			
		New York City 🕨 🕨	2016 NYCE	ecc		6		
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MAJOR COMcheck CHANGES (ASHRAE)

Additional Efficiency Package – for ASHRAE path

Project	Envelope	nterior Lighting	Exterior Lighting	Mechanical	Requi	rements						
Location	Lintelope		Exterior Lighting	incentanical		ding Envelope	Area Types	Interior	Lighting Method ar	nd Areas	Exte	erior Lighting Areas
State	New York		•		125		uilding height					Shor Lighting / 1000
City	New York Climate zone:	4a	T		Add	Delete	Duplicat	e				
						Bi	uilding Type		Area Description	Area	W/ft2	Space Condition
Project Typ			lition 🔾 Alterations		1	Multifamily		-		55000	0.49	Residential
Air Barr Project Det	e Options cy Option ier Option tails (optiona Project Detail:	Enhanced Envelope Reduced Air Infiltrati	ower ghting Controls Air System WH Performance	e Help								

ings

COMcheck CHANGES (FENESTRATION)

Building Envelope	Area Types Interior I	Lighting Method	l and Areas E	exterior Lightir	ig Areas				
Overall building height (fe		-	Window 1	Click here	to select /	As 💌			
Add Delete Build	e Duplicate	ea Descrir,		Metal F Wood F Vinyl/Fil Curtain Other	rame berglass F	rame	Fix Op	(ed, >= 95' a berable, < 9	bove-grade above-grade 15' above-grade 95' above-grad
		Asse		L					
		Asse			or Perimeter	R-Value	R-Value	U-Factor	Factor _(a)
	Roof 1: Insulation Entirel		8ldg. Use 1 - Hotel]			R-Value	R-Value	U-Factor 0.032	Factor _(a)
	<u>NORTH</u> Tower: Steel-Framed, 16 1-4 Tower Fixed: Curtain	ly Above Deck, [B 5″ o.c., [Bldg. Use 1 Wall:Fixed, Perf.	2 - Hotel] . Specs.: Product II		Perimeter				
	<u>NORTH</u> Tower: Steel-Framed, 16	ly Above Deck, [B 5" o.c., [Bldg. Use h Wall:Fixed, Perf. .44, <mark>< 95' above-(</mark> Wall:Operable, P	e 2 - Hotel] . Specs.: Product II grade, [Bldg. Use 2 Perf. Specs.: Produc	- Hotel] (b) ct ID < 95	Perimeter 85465 80263	0.0	30.0 4.4	0.032	0.030



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COMcheck CHANGES (ENV. BACKSTOP)



COMcheck Software Version 4.1.4.1 Envelope Compliance Certificate

Project Information

Energy Code:	2020 New York City Energy Cons. Code, App. CA Modeling Envelope Backstop
Project Title:	
Location:	New York, New York
Climate Zone:	4a
Project Type:	New Construction
Vertical Glazing / Wall Area:	49%
Performance Sim. Specs:	EnergyPlus 8.1.0.009 (EPW: USA_NY_New.York-LaGuardia.AP.725030_TMY3.epw)

Qualifies for 2020 NYCECC, App. CA Modeling : Envelope design -9% (allowable margin = -15.0%)

Envelope Compliance Statement

Compliance Statement: The proposed envelope design represented in this document is consistent with the building plans, specifications, and other calculations submitted with this permit application. The proposed envelope systems have been designed to meet the 2020 New York City Energy Cons. Code, App. CA Modeling Envelope Backstop requirements in COM*check* Version 4.1.4.1 and to comply with any applicable mandatory requirements listed in the Inspection Checklist.

Name - Title

Signature

Date



FORM CHANGES: EN1 (LL97)

LL97 Calculator – based on modeled energy data

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4B	Carbo	Carbon Emissions Information (LL97)							
		tCO ₂ e Limits for 2024-2029	tCO ₂ e Limits for 2030-2034						
tCO₂e Limit (LL97)	D ₂ e Limit (LL97) D ₂ e for this Building D ₂ e for this Building Does this building comply with LL97? Total carbon emissions (tCO ₂ e on the modeled annual energy performance of the building wi ccupancy, and operational imp	1,131	643						
tCO₂e for this Buildi	ıg	1,463							
-	comply with	LL97 of 2019. By design may no requirements of	subject to meeting 2024, this proposed t comply with the LL97 based on the rbon emissions.						
**Total carbon emissions (tCO ₂ e) for this building is an estimate based on the modeled annual energy usage and gross square footage. The performance of the building will be affected by construction quality, occupancy, and operational impacts. Actual carbon emissions may be higher or lower than this estimate. **									



FORM CHANGES: EN1 (SOURCE ENERGY)

Appendix G – allows compliance with Source Energy

4A	Perform	ance Cost Index - App	endix G ONLY		4B	Performance So	rce Energy Index - Appendix G ONLY			
	Baseline Buildir		Proposed Building				Baseline Building	Proposed Buildir		
Building Performance Factor		0.639	Weighted Average		Building Performance Factor		ding Performance Factor 0.649			
	eline ulated Cost \$ 1,515,954.40		\$ 1,228,801.90	Baseline Regulated Source Energy			eted Source 6,012,631			
Baseline Unregulated Cost Total Energy Cost Performance Cost Index		\$ 70,302.10	\$ 70,302.10		Baseline Unregulated Source Energy Total Source Energy		1,792,704	1,792,7		
		\$ 1,586,256.50	\$ 1,299,104.00				7,805,334	7,925,7		
		0.655	0.819		Performance Index	Source Energy	0.729	1.0		



FORM CHANGES: EN1 (BPF, Envelope Backstop)

 Weighted BPF Calculator (Appendix G)

Envelope Backstop
 values (from COMcheck)

4C	Wei	ighted BPF		4D	Weighted Envelo	pe Backstop (resul	op (results from ComCheck)		
Space Classification Modeled A		Modeled Area	Weighted BPF (energy cost)			Backstop threshold			
	Dormitory 2.000		0.639	Baseline	-12.3				
			Weighted BPF (source energy)		-11.0				
ł	Healthcare/ hospital	-	0.649						
H	Hotel/motel	45,000							
	Multifamily	80,000							
	Office	944							
	Restaurant	3,788							
	Retail								
	School								
١	Warehouse	-							
	TOTAL	140,482							



FORM CHANGES: EN1 (LIGHTING POWER)

Updated space type for 'unfinished spaces'

 New columns for additional power allowances (decorative, retail, RCR, additional controls)

121		1											
/	6d.1		Interior LPD: Space-by-Space Method										
/	Compliance based on Section	11 ECB											
	Space Type (Table 9.6.1)	Total Area Space/Blg Type	Baseline Case		Additional Power Allowance?		Proposed Case						
		(ft ²)	Auto. Controls (Yes/No)	Daylight Ctrls (Yes/No)	Baseline LPD (W/ft2)	Туре	Add'l LPD (W/ft2)	Auto. Controls (Yes/No)	Ctrls	Proposed LPD (W/ft2)	Add'l LPD (W/ft2)	Supporting Doc. Location	Model Output Report
	Unfinished: Post construction buildout	20,000	Yes	Yes	0.20	None	0.00	Yes	No	0.15	0.00		
	Lobby - all other	5,000	Yes	No	0.90	Decorative	0.90	Yes	No	1.20	0.90		
1	,												



FORM CHANGES: EN1 (HVAC)

Partially automated HVAC documentation (macro based)

		HVAC	Cover Sheet	Proposed (auto-po	Baseline systems correspond to				
7	This column not used Proposed System or Section 11 projects Design		System Name in Mechanical Schedule	System Name in Model Reports (baseline)	System Name in Model Reports (proposed)	Condenser Cooling Source	Heating System Classifcation	Zone Classification	Section 11 ECB
	Residential	VRF	ACCU-1 throuh 8	Res-Sys	Res-Sys	Air/None	Heat Pump	Single-Zone Residential	System 8: PTHP
	Nonresidential - < 3 floors and < 25,000 ft2	Packaged/split- system air conditioner	RTU-1	RTU-1	RTU-1	Air/None	Fossil Fuel	Single-Zone Non- Residential	System 11: Packaged rooftop AC
	Nonresidential - 4-5 floors and < 25,000 ft2	Packaged terminal heat pump	РТНР	Hotel-Sys	Hotel-Sys	Air/None	Heat Pump	Single-Zone Residential	System 8: PTHP



FORM CHANGES: EN1 (HVAC)

Partially automated HVAC documentation

	6i	Air-Side HVAC									
			HVAC System / Group (BASELINE DESIGN)		HVAC System / Group (PROPOSED DESIGN)						
			Description		Description Units		Supporting Doc. Location	Model Output Report			
AR			NA								
	System De	escription	System 8: PTHP		Packaged terminal heat pump						
2	System Name i	in Model	Hotel-Sys		Hotel-Sys						
	# of Similar Sy	stems									
			25,000	BTU/h		BTU/h					
	*Table 6.8.1 Unitary Cooling Capacity Range		>=17,000 and <65,000	BTU / h							
	*Unitary Cooling Eff.		9.5	EER		EER					
	*Unitary Cooling Part-load Eff. (if applicable)			IEER		IEER					
	Total Heating Capacity			BTU/h		BTU/h					
	*Table 6.8.1 U Heating Capac			Et							
	*Unitary Heati	ing Efficiency	2.94	СОР		COP					

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The NYCECC of the Future

OTHER LEGISLATION AFFECTING THE ENERGY CODE

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NYCECC OF THE FUTURE

Local Law 32 of 2018:

Mandates that we adopt the next version of the NYStretch Code, if it exists, in 2022

Requires that the 2025 Code set absolute limits on energy consumption in buildings 25,000 sq. ft. and greater, based on a to-be-determined metric (such as energy use intensity, or EUI, or carbon)



NYCECC OF THE FUTURE

- Local Law 97 of 2019
 - Sets Greenhouse Gas emission caps on existing buildings beginning in 2024
 - Caps will reduce over time to require deep-energy retrofits of all buildings 25,000 sq. ft. and greater, based on their occupancy

Future legislation is expected to target net-zero performance for all new buildings by 2030





For further technical questions, email: <u>energycode@buildings.nyc.gov</u>



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